"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; Wednesday, fair; moderate southwest to west winds.
Full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,522. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1919. THIRTY-SIX PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

THIRTEEN SHOT IN STEEL STRIKE CLASHES, MOST DISTRICTS QUIET; ORGANIZERS REPORT 279,100 WORKERS OUT ON FIRST DAY; MANY PITTSBURGH MILLS OPEN; WESTERN FIELDS HARDER HIT

CROWDS BESIEGE PRESIDENT'S TRAIN, NOW SPEEDING EAST

Great Throng Welcomes Him at Sacramento, Senator Johnson's Home City.

RENO'S GREETING WARM

He Declares That the United States Cannot and Will Not Go Back Now.

LEAVES CALIFORNIA HAPPY

Senator's Friends Admit His Home Prestige Has Been Hurt by President's Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Sept. 22.—President Wilson's train passed today through the Sierra Mountain ranges on his way eastward and there were crowds out at many stations along the route. At one point in the mountains the train was stopped on the edge of a great gorge so that the President and his party might view the magnificent scenery.

A stop was made at noon at Sacramento, Senator Johnson's home city. The greeting here was most cordial. Almost everybody in the city and its suburbs turned out to greet Mr. Wilson.

People lined the tracks for more than two miles from the outskirts of the city and formed a great sea of faces about the station, where the train stopped for twenty minutes. Here they fought to obtain vantage points near the rear platform of his car where they could hear and see the President and pay their respects to Mrs. Wilson.

The train arrived at 8 o'clock tonight in this city where his only set speech of the day was scheduled. Crowds filled the streets and cheered continuously as he passed to the Auditorium.

The meeting here was opened by the audience giving three cheers for the President and Mrs. Wilson and for the League of Nations.

Governor Boyle spoke first and introduced as Chairman Charles Chandler, a Republican. Mr. Chandler said that he was glad to hear the enthusiasm as "it speaks well for the success of the League of Nations."

"I deny the right," Chandler continued, "of any group of Republicans to commit the Republican Party to opposition to the League of Nations. It contains many Republican principles."

"This treaty was not written essentially at Paris," the President said in his speech here. "It was written at Château-Thierry, Belleau Wood, and the Argonne." The soldiers had fought to free the world, he went on, and the work would be carried through.

The President said that America, which had herself thrown off the yoke of another Government, would never attempt to interfere in the internal struggles of any peoples, and that the League did not bind this country to any such thing.

The Senators who wanted to get out, said the President, would find that they were getting out by themselves. "We are not going to get out," he added, and the audience applauded.

The rest of the world, the President asserted, depended on the United States to make good the guarantees under the League and that without the participation of the United States the League would fail.

The President spoke of the disordered conditions in Europe, and said that the infection had spread here until some groups were even going to the extreme of agitating the overthrow of the Government. Such movements could never get control here, he said, but it was of the greatest importance to restore the balance of the world.

In the brief address which he made at Sacramento (the President was permitted to speak but a few minutes because it was an outdoor meeting) he said: "I cannot let the occasion go by without telling you how strong it makes my heart that you should have given me so extraordinary and delightful a welcome as this?

"The happy circumstances of this journey is that I have not come out to advocate anything personal to myself, that I have not come out to seek the fortunes of any man or group of men, but to seek the safety and the guaranteed peace of mankind.

"We undertook a great war for a definite purpose. That definite purpose is carried out in a great treaty. I have brought the treaty back, and we must not much longer hesitate to sign it, because the treaty is the guarantee of peace. It is the guarantee of permanent peace, for all the great fighting nations of the world are combined in it to maintain a just settlement. Without this treaty, without the covenant of the League of Nations which it contains, we would simply sink back into that slough of despond in which mankind was before this war began, with the threat of

Continued on Page Three.

TEA IS SENSITIVE TO FOREIGN ODORS. That is why "SALADA TEA" is packed in METAL PACKETS. Its purity is absolute.—Advt.

Penrose Says Wilson Party Had Gifts Estimated at $1,000,000

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Senator Penrose, Republican, of Pennsylvania said in the Senate today that President Wilson and his party brought back from the Paris Peace Conference jewels and other gifts from "crowned heads" which, he had been told, were worth more than $1,000,000.

Interrupting a speech by Senator Ashurst, Democrat, of Arizona, who said that in 1810 it had been proposed to prohibit acceptance of gifts from foreign rulers by the President, Senator Penrose asked if the Arizona Senator had in mind gifts made to President Wilson while in Europe.

"I know nothing of that," Senator Ashurst replied, "but if any Democrat accepted such gifts he would receive my condemnation as quickly as if he were a Republican."

"I have been told that the President and his party came back overburdened with presents from crowned heads and foreign Governments," Senator Penrose said. "There was jewelry valued at hundreds of thousands, and I was told that customs authorities valued the gifts at more than $1,000,000."

REED, IN SENATE, ROUSES GALLERIES

Demonstration Follows Bitter Denunciation of the League Covenant.

TAKES ISSUE WITH WILSON

Says Assembly's Power Is Large and We Cannot Veto Action if a Party to Dispute.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—In a four-hour speech in the Senate today Senator Reed, Democrat, of Missouri, made a bitter attack on the League covenant in the Peace Treaty, declaring it a "contemptible infamy." In vigorous language he asserted that he would not be "cowed" by President Wilson's remark that radical opponents of the League in the Senate should "put up or shut up."

Besides denouncing the President's appeals for the League, Senator Reed took issue with Mr. Wilson's statements as to the impossibility of the United States being outvoted. He contended that the assembly would have the supreme power, asserting that the representatives of the four nations in the Council outside of the "Big Five"—Great Britain, the United States, France, Italy, and Japan—can be changed through action of the assembly, and thus the assembly can put on any time a representative of any colony of Great Britain. In this way, he insisted, the United States would be outvoted in the League Council.

As to the Assembly itself, Mr. Reed argued that the preponderence of voting strength lay with the "dark nations," and that "the assembly, could at any time in the future control the make-up of that body, since it could, by a two-thirds vote, admit any nation that it saw fit.

The United States, Mr. Reed contended, was vested with power to determine all matters at issue between nations in the League, without interference by the council. He called the assembly a "super-government in itself."

The Senate galleries were crowded throughout Mr. Reed's speech, their occupants frequently breaking into applause. At the end of the speech, after the galleries had cheered and applauded a full minute, Senator Ashurst, Democrat, of Arizona, who had just shaken Mr. Reed's hand and congratulated him, protested against demonstrations from the gallery throngs.

Mr. Ashurst had scarcely uttered his protest when the galleries began to hiss him.

"Don't let us turn the United States Senate into a police court," urged Mr. Ashurst.

At this the crowd boo-ed and hissed and Mr. Ashurst exclaimed with a smile:

"Hisses come usually from snakes and geese."

Colonies Eligible to Council.

In his argument on the subject of the possibility of America being outvoted in the council, Senator Reed stated that Canada, through Sir Robert Borden, asked an opinion on her eligibility to the council. He then read this letter, signed by President Wilson, Premier Clemenceau, and Mr. Lloyd George, to Sir Robert, making the point clear:

The question having been raised as to the meaning of Article IV. of the,

Continued on Page Three.

Silence is Golden—like satisfied silence of baby who has just had Imperial Granum the Nourishing Food.—Advt.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

ITALY ASKS ALLIES TO WREST FIUME FROM D'ANNUNZIO

Pleads Difficulty of Herself Taking Violent Measures Against the National Hero.

POET TO APPEAL TO WILSON

Confident That Allies Won't Attack—Vows to Stay in Fiume Alive or Dead.

POLK CONTRADICTS TITTONI

Denies Italian Minister's Statement That He Favors New Fiume Compromise Plan.

Wilson's Views on Fiume Are Reported Unchanged

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN, STOCKTON, Cal., Sept. 22.—Although White House officials aboard the President's train declined today to discuss published reports of a new agreement for the disposition of Fiume, they intimated that there had been no change in the President's position on the subject.

Several times during his speaking tour Mr. Wilson has referred in his addresses to Italy's desire to acquire Fiume, declaring that it was a claim based on strategic grounds rather than on the principle of nationality. Awards of territory for strategic purposes, he said in that connection, were avoided by the Peace Conference because under the new order set up by the League of Nations strategic considerations were supplanted by considerations of nationality and self-determination.

LONDON, Sept. 22. (Associated Press.)—The Italian Government has appealed to the Allied powers to send an Allied force, exclusive of Italians, to drive d'Annunzio out of Fiume, according to a report current here tonight which is considered reliable.

It is understood that the American naval authorities here, who control the operations in the Adriatic, have declined any assistance whatsoever, pending the final decision from Washington or by the peace delegates in Paris.

The Italian Government, it is reported, has pointed out in its appeal that it would be difficult for Italy to handle the situation in view of d'Annunzio's popularity with the Italian people, and also because of the fact that the Fiume decision has been a thorn in the side of the Italians.

It is understood that the Italian Government declared that it deplored the situation and did not wish to take the slightest action against the decision of the Peace Conference, but pointedly inferred that if d'Annunzio's hold on Fiume was to be weakened it must be done by other than Italian troops.

The Associated Press learns that, even should the appeal be favorably received, no American troops are available to respond to it, and, pending instructions from high authority, American naval vessels would stay outside the three-mile limit.

American navy headquarters here, which is in direct communication with Adriatic ports, has no confirmation of the report from Rome last night that American marines have been landed at Buccari, near Fiume. Naval authorities here are not inclined to credit the report, there being no reason that they know of for the United States to interfere.

The fact that an American ship is in the harbor of Fiume is of no significance, in the opinion of naval officers.

An attempt by Jugoslav forces to land on the Dalmatian coast is reported in official dispatches reaching here. The landing was frustrated by the Italian naval and military authorities.

At Fiume itself the situation is reported still quiet.

Gives d'Annunzio More Time.

ROME, Sept. 22.—American marines have been landed at Buccari, a small town on an arm of the Gulf of Quarnero, about ten miles southeast of Fiume, says a dispatch to the Messagero. One American ship is in Fiume harbor, according to advices, but the anchorage is a considerable distance from the city.

General Robilant, chief of the Italian forces maintaining order along the line of demarkation fixed by the armistice, has been replaced by General Badoglio, Chief of Staff to General Diaz, and second in command of the Italian armies.

General Robilant was unpopular, having been a member of the Inter-allied

Continued on Page Four.

TRY McK & R CALOX. The Oxygen Dentrifice.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

German Cruiser to Inspect Ships in South American Ports

ZURICH, Sept. 22. (French Wireless Service.)—The cruiser Regensburg will leave Kiel immediately for South America.

A special mission is on board and will visit the ports of Chile, River Plate, Brazil, and Uruguay, and inspect all the German mercantile ships interned there in order to make necessary arrangements for their return to Germany.

Negotiations with the Entente are under way with a view to loading these ships with food supplies for Germany.

BELGIAN RULERS ARE ON WAY HERE

King, Queen, and Prince Leopold Board the George Washington in English Channel.

TAKEN OUT ON DESTROYER

Great Crowds at Brussels and Ostend Give Royal Party a Rousing Send-off.

ON BOARD THE U. S. S. GEORGE WASHINGTON, IN THE ENGLISH CHANNEL, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—Speeding down the English Channel from Ostend at thirty-five miles an hour in the destroyer Ingraham, the King and Queen of the Belgians, the Crown Prince, and a numerous suite reached the George Washington at noon and came aboard.

The rail was manned with sailors, and a marine guard of honor was drawn up at the gangway, where Captain McCauley received the royal party. As the Belgian royal ensign was broken out at the masthead the band played the Belgian national anthem, and the guns roared out a salute.

The King and Queen smilingly received these evidences of cordial greeting, having enjoyed the swift dash of forty-five miles on the destroyer. They were conducted to the quarters occupied by President Wilson when he was a guest on board, and where the attendants, who arrived yesterday, had made elaborate preparations for them. The suite was lavishly decorated with the Queen's favorite flowers.

The Queen's suite, pleasantly located, consists of three rooms, decorated in blue and gold. The King's quarters, also three rooms, is on the opposite side of the ship, and includes an office with a complete radio telephone outfit, in order that he may communicate with Belgium while at sea. There is also a lounge where the King and Queen and Prince may meet the members of their suite.

The George Washington will be accompanied for several days by the destroyers Maddox, Hale, and Ingraham, as an escort, and will be picked up later by a naval escort sent from the American side.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—The special train bearing the King and Queen and Crown Prince to Ostend, on the start of their journey to New York, left the station at 8:50 o'clock this morning. The departure of the royal party was marked by impressive farewells.

The streets of the capital were alive with people at an early hour, and the route taken by the King and Queen was thronged with all classes who wanted to give the monarch a hearty send-off to the land which the people of Belgium associate so closely with the relief of their war-tried country.

Every point of vantage fronting the station was occupied, as well as every place from which a glimpse of the train could be caught as it pulled out. Handkerchiefs and flags were waving from all the windows and from the crowds that lined the thoroughfares as the King and the Queen passed on the first stage of their journey. They responded with visible emotion to the cries of "au revoir."

All the way from Brussels to Ostend the royal couple received affecting manifestations from their subjects. There were crowds at every station through which the train passed, and peasants were out all along the route in an endeavor to catch a fleeting glance of their rulers and wave their good-byes.

OSTEND, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—King Albert, accompanied by Queen Elisabeth and Crown Prince Leopold, arrived here at 11:15 o'clock this morning from Brussels. The shores were lined with thousands of people cheering and waving flags and school children singing the national anthem.

The members of the royal party immediately went aboard the destroyer Ingraham. The King shook hands with the crew and visited their quarters. The Prince became popular at once, and enjoyed the trip, particularly when the destroyer speeded up to thirty-five miles.

Five years ago this very day, King Albert, ankle-deep in the mud, unheed-

Continued on Page Seventeen.

YOUR GUESTS KNOW "SALADA" FROM TEA. The flavor is so distinctly different.—Advt.

HOTEL WOLCOTT, 4 W. 31st St., by Fifth Ave. Restaurant pleases the most exacting.—Advt.

LAKE SEAMEN VOTE TO QUIT

Sympathetic Action of Men on Vessels Carrying Iron Ore.

STEAM ENGINEERS WILL NOT

Their Union's President, After Seeing Gompers, Wires, Ordering Delay.

CLEVELAND FIREMEN OUT

Stationary Engineers There Also Ordered Out—Youngstown Switchmen Will Take Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Seamen working on the ore-carrying lake vessels of the Steel Corporation have completed their vote, and from the returns received at the Chicago office they have almost unanimously voted to strike against the steel trust. This was announced tonight by Patrick O'Brien, Assistant Secretary of the Chicago local.

"The returns show that the men have almost unanimously voted to strike," said O'Brien. "The returns have to be canvassed and the Executive Board has to meet and receive them. They will then decide on the date for a strike.

"I do not know yet when or where they are going to meet to do this. They may meet in Chicago and then again in Detroit. I will probably know in the morning what the total returns are and when and where the Executive Board will meet."

"The International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers is not on strike in the steel industry. Furthermore, it will not be on strike. Even if this union had a personal grievance it would not strike in the face of a request made by the President of the United States that no action be taken until after he had an opportunity to confer with the various parties to the controversy on Oct. 6. As it is, the members of the Steam and Operating Engineers' International Union will remain at their posts."

Such was the statement of H. M. Comerford, Secretary of the International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers today in reply to rumors that the engineers had struck in sympathy with the other employes of the steel industry.

"On Saturday," continued Mr. Comerford, "I received this telegram from Milton Snelling, President of our union:

Confirming my telephone message of today, I desire to say that I am wholly out of sympathy with the Fitzpatrick-Foster movement. I have given the matter great study and again say to you to be positive in opposition to the strike.

"That telegram was sent after Mr. Snellings had talked with Samuel Gompers," added Mr. Comerford. "It is in harmony with my own attitude. The stand of this union has not changed an iota since that telegram was sent."

Mr. Comerford then gave the following review of the attitude of the engineers' locals in various steel zones:

Waukegan.—Men willing to work, but mills closed by the companies.

Steubenville, Ohio.—Engineers ready to report for duty, but informed by the companies that their services would not be needed at present; told they might take their tools home.

Youngstown, Ohio.—Situation same as in Steubenville.

Gary.—Large percentage of union membership so radical no one can control, but a majority of the men, although willing to work, are afraid to report at the plant because of possible action by the radicals.

Joliet.—Representatives of engineers' locals there called up on telephone and were told to report for work. The majority have done so, although there, as in Gary, certain radicals have refused to obey the orders of the international body.

Pittsburgh.—Throughout the entire district members of the Engineers' Union are at their jobs.

Pueblo, Colo.—Pueblo district locals asked what they should do. They were ordered to remain at work and reported they would do so.

After completing his review, Mr. Comerford continued:

"There are, of course, some radicals out—the radical following of the radicals who are running this strike. But the penalties provided by the by-laws of the international union for an unauthorized strike will be invoked against every local which refuses to remain at work. If the mills close, of course, the men cannot work, and I can see how certain persons could make strike capital of the fact that a large number of engineers were idle."

Mr. Comerford then criticised the action of the Fitzpatrick-Foster faction in calling the strike in defiance of the wishes of the President of the United States.

"Isn't this an attempt by John Fitzpatrick to wrest control of the Ameri-

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of Writing Think of WRITING.—Advt.

Union Leader Predicts a Complete Tieup; Steel Company Sees Improvement at Night

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—John J. Fitzpatrick, Chairman of the National Committee Organizing Steel Workers, predicted tonight the complete paralysis of the steel industry.

"The situation is far better than we expected," he said, "and is progressing satisfactorily; of course, it will take four or five days to get things moving properly.

"Reports so far, however, indicate the complete tieup of the steel industry in this country."

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 22.—An announcement by the Carnegie Steel Company, concerning the situation in Pennsylvania and Ohio, said:

"We are in a better shape generally tonight than we were during the day, and the situation is pleasing under the circumstances. Our greatest concern is at the blast furnaces, some of which have been banked because of the shortage of common labor, but as far as the skilled element is concerned, the defection is practically nil. In every instance where the men are out it is the foreign and unskilled men. Ninety-five per cent. of the American workmen remained at work."

2 KILLED, 12 SHOT IN STRIKE RIOTS

Striker Dies, Another Slays a Worker, at Farrell, Pa.—7 Shot at Newcastle.

400 ATTACK 20 WORKERS

State Guards and Deputies, Met by Stones from Steel Men, Open Fire.

NEW CASTLE, Penn., Sept. 22.—Seven persons were shot, one probably fatally, in rioting which broke out at the Carnegie Steel Company's plant here late today.

The trouble started when a crowd of about 400 persons attempted to prevent mill workers from entering the plant. About twenty workmen were being assaulted, when the mill guards, consisting of a number of deputy sheriffs, came to their rescue. The mill guards were met with a volley of bricks, stones and clubs. They drew their revolvers and attempted to hold the mob at bay, but the shower of missiles continued and the crowd refused to disperse.

One man was killed, two State troopers were shot and many other persons less seriously injured, tonight in a second outbreak at Farrell. The fight occurred near the American steel and wire plant, when, it is said, members of a crowd threw bricks and other missiles at the State police and local officers. Paul Prouse died as the result of a bullet wound received during the melee. Private Frank Milligan and Sergeant Smith, State troopers, were struck by bullets and the former is in a serious condition.

When the situation appeared to be getting beyond control, the guards are alleged to have opened fire on the crowd. Two women were shot. A man who was shot through the stomach is reported to be in a local hospital in a critical condition. A boy also was wounded. Three other persons were struck by bullets, but not seriously hurt.

Among those shot were Mrs. Sophie Johnson, who had come out to find her son in order to get him away from threatened trouble, and Mrs. Mary Balzo, who was in her doorway 100 yards from the riot. Mrs. Johnson was seriously wounded in the neck and leg and is in the New Castle Hospital. Mrs. Balzo was struck under the eye and only slightly hurt.

The others injured were John Zamora, 40 years old, seriously wounded in the abdomen; Lovi De Prano, 34 years old, shot in the left arm and neck; Fred Diano, 24 years old, seriously wounded in the neck; James Kappseller, 36 years old, shot in the arm; C. Gilbasso, shot in the leg.

Two Policemen Are Wounded.

Following the shooting the mill guards had little difficulty in clearing the streets about the plant.

Another outbreak occurred today at the plant of the Shenango Tin Plate Company, in which two local policemen were wounded while attempting to protect mill workers. One officer was stabbed and another was shot. Their wounds were not serious.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 22.—Disorders, so much feared by police authorities in the steel strike zone, were in evidence tonight in several places in the Pittsburgh district. The most serious occurrence was at Newcastle.

With the exception of a small disturbance in Clairton in the morning, the opening day of the big strike passed in comparative quiet. With the coming of night, however, when night shifts were going on duty, there was disorder reported from a number of places.

During a melée in front of the zinc plant of the American Steel and Wire Company at Donora early this evening one man was shot and slightly wounded. Several other persons suffered minor bruises.

The trouble started when the crowd attempted to stop an automobile carrying alleged strikebreakers from entering the plant. The crowd rushed for the car when it failed to halt, but was driven back when mill guards opened fire. Donora police and guards succeeded in dispersing the crowd.

Riding into a crowd at the Fourth Street entrance of the Carnegie Company's plant at Homestead, after it had refused to disperse, State troopers tonight arrested eleven men and turned them over to the Homestead police.

Another outbreak occurred shortly afterward at Dickson Street and Fourth

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

80,000 QUIT WORK IN CHICAGO FIELD

Steel Mills in Gary, Joliet, Chicago, and Indiana Harbor Are Closed Down.

STRIKERS ARE ORDERLY

Fires Burning Down in Blast Furnaces Said to Have Caused $1,000,000 Damage Already.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—With union officials claiming that 75,000 to 80,000 steel workers out of about 100,000 in the Chicago district are on strike, practically all the mills in this section of the country, except those in Hammond, Ind., were dark last night and in Gary, Ind., where dissatisfaction against the United States Steel Corporation is greatest, it was learned early this morning that the strikers had damaged the blast furnaces to such an extent that it may cost the company $1,000,000 or more.

Two hundred men went to work in the Gary mills at 6 o'clock last night, where ordinarily 5,500 take up the shift. At the midnight shift only a handful appeared, stragglers, most of them bosses or old-timers.

It was one of the old-timers who told of the vast damage to the furnaces. There are seventy-two open hearth furnaces in the mills. They cost $80,000 each to build, but it would require $180,000 to replace any one of them. The steel is fed into these furnaces from the top with cement and lime, and a slag forms which is blown out by air blasts from the bottom. Should the fires go out, the steel and the slag would clog up the furnace, and could not be removed. The furnace would have to be destroyed and another one built.

The men when they left the plant, it is said, banked the fires, but left some of the fluid steel in the furnaces. Just how many furnaces were thus destroyed could not be learned.

Superintendent Edward Karkey of the Blooming Mill, to prevent the destruction of any more furnaces, went through the streets of Gary with his assistants, begging men to come back to tend the fires.

The steam and operating engineers who have been on strike, and who are essential to the running of the mills, met last night and resolved to stay on strike as individuals. The international body of their union has declared against the strike, and threatened to take away the charter of their local. The engineers learned that out of their 170 membership only one had worked yesterday. They decided to wait upon John Fitzpatrick, head of the Chicago Federation of Labor, and ask him to investigate the international body's order, and try to save their charter.

$30-a-Day Men Join Strike.

The seventy-two tin mill workers, who get $30 a day for eight hours' work, also met at midnight, and decided to join the strike. Instead of going to work, they went home in their motor cars.

The day was quiet in Gary, in South Chicago, Indiana Harbor, in Waukegan and Milwaukee and Sterling and Joliet, and all the other cities of the mills. Only in Gary, which is built around the steel mills and owes its existence to them, was there any trouble and that solely of a minor nature—clashes between pickets at the foundry gates and men going to work. The police always intervened in time to avert any serious disorder and not a blow was struck.

When Mayor W. F. Hodges was informed of the clashes he consulted with union officials and as a result the 500 pickets were reduced to 50, and ordered to keep on the sidewalks.

Fifty Serbians and Rumanians who had been working in Indiana Harbor decided neither to work nor to strike. They strapped on their money belts—filled with gold, and silver coins, no bills—and left for Europe. They took $108,600 with them, according to Acting Chief of Police C. J. O'Donnell.

Theodore J. Vied, President of the

Continued on Page Two.

ARRIDGE GIBBONS AIDES ALL CATHOLICS to see THE MANUAL OF PRAYERS.—Adv.

UNION AND MILLS CONFIDENT

Steel Corporation Asserts It Can Operate Big Plants at Near Normal.

CHARGES INTIMIDATION

Says Strikers Are Unskilled Foreigners and That More Have Reported for Night Shift.

OHIO DISTRICT IS HARD HIT

3 Mills Shut Down in Youngstown, 16 in Cleveland—Others Badly Crippled.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 22.—The first day of the strike of steel workers ended tonight with the steel industry heavily crippled by the number of its employes who walked out, but with officials of the largest steel companies asserting that their biggest plants were able to operate on almost a normal basis and that the day's developments had been in their favor, because the numbers of men who reported for work on the night shift were larger than those who took their places at the mills at 7 o'clock this morning when the strike started.

Secretary-Treasurer William Z. Foster of the committee directing the strike said that 279,100 had struck out of a possible 328,000 steel workers and while adding that actual figures were unavailable, steel officials insisted that a large majority of their men had remained at work and that many of those who did not go to work did not strike but stayed at home from fear of violence.

Two women and five men were shot in the worst of the riots, which occurred at the entrance to the Carnegie plant at Newcastle, Penn., when 100 shots were exchanged between strikers and guards, following the throwing of bricks and stones. Many minor riots were reported, but on the whole the disorder and violence was less than was expected.

Organizer Foster, who is directing the strike at Pittsburgh, was elated by reports from Johnstown that members of the Railway Brotherhoods, employed on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Johnstown, had refused to handle steel for mills against which a strike had been called. Strike leaders predicted widespread sympathetic strikes on the railroads, among the miners and in other industries, if the strike continued long.

Organizer Foster, addressing a meeting of strikers here tonight, said that the railroad trainmen engaged in transporting steel in process of manufacture from one mill to another, or from one part of a plant to another, had served notice on the steel companies that they would not engage in this work any longer in any plants affected by the strike.

Carnegie Steel Statement.

The following official resumé of the effect of the strike was issued tonight for the United States Steel Corporation, by the Carnegie Steel Company:

We are in better shape generally tonight than we were during the day, and the situation is pleasing under the circumstances. Our greatest concern is at our blast furnaces, some of which have been banked because of the shortage of common labor, but as far as the skilled element is concerned, the defection is nil. In every instance where the men are out it is the foreign and unskilled men, 95 per cent. of the American workmen remained at work.

The Duquesne works are running 100 per cent. and the supply of labor for the blast furnaces is better than this morning. The open hearth is running in good shape and the bar mills, while short of men, are running full. At the Edgar Thomson Works the converting mill continues to operate. Three blast furnaces are in blast and it is expected another will be going before morning. The open hearth will tap nine heats tonight, but they will have difficulty recharging. The foundry was run in good shape all day, but for the present will not run on night turn. Here as in other plants the American remains loyal.

The city mills, which were running through the day, are down tonight. These are what are known as the Clark, the Upper and Lower Union mills in the city. The men have been leaving these plants gradually throughout the day, largely through fear of the strikers. The Painter and McCutcheon mills, also city plants, running full tonight.

The Clairton works is still able to operate its blooming mill and conditions at the coke plant are better than they were throughout the day. The coke plant is operating better than 50 per cent. Up to tonight there have been forty-eight arrested in Clairton, and there are continual clashes between the State police and the rioters.

All city furnaces are operating under normal conditions.

At Homestead it has been necessary to bank all the Carrie furnaces. In all other departments of Homestead conditions tonight are better decidedly than they were this morning. There

has been more or less disorder throughout the day, and several clashes between the State police and men congregated on the streets has a tendency to keep men out of the plant. As the organizers have concentrated their efforts on the Homestead Works, the showing made tonight is an excellent one.

Admit Difficulties in Ohio.

Owing to the fact that Republic Iron and Steel, Brier Hill and Youngstown Sheet and Tube at Youngstown are completely down, Ohio works have gradually lost ground throughout the day and tonight they are not able to operate in any department. Men coming to work for the night turn at the Ohio works were pulled off the cars by rioters, and three or four thousand persons are gathered around the gates at the present moment. Police protection at this point is inadequate. They were able to operate upper and lower union mills in fairly good shape throughout the day but did not attempt to put on the night turn. It is hoped to be able to start some of these mills in the morning but it is doubtful as there are thousands of strikers on the streets at these plants.

Mingo and Bellaire works are down tight and everything there is quiet.

The Newcastle works continues to operate in all departments, although somewhat slowed down by a fire which occurred at the gates tonight. Some of the strikers from the tin mills attempted to break into the Newcastle plant and started to pull down the fence. They were met by the police of the company and four of the rioters were more or less seriously injured. As this trouble occurred just at the time of change of turns, some of our men were prevented from entering the plant.

The North Sharon works was compelled to close tonight on account of large crowds congregating in and about the plant. At Farrell rioting is going on in and about the gates. The Sheet and Tinplate Company and the Steel Wire Company plants were not able to operate throughout the day, but Carnegie plants continued to operate in full until the change of turn this evening. Owing to the rioting tonight it is impossible to get definite reports from this plant.

The developments of the day have been largely the instances of disorder occurring in the severest of our plants. It is still impossible because of this disorder to obtain accurate figures on the men actually remaining away from work.

Foster Says 279,100 Are Out.

Secretary-Treasurer W. Z. Foster of the committee for organizing the iron and steel industries, asserted in a circular letter to his associates that 279,100 men on strike counted in the 279,100 out of a total of about 325,000 mill workers directly appealed to to join the strike. His letter follows:

To All International Officers, Organizers and Secretaries.

Dear Sirs and Brothers: At 5 P. M., Sept. 22, the following figures represent the best statistics we are able to get together at this time relative to the number of men participating in the strike: Pittsburgh, 15,000; Homestead, 9,000; Braddock, 5,000; Rankin, 3,000; Clairton, 4,000; Duquesne, 3,000; Vandergrift, 4,000; Brackenridge, 5,000; New Kensington, 1,100; Apollo, 1,500; Leechburg, 3,000; Donora Monessen, 12,000; Johnstown, 15,000; Conemaugh Valley, 10,000; Cambria district, 50,000 (Spangler, Lorain, Struthers, Canton, Alliance, Massillon, New Philadelphia, Sharon, Farrell, Butler, Newcastle); Wheeling district, 10,000; Shenango district, 25,000; Steubenville, 1,500; Chicago district, 70,000 (Gary, South Chicago, Indiana Harbor, East Chicago, Hammond, Evanston, Milwaukee, Waukegan, Sterling, De Kalb, Joliet, Buffalo, 12,000; Pueblo, 6,000. Total, 279,100.

Fraternally yours,

W. Z. FOSTER, Secretary-Treasurer.

Secretary Foster holds that the strike has been completely successful in all large plants, with the exception of the mills of the Jones & Laughlin Company in Pittsburgh, which employ about 9,000 men. He said that the members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers on the Pennsylvania road had refused to handle steel at the mills closed by the strike at Johnstown, by way of indicating the sympathetic support of the Brotherhood toward the steel strike.

When he was asked if the railway brotherhoods were expected generally to boycott the products of plants affected by the strike, he said:

"Well, they are doing so at Johnstown. I have not heard that they are doing it elsewhere. I could make a prediction on that subject, but I don't want to. I can say that we will get all the support we need from organised labor.

The response to the strike call on the first day has more than met our expectations. Considering the vast numbers of men involved and the great areas affected, it was as near complete as it could be expected. We don't expect any great change in the situation tomorrow, but it will not take long before the men still at the plants join us.

"The showing of the first day proves that there is not the slightest ground for the claim made by the steel men that our men are all foreigners. The Americans have struck in about the same proportion as the foreign element. The Vandergrift mills, for example, have the highest American personnel of all the plants. There are only about thirty men left at work at the Vandergrift mills out of a total of 3,500 men in the district.

Claims Success in Wire Mills.

"We have had our greatest success in the steel wire mills. The American steel and wire plants at Braddock and elsewhere have been totally shut down. We had more time to organize that industry and the men responded the quickest, so that the showing in the wire mills is nearly 100 per cent. The wire workers took hold themselves and two organizers from the ranks of the men themselves were sufficient for our experience. More than 100 outside organizers. We never feel that a strike is well founded until the men take hold of it seriously themselves.

"After the wire mills, we have had the biggest success in the blast furnaces. All steel production depends on their pig iron output and tying them up ties everything up.

"The only big plant in which we have failed to make a showing is the Jones & Laughlin mills in Pittsburgh. We have made almost a clean sweep of the city outside of that plant, which we did not expect to hit hard at first. The Jones & Laughlin men struck two years ago, and the rest of the steel workers failed to join them. The result was that their strike was beaten, and beaten badly. All of the organizers were there.

"Having borne the brunt at that time without being supported by the men in other plants, the Jones & Laughlin men have taken the position that they are going to let somebody else bear the brunt this time. Now that we have shown the effectiveness of our organization and our prospects for success, they will begin to join us, probably at a rapid rate.

"Practically everything in Pittsburgh is at a standstill, with the exception of that one plant. The Pressed Steel Car Works have not been hit by the strike, but that is because the men in that mill do not belong to the classes of steel workers affected. They are fabricators, and in the same position as the automobile industry. These industries are being affected to some extent by sympathetic strikes.

"Between 2,000 and 3,000 miners have struck in the Johnstown district, where they were employed by the Cambria Steel Company. The miners have not been called out yet, whether the steel miners will join us will depend on developments. It cannot be said positively now whether they will or not.

Says Several Companies Would Settle.

"Several independent steel companies have offered to recognize the union and settle, but no terms have been reached with any at them yet. I have no power to settle any part of the strike. Our policy in the matter of settling with independents will be determined on Wednesday, when the members of the National Committee will meet here.

"We have not yet taken up the question of allowing men to work at plants where it is necessary to have a certain number of men left at work to prevent the destruction of parts of the steel plants which would destroy themselves if not looked after by a certain number of workmen. We took it for granted that there would be enough men left at all the plants for that purpose, but we have received appeals from the manufacturers at Johnstown for the privilege of using some of our men, because they say that their open-hearth furnaces will be otherwise destroyed.

"We have been surprised with the thoroughness of the strike at some points and I can say that we have not been disappointed at any place. We were agreeably surprised at the men at many points.

"The only thing that we would like to say to the public is that we would close the mills at Clairton as completely as we did."

On hearing the report that a resolution had been introduced in the Senate to investigate the steel strike, Mr. Foster said:

"I hope they do investigate it. The American Federation of Labor at its last session adopted a resolution calling for a Congressional investigation of the whole situation. Nothing will please us better. We can stand the searchlight."

On hearing that J. P. Morgan had sent a message to Judge Gary commending his stand in favor of an open shop, he said:

"Well, a lot of the open shops are closed now."

Organizer Foster said that the most significant development, outside of the refusal of the railroad men to handle steel at Johnstown, was a sympathetic strike at the United Steel Alloy Company at Canton, Ohio, where he said that 2,500 men, engaged in making the finest steel for the automobile industry had shut down. He said that the men there had not been asked to strike.

Reports No Violence.

Organizer Foster asserted that there had not been since the commencement of the strike a single act of violence originating with the striking steel workers, and that the only disorder which had occurred had resulted from unjustifiable attacks on the steel workers by the Pennsylvania State constabulary and other officers of the law.

"So far at least, the strike has been almost entirely free from violence," he said, "and has the cleanest record in that respect of any great industrial disturbance in years. We have consistently drilled it into the men that they must be quiet and orderly, no matter what happens. The only disorder occurred when the men were wantonly charged by the Cossacks." According to a report we have just received they killed one of our men today at Clairton, but they have been entirely unsuccessful in producing disorder.

"Outside of this district the only instance of disorder which I have heard took place at Elwood, where there has been danger of trouble on account of attempts to stir up race hatred among the men of different nationalities. A number of men recently discharged from the service and still wearing their uniforms have been placed on duty at Elwood for the purpose of giving the men the impression that the militia has been called out.

"Workmen at all the mills have been perfectly free to come and go and it is ridiculous for any one to claim that workers have stayed away because of intimidation. There has been absolutely no ground for any of the kind. Their industrial grievance has been entirely sufficient to cause them to quit."

Organizer Foster, who in his book "Syndicalism," written by him several years ago, advocated sabotage, "direct action, violence and the seizure of property by employes, distributed a number of copies of "Trade Unionism," a new book of his containing his revised views. This is free from radicalism and advocates orthodox American Federation of Labor policies. Continuing his review of the results of the first day of the strike in the Pittsburgh district, he said:

"The mill at Clairton is dead. The by-products plant there is limping along with a small force for the time being. The blast furnaces there are all deserted. At Duquesne over half of the men are out. At Homestead, 80 per cent. of the men are out. At the Edgar Thomson plant at Braddock about 4,000 men have quit, leaving between 2,000 and 3,000 at work. The American wire and steel plant of the United States Steel Corporation at Braddock is down completely. The Rankin plant of the American Steel and Wire is down completely. The McClintic (U. S.) Marshall plant is pretty heavily hit, but not tied up completely.

"Everything has been stopped at Wheeling; 1,500 men are out at Steubenville. Eighty per cent. of the men are out at Weirton. These results have been attained at Weirton and Duquesne in spite of efforts to make ignorant men believe that they would be arrested if they attempted to strike.

"The Aliquippa valley has not been affected much, as there are only a few rolling mills there. The foundry and machine shops were not hit much today, but this is only the first of the strike, you know.

"The last information I got from New Castle is that it is down tight. Sharon is said to be closed up. Youngstown is pretty well tied up. Sharpsville is shut up tight. Elwood is completely tied up."

Mr. Foster of the Committee on Organization, announced that he had sent a telegram to President E. H. Grace of the Bethlehem Steel Company, which has been so far little affected by the strike, announcing that a strike would be called against the mills of that company unless a delegation of the union officials was received by next Monday.

3 YOUNGSTOWN PLANTS SHUT DOWN BY STRIKE

Others Are Seriously Crippled and May Close Later—Unions Say 55,000 Quit.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Sept. 22.—With plants of three large steel companies in the Youngstown district employing 19,500 already closed as a result of the strike and others running only part capacity, according to officials, the steel-producing industry in the Mahoning Valley was fast approaching general paralysis tonight.

At strike headquarters this afternoon Secretary S. T. Hammersmark said reports showed a total of 30,300 men out in the Youngstown district proper, and 55,000 out in the entire district, which includes Sharpsville and New Castle, Penn. He declared that more men are already out than they wanted, and expected considerable difficulty in getting them to work.

Officials of the Carnegie Steel Company after claiming more than 50 per cent. capacity working earlier in the day, issued this statement this afternoon:

"Our plants are slowing down considerably this afternoon. We have no immediate plans for closing, but will close unless men return to work."

The company employs about 6,000 men.

No statement was made by officials of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company tonight altering the statement issued earlier in the day by L. J. Campbell, Vice President of the company, in which it was claimed that departments were operating about 5 per cent. capacity. Strike leaders assert that the mills of the company are practically tied up and that approximately 90 per cent. of the 15,000 employes quit work this morning.

The sheet and tin plate mills of the Trumbull Steel Company at Warren, including the Liberty Steel Works, are not affected. The A. M. Byers Company at Girard is also running full capacity. These mills are already organized and have agreements with the companies.

No disorder accompanied the walkout. Large crowds of strikers congregated at many places in the streets, but all were good natured and appeared to be making a holiday of it.

Elimination of the fabricating mills from the strike order exempts approximately 11,000 workmen in those plants from obeying the strike order. At some of these plants the men walked out this morning, but later returned after J. E. McCaden, representing the National Committee in charge of the strike, issued a statement covering the fabricating plants.

In announcing the closing of the plants of the Brier Hill Steel Company, President W. A. Thomas said that substantially all the skilled and semi-skilled laborers reported for duty this morning, but that it was impossible to operate with the forces insufficient to man the plants.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Following the lead of the Laselle Iron Works on Saturday evening, the Mingo works and Steubenville blast furnaces of the Carnegie Steel Company closed down tight at midnight Sunday.

HAMILTON, Ohio, Sept. 22.—It was announced today that the steel strike does not affect the plant here of the American Rolling Mills at Middletown. The company, it is stated, has an agreement with the union.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Blast furnaces here were not affected by the steel workers' strike today. Employes at the plants of the Toledo Furnace Company, the United States Metals Refining Company and the National Malleable Company are unorganized and did not strike.

DOVER, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Four thousand employes of steel plants here and at New Philadelphia, owned by the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, a subsidiary of the steel corporation, reported for work this morning.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, Sept. 22.—The steel plant of the Whitaker Glessner Company, located at New Boston, near here, was operating at full capacity this morning. Officials stated that not a man was off duty. The plant employs about 5,000.

CANTON, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Reports from Canton mills are that all plants except the Union Alloy are operating. It is admitted by the managers, however, that many workmen are absent this morning.

MASSILLON, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Four independent steel plants here, employing between 4,000 and 4,000 men, were operating as usual today, none of the employes going on strike.

BETHLEHEM WORKERS DEMAND CONFERENCE

Threaten to Strike on Monday if Their Demands Are Not Granted by Thursday.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Sept. 22.—Spurred on by the walkout of iron and steel workers in the Pittsburgh district and the breaking up of union meetings there by the police, leaders of organized labor in the plants of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation today were confident that they will be able to tie up all of the steel plants of the Bethlehem Corporation next Monday morning, if their demands are not granted by 4 P. M. Thursday.

T. A. Harris, a member of the American Federation of Labor, and the representative of the National Committee of Iron and Steel Workers for Bethlehem, left this morning on an all-week tour of the five steel plants to assure himself that plans have been perfected for the simultaneous walkout to be called for Monday morning if the demands of the workers cannot be secured by conference.

David Williams, general organizer of machinists, who has been in charge of the whole strike movement in Bethlehem, said today that the final fight between capital and labor is on and that if the men in the steel mills have their way they will tie up the whole country.

Officials of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation gave out no statement on the situation today, but persons in touch with the situation in Bethlehem expressed the belief this afternoon that the company would not grant the conference to be asked for by the steel workers. They hold to the belief that the Bethlehem Steel Corporation will follow the precedent set by Judge Gary.

"We have the men and we will tie things up if we cannot get the things we want by arbitration," said Mr. Harris this morning. "The men are disgusted with all of the company's plans for labor organizations. We have tried all of their plans for collective bargaining and for company unions, and they have failed to go along with us. We have put in demands for the 8-hour day and wages which is in effect in the shipyards. They turned us down flat on that demand."

Though the labor leaders insist that they will succeed in completely shutting down the five plants, the consensus of opinion is that not more than 10 per cent. of the men will walk out.

1,700 QUIT AT COATESVILLE.

90 Per Cent. Out Are Said to be Foreigners—Many Mills Continue.

Special to The New York Times.

COATESVILLE, Penn., Sept. 22.—The first day of the strike of the iron and steel workers in Coatesville was marked by the complete absence of any disorder. While labor leaders would venture no estimate as to the number of men on strike, heads of both the Midvale Steel Company and Lukens Steel Company placed the total tonight at about 1,700 out of an employed force of 5,000.

Of the men on strike, mill heads assert 90 per cent. are foreigners, while American employes, they point out, have remained more than 95 per cent. loyal. The plant committee of the Midvale works yesterday adopted resolutions deprecating the strike and condemning the action of the American Federation of Labor in sanctioning the walkout.

At the Midvale plant, where three eight-hour shifts are employed, approximately 1,200 men failed to report for duty, while at the Lukens works, where two twelve-hour shifts are maintained, about 500 men went on strike. This is the estimate of officials of both plants. These officials declared that every unit which had been operated last week was run today with the exception of the Midvale tube mill, which was shut down on account of a large number of foreigners failing to report, and the Lukens 140-inch mill which was shut down, it was said, because of lack of orders.

At the Lukens plant the shortage of locomotive engineers was felt during the day. In an attempt to overcome this mill superintendents and department heads operated the donkey engines.

Only three out of twenty steamfitters reported at the Lukens plant tonight. This caused a slight curtailment in the operation of open hearth furnaces, but it was stated the places of these men were being filled rapidly.

Walter B. Zarle, President of the Metal Trades Council of Coatesville, in addressing mass meetings at Labor Hall on East Main Street during the day and evening, expressed himself as pleased with the situation. He told workers assembled that operations in both the Midvale and Lukens plants had been halted and urged the men to hold out to win.

Strike picketing is being permitted by Mayor King, who announced today that the police will not interfere so long as not more than one man approaches a workman at a time, but if there is any doubling up arrests will follow, was the Mayor's warning to union leaders.

To guard against any disturbances and to keep crowds from congregating on streets leading to the mills, the Mayor today swore in a large number of special policemen. Clarence Nortlip, Sheriff of Chester County, arrived here at dawn and is co-operating with the local authorities. A force of three State police officers stationed here regularly may be augmented by additional men, it is said, if constabulary should the need arise, arrangements to this effect having been made by the Mayor. New officers have also been added to the police departments of the steel companies.

Charles Whitaker, general superintendent of the Midvale steel plant here, declared tonight that operations will continue as usual, unless a great many more men go on strike.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 22.—All the steel plants in the Baltimore district were reported to be in operation as usual today, including the Carnegie Steel Company's fabricating works in South Baltimore.

BEAVER, Penn., Sept. 22.—According to reports the steel strike did not greatly affect plants in Beaver County. At the Midland plant of the Crucible Steel Company, the Woodlawn and Aliquippa plants of the Jones & Laughlin Company and the Ambridge plants of the American Bridge Company, and Seamless Tube Company, it was reported the mills were operating almost full handed. A few foreigners, it was said, remained away from the works.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., Sept. 22.—The Cambria Steel Company, one of the units of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company, shut down indefinitely at noon today. Several thousand men were employed in the works. The shutdown was anticipated following a statement of officials that the suspension would come if insufficient men turned out for work to operate the plant at full capacity.

Two thousand miners employed at independent soft coal mines in the district went on strike today. The mines supplied local plants.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 22.—No sign of a steel strike was apparent anywhere in the Harrisburg district today. The Steelton plant of the Bethlehem Steel Company was in operation as usual. Representatives of the men at the plant are attending a conference elsewhere.

READING, Penn., Sept. 22.—No evidence of trouble in local steel plants or elsewhere in this part of the Schuylkill Valley manifested itself today. No meetings have been held here and thus far the men are at work.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., Sept. 22.—The Eastern Steel Company, employing about a thousand men, was not affected by the strike order. All the men reported for work as usual.

SHARON, Penn., Sept. 22.—Seven thousand men joined the steel strike in the Shenango Valley, according to a statement issued this afternoon by Secretary Coates of the local union, with headquarters at Farrell. The Shenango foundry here and the Sharon Foundry Company's plant at Wheatland closed down this afternoon.

According to Mr. Coates, 75 per cent. of the workers in this district have joined the strike. Officials of the steel companies declined to estimate the number of men out.

16 MILLS SHUT DOWN IN CLEVELAND DISTRICT

Only Four Plants Are Open and These Are Operated at 75 Per Cent. of Capacity.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 22.—With the strike of more than 18,000 steel workers here today, steel production was brought practically to a standstill. Two of the largest mills of the American Steel and Wire Company and the McKinney Steel Company were shut down completely.

Out of twenty plants here, those able to operate were the Empire Rolling Mills and the Union Rolling Mills Companies, both of which have union agreements, the Riverside Plant, and two blast furnaces of the Otis Steel Company. Of these the Riverside and Union plants operated with about 75 per cent. capacity.

The Lakeside plant of the Otis Steel Company, including the steel foundry, shut down today, will reopen tomorrow morning if police protection is provided, officials said today.

Officials of the company say that men reporting for work today were intimidated, with the result that the open hearth rolling mill and foundry were closed. This was the only steel foundry affected in the city. The Lake Erie Bolt and Nut Company, employing 1,000 men, was closed by a strike of about 500 members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, notwithstanding that the union has an agreement with the company. According to N. J. Clarke, manager of the company, only one day's notice was given of the men's intention to strike.

Every industrial railroad employe walked out, union officials said. Many of these were members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. W. G. Lee, President of the trainmen, today issued national orders to remain on the job where they had contracts, but that local majorities should rule where no contracts existed. They had no contracts here.

H. W. Ralnes, Secretary of the Central Committee formed by strikers' union representatives, estimated the number of strikers here today at 25,000. Of these about one-fifth were unorganized, but responded to the strike order, he said.

The Steel and Wire Company has nine plants and all are closed down.

LORAIN, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Officials of steel plants here and in Elyria announced that their mills opened as usual this morning with practically all of their men working.

Officials of the National Tube Company, a local subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, issued a statement that all of the 5,000 men on the day shift had returned to work.

Cromwell Steel Company officials said their 400 men did not strike.

CLOSE 4 PLANTS AT BUFFALO.

8,000 There and at Lackawanna Quit, the Strikers Declare.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Steel strike leaders tonight claimed that 8,000 men employed in the plants in Buffalo and Lackawanna responded to the order to quit work today. Two of the four plants on which the strike was called were closed this morning. They are the Rogers-Brown Iron Company and the Buffalo Slag Company, relatively small plants which had employed about 1,000 men up to today.

The Lackawanna Steel Company's plant was in operation, but there was no official statement as to how many of the men had reported for work. Charles M. McCullough, President of the company, refused absolutely to discuss the strike situation. Mayor Toomey and police officials of Lackawanna, however, said their reports indicated that 50 per cent. of the company's 9,000 employes had failed to report this morning.

W. E. Donner, President of the Donner Steel Company, said that more than 85 per cent. of the company's 2,000 employes reported on time today. The strikers tonight announced plans for a big mass meeting tomorrow directly across the street from the Donner plant. At this meeting it is expected an effort will be made to get the Donner employes to join the strike.

WHEELING MILLS SHUT DOWN.

But Aside from West Virginia, South Is Unaffected by Strike.

Special to The New York Times.

WHEELING, West Va., Sept. 22.—All the steel plants in the Wheeling district, excepting a few independents, which have signed the union scale, were closed by the general walkout this morning. More than 18,200 men in the immediate district are out, and within a radius of twenty-five square miles more than 25,000 are numbered in the strikers' ranks.

The result of the walkout was a surprise both to union officials and the companies in the Wheeling district, as the most radical estimate placed on the number expected to walk out by union men was 15,000.

No disturbances have occurred and none are expected.

Among the larger plants totally suspended and the number of men who walked out are: Carnegie Steel Company, Bellaire, 1,400; Wheeling Steel and Iron Company, Benwood, 1,600; Riverside plant, National Tube Company, 2,900; Laughlin plant, A. M. Byers & P. Company, 1,800; Carnegie Steel Company, Mingo, 1,400; La Belle Iron Works, Steubenville, 4,400; Weirton Iron Works, Weirton, 1,800.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 22.—Reports from all the steel plants in Wilmington and vicinity showed that all workmen reported for work as usual this morning.

ASHLAND, Ky., Sept. 22.—The men employed in the Ashland Steel Company and the Ashland Iron and Mining Companies reported for work as usual here today, officials said.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 22.—The Atlantic Steel Company here, employing 1,200 men, an independent, was not affected by the steel workers' strike. Labor officials said no instructions regarding a strike had been received from the national organization.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 22.—Every steel plant in the Birmingham district was operating today, most of them practically at full capacity. Labor officials attributed the small response to the strike order to the fact that tomorrow is pay day at two big plants in the Ensley district and that two others pay Thursday.

SHEFFIELD, Ala., Sept. 22.—None of the employes of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company or the Sheffield Iron Corporation was out on strike today.

NEWARK PLANTS RUNNING.

Full Crews Report at Factories and No Trouble Is Expected.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 22.—The steel strike had no effect on plants in the Newark district today. These plants do steel jobbing rather than manufacturing, and it was stated the only way the strike would affect them would be through the cutting off of supplies. As material sufficient for a month is on hand the effect will not be felt for that length of time, at any rate.

Full crews reported at the Crucible Steel Company's plant at Harrison, at the Submarine Boat Company's yards, and at the Federal Shipbuilding Company's yards at Kearny. Other plants such as Edgar T. Ward Sons Company and the Palmolive Steel Company said none of their men had gone on strike.

COLORADO MILLS ARE CLOSED.

Workers Fail to Report to Work at Pueblo and Minnequa.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 22.—The steel plant of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company at Pueblo closed this morning as a result of the strike of workers, according to a statement issued at the offices of the company here. Not enough men reported to operate the plant, it was said.

PUEBLO, Col., Sept. 22.—About 2,000 men of the first morning shift at the Minnequa plant of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company here did not go to work this morning, they remained in Bessemer City Park, near the plant. It was estimated 60 per cent. of the first shift failed to report.

All mines in the southern coal field, supplying coke to the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company plants here, have been ordered closed. This does not affect the commercial mines of the company.

PRESIDENT WON'T INTERFERE.

Feels That He Did Everything Possible to Avert the Strike.

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Sept. 22.—President Wilson was without official advices today regarding the strike of steel workers and it was indicated that for the present he did not propose to interfere directly.

He was represented as feeling that he had done everything possible to prevent the strike, and that the best that could be accomplished now was to maintain order while the situation worked itself out.

Much interest was expressed by White House officials, however, in the progress of events as reported in the newspapers.

LAKE SEAMEN VOTE TO QUIT

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

can labor movement from Samuel Gompers?"

Mr. Comerford was asked.

"It would be a big feather in Fitzpatrick's cap if he could win," he parried.

"Do you think he'll win this strike?"

"My union is not on strike, so I would not care to do any forecasting.

"If it had been up to you to call this strike, would you have felt the chances of winning warranted calling it at this time? Would you have called it?"

"No, I would not have called this strike."

"Do you believe Mr. Gompers would? Do you think he sanctions it?"

The Snelling telegram should answer that. I do not believe Mr. Gompers approves it. It is not approved generally by the conservative element in the labor movement. It could not be with such radical leadership."

"Supposing the steel companies try to replace the strikers with strike-breakers?"

"That is no affair of ours. Our men will do their own work only."

CLEVELAND, Sept. 22. (Associated Press.)—The Executive Committee of the local stationary engineers union today notified all members of that organization employed in steel plants to strike tomorrow in sympathy with the steel workers. According to L. P. Sprouse, International Vice President of the Stationary Firemen, six hundred members of that organization are already out.

No committee of railroad switchmen from Youngstown conferred with President W. G. Lee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen up to late today. Mr. Lee said that where contracts existed members of the trainmen's organization must perform their usual work, but where there is no contract members in yard service will be covered by a majority vote of the employes of that class. The trainmen have no contracts with steel mills in the Youngstown district, Mr. Lee said.

The following instructions were sent out by Mr. Lee today by telegraph and letter to members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, employed as switchmen:

"Where contract relations exist, members must perform their usual and regular work, during the strike of other classes of employes, to exactly the same extent as performed prior to such strike.

"Where no contract relations exist, members in yard service will be governed entirely by a majority vote of the employes of that class."

80,000 QUIT WORK IN CHICAGO FIELD

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

South Chicago Labor and Trade Union Assembly, said last night:

"I am dumfounded to find that the strike is 100 per cent. effective. It certainly is one peaceful, powerful movement with the American spirit behind it."

John J. Fitzpatrick, Chairman of the National Committee organizing the steel workers, last night said that his reports from strike centres in the Chicago district gave a total of 67,500 men out as follows: Gary, 22,000; Indiana Harbor, 11,000; South Chicago, 20,000; Joliet, Chicago Heights, 2,000; Hammond, 3,000; Evanston, 1,500; Waukegan, 2,500; Milwaukee, 3,000; Sterling, Ill., 1,000, and De Kalb, Ill., 1,500.

Approximately 1,000 employes of the Illinois Steel Company slept in chairs and others on the floor in the Administration Building in South Chicago tonight, but many employes went to their homes. No preparations had been made by the steel company officials to house the men, but those who were afraid to go home for fear of violence were allowed to stay.

Extra pickets were assigned by union officials to guard the entrance to the steel company's plant at East Seventy-ninth Street and the Lake, following the receipt of a report that an attempt would be made to take strike-breakers into the plant.

Union officials in South Chicago claim to have information that the employes of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern Railroad will go out on strike in sympathy with the steel workers. It is said that the railroad men refused to deliver cars to the plants of the United States Steel Corporation in the Chicago district and its affiliated companies today. This road handles practically all the shipments of the Steel Corporation in the Chicago district.

John J. Fitzpatrick, addressing a meeting of 1,000 strikers at Gary today, declared that President Wilson was back of the steel workers, and had told him so.

"I spent fifty minutes with President Wilson," Fitzpatrick said, "and told him our plans. When I finished he said:

'You're going about it the right way. I tell you men that our President is with us in this strike, and he wants us to win. We're with the President, too.'

"The struggle between American and un-American ideals was stressed at Gary yesterday. A secret vigilance organization, calling itself "The Loyal American Legion," and numbering 1,500 members, patroled the streets with the avowed intention of "suppressing Bolshevism." These men took as their motto "God helping us the Government at Washington still lives."

There was no trouble between them and the strikers. The police had no trouble either, nor the union pickets who were walking up and down in front of the great silent foundries.

The steel mills believe that many of those who went out yesterday and many more of those who failed to report will come to work on Wednesday when they have been assured they will be amply protected.

The strike agitators, the mill owners say, frightened many of the men into staying at home by calling up their homes and telling their wives and daughters that the men would be in danger if they went to work.

There were about 1,800 men inside the Illinois Steel Company plant in South Chicago, it was said, prepared to stand a six-months' siege; most of them were high-salaried workers.

Fifteen hundred men are said to have reported for work at the mills of the United States Steel Corporation in Gary. There was no violence when they returned to their homes, under escort. They said that only four of the twelve big blast furnaces were still fired, and that for the sole purpose of furnishing light and power to the city.

Federal agents were plentiful in all the steel centres, and especially in Gary, where it was reported that the strikers had bought out all the stocks of weapons in the hardware stores Saturday. They were in South Chicago, too, in big numbers trying to verify reports that radicals were distributing whisky to the strikers, seeking to incite them to violence.

GARY DISTRICT PLANTS HARD HIT BY WALKOUT

Reports Vary as to Number Out, but Official Admits Mills Are Practically Closed Down.

Special to The New York Times.

GARY, Ind., Sept. 22.—Non-union men confirmed the statement of John Fitzpatrick at a meeting this afternoon, in which he said that the mills in Gary had ceased production of steel. They declared that of twelve blast furnaces fires were banked in all except four, which the men were permitted to operate in order that the city might have light and power. The merchant billet, rail, slab, and blooming mills did not run today, they said, owing to the fact that among the 1,500 of the 12,000 employes who reported for work there were no engineers.

William P. Gleason, General Superintendent of the mills, gave out a statement that "not to exceed 40 per cent. of the men were at work, largely in the coke ovens and blast furnaces. Other officials admitted that the mills were practically shut down. An announcement from the general offices said that men were calling in by telephone and saying that they remained away only because they feared to do otherwise. Many of the men in that class, encouraged by the absence of violence attending the first day of the strike, will return to work tomorrow, officials predict.

The varied claims of the union leaders and steel company officials are as follows:

"Ninety-seven per cent. of the men have left the mills and will not return until the strike is over," said Oscar Anderson, official head of the strikers.

"Thirty-five to forty per cent. of the men reported for work," said W. P. Gleason, General Superintendent of the Gary Steel Mills.

"Only 25 per cent. of our 3,000 employes are out," said W. C. Floyd, general manager of the tin mills.

"Twenty-five per cent. are out," said John A. Gross, general manager of the sheet mills, which employes 2,000 men.

"Fifty per cent. are at work. P. W. Seyl, manager of the American Bridge Company, where the normal force is 1,500.

"Twenty-five per cent. are out," said C. E. Carr, Superintendent of the Universal Portland Cement plant, subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, employing 1,500.

The Union Drawn Steel Works, with a force of 1,000, said that 60 per cent. of the men remained away today.

The Retail Clerks' Union and the Meat Cutters' Union sent notices to the Strikers' Committee that they would refuse to sell or stand to be sold food to non-union steel workers.

Several hundred strikers gathered in Labor Hall during the afternoon to await the arrival of John Fitzpatrick. Ed N. Nockels, Secretary of the Chicago Federation of Labor, and Theodore Vind, International Organizer of the American Federation of Labor. At the conclusion of the meeting of the council behind closed doors Fitzpatrick addressed the crowd.

"Our answer to the United States Steel Corporation," declared Fitzpatrick, "is that we have stopped work until the Steel Corporation will meet with representatives of the men in the mills. We elected to stand behind the President of the United States until the Steel Corporation submits to his request. Labor has responded 100 per cent. to the call to put down the autocracy which has developed within this republic, and refuses to listen to the nation's chief executive. Ninety-five per cent. of the men employed in the mills of South Chicago, Indian Harbor, and Gary have gone on strike.

"Labor has been paraded through the country that this city is Judge Gary's particular hobby and that the people would bow to his dictation here if nowhere else. But we have beaten him in his own town. Judge Gary says he is going to run the mills according to his own ideas. All right, Judge, go ahead and run!"

'CONGRATULATIONS,' MORGAN TO GARY

"Must Win if We All Stand Firm," He Cables to Steel Company's Chairman.

STEEL STOCKS ADVANCE

Financial District Thinks Strike Showed Weakness at Start—The Midvale Surprise.

Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation, maintained silence on the strike situation yesterday, a policy which he has pursued ever since the controversy became acute. He saw newspaper men twice during the day, but each time declined to make any comment. It was admitted that he was receiving reports from the various plants of the company, but he would not say what they showed regarding the number of men who had walked out. No estimate of this will be made until reports have been received from every unit of the corporation.

J. P. Morgan, who is in London, sent the following cable to Judge Gary yesterday:

"Heartiest congratulations on your stand for the open shop, with which I am, as you know, absolutely in accord. I believe American principles of liberty deeply involved and must win if we all stand firm.

The financial district took an optimistic view of the strike situation. This was reflected in the marked upturn in prices on the Stock Exchange. The early news dispatches from steel centres were eagerly scanned and, it was said, indicated that the spread of the strike had not been by any means as complete as had been predicted by the union labor leaders. Opening prices throughout the steel group, and the general list as well, were well above the close on Saturday and for the most part early gains were added to during the day. United States Steel was watched closely, for much of the attack by labor men has been directed against this company. The common shares acted well, and closed at 102¾, the high for the day, the net gain having amounted to 1¾ points.

The same degree of strength was shown by other steel shares. Bethlehem Steel B advanced 1¾ points, Lackawanna Steel 2 points, and Republic Iron and Steel 1¾.

Several steel manufacturers considered that the strike movement had shown weakness at the outset. The Vice President of one large independent company said it was his impression that while there had been little or no defection among the workers at the plants of the Carnegie Steel Company, one of the subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation and the largest steel-making unit in the country, he said, indicated that the strike was a failure. Others were not quite so outspoken, but they let it be known that they felt gratification over the reports which were coming in. It was the belief of many that the next few days would see men drifting back to their work, as it had always been proved in the past that the first day of a strike saw the greatest defection among the workers.

"This is due to the fact that many of the men, who may not be in sympathy with the strike, stay away from work to avoid trouble. Just how great this proportion would be in the present case no one was prepared to say, but fact was pointed to that the prediction that the steel industry would be entirely tied up was not materializing, and it was argued that, this being evident, those who were wavering would return to their places.

From the news which was available it was the opinion that the strike was largely confined to foreigners.

Dow, Jones & Co.'s news dispatches they had received estimated that some 90 per cent. of the day workers in the industry had remained loyal.

It was considered that the news indicated that the unionizing movement had produced spotty results. Certain plants, it was said, had shut down, while others were running with nearly 100 per cent. of their workers on hand. It was held to be especially significant that greater progress toward unionization had not been made in the heart of the steel district, Pittsburgh.

Some surprise was occasioned by the announcement that the Cambria plant of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company had been forced to close by the great defection of workers. It was the Midvale workers who not long ago, through their elected representatives, adopted resolutions decrying contentious talk of wage increases as uneconomic, and the recommendation was made that this be discouraged. Furthermore, these men advocated increased production as the real weapon with which to combat the high living costs.

Two previous strikes in the steel industry, one the famous Homestead strike of 1892 and the other the so

RIOT INSURANCE RATES TREBLED

Above $100,000,000 Worth Hurriedly Taken Out in Last Ten Days.

LOCAL COMPANIES BUSY

But Not So Much Written Yet for the Steel Strike Districts as for Boston.

"Riot insurance rates in districts affected by the steel strike have been trebled, it was said yesterday in William Street, where are the home offices of many of the leading companies which write such insurance. It was estimated that policies for between $100,000,000 and $200,000,000 have been taken out in the last ten days by owners of factories, warehouses, and stores in steel strike regions.

One of the leading insurance companies in this city sent the following telegram yesterday to its local agents in the Pittsburgh district:

"Treble rates should be charged on all risks in localities where the principal industry is on strike, or locked out, or where abnormal conditions prevail, due to industrial disorder."

With the strike actually under way, merchants and factory owners have hurried to take out this special insurance, which is not covered by any other form of policy. Most of the insurance is being placed through resident local agents of the big companies. Telegrams were coming in all day yesterday from these agents, taking insurance in amounts from $2,500 to $6,000,000.

The experience of merchants during the strike in Boston has caused many persons, who are not directly affected by the strike, to insure their property against lawlessness growing out of the strike. Several of the large department stores in Pittsburgh have taken out policies for large amounts, to cover possible disorders in the city which might lead to the destruction of property, or the theft of merchandise.

Besides Pittsburgh, such towns as Clayton, Homestead, Rankin, Braddock, Donora, McKeesport, Monessen, Charleroi, Monongahela City, Sharon, Youngstown and Wheeling are partly covered by riot insurance. The insurance of the United States Steel Corporation and the larger independent steel works has not been written by companies here. It was said, as most of these companies carry their own fire insurance, and it was thought probable that they protected themselves similarly against strike losses.

The premiums range between 1½ cents for $100 to 47½ cents for $100. This last figure covers damage done in districts where no strike is on, or where policies have been taken out before a strike. These policies are written for ninety days and, in case strikes break out before they are renewed, the rates are trebled also.

The riot policies cover all direct loss from "riot, insurrection, civil commotion, including strikes, and explosions, where on the premises or otherwise." Most regular fire insurance policies specifically exempt losses from such causes.

George A. Clarke, Assistant Secretary of the Home Insurance Company, at 56 Cedar Street, said yesterday that more than $5,000,000 had been written by that company in the steel district up to Saturday and that the number of policies was increasing greatly yesterday. One million-dollar policy was taken out in the Home Insurance Company by a company in Keysport. In Pittsburgh insurance reached $3,000,000 on Saturday, and more than $1,000,000 had been written in Johnstown, not to mention insurance carried in practically all the smaller towns in the strike district.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company at 78 William Street, has insured many wholesalers, as well as stores and steel mills. One policy is for $500,000. Officers of most of the companies said yesterday that it was impossible to give figures of the amount of insurance taken. There are said about twenty big companies with main offices in this city. They include, besides the ones mentioned, the Franklin, the Aetna, the Great American, the Continental, and the Liverpool, London and Globe. Nearly half of the larger companies have offices in Hartford, Conn. It was said yesterday that not far from $50,000,000 was a fair estimate of the riot insurance written up to Saturday by the companies in that city.

The amount of riot insurance written to date in the steel strike district is not as great as that written in Boston," one insurance man said yesterday. "Business men are apt to delay insuring until violence actually occurs. Then they have to pay a policy three times as great. Of course, we are not justified in fixing any lower rates, for it is like insuring a building which is already on fire to insure property in places where lawless conditions exist, as in Boston.

It is only within the last few months that there has been any demand for this class of insurance. Now it is one of the most important departments of our business, since it is constantly growing. When the war first started a great many persons insured their property against bombardment, fearing that the Germans might fire on our cities. When that scare died away, and explosions began to occur in the big factories that are engaged in war work, there was a rush to take out policies covering loss from explosions. A great many of the companies carry riot insurance all the time, whether or not there is any strike in progress in their plants. At present we are doing all of this business we can handle."

HARTFORD, Sept. 22.—Estimates by Hartford insurance men today indicated that possibly $40,000,000 worth of riot insurance had been placed with Hartford companies during the past few days by steel mill owners in Pittsburgh and other steel districts. The total amount of riot insurance placed in the Pittsburgh district was estimated at $100,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Steel Company plant at Monessen, Pa., valued at $10,000,000, has been insured for $5,000,000 under a riot insurance policy, and the share of this insurance placed with Hartford companies is estimated at $2,500,000.

TO QUESTION GOMPERS.

Federation Leader a Witness Today Before the Senate Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Samuel Gompers, who has said practically nothing about the strike of the steel workers since the strike call was announced, is expected to break his silence tomorrow afternoon. He will appear then before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee, which is considering Senator Cummins's bill to regulate the future of the railroads. Members of the committee said tonight that Mr. Gompers probably would be asked his position toward the strike. There have been accusations in some quarters that the American Federation of Labor has not given whole-hearted support to the strike. Mr. Gompers himself was anxious to have the strike postponed until after the industrial conference President Wilson has called for Oct. 6.

Everything known indicates that there is a split in the ranks of labor, with two distinct factions—radicals and conservatives. The conservatives have been counseling caution and have warned that public sympathy might be quickly lost by rash and sudden steps. But the radicals have gone blindly forward, not counting the cost.

GOMPERS ASSAILS BOSTON.

Asks Jersey City Mayor to Delay Police Union Action.

Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City gave out yesterday a telegram he had received from Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in which Mr. Gompers said one of the first things to receive his attention after his return to Washington, after the funeral of his father, was Mayor Hague's statement in Jersey City newspapers "relative to the police situation."

The telegram is understood to refer to statements published by Mayor Hague, opposing strongly the organizing of the Jersey City police into a union to be affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Mr. Gompers's telegram says he hopes "to be of some assistance in ending and preventing disorder and lawlessness," and continues:

"In the City of Washington the Commissioners issued an order prohibiting policemen from becoming or remaining members of unions affiliated to the American Federation of Labor. Through the instrumentality of the President of the United States the time for the enforcement of that order has been postponed until after the conference called by President Wilson, to be held in Washington on Oct. 6, where all matters affecting the relations between employers and workers, the Government and its employes, will be discussed and probably determined.

"Had the Boston authorities pursued a similar course, what has occurred would have been obviated. Whatever your judgment may be as to the right of the policemen becoming members of unions affiliated to the American Federation of Labor, I earnestly hope that any definite action thereon will be deferred until after the Presidential conference."

It is said at Jersey City Police Headquarters that since the Mayor came out in opposition to unionizing the police force many of the 5 per cent. of the Jersey City police force who were reported to have joined a policemen's union have resigned from the union. The Patrolmen's Benevolent Association of Jersey City and the State Petrolmen's Benevolent Associations have adopted resolutions opposing affiliation with the American Federation of Labor. Director Charles F. X. O'Brien of the Department of Public Safety and Police Chief Richard T. Battersby say the police unionizing movement is dead in Jersey City.

LABOR DELEGATES CHOSEN.

Gompers Announces Selection for Industrial Conference.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor today announced the names of the fifteen representatives of labor who are to take part in the industrial conference called by President Wilson to met here Oct. 6.

Besides Mr. Gompers they are Joseph F. Valentine, President Moulders International Union; Frank Duffy, President of the Carpenters' Brotherhood; W. D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes; T. A. Rickert, Jacob Fischer, Matthew Woll, Frank Morrison, Daniel J. Tobin, John L. Lewis, Sara A. Conboy, William H. Johnston, Paul Scharrenberg, John Donlin, and M. F. Tighe.

MINERS WON'T STRIKE TO AID STEEL MEN

Convention Extends Sympathy and Support, but Decides Not to Violate Agreement with Operators.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 22.—Action upon the demands for a 60 per cent. increase in wages, reduction of the working day to six hours underground, counting time it will take to go from the shaft mouth and return, and other features of the mine workers' program was put over until tomorrow by a roll call forced in the convention of the United Mine Workers of America today on a question of appointment or election of auditors, organizers and other salaried field workers of the union. A proposal, backed by the organization forces, to refer the question to a committee to report at the next biennial convention, was carried by a standing vote, but the opposition called for a roll call, which occupied the entire afternoon and evening.

A resolution to extend sympathy and support to the striking steel workers, but only by such measure as can "legally" be employed under the union agreements with the operators, was adopted, the convention thereby disposing of the proposal introduced Saturday to call strikes in aid of the steel men wherever coal mined was being used to the detriment of the steel strikers' cause.

The Washington agreement, under which the miners now are working, forbids strikes during the lifetime of the agreement. Another reason against indulging in any sympathetic strike at this time is the fact that the miners' organization is itself facing the possibility of a national coal strike to enforce its demands, which if called would tax the miners' resources to the uttermost.

The convention voted to abandon the long established political policy of the labor movement, as expressed by the American Federation of Labor, and to call a general labor conference to launch a national labor party, to have as its object the election of straight labor representatives to Congress and to the State Legislatures. The convention gave instructions that representatives of the Nonpartisan League and farmers' organizations should be invited to the conference as well as those from the various labor unions with which the miners are affiliated. The conference is to be held prior to the next convention of the American Federation of Labor.

Holding that the prohibition of strikes in the railroad industry carried in the Cummins bill, now pending in the Senate, would constitute a "condition of involuntary servitude" and a denial of an inherent right of labor to strike whenever and wherever its rights are threatened, the convention pledged the miners' support to the railway men in fighting this measure. In speeches the Cummins bill was denounced as "the most vicious piece of legislation ever submitted to the United States Congress."

The anticipated debate on the question of recognizing the soviet form of Government for Russia did not materialize. Instead the convention contented itself with demanding the withdrawal of American troops from Russia in order to permit the Russian people to choose their own type of administration. The same resolution called for self-determination for Ireland and other small nationalities capable of self-government.

AS MARSHALL SEES STRIKE.

Will End as Public Directs, He Says —"Treaty Is Safe."

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Commenting on the steel strike, Vice President Thomas R. Marshall, who was the principal speaker at the silver jubilee celebration of the American Insurance Union here tonight, said:

"You may take it from me that the court of last resort in America is the public opinion of the American people, and whenever they make up their minds in this controversy, it will be settled as the American people think it ought to be."

Turning to the Senate debate on the Peace Treaty and League of Nations scheduled for this week, the Vice President said:

"There is no question that the League of Nations and the Treaty of Peace will be adopted. They may put in four reservations," he added, "but its adoption is assured."

Daniels Found League Strong in West.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Secretary Daniels, who resumed his duties at the Navy Department today after his visit to the Pacific Coast, expressed himself as gratified over the sentiment in Coast States shown in favor of the League of Nations. He said that while there was opposition in Oregon to acceptance of the League covenant without reservations, sentiment in California and Washington was overwhelmingly in its favor.

DEMOCRATS SWING TO RESERVATIONS

Thomas and Hoke Smith Announce Thy Are for Drastic Modifications of Treaty.

ASHURST'S STAND IN DOUBT

Republicans Expect to Bring Up Johnson Amendment Today and Predict Its Passage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Upon the return of Senator Johnson of California to this city tomorrow, from his anti-league tour of the West, the Senate battle over his amendment to equalize the votes of the United States and the British Empire in the League of Nations assembly, under the treaty with Germany, will come up. The Republican leaders expect to bring it up early in the day, in the hope of reaching a vote upon it by the end of the week.

That the Johnson amendment will be adopted was unreservedly predicted by the Republican leaders today, after it became known that an appreciable number of Democratic Senators were talking of voting for it. One of the Republican dealers estimated tonight that at least eight Democrats would be found supporting it. If that support materializes, the amendment, it is conceded, will win.

The latest recruit to the ranks of advocates of the Johnson amendment is Senator Ashurst, Democrat of Arizona, who has been an ardent Administration supporter. Mr. Ashurst, it was stated, had sent a telegram to President Wilson within the last few days saying that he and "several other Democrats" in the Senate would be unable to vote against the amendment, believing it to be essential that the United States should be equally represented with the British Empire in the League Assembly.

Questioned as to his telegram to the President, Senator Ashurst declined to discuss it. He would not go as far as to say that it had been sent. A Senator in his confidence asserted that he knew the telegram had been transmitted.

In the telegram Mr. Ashurst, it is said, did not indicate that he would vote for the amendment but made it clear that he would not vote against it.

Senator Johnson is expected to take up the fight for his amendment with the initial speech in its favor. He will argue that the interests of the United States demand that it have as many votes as the British Empire in the League assembly and that the apportionment of six votes for the Empire would give the latter an unfair advantage.

Thomas and Smith for Reservations.

Besides the unexpected attitude of Senator Ashurst, there were other developments in the treaty situation in the Senate today that afforded encouragement to the treaty opponents. In a letter read in the Senate by Senator Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado, addressed to Philip P. Hornbein, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Colorado, and other members of that committee, in reply to a letter from the committee, asking them to support the treaty without change, Senator Thomas declared that he could not vote for the treaty without drastic reservations.

Mr. Thomas's attitude on the amendments advocated by the Foreign Relations Committee majority was not revealed in his letter. He is counted upon, however, to support nearly all of them.

Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, another Democrat, who has been classed as an opponent of the League covenant, said in a statement that he would support reservations that would effect drastic changes in the treaty. He will submit them to the Senate later. Smith's support for the projected amendments is expected by the Republican leaders. He would not say today if he would follow the opposition to that extent.

In speaking of the reservations, Mr. Smith said:

"I have prepared a number of reservations, all affecting the League of Nations covenant, which I am now perfecting and will present to the Senate in the next day or two. These reservations, if adopted, will have to be accepted by the nations which were our associates in the war, if our ratification of the treaty is to be completed. The reservations deal with the four controverted points in the treaty and with some others which are not the subject of controversy.

"Some of my reservations have not thus far been suggested. I have prepared a reservation to Article X., which is a composite of the McCumber and Lodge reservations. I regard the necessity of this as fundamental. The United States must not submit to the imposition of any moral or legal obligation to send its troops anywhere and Congress must be left absolutely free to decide when and in what conflicts we shall participate and under what conditions the forces of the United States may be employed."

In his letter to the Colorado Democratic State Committee members, Senator Thomas refers to its insistence that the treaty be ratified at once without change and its assertion that the opposition Senators were trying to "belittle and embarrass the President for partisan reasons." He wrote that the subject of the treaty should not be considered from any partisan viewpoint.

"If the League, when established," wrote Senator Thomas, "would function as so confidently asserted by its supporters, many of whom are not familiar with all its provisions, I would accept it. But if it does not, and I fear it will not so function, the reaction among these very supporters will justly make us the first object of our condemnation, since ours was the responsibility of final action.

Calls It a Treaty of Force.

"My opinion is that this is a victor's treaty, a treaty of force, a treaty of punishments, of partitions, a treaty burdened with conditions accepted by the vanquished only at the point of the sword. Doubtless Germany deserved its punishment and much more, but the treaty is nevertheless freighted with a ghastly cargo of future war, only waiting opportunity for development.

"I cannot perceive," he said, "the wisdom of ratifying a treaty pregnant with strife and conflict and hoping to avoid them by intertwining its articles with covenants for a League of Nations. That is possible only through an alliance, offensive and defensive, equipped actually and potentially with power to enforce its mandates.

"Europe cannot change the habits nor control the propensities born of experiences centuries old. Her ways are not our ways, nor her purposes our purposes.

"Part I. has been materially changed since it was first given to the public. These changes have greatly improved it, but other changes are essential. Even Mr. Taft, its foremost unofficial advocate, now concedes the fact. Those which I shall advocate relate to Articles I., X., XI., and XXI., the reasons for which have been discussed so much and so frequently that I am sure you are already familiar with them.

"The League in one or two very important particulars fails to measure up to the President's requirements for a successful covenant. For example, Mr. Wilson said on Jan. 22, 1917, that 'mere agreements may not make peace secure.' It will be absolutely necessary that a force be created as a guarantor of the permanency of the settlement, so much greater than the force of any nation now engaged or any alliance hitherto formed or projected, that no nation, no probable combination of nations, could face or withstand it. If the peace presently to be made is to endure, it must be a peace made secure by the organized major force of mankind. No such organized force stands behind this League. It does not embrace half the world's population.

Admires President's Ideals.

"You very properly deplore the efforts made by the opposition to belittle and embarrass the President, and so do I. They are unworthy alike of their authors and of the mighty problems confronting them.

"I have had naught but admiration for the President and sympathy with his ideals and purposes. I have never failed to say so. I have denounced these miserable naggings and reflections upon the President's motives, his abilities, and his judgment more than once upon the floor of the Senate and elsewhere.

"I know the difficulties besetting him in Paris and the beasts which he fought there as did Paul at Ephesus. I know he performed his great task as well as any man similarly circumstanced could have done. It is with sorrow that I find myself compelled to differ with him upon a great question of international concern lying so dear to his heart. But on occasions like these my first duty is to my country and myself as I am given to perceive and understand that duty.

"Therefore, after months of vigil and anxious thought, after viewing this treaty from every standpoint, historical, political, economical, and practical, I cannot under my oath of office cast my vote for the ratification of this treaty in its present form. Let me add in conclusion that ample provision is made by the treaty for ending war in advance of its final ratification."

REED, IN SENATE, ROUSES GALLERIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

League of Nations covenant, we have been requested by Sir Robert Borden to state whether we concur in his view that upon the true construction of the first and second paragraphs of that article, representatives of the self-governing dominions of the British Empire may be selected or named as members of the council. We have no hesitation in expressing our entire concurrence in this view. If there were any doubt it would be entirely removed by the fact that the articles are not subject to a narrow or technical construction.

G. CLEMENCEAU.
WOODROW WILSON.
D. LLOYD GEORGE.

Dated at the Quai d'Orsay, Paris, the 6th day of May, 1919.

The Senator said that this meant that Great Britain could thus have two votes on the Council.

Insists Assembly Is Supreme.

In beginning his speech Senator Reed referred to the statement of President Wilson that the League assembly was largely an "international debating society." He challenged this, saying that the assembly, instead of being a "harmless and innocuous thing," was the potent force in the League.

The Senator then said that he would demonstrate six propositions respecting the League of Nations:

First—That whether the entity now sought to be created be described as a "league," a "confederation," or an "empire," it nevertheless sets up a superstate, with rights, powers, and authorities superior to those of its constituent members, who upon acceptance of membership become subject to its governing control.

Second—That it has the power of self-extension both as to its membership and its jurisdiction.

Third—That it possesses a supreme jurisdiction over all matters international and over many purely national rights and policies.

Fourth—That member nations may be deprived of their sacred rights in defiance of the will of their people or Governments.

Fifth—That non-member States may be forced to obey the mandates of the superstate, even though their inhabitants unanimously protest.

Sixth—That the bodies authorized to decide these important questions are purely political, controlled by self-interests, and lack every essential of courts or tribunals of justice.

Mr. Reed summarized the powers, which, according to his view, the League assembly would have under the treaty, as follows:

"(1.) By a two-thirds vote the assembly can increase its own membership. It may so exercise this power as to admit every self-governing country, dominion, or colony, regardless of its size or the state of its civilization.

"(2.) The assembly can specify the guarantees which must be given by new members and dictate the strength of their military, naval, and air forces.

"(3.) The assembly by one-third vote plus one vote can exclude from membership any of the great European countries not named in the protocol. These countries embrace in the aggregate more than one-half of the white people of the world. By the exercise of the authority of expulsion, it may force the nations excluded into the organization of a rival league, which would certainly result in a great conflagration. Upon the other hand, it might admit those with whom we have no desire for partnership or other intimate relations.

"(4.) The Assembly can deny a member the right to withdraw by deciding it has not fulfilled all its international obligations and all its obligations under the covenant. The decision that a State has the right to withdraw probably requires a unanimous vote.

"(5.) The Assembly has the power in its discretion to add to or supplant four of the nine members of the Council and to elect others in their stead. This can probably be done by a majority vote.

"(6.) The Assembly by a majority vote can prevent the Council from creating additional permanent members of the Council, even though the Council should unanimously vote for such increase.

"(7.) The Assembly by a majority vote can prevent the Council from appointing the Secretary General, whom it has chosen by a unanimous vote.

"(8.) Most important of all is the fact that the Assembly is the court of final resort in

(A) All disputes between members likely to lead to rupture.

(B) Disputes as to the interpretation of treaties.

(C) Disputes as to any question of international law.

(D) Disputes as to the existence of any fact which, if established, would constitute a breach of any international obligation.

(E) Disputes as to the nature and extent of the reparation to be made for any such breach of international obligation.

"The above embrace substantially every conceivable international question, including those involving the vital interests of the country. In none of these disputes is the United States permitted to sit or vote if it is a party to the dispute. In all of them the unanimous vote of the members of the council may be nullified by the vote (as the League is now organized) of twelve non-council members of the assembly.

"(10.) The assembly possesses a general jurisdiction over 'all matters within the sphere of action of the League or affecting the peace of the world.'

"'Let a question ever arise,' the Senator went on, 'in which the interests of Great Britain are strongly opposed to those of the United States and the six votes of Great Britain can be cast to our detriment or destruction, while we, sitting at the bar of a packed court, are denied the privilege of casting a single vote.'

Analyzing the membership of the League Assembly, Mr. Reed said that the "dark countries" represented had a population of 811,425,500, while that of the "white countries" was 289,428,000. "Counting Cuba, where miscegenation is commonly practiced and race distinctions are not recognized," he said, "a majority of our partners belong to the dark-skinned races. It is therefore perfectly apparent that a majority of the League will always vote for race equality."

Disputes Wilson on Withdrawal.

As to withdrawal from the League, Mr. Reed said:

"It is very clear that if once we enter this League we cannot escape its thralldom unless we can secure the gracious permission of every member of the assembly. I am aware that the President in his interview with the Foreign Relations Committee took the opposite view, holding to the doctrine, which is to me astonishing, that the right of withdrawal is absolute, and that it is unconditional so far as the legal or the moral right (of withdrawal) is concerned.

"In my judgment, the construction contended for is unsound. But if it be sound, and if it be the view of the President, then it should be plainly written into the document."

Senator Reed contended that the League Assembly would have power to pass on any question submitted to the Council.

"The Assembly can do anything the League as a whole can do," Mr. Reed said. "Its jurisdiction is as broad as the jurisdiction of the League. Every power granted to the League may be exercised by the Assembly.

"Additional proof that this construction is correct is found in the fact that there are but two governing bodies in the League—the Assembly and the Council—and the identical language employed with reference to the Assembly in Article 3 is employed word for word in Article 4 with reference to the Council.

As to Being Outvoted.

"The President's view is that except upon the single question of the admission of new States, the single vote of the United States can bear any action whatsoever by either the Council or the Assembly. I must insist that the President's statement is erroneous to the last degree. He utterly overlooks many controlling clauses of the agreement, which he is now asking the American people to accept without proper time for debate or consideration. He disregards three important facts:

1. That when the United States is a party in interest, it is denied the right to vote at all. If the case is before the Council, it is determined by the members of that body, not concerned in the dispute.

(2.) If the case in which the United States is interested is removed to the Assembly, again the United States as a party in interest is barred from voting, but the British Empire has six votes in the Assembly which it can cast either to create the necessary majority of the non-Council members of the Assembly, which, concurring with the decision of the members of the Assembly, (who are members of the Council,) will give to the decision of the Assembly the full force and effect of a unanimous decision of the Council.

(3.) In a controversy between the United States and Great Britain, where neither are permitted to sit in judgment, the five colonies and dominions are, as independent self-governing bodies, permitted to cast their votes, and may either form the necessary concurring majority to make the unanimous decision in favor of Great Britain or they may be employed to destroy that majority, and thus deprive the United States of the effect of a unanimous decision.

After declaring that it is an "entangling alliance" into which the United States would be drawn under the League of Nations, he said:

"Woodrow Wilson counsels with the representatives of Kings to transfer the sovereignty Washington gained to a League which they will dominate.

"Dropping into common phraseology when America requires the right to 'stick her nose' into 'business' of thirty-one alien States, she gives the right of thirty-one alien States to 'stick their thirty-one noses' into the business of America.

"The man who is willing to give to any nation or assemblage of nations the right to mind the business of the American people ought to disclaim American citizenship and emigrate to the country he is willing to have mind America's business for her."

Assails the President's Course.

The Senator sarcastically summarized some of the expressions used by the President to characterize the radical opponents of the treaty. The Senator went on:

"He denounces secret treaties, yet seeks to engage his country in a contract ratifying and confirming secret and cruel treaties by which our own Allies have been despoiled.

"He reaches upon conveniants, openly arrived at, yet goes into secret conclaves and seizes cable lines and permits a censorship of European news.

"Because the members of the Senate have not in answer to his dictation immediately approved the treaty he has in substance charged them with treasonable practices by intimating that they are now conspiring with Germany, a country with which we are still technically at war. The statement is as false as it is malicious.

"He goes about the country denouncing the Senate for the delay in passing upon the treaty, yet he refused to give to the Senate the practically completed draft of the treaty, although it was in the possession of all the chancelleries of Europe, and was being sold upon the streets in Berlin, and authenticated copies of it were in the hands of the great bankers of New York City.

MAY SHUT OUT THE PUBLIC.

Senators Are Disturbed by the Gallery Uproar Over Reed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—How to deal with the conduct of people who attend the Senate sessions to hear the treaty debate was a question of some concern tonight to Senators, who discussed it informally in view of the events of the afternoon during and after Senator Reed's speech. Vice President Marshall several days ago asked the Senate if it desired enforcement of the rule against applause, saying that if that was the wish it would be enforced. The treaties have previously been considered in executive session, but that custom was abolished so far as the pending part is concerned. The suggestion came from many members, however, that it might be necessary to close the galleries if another demonstration like that of today was attempted.

Senator Reed had been speaking nearly two hours when the first applause came. This followed his reply to a question by Senator Lodge, and brought the first stern warning from the presiding officer, Senator Cummins. Senator Reed, while upholding the ruling, expressed the hope that the Senate would not be so severe on the crowds because it was their only chance, he said, of expressing their opinions.

After he had been interrupted repeatedly by Senator Jones, Democrat, of New Mexico, an advocate of the League covenant, Senator Reed departed widely from his prepared speech, and it was while he was talking bluntly that the spectators voiced approval with hands and feet. This was particularly the case after he had declared that the advocates of the League described it one minute as a prize fighter, strong enough to whip anything under the world's canvas, and next as a man with paralyzed arms.

At the end of Reed's speech the galleries started a demonstration that had to wear itself out, and then filmed violent disapproval when the cheering was condemned from the floor.

CROWDS BESIEGE PRESIDENT'S TRAIN

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

war and terror constantly over them. We cannot go back. We will not go back.

"It is more than a guarantee of peace, it is a guarantee of justice. For example, it affords the only hope that China can get of the restoration to herself not only of the sovereignty of Shantung, but of the sovereignty which other nations as well have taken from her. It affords the only expectation, in similar cases elsewhere, that by the pressure, the terrible, irresistible pressure, of public opinion throughout the world, ancient wrongs will be righted, and men will get the chance to live that they never had before. It is the first combination of the power of the world to see that justice shall reign everywhere.

"We cannot turn away from such an arrangement, and I am sure, not only from this great outpouring here, but from the great outpourings I have seen everywhere in this country, that the heart of America is right, and that her purpose is irresistible."

The stop at Sacramento was added to the schedule so that the President might assure the people personally that the Shantung agreement had nothing to do with the question of the invasion of California's soil by the Japanese and that with the League covenant it offered an opportunity to protect China's sovereignty.

League advocates in California are charging that Senator Johnson has taken part in a campaign of misrepresentation on this point and that his hold on the people of the State has been materially weakened by the visit of President Wilson and the explanations which he has made both as to the Shantung agreement and Great Britain's six votes in the League Assembly.

There are many who assert that a split has been caused in the Johnson forces that threatens his "machine," and that it was this split, as shown by the number of his supporters who joined with President Wilson during his California tour in advocating swift ratification of the Peace Treaty, rather than the necessity for Johnson's presence in Washington, which caused the Senator to reconsider his plan of coming to California.

These men say that Johnson has put himself on the wrong side of a great moral issue and that while the uncertainty in the minds of California people was such before President Wilson's visit that the vast majority of them still retained their allegiance to the Senator in matters other than the League issue the situation is now radically changed.

That such a condition has been created by the tour of the President is a matter for debate. It seems certain that the President's visit has had an unfavorable effect on the prestige of Senator Johnson, but future developments only can tell what the ultimate result will be.

Some Wilson adherents go as far as to say that Senator Johnson's grip has been broken and that his hold on the people as a possible Presidential nominee has been weakened to the point where his opponents in the party will be able to prevent him from becoming a formidable candidate.

Leaders such as Chester Rowell, who are for Johnson as a Presidential possibility, although opposed to his stand on the League of Nations say, however, that such statements reflect almost entirely the ideas of the anti-Johnson elements in the Republican ranks and that the Senator will go to the 1920 convention with practically the entire Republican delegation, despite the split which has been created by the League of Nations issue.

That is the view also of Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State, who was for many years one of the bitterest opponents of Johnson. Jordan stated that Johnson has lost prestige because of his attitude on the League, but that he still retains sufficient power to control the situation as to 1920.

Senator Johnson was much stronger before President Wilson entered California than he is as the President leaves. This is accepted as evidence that the President's explanations as to features of the treaty and the League have proven effective and have won for him the support which he has been seeking for adoption of the treaty and covenant without drastic changes.

The President left California satisfied that the Senate must know now that the people of that State were opposed to amendments or reservations that would send the treaty back to the Peace Conference.

Altogether the President's supporters felt that a great gain has been made for the treaty and that warning has been served on Senator Johnson that he may face not only a split in his party, so far as the treaty is concerned, but also some trouble for his political ambitions.

The Presidential party will reach Salt Lake City tomorrow afternoon and the President will speak in the evening at the Mormon Tabernacle.

NOT LIKE VIENNA CONFERENCE

Paris Treaty Was to Free Democracies, Says Wilson.

RENO, Nev., Sept. 22.—Contrasting the Peace Conference at Versailles with the Congress of Vienna, President Wilson declared in an address here tonight that the Vienna peace effort had failed because all the Governments represented there were in the hands of "a small coterie of autocrats."

Speaking in a theatre to a crowd of about 2,000, the President was frequently interrupted by applause. By an electrical device his words were carried to three other theatres, holding 1,000 persons each.

At Versailles, said the President, the League of Nations Covenant was drawn on by great democracies so that autocracies never again could enslave the peoples of the world.

One of the purposes of the Vienna Conference, Mr. Wilson asserted, was to form such a union as would hold in check the growing tide of democracy. The chief concern of the delegates who sat at Versailles, he added, was to accomplish exactly the opposite.

At the Congress of Vienna, the President said, the effort there made to stifle revolution and democracy was unsuccessful in every nation but Germany.

It was the invocation of the Monroe Doctrine, he said, that broke the backbone of autocracy's effort to overwhelm South America, and he added that at Versailles the cycle of liberty had been completed by application of the Monroe Doctrine to the whole world.

Paying a tribute to the frontier spirit of the West the President said it was at the frontier that there were found forward-looking people. Too many who opposed the treaty, he asserted, were looking over their shoulders.

Referring to the "insubordinate restlessness" prevailing in Europe and Asia, Mr. Wilson asserted that the world not only desired peace, but must have it. America only, he said, could guarantee such a peace. He asked his hearers whether they had not heard of organizations in America, the purpose of which is nothing less than to overturn the Government itself." He added that it was important to America also that unrest be quieted.

Repeating his declarations in support of Article X. and other disputed points, the President said that the people had been "diligently misinformed about the contents of the document." He declared the fear expressed about British Empire representation in the League assembly was "a bugaboo."

Discussing the withdrawal question, Mr. Wilson said that he did not want to get into the League with a fear that he might not be able to get out, but he wanted to go in with the hope of staying in and helping all he could. The crowd cheered when he added:

"I want to get into any kind of trouble that will help liberate mankind. I don't want to always be thinking about my skin or my pocket book or my friendships."

He added that when those opposing the League feel "the impulse of courage instead of the impulse of cowardice," they would see the question in its proper light.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., Sept. 22.—The League of Nations is a guaranty of justice, and without the treaty of peace with Germany, including the covenant, the world "would sink back into that slough of despond which mankind was in before this war began," President Wilson told a crowd of 12,000 persons that surged about his special train when it stopped here for twenty-five minutes this afternoon. He said that the enthusiastic welcome was the more pleasing to him because it showed not only a desire to welcome him personally, but also their interest in "the great rights I have come out to advocate." The largest advantage of the crowd were women and children. There was a delegation of Red Cross women, and these presented the President with a basket of fruit. In it was a card bearing the "American Red Cross," which read: "Disputes between nations should be adjusted by human reason instead of human strength."

The President spoke in response to repeated demands, and after he and Mrs. Wilson had repeatedly smiled and bowed from the rear platform.

One boy, apparently about six years old, attempted vainly to force his way to the platform, calling out: "I want to shake hands with the President." Finally a man picked him up and he was passed over the heads of the crowds. The President shook hands with him and then patted him on the head before he handed him back to the nearest man.

ON BOARD PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Sept. 22.—Crowds of cheering Californians greeted President Wilson at many points today as his special train started eastward on the last week's run of its 10,000-mile journey.

Long before the President was up in the morning his train ran through dense throngs that had gathered at the smaller stations in the hope that he might come out and wave them a greeting.

At Merced, Turlock, and Modesto the crowds lined the track for a block on each side of the station, but the train did not stop.

At Stockton, where a ten-minute stop was made during the forenoon, a band was out, a speaker's stand had been erected near the track, and a turbulent crowd tried in vain to induce Mr. Wilson to make a speech. Failing that, they surged around the rear platform in an effort to shake his hand.

One member of the Presidential party got caught in the struggling crowd and carried back so far that two Secret Service men had to fight their way out and rescue him. There were many children in the crowd, and they kept up such a din of shouting that when Mr. Wilson leaned over the rail to say a word of greeting his voice was scarcely audible to those nearest him.

The train stopped for a few minutes near Midas, Cal., and the President and Mrs. Wilson got out and took a short walk along a high precipice overlooking the canyon of the American River.

Forest fires were burning in the vicinity, and several times during the afternoon the President's special car passed within a few feet of blazing trees. Once the train was stopped to make sure that there was no danger from a fire, the smoke of which was blackening the sky just ahead.

"A traveling show" was the way the President laughingly characterized his special train to a crowd at Truckee late in the day. In response to shouts for Mrs. Wilson he presented her with the remark: "This is the best part of this traveling show."

FREES NINE CRAP SHOOTERS

Not Gambling to Play in Your Own Home, Rules Magistrate.

Playing craps is not gambling or disorderly conduct, provided the sport is conducted in your own dining room, and that your guests do not annoy the neighbors, according to the decision of Magistrate James J. Conway, in the Long Island City Police Court yesterday.

The Magistrate discharged nine men who had been arrested early Sunday morning at the home of Felix Darcey, 181 Eleventh Street, Long Island City, after Detective O'Connor testified that he and five other detectives had stood outside the Darcey house more than half an hour watching the proceedings. He said he saw the men place money on the table and also pick up money.

O'Connor showed the Magistrate several dice which he said he had picked up on the floor, and which he called "phony" dice. The Magistrate decided that as the game was played in the Darcey home, that it was a proper form of entertainment.

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"Dire was the noise—"

"Arms on armour clashing bray'd
Horrible discord, and the madding wheels
Of brazen chariots raged: dire was the noise
Of conflict." (Milton)

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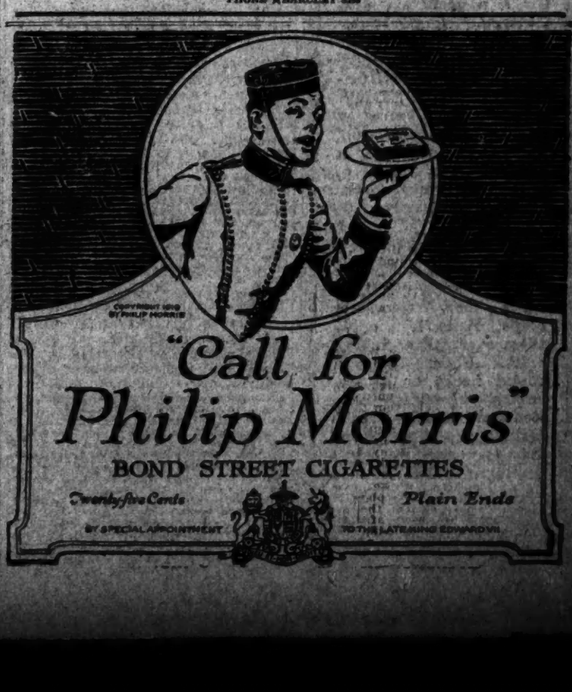

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Just Stop and Pretend

that you had lived five thousand years ago and were considering what kinds of blouses you had to have for your Autumn wardrobe. Oh, no, this isn't a tipsy little bubble of an idea, for blouses are definitely known to date back as far as the fourth, fifth, and sixth Egyptian dynasties. But shades of Cleopatra, how they have changed!

Breathe a Prayer of Thanks

when you watch the saleswoman spread all those filmy French creations before you, that you're not buying one of the simple affairs dear to the sixteenth century, for instance — a desperate little model warranted to give the highest dissatisfaction without fail. Once you were buttoned into one of these, miles and miles high to the throat, all the king's horses and all the king's men would have had a pretty time getting you out again.

Years and Years of Blouses

Back they stretch—count them off on your ten clever fingers—the exaggerated tight styles that Marie Antoinette knew, the quaint models of the Directoire period, the Oriental note, the military don't-dare-to-peek style of 1830, and then the designs of your favorite grandmere, straight on down to now.

And So—France

has made the blouse into a sort of chic combination of everything charming under the sun. Ponder a moment on that Georgette crepe over-blouse the Paris letters are wagging such enthusiastic tongues about: material as filmy as a flower petal, bead trimming as intricate as a flirtation, fetching tricks of line as unexpected as a sense of humor in a pretty woman—no wonder we rave.

Rub Your Eyes

and look again. They're *real*, you know. Chiffon, satin, net, Georgette crepe, Paris is sending them over full of wicked wiles. Short sleeves, round necks or square, sashes, trimming—these items are merely French technique. Just which coaxing model were you destined to fall in love with?

Misses'—Third Floor, Fifth Ave.

ITALY ASKS ALLIES TO WREST FIUME

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

Military Commission which asked the withdrawal of Italian troops from Fiume, the replacing of the civil guard of Fiume by Maltese policemen and the dissolution of the National Council at Fiume.

It was these proposals, it is said, which caused d'Annunzio to seize Fiume, thus preventing the program from being carried out.

General Badoglio's ultimatum to d'Annunzio's soldiers, giving them until Friday night to leave Fiume, is said to have been modified so as to make the time limit expire last night, an additional forty-eight hours having been granted.

Fiume is closely invested, but in spite of this fact numbers of volunteers have managed to elude the vigilance of the guards and have joined d'Annunzio's forces, according to reports received here. Friends of d'Annunzio have sent word to him that they have sent supplies to the city and express the hope that ships bearing the stores may run the blockade.

Reports reaching this city from Fiume say that food for 40,000 persons must be distributed there daily.

The cost of the necessaries of life in Fiume gives some idea of the food situation in the blockaded city. Flour is bringing eight cents a pound and sugar $2. Oil is $6 a pint and lard fat $9 a pound.

The Giornale d'Italia says it learns that a detachment of heavy artillery has placed itself at the disposal of d'Annunzio.

According to the Tempo, a group of Jugoslav youths threw a bomb in the main street of Fiume, and one person was killed and several persons were badly wounded. This newspaper asserts that it is reported that the Fiume army has occupied the Jugoslav suburbs of Susak and all the heights in that vicinity.

The Tribuna describes an interview between a Croatian delegation from Susak and a member of the provisional Government at Fiume. The Croats asked for guarantees for the life and property of Croatian subjects in Fiume. The representative of the provisional Government replied that all guarantees would be given. He asked that the Croats who had left the city return.

The Tribuna has received dispatches from Fiume reporting that on Sept. 17 delegates from the Regina Brigade, which had been considered loyal to the Government, informed d'Annunzio that the brigade would return to Fiume. General Castelli, in command, asked that his subordinates give him time to apply to the supreme command for another brigade to occupy the line fixed by the armistice, and on that condition he consented to the return of the brigade.

The President of the National Council of Fiume, Signor Grossich, has declared to General Badoglio that Fiume will not be satisfied unless united with Italy, including its port and Hinterland, and without interruption of territory between Fiume and Italy. Unless this were agreed to, he said, d'Annunzio and his troops would remain indefinitely.

Daniels Knows of No Landing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—No report of the landing of American marines near Fiume has been received at the Navy Department. Secretary Daniels said today, however, that Rear Admiral Andrews, commanding the American squadron in the Mediterranean, had full power to use American naval forces as allied officers in those waters thought advisable.

The United States has several cruisers and smaller vessels near Fiume, but the total force they could put ashore would be small, naval officials here said.

D'Annunzio to Appeal to Wilson.

FIUME, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—Gabriele d'Annunzio said in an interview here today that he was making ready an appeal to the President of the United States, the King of England, and the French people to support him in his occupation of Fiume for Italy, which he intended to maintain to his dying day, having determined never to leave the city. He was confident, he said, that his appeal would bear fruit.

"I cannot believe there will be any complication with France or England," said the poet-commander, "as in the past I have done something in the interest of both countries. Therefore, it is impossible that they should repay me with ingratitude. In fact, I am preparing an appeal to President Wilson, King George, and the people of France.

"My men here are ready to die for our cause, while I will not leave Fiume either alive or dead. I have already chosen in a fine cemetery, dark with cypresses, a small hill looking toward the sea, covered with laurel, where I wish to be buried."

"I do not believe the Allies will do anything against me, as I will do nothing against them. I consider the blockade, however, contrary to the rights of man, no one having the right to attempt to starve the 30,000 inhabitants of Fiume simply because they wish to remain Italians forever.

"No conflict is possible with the Italian troops, as I do not believe there is a single soldier who would fire against my men."

Insurgents Disarming Citizens.

The occupying forces have ordered the citizens of Fiume to give up all arms in their possession. Many revolvers and rifles and great quantities of ammunition were found in the homes of Croats, Serbians, Hungarians, and Germans. Supplies of munitions also were found in coal merchants' stores. Among the weapons discovered were two machine guns.

That the blockade of the city instituted by the Italian Government is not as effective as expected is evidenced by the arrival of an entire train bearing thirty trucks loaded with supplies. Reinforcements have also arrived, three companies of an infantry brigade from Lombardy, sent to the line defined in the armistice, having passed into Fiume with their arms and baggage.

Lieutenant Rizzo has sent an appeal to all former soldiers urging them to join the forces who fight to prevent "diplomatic intrigues and the machinations of speculators from defrauding us of the fruit of our victory."

Twelve thousand Serbian soldiers have been concentrated at Buccari, five miles southeast of Fiume.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Troops under Gabriele d'Annunzio, the insurgent Italian commander at Fiume, have begun extending their zone of occupation into Jugoslav territory, according to the Jugoslav delegation in Paris. They are said to have penetrated seven miles into Jugoslavia on Saturday, occupying the heights at Rienjak, dominating the surrounding country.

The Jugoslavs did not engage the forces executing this movement, the delegates said.

Badoglio's Trenches Encircle City.

GENEVA, Sept. 22, (Associated Press.)—Dispatches from Austrian and Serbian sources say that Italian regulars, under General Badoglio, have constructed a line, while d'Annunzio's forces have continuous line of trenches around Fiume, with built defenses a few hundred yards inside the circle.

The soldiers of the two sides are fraternizing, exchanging tobacco and refreshments, and officers from the two camps dine together.

It is averred that trainloads of food have been allowed to pass the blockade line into the city by sympathetic officers, in the absence of authoritative control.

French Threat of Bombardment.

TRIESTE, Sept. 18.—Colonel Sicilliani, who was sent into Fiume by General Badoglio to confer with Gabriele d'Annunzio, tried to induce the latter to keep only volunteers and allow soldiers of the regular army to return to Italy, in order to prevent their rendering themselves liable to severe punishment.

D'Annunzio refused, saying that only the presence of the Italian Army would prevent the Allies from considering Fiume a rebel city and bombarding it, in fact, he added, the ships of the Allies, although they had left the harbor, were not far away, and were ready to return.

The French commander, according to Colonel Sicilliani, has notified d'Annunzio that if the well-supplied stores forming the base of the Franco-Serbian troops were touched he would fire on the city.

This far there has been virtually no disorder in Fiume.

OUR DELEGATES READY TO GIVE ITALY FIUME?

Said to be Content with Any Compromise That Satisfies the Jugoslavs.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Out of the numerous diplomatic affirmations and denials that are chasing one another about Paris one may select these statements:

First—England is ready to give Fiume to Italy.

Second—France is ready to give Fiume to Italy, provided the port facilities are kept international.

Third—America is ready to give Fiume to Italy if the Jugoslavs are satisfied with such a disposition of the city.

Fourth—The Jugoslavs and Italians are conducting negotiations which, according to reports from French sources, are approaching an agreement.

These four points are given as statements of fact because they come from the highest sources, and, no matter what tomorrow may bring forth, they represent the situation today.

As for No. 1: Premier Lloyd George made the frank statement at last Monday's meeting of the Supreme Council that he was ready then and there to give Fiume to Italy. There has been no retrogression on the part of Sir Rennell Rodd, the new plenipotentiary of England, and it is taken as accepted that, so far as British interests are concerned, Italy may have Fiume.

As for No. 2: For the last two days the Italian and French press has been full of statements that France and Italy were close to an agreement on the Fiume question. This morning's French papers suggest treating the city as neutralized territory, which means that there should be no Italian troops kept there. Under the French plan the port and rail facilities would be internationalized, being open to the use of the Jugoslavs, Rumanians, and Austrians.

Point No. 3 is the most important of all. As late as yesterday members of the American commission were quite positive that Fiume would not be given to Italy. Today a different view is expressed on behalf of the delegation. It is stated that if the Jugoslavs and Italians were to reach an agreement America would not stand in the way, provided that the port facilities remained open to all nations needing them.

There is no denying that this indicates a change on the part of the American delegation from the attitude it has maintained ever since President Wilson issued his declaration that Fiume must not go to Italy. It is true that his statement laid much emphasis on the need of the Jugoslavs, Rumanians, and Austrians for the port facilities, which Americans will insist on in all events.

About ten days ago the details of the Italian plan for settlement of the Adriatic question were cabled to the President. With regard to that it is stated that Mr. Wilson gave the American delegation "powers to negotiate." That plan, it is understood, provided for a mixed commission to govern Fiume as a free city.

On Wednesday changes in this plan were cabled to Mr. Wilson, and he has not yet replied. No statement has been given out as to what those changes were, but it must be remembered that they were presented by Signor Tittoni after Mr. Lloyd George's statement last Monday, and after d'Annunzio entered Fiume.

However, despite the statement that Mr. Wilson has not replied, the American delegation today is quite clear in its declaration that if the Jugoslavs are satisfied with any proposed settlement, America will interpose no objection to it. It is apparently taking the stand that America's chief aim is to protect the interests of the Jugoslav.

This brings the discussion to point No. 4. On Thursday the French Foreign Office was the source of information that the Jugoslavs and Italians were in agreement that Italy should have Fiume, with port facilities free, in return for which concession the Jugoslavs would receive certain concessions in the final Adriatic settlement. No proposal from this source has reached the Supreme Council or the American delegation officially, although they have been hearing about it indirectly.

When the news of D'Annunzio's coup came to Paris it was the belief of the American delegation that his action was most likely to precipitate a fight between the Jugoslavs and the poet's forces. This fear appears now not to have been well founded, because today's dispatches say that the Jugoslavs are not co-operating in the blockade of Fiume, but are sending food into the city just as they did before d'Annunzio went there, and are thus rendering the success of the Italian Government's blockade doubtful.

It is difficult to get any positive statement as to the Jugoslav-Italian negotiations, although it may be stated that for some time both delegations in Paris have been holding meetings to effect commercial arrangements between the two nations. Neither side denies that the Fiume question has been under consideration, and French sources of information are positive about the nearness of an agreement.

It is quite plain that President Wilson is the great factor in the situation. On his attitude the decision of the Peace Conference still hangs and he has made no ruling on the latest developments. However, the American delegation seems positive that what suits the Jugoslavs will suit America. Whether that is the personal opinion of its members or something more is not a matter of public knowledge at this writing.

Polk Desires Tittoni's Statement.

Dispatches from Milan this afternoon say that Tomasso Tittoni, the Italian Foreign Minister, on his return from Paris confirmed the report of a Franco-Anglo-Italian agreement regarding Fiume. Signor Tittoni is quoted as saying that the American Peace Delegation favored it, and that Frank L. Polk had asked President Wilson to agree to a plan by which the sovereignty of Fiume would be given to Italy, with the port remaining free under the League of Nations.

He said that a reply from Mr. Wilson was expected this week, and that he had asked the Italian Chamber to defer discussion of the Fiume question until it had been received.

These dispatches from Milan evidently do not refer to the Jugoslav-Italian negotiations.

Mr. Polk, head of the American peace Delegation, in response to questions put to him tonight, denied the statement attributed to Signor Tittoni, to the effect that he (Mr. Polk) had promised to support the new plan for the settlement of the Fiume controversy. He also denied that he had asked Mr. Wilson to sanction the plan.

It is understood that the details of the plan were cabled to the President on Wednesday, but that Mr. Polk sent them at the request of the Italians and without recommendations.

In reply to a direct question, Mr. Polk said that the American delegation was as yet committed to no Fiume settlement, but that it was awaiting word from Mr. Wilson.

OPPOSE NEW FIUME PLAN.

Our Peace Delegates Against Italian Proposal for Divided Control.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—There is no indication that President Wilson will agree to the plan of settlement of the Fiume question which the Italians have been trying for the past week to effect with the Jugoslavs. By the terms of this plan, which has been mentioned frequently in the Italian and French press for the last few days, the Italians would get the city, with the harbor remaining a free port, and the Jugoslavs receiving other concessions.

The Italians have been proceeding on the assumption that if they and the Jugoslavs, the two parties most concerned, should agree on a settlement President Wilson would not object to it. It may now be stated that the American Peace Delegation does not favor such a settlement, and that there is no reason to believe that Mr. Wilson is any less opposed than ever to the Italians getting Fiume.

Italian spokesmen say that Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau look kindly upon their efforts and Italian journals say that President Wilson alone stands in their way. They are very anxious to get the most favorable possible settlement of the Fiume question if it is effected at this time, and, should they not be able to get title to the city, they do not want a settlement on any other compromise basis while d'Annunzio remains in Fiume.

While Italian propagandists are making much of the proposed plan and saying that America alone prevents its finally presented to the Peace Conference or the American delegation any statement incorporating the latest reported plan of settlement.

NITTI SUMMONS LEADERS.

Acts on King's Suggestion of Military and Political Conference.

ROME, Sept. 22.—Premier Nitti, at the instance of King Victor Emmanuel, has called a meeting at the Royal Palace for Thursday at which the Presidents of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies, the leaders of the political parties, members of the Cabinet, and the chiefs of the army and navy will discuss the Fiume situation with the King.

The convocation of the Chamber of Deputies, which was to have taken place Thursday, has been postponed until Saturday.

HUMORS OF FIUME COUP.

Troops Sent to Curb d'Annunzio Put Themselves at His Disposal.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Sept. 21.—Despite the gravity of the Fiume situation, humorous features are not lacking in d'Annunzio's coup d'état, which has even some characteristics of comic opera. The poet-orator who has become a fighting leader of men and has enthroned himself in the Municipal Palace of Fiume issues proclamations to the whole world.

He cannot be charged with the dreamy impracticability of the poet; in fact, he has shown great cunning. On the pretext of going to Venice to study old manuscripts for information as to air conditions of his flight to Tokio, he hoodwinked the Government and organized his expedition. He asked for a big sum of money for the expenses of his flight, which was granted him, and then used it to equip his followers. Majors and Colonels have fallen under his spell and obey his orders. Admirals and Generals have asked for audiences and have been graciously received, and politely but firmly sent home again.

All this with an appropriate and beautiful setting, for the historic town of Fiume is in a ferment of patriotic feeling, with its citizens crowding the streets and shouting "Viva Fiume Italiana!" Every window is beflagged with the Italian tri-color. Over the Municipal Tower, where only a few days ago the American, British, French and Italian flags waved, now only one flag flies—that of Italy.

Italian sailors and carabinieri keep order in the town. The Government, having ordered a blockade of Fiume, sent troops to the city. A follower of d'Annunzio went to meet them, and the two forces immediately fraternized. Other troops were sent, with the same result. The news reached Abbazia, where an interallied command is now stationed. Two brigades were sent to Fiume. The officers, before taking up their positions, sent messages to d'Annunzio asking him whether he desired them to remain where they were or to enter Fiume. The poet thanked them, but prayed them to remain, as he had more than enough troops in Fiume. In this way the "blockade" began.

Signor Malagodi, editor of the Tribuna, says that d'Annunzio's act is in accord with the Italian national spirit and is, indeed, a reply, though violent, to the domineering attitude of that solemn entity the League of Nations, which in the case of Fiume has certainly not initiated its operations in the best manner imaginable.

Still, he continues, Italy cannot permit her international relations to be guided by the impulses, sentiments, and judgments, however noble, of individuals, since lack of national unity will only diminish Italy's authority in the councils of the nations and weaken her influence in international affairs. The reckless adventurers must submit their individual wills to the sense of national responsibility. Italians, he says, are proud of the survival of the Garibaldian spirit, which other nations may well envy them, but it is no longer possible in this stage of Italy's development to set up a Garibaldian policy opposed to that of the Government, for such action only tends to bring in question the maturity, dignity, and authority of the Italian nation.

Signor Malagodi adds that the Premier has frequently drawn attention to the gravity of Italy's economic and food situation, and has rightly done so, since it is necessary to oppose consideration of this hard reality to a policy founded on a too passionate romanticism. But, he says, one must not insist too much on the argument of hunger, since Italy's position in that respect differs from that of the other Allies only in degree, and action founded on the threat of starvation would be not only humiliating for Italy but also morally unworthy of her allies. He repudiates the idea that President Wilson could consider for a moment the possibility of cutting off the necessities of life from the Italian nation in reply to an act of ideal protest, of which one may disapprove but which one must realize is profoundly justified by national sentiment.

CHANGE PRESBYTERY RULES

Brooklyn-Nassau Body Sets Up Six Departments of Church Work.

Radical changes were made yesterday in the standing rules of the Brooklyn-Nassau Presbytery of the Presbyterian Church at a meeting of that body held in the Russell Sage Memorial Church, Far Rockaway. These changes were contained in a report made by Dr. S. Edward Young, pastor of the Belford Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, Chairman of the special committee formed for revising the rules. The report was adopted and the changes in the rules are effective at once. Moderator Dr. J. Milton Thompson, pastor of the Sage Memorial Church, was in the chair.

Under the new rules the standing committees are abolished and there is set up in their place six departments of church work. These are Church Extension, Spiritual Resources, Co-operation, Education, Social Service and Administration. The number of Presbytery meetings are reduced each year from six to four, and the terms of moderator and vice moderator are limited to one year and the Chairmen of committees to two.

Other radical changes are, limiting of the speeches by members of the Presbytery to only three minutes, and the elimination of addresses by representatives of the boards of the church without recommendation by the Executive Council; a more even distribution of the Presbyterial authority and work among all its boards, and the transfer of detail work from the general Presbyterial sessions to sessions of committees.

MAGYAR MINERS REVOLT.

Gendarmes Suppress Bolshevist Outbreak at Totis.

VIENNA, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—Serious disturbances have taken place at Totis, Hungary, twelve miles southeast of Komorn, as a result of the action on Wednesday of a number of miners, influenced by Bolshevist agitators, in proclaiming a new proletariat dictatorship and disarming the small police force there.

The mob hoisted the red flag, wrecked several houses, and maltreated the civil officials. Later 500 gendarmes arrived in Totis and overcame the mutineers.

Seven persons were killed and twenty-five wounded.

HERTZOG ANSWERS SMUTS.

Will Co-operate Only for Complete Independence from Britain.

CAPE TOWN, Union of South Africa, Sept. 21, (via Montreal.)—Speaking at a Nationalist meeting here, General J. B. M. Hertzog, who headed the Nationalist delegation that visited England, replied to the appeal of Premier Smuts for unity among the parties of the Union of South Africa.

General Hertzog declared that the Nationalists desired eventual complete independence from Great Britain and could not co-operate with Premier Smuts if co-operation meant the abandonment of this ideal.

LAY STONE AT SAN MIHIEL.

Poincare Eulogizes American Soldiers and Pershing at Memorial Site.

SAN MIHIEL, Sept. 22.—The cornerstone of the Franco-American Monument commemorating the victory of the American Expeditionary Force in capturing the San Mihiel salient a year ago, was laid here today.

President Poincaré, speaking at the exercises, eulogized the achievement of the American soldiers and officers and of their Commander-in-Chief, General Pershing, in this first purely American major operation of the war.

GIRL WAS A COAL PASSER.

Says She Worked Her Way to America Dressed as a Man.

Elsie Wilson, a strongly built English girl, 22 years old, who asserts she landed from the transport Plattsburg in South Brooklyn two weeks ago after working her way from Southampton, England, as a coal passer, was arraigned yesterday in Hoboken before Recorder Carsten as a disorderly person. She was sent to the Hudson County Jail, and will go before the Board of Special Inquiry at Ellis Island today.

The young woman, who had her hair cropped, said she had failed in three previous attempts to get to the United States.

"I worked as a coal passer," she continued, "and got ashore dressed in dungaree overalls. I walked about Brooklyn for three days without being detected as a woman. I earned some money working as a cook to buy these clothes, and became a woman again. I was speaking to some sailors I knew in England, whom I met at River and Second Streets, when I was arrested."

The young woman told the Recorder that if she were sent back to England she would return to the United States at the first opportunity.

Burglar Robs Guest of Dr. Quintard.

NORFOLK, Conn., Sept. 22.—Jewelry valued at $7,000 belonging to Mrs. John Flagg, a week-end guest, was taken from the Summer home of Dr. Edward Quintard of New York early today. The doctor saw the burglar run from the house.

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WEARMOOR Ulsters and Ulsterettes, 9 to 18 years	$23.00 to $33.00
WEARMOOR Norfolk Suits, single or double breasted, with extra trousers, 9 to 18 years	$20.00 to $33.00
WEARMOOR Reefers, Russian models and Naval Coats, 3 to 10 years	$16.50 to $24.50

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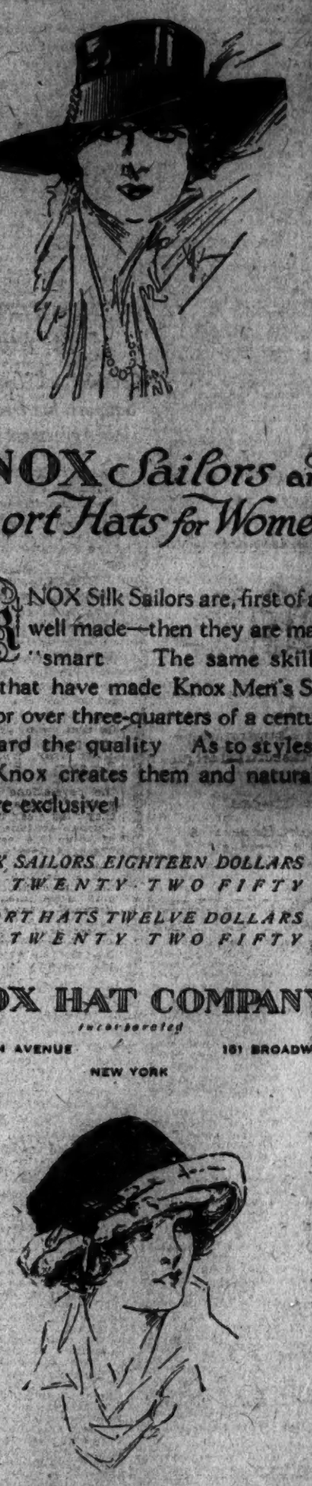

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BERLIN BELITTLES WAR REVELATIONS

Some Papers Even Assert the Austrian Red Book "Exonerates Germany."

BERCHTOLD IS A TARGET

Freiheit Alone Asserts Vienna and Berlin Did Not Try to Avert War.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 21.—The Berlin press this morning publish long extracts from Austria's book on war revelations. Conservative newspapers pay little attention to this tremendous indictment of their former gods, some commentators claiming, however, that the revelations "exonerate Germany."

The once extremely Pan-German Lokal Anzeiger goes a little further and declares that "while the book exonerates Germany in the eyes of foreign countries, it indicts the former German Government still more severely in the eyes of the German people," and it sums up with this pathos:

"That we allowed ourselves to be driven into war by our weaker ally and against our better judgment shows such a degree of incapacity that we must not blame the Entente for not believing the German assurances. The Entente could not possibly accept the belief that Germany allowed herself to be hustled blindly along by Austria in a matter which was really a life and death question for the Fatherland."

The Tageblatt also thinks that Germany is exonerated in proportion as the charges against Austria-Hungary increase, and that point is heavily labored by nearly all the papers. But few will admit that had Berchtold not been so deadly certain that Austria-Hungary could in all eventualities rely on German support, the war plotters of Vienna would have acted otherwise.

The Tägliche Rundschau is bold enough to claim that it is impossible after the publication of this book to hold to the verdict of Versailles that Germany was responsible for the war.

"The hideous shame for Germany" is Vorwärt's description of the volume.

"That we endured the incapacity of the last Hohenzollern for thirty years," it says, is "our guilt, and for it we must now pay."

The Freiheit, organ of the Independent Socialists, will have nothing to do with exoneration talk. On the ground that the question of guilt cannot be settled entirely out of the history of a few weeks before the war, it declares that the latest revelations only add to the proof that both Berlin and Vienna Governments wanted war and in the decisive days left everything undone which could have prevented it.

Put Blame on Berchtold.

BERLIN, Sept. 21, (Associated Press.)—While no official statement is yet obtainable in connection with the publication of the Austrian Red Book, Foreign Office attaches, who have been willing to discuss the disclosures, have ventured the opinion that "probably the most surprised men who read them will be Dr. Theobald von Bethmann Hollweg, former Imperial Chancellor, and Gottlieb von Jagow, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, and possibly Viscount Grey, who, in 1914, was British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

Wilhelmstrasse believes, however, that the revelations will not minimize the guilt of Russia, while on the other hand they may clear up points relative to the German attitude during the critical days of July, 1914, especially her position on Viscount Grey's proposal to submit the Russo-Austrian dispute to arbitration.

It is declared at the Foreign Office that the evidence proves that the German Government not only transmitted Viscount Grey's suggestion to Vienna, but also was "insistent in urging its acceptance." It is held to be proved that Count Berchtold, Austrian Foreign Minister, apparently on purpose, delayed his answer to Berlin, sending it by courier, who reached here after mobilization had been ordered. In the meantime Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg had been obliged to put off Sir William Edward Goschen, the British Ambassador, informing him that no answer had been received from the Austrian Foreign Office.

It is asserted that the Austrian Red Book "disposes of the legend of the Crown Council at Potsdam," at which a decision was reached to begin hostilities.

The newspapers argue that the Red Book proves that Germany tried earnestly to prevent the outbreak of the war, and that Count Leopold von Berchtold bears the bulk of the responsibility by his "underhand tactics and deception."

The belief that Germany can demand a revision of the peace terms on the strength of the Red Book is expressed by the Boersen Zeitung, which intimates that the publication of the Red Book was planned to bring about such a demand.

The Kreus Zeitung denounces what it calls the "inextinguishable guilt of Austrian diplomacy," while several other papers praise the courage and honesty that brought about the revelations of the Red Book. The Tageblatt says that Germany was required to keep silence about facts at the Peace Conference, so as not to hinder Austria's chances for a better peace. It goes on to say that the Government in 1914 "did not show the slightest interest in the situation and acted idiotically," adding that "Germans in power at that time played the part of thorough-going fools." The newspaper declares the revelations of the Red Book an "awful disgrace for Germany."

UPTOWN GROWS FASTER.

Increase 225 Per Cent. Against 60 Downtown, New York.

The relative increase in population of uptown New York and downtown New York between the years of 1890 and 1919 is 225 per cent. for uptown and only 60 per cent. for the downtown area. The Federation Settlement, which recently compiled these figures, argues that philanthropy has not provided for the shift of population, and that 93 cents per person is spent annually for settlement work downtown, while only 12 cents per person is spent uptown for all these educational and social activities.

The Federation Settlement provides kindergartens, club rooms, workshops, civic centres, sewing, music, general educational and gymnasium classes for 3,000 people weekly. It is expected that a new building will be provided for the outgrown houses of this settlement as a result of the $10,000,000 United Building Fund campaign which is being conducted by the Federated Jewish Institutions of New York.

The Educational Alliance will be another of the important beneficiaries of the United Building Fund Campaign. The Educational Alliance was the first Americanization organization in this country. "Americanization," which is now a byword, was formally introduced into the charter of this organization at its foundation in 1889, and the Educational Alliance is still Americanizing immigrants and their children at the rate of 600 to 700 every day.

WARNS GERMAN WORKERS.

Central Council Urges Necessity of Reconstruction in France.

In an effort to make the masses of the German working men understand that it is to their own interest to co-operate in the work of reconstruction to be done in devastated French territory, the central body of the Workers' Councils has issued an appeal to all Councils throughout the Republic. As printed in a copy of the Frankfurter Zeitung, recently received here, the appeal reads:

"One of the most important provisions of the Peace Treaty is the regulation covering the work of reconstruction in the devastated territory of France and Belgium. The future fate of our country depends to an extraordinary degree upon the manner in which this work is carried out. Germany's part in the work must consist principally in supplying the proper labor power. Anything else, such as cash payments or the delivery of too great quantities of raw material, would entail disastrous results for our country.

POLICE TO USE GRENADES.

Irish Constabulary Thus Armed to Meet Night Attacks.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Sept. 22.—It is officially confirmed that the Royal Irish Constabulary is being supplied with hand grenades.

It is explained that in view of the murderous attacks on policemen in their barracks at night in disturbed parts of the country the Irish Government has ordered that policemen be supplied with all modern means of defense.

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ADVISES LEATHER EMBARGO

Shoe Expert Says German Demand Raises Prices Here.

All the world combined could not hope to supply Europe in less than three years with all that the various countries there need, according to J. N. Steinmets, European representative of an American shoe company, who has recently returned from abroad. In an interview at the Hotel Pennsylvania Mr. Steinmets said that American manufacturers and business firms can safely discount all thought of English or other competition in the European market for an indefinite period.

While he was abroad Mr. Steinmets made business trips to every country in Europe, save Northern Russia, and since last Spring has sold $3,000,000 worth of American-made shoes to several of the Baltic countries and to Rumania. Shortly before leaving for the United States he sold $1,000,000 worth of shoes to the Lithuanian Government. Ability to speak and write eleven languages gave him more than usual opportunity to learn at first hand of conditions in the various countries he visited.

Mr. Steinmets stated that Germany was in the market to buy as much raw material as possible and that her enormous purchases of leather constituted one of the chief reasons for the rise in the price of shoes here. When Russia is finally opened, her great natural wealth will make her market the wonder of the world. She will need everything.

"Germany is buying immense quantities of leather. She wants to get her factories going as quickly as she can, and she needs great stocks of leather and all raw material. I am convinced that the United States should place an embargo on the shipment of leather, especially shipments to Germany. No other single thing could do so much to bring down the price of shoes here."

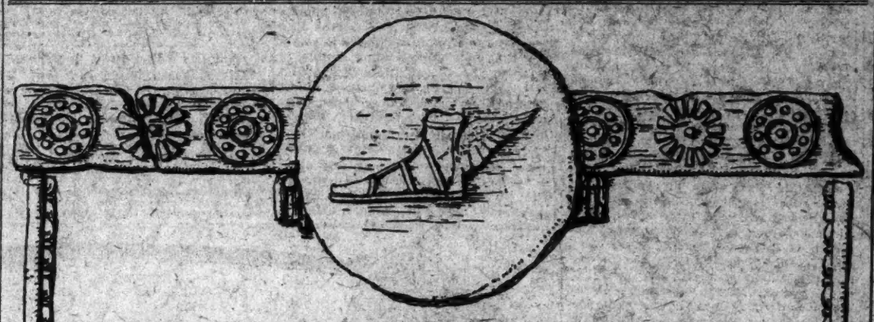
CHINESE CABINET DISPUTE.

Two Ministers at Outs Over the Disposition of Enemy Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

PEKING, Sept. 22.—A lively dispute is proceeding over the confiscated enemy vessels. The Ministry of Communications had established a shipping company for the operation of such vessels, the profits from which were to be handed over to the Ministry of the Navy to pay off its debts and effect repairs to warships.

When the first contract expired the Ministry of Communications, without the knowledge of the naval authorities, chartered the vessels to another firm. The Minister of the Navy thereupon tendered his resignation. The Government is endeavoring to mollify him by transferring half the proceeds of the charter, amounting to $200,000, to the navy's account.



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THE proverbial practicability of navy blue, the unquestionable quality of the serge, the carefully finished seams, the ample width and girth that give a young girl room to grow—a mother will recognize each of these characteristics with satisfaction. The things that win a young girl's heart are: a lively bit of wool embroidery, welcome pockets, a belt with a smart buckle, a gay vest or guimpe of plaid silk. There are as many kinds of blue serge frocks as there are kinds of girls to wear them!

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PRIVATELY TAILORED IN NEW YORK FOR JAMES McCREERY & COMPANY

THE GOODS!

HERE, gentlemen, is the cleverest idea in clothes-making presented to you in many a long day . . . . The styling is done in Old London; but the stitching is done in New York. The patterns are illumined in Old England; but the stuffs are loomed in New England.

If you enjoy good dressing, by all means see these new English Clothes before you commit yourself elsewhere!

FROM $38.50 TO $75

James McCreery & Co.
Second Floor
5th Avenue *and* 35th Street
Use the McCreery 5th Avenue Arcade

Store Open 9 to 5:30. Open All Day Saturday.

To-day, Tuesday

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.
NEW YORK

To-day, Tuesday

The Sale of a Most Extraordinary Purchase
of Exquisite Autumn Over-Blouses
(which Paris calls "Casaques")
At a Fraction of Their Worth
$19.75 and $29.50

$29.50

The New Paris-Inspired Creations, Superbly Embroidered—Mainly by Hand

in chenille . . . wool . . . tube and seed beads . . . metal thread and silk . . . braids . . . and wonderful combinations of these in the most distractingly beautiful motifs. In borders, in all-over arabesques, in rows of studding, in plaques and discs.

Fashioned in Georgette Crepe, Illuminated Batik, Crepes de Chine and Satins

the finest qualities of each . . . pure silk . . . in the best weights. Scores of individual styles. Of some there are only a few of a kind. Of others, equally as handsome, there are many.

The Gorgeous Girdles Alone Are Worth a Substantial Part of the Sale Prices

And the color range! Whatever Paris has shown for Autumn. The full gamut of her glorious new color-card . . . from the palest tint to the deepest shade of a color.

May we counsel early-in-the-day choosing?

Gimbels—Gallery of Blouses—Third Floor

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

HOW can you expect to find the equal of Saks-tailoring when you consider the skill of the tailors we employ and the length of time we demand that each garment be given? That's the reason you get custom quality all the way through in a Saks suit.

Properly Priced

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

Frederic H. Whitley, Inc. Engineered Construction 317 Fulton St., Brooklyn

CONCRETE WHITE CONSTRUCTION CO. INC. NEW YORK

Ports of Missing Men

Factories are that.

When an executive leaves his desk he is lost to the world. The only economical means of finding him is the Klaxocator — Man Locator System.

Messengers and switchboard operators waste the workmen's time and they're too slow.

KLAXON COMPANY
INDUSTRIAL DIVISION
Intercommunication and Signal Engineers
Metropolitan Tower, New York, N. Y.
Phone Gramercy 3114.

A reliable, safe skin treatment

You need never hesitate to use Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap in the treatment of severe or simple skin-troubles. There is nothing in them to injure the tenderest surface.

Resinol

is a doctor's prescription which, for over twenty years, has been constantly used by other physicians for itching, burning, unsightly skin affections.

They prescribe Resinol, knowing that its remarkable soothing, healing action is due to ingredients so gentle and harmless as to be suited even to a baby's delicate skin.

All druggists sell Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment. For trial size of each, write to Dept. 21-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

A Rose-Petal Complexion

Smooth and velvety as the petals of a rose is the complexion aided by

Nadine Face Powder

This delicate beautifier imparts an indefinable charm—a charm which lingers in the memory.

Nadine is exquisitely perfumed and is pure and refined. It adheres until washed off, and cannot harm the most sensitive skin.

Nadine Face Powder is used and indorsed by discriminating women as a superior face powder. Price refunded if not pleased.

Flesh, Pink, Brunette, White

Sold in Green Boxes Only. At leading toilet counters. If they haven't it, by mail 50c.

NATIONAL TOILET COMPANY, Paris, Tenn.

WATERFRONT STORAGE

WE HAVE ACQUIRED THE BLOCK BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS., BROOKLYN, WITH 720 FEET OF DOCKS. CONVENIENT TO ALL S. S. LINES AND R. R. TERMINALS.

BERTHS FOR STEAMSHIPS AND BARGES

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE HAVE SEVERAL WAREHOUSES IN N. Y. AND BROOKLYN WITH R. R. SIDINGS AND DOCKS IN THE FREE LIGHTERAGE ZONE.

MOTOR TRUCKING

WE HAVE THE LARGEST FLEET OF HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS IN NEW YORK, CONSISTING OF 58 TRUCKS OF 8 TONS CAPACITY EACH.

SERVICE GUARANTEED ON ONE HOUR'S NOTICE

CALLAN BROS.

MAIN OFFICE, 214 E. 135TH ST., N. Y.
Phones: Melrose 2281-2282-2283.

SOX AND REDS.

Billy Evans, the American League umpire, discusses daily in The New York Times the relative merits of the Chicago White Sox and the Cincinnati Reds, and their chances in the world's series.—Advt.

NO POPPIES NOW IN FLANDERS FIELDS

A Blasted Desert Surrounds the Pitiful Heap of Ruins That Was Ypres.

YET PEASANTS COME 'HOME'

Living in Tents Scattered Along the Menin Road of Ghastly Memory.

NO AID FOR RECONSTRUCTION

Reparation from Germany Is Not Forthcoming and Home Government Seems Powerless.

BY PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

YPRES, Sept. 19.—There are tears in the heart of the man who goes on a pilgrimage now across the battlefields of Flanders to the city of wooden huts in the ruins of Ypres, if he knew those places when they were fighting grounds of the great army of youth, when every huddle of bricks, every crossroad, every bank of earth, every group of dead trees, every concrete fort in the sea of shell craters, was a landmark of that desperate conflict lasting for years hereabout in which hundreds of thousands of British soldiers fell with mortal wounds.

There are many British graveyards in France. In these recent days I have passed them again, where their wooden crosses rise out of the sterile earth. Here in the country around Ypres, for miles on both sides of the Menin road, is the greatest of all England's graveyards, for it is all one great grave in which the flower of her boyhood fell in the devouring flame of that hell which was Flanders.

From the ramparts of Ypres to the east of Passchendaele and the low country beyond today, when I went over that country again the vision of all the drama that I had seen there surged back to me—the traffic of armies, the fields of dead, the never-ceasing labor of guns, until one day by a kind miracle they ceased, and all was quiet at last, as now, when it is strangely and enormously quiet.

Once only today the silence over this desert land was broken by an old, familiar noise. There was a loud, rending explosion and to the right of a hummock of earth there rose curly clouds of black and white smoke, high into the sky. It was like the bursting of a 12-inch shell.

"What on earth is that?" asked a man on the Menin road.

A peasant answered him:

"They are exploding old shells which they have collected in dugouts. Every yard of this ground is strewn with them."

Shells Gathered in Heaps.

He pointed to piles of 4.2's and 9-inch shells neatly heaped along the roadside. I had noticed thousands of them lying around on the way down from Moraleda, by Passchendaele, and everywhere there were notices warning people not to disturb the shells, which are "dangerous in this district."

Over by Sanctuary Wood there was a big fire burning. It was a bonfire of that brown, tussocky grass which has grown high over all these fields where nothing grew when I knew them in the years of the war; and that brought back pictures of the time when that same place was ravaged by German shells. Otherwise the wide vista of old battlefields bounded by the purple haze on far ridges like that of Messines and old Kemmel Hill was tranquil and motionless, with nothing stirring but a few human ants prowling in old places of strife.

This long, wide belt of Flanders is a wound that remains unhealed, and the earth is branded by the mark of Cain. Nothing grows there. There are no leaf sprouts on the stumps of trees that rise hideously out of the rigid waves of shell holes. The land is blasted where the trail of war passed over it, and it is still one vast desert, haunted by innumerable ghosts.

Standing here alone in silence, with five years' memory, one is stricken by the enormity of the crime that was done here and by this deep-gashed imprint of human tragedy. The earth itself asks the mercy of God for the outrage that has deflowered it.

Here and there in the midst of the battlefields in their loneliness some people have come back "home"; that is to say, with a courage which I find wonderful they have put up little shanties against the walls of German pill-boxes and above the mine craters and shell craters where once they tilled the good fields. There is a small colony of tents near Gheluvelt, where the 5th and 7th British Divisions had their Iliad in the adventure of death. They are dotted about below Polygon Wood and along the Menin road, by Hooge, where year after year gentlemen of England lived in lousy ditches with mine shafts under them and every kind of shell and bomb above them.

A Flemish Festival of Youth.

On the edge of the desert before I went up toward Passchendaele from the flat country on the Menin side I came across a little scene which was fantastic in its aspect, like a poet's dream. It was among the ruins of Dadizeele; all its houses are wrecked, and its old Flemish Church with its high spire that one sees from Passchendaele is tattered and torn.

But today its doors were flung wide open, and out of them down the highway of the nave came into the glare of sunlight a pageant led by priests and monks and little village maidens. The children were dressed in white silk with long trains and wore little golden crowns. Behind them came taller girls, crowned also above their flowing hair and with green velvet robes above white embroidered gowns. They were like mediaeval princesses, like those to whom the Flemish troubadours made their songs when Baldwin was Count of Flanders and the world was young. The children carried flwers before them, and four princesses carried a statue of "Our Lady of Dadizeele." And so they wound their way through the ruins of their village, where not a house stands unbroken or unburned except some wooden houses newly built.

In a small cemetery nearby lie the bodies of some British officers who fell a year ago. Flowers are growing on their grave, and Flemish peasants tend them every day.

"Sir," said one of them, "it is our sacred duty to guard the graves of your young soldiers as though they were our own brothers."

That was on the edge of the old battlefields, and from Dadizeele I went into the wilderness and came again after many miles to the Menin Gate, between the ramparts of Ypres, and saw again that city of ghosts. The water in the canal is almost dried up, and the filth of those years clogs it. The rags and tatters of the Cloth Hall and the Cathedral stand rather higher than the other rubbish heaps. No labor of love may restore the city of Ypres. It will be a new city that rises there, and that is not yet begun.

Signs of Revival in Ypres.

Yet there are many people in Ypres, and at the very gate through which the British troops used to go on their way to Hooge there are now crowds of women and children, selling picture post cards of their own ruins to tourists in motor cars and pilgrims afoot, outside restaurants and cafés and booths like those at a country fair. There is something that shocks one's mind in this, if one knew Ypres in the time of war and blood that soaked this ground, until reason reasserts itself over weak emotion and says: "This is good! This is life! This is revival after death!"

There is one big hotel, built of wood, but spacious and even elegant, called the Splendid Hotel, surrounded by many little "baraques," and in this I had a luncheons at a cost of 7 francs, better, I think, than one could get in Paris for twice that sum. The proprietor talked to me and explained the difficulties of life in Ypres for those who cater, like himself, to pilgrims. There is no water among the ruins for drinking or washing. Every drop of it has to be fetched from a distance. There is no light except that of oil-burning lamps. Food ordered in Brussels on Monday does not arrive in Ypres until Saturday, and it is impossible to get it in France, as the customs delays are insuperable.

Other people to whom I talked in Ypres were discouraged by the utter lack of help from the Government, from which as yet they had received no indemnities for all their losses and no advance by which they might build up a little, and no material with which to build. The Government seems powerless to aid them because of the great ruin of Belgium and the lack of reparation from Germany for all that destruction.

Acquits 608-Pound Prisoner.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Emory Titman, the largest prisoner ever tried in Westchester County Court, was found not guilty today of a charge of grand larceny in the second degree, based on the passage of an alleged worthless check for $100, before Judge Young. Titman tips the beams at 606 pounds. When they tried to put him in Westchester County Jail cell they found the doors were not big enough, so he was confined in a hospital ward.

FAREWELL TO REINSCH.

Big Military and Diplomatic Demonstration as He Leaves Peking.

PEKING, Sept. 14, (Associated Press.)—When Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, who recently resigned as United States Minister to China, left the city last evening American, British, and Chinese guards of honor were arranged about the station, while the members of the Diplomatic Corps, members of the Chinese Cabinet, and a number of students just returned from America assembled on the platform to bid him godspeed on his trip to the United States. The band attached to the American forces in this city played "Auld Lang Syne" as the train moved out.

The predominant note was the genuine friendship and understanding shown between Dr. Reinsch and the Premier. They together inspected the guards of honor. The President was represented by Admiral Tsi Ting-kang.

Prominent among those present at this farewell, which made a new record for Peking, were representatives of the British, French, Portuguese, Spanish, Italian, Cuban, and Japanese Legations. The Chinese newspapers comment on the fact that only American and British soldiers acted with the Chinese on the guard of honor, some of them suggesting that "this may be the inauguration of a new Anglo-American-Chinese alliance."

The ORMOND

$10 to $13

Buy Your Cordovans Today

Cordovan! This shoe is built of lustrous cordovan. It's the rage. Call and see what a wonderful shoe we offer you in this new model. If you intend to have cordovan, buy today, not tomorrow. Cordovan is harder to obtain than other shoe leathers. You might as well have the perfect fit that is yours among the many Walk-Over shapes.

Walk-Over

New York City
179 Broadway — 150 Bowery — Brooklyn 1355 Broadway
1173-75 Broadway — 252 W. 125th Street — 565-7 Fulton Street
1439 Broadway — 622 W. 181st Street — 5406 Fifth Ave.
Bronx—557 Melrose Avenue — Yonkers, N. Y.—7 N. Broadway
Newark, N. J.—795 Broad Street — Paterson, N. J.—118 Market Street
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—297 Main Street

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Three Distinctive New Models in

Autumn Tailormades

At $65.00

A sale planned to meet the increasing demand for the strictly tailored type of Suit.

Women who know style, who appreciate the niceties of tailoring, who recognize the importance of quality, will want these Suits.

The fabrics are soft, finely textured

Yalama Cloth, Silvertone, Velour Cloth

adapted to the Mode's development. Note the lines of the new silhouette, the clever collars, the novel pockets, the custom tailored finishing details that make for distinction.

The Velour Cloth Suit	The Silvertone Suit	The Yalama Cloth Suit
at the left is in brown, taupe, navy and black. Also in Oxford silvertone.	in the centre may be had in Oxford, blue, brown and taupe.	at the right is in brown, blue, plain and reindeer shades.

Other Tailormades—to Wear with Separate Furs—$45.00 to $175.00
Fur-Trimmed Suits—of the luxurious type—$79.50 to $450.00
Third Floor

THE CONDADO-VANDERBILT HOTEL
SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO

Open October 16th

NEWLY completed and open for the first time this season. Situated between the Atlantic Ocean and the Condado Bay, in the City of San Juan, Porto Rico—the most fascinating city of the West India Islands. A splendid golf course—tennis—surf bathing—delightful motoring—and a cuisine of the highest class contribute to the enjoyment of the traveler. Direct steamer service from New York via the modern vessels of the Porto Rico Line.

Management—The Vanderbilt Hotel, New York

For sailings, etc., address
M. Seckendorf, G. P. A., Porto Rico Line
11 Broadway, New York

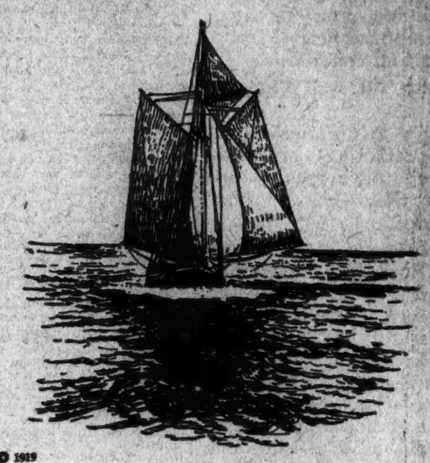
For hotel reservations, refer to
Walton H. Marshall
The Vanderbilt Hotel, New York

TIFFANY & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

PEARLS DIAMONDS JEWELRY SILVER
CLOCKS WATCHES CHINA STATIONERY

THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS



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In the James's Bay Country

One of the largest Revillon schooners on James's Bay proceeding at full sail. A summer voyage in these northern waters is very delightful, but the season of navigation is short varying from five months in exceptionally open seasons to four months in the years when the ice leaves late and forms early in the fall.

Revillon Frères
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street

ERWIN & WASEY COMPANY
Advertising
CHICAGO

We are desirous of hearing, by mail, from a layout man of originality and decision, whom we wish to train for the position of art director of our London, England, organization

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

EIGHT MEMBERSHIPS IN THE NEW YORK COFFEE & SUGAR EXCHANGE, INCORPORATED

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Francis P. Garvan, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale, at public sale, to the highest bidder, at Room 526, No. 110 West 42nd Street, New York City, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the 29th day of September, 1919, eight memberships in the New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange, Inc.

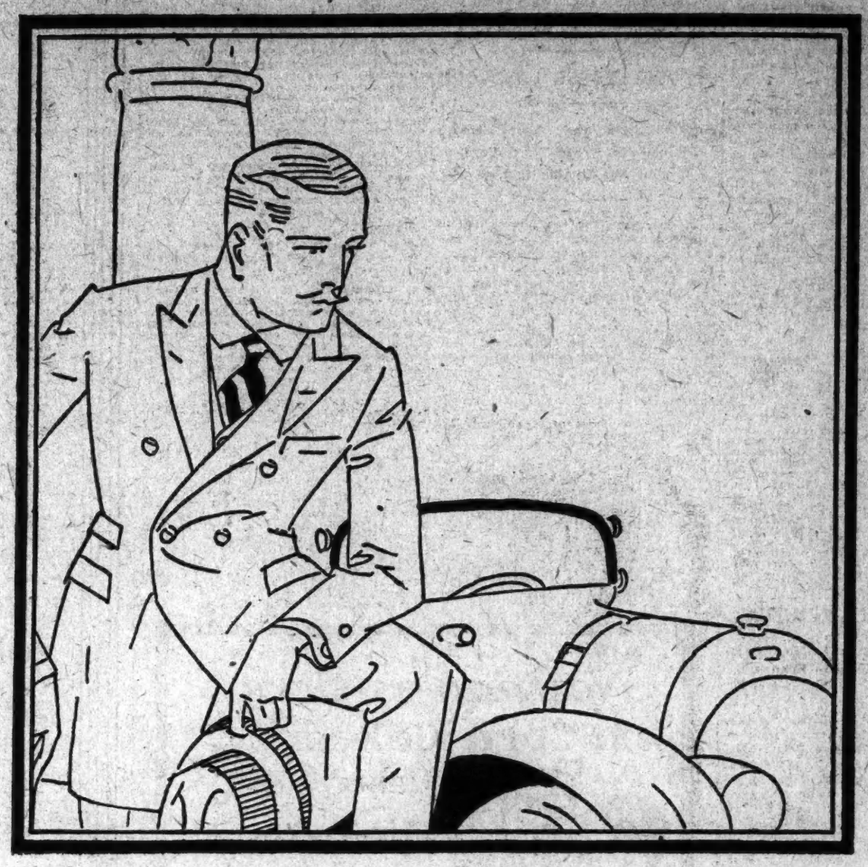
For further information concerning said memberships or the terms and conditions of sale, apply to the Merchandise Department, Bureau of Sales, Room 524, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, Director, Bureau of Sales.

FRANCIS P. GARVAN, *Alien Property Custodian*

N. J. Public Utility Commission Fired
5c Trolley Fare Restored
WHEN
Warren C. King is Governor
Vote for him in the N. J. Republican Primaries September 23d.
C. A. Bloomfield, Pres. King League.
Paid for by C. S. Atkinson, Round Brook, N. J.

Rumanian army in Budapest, form one of the many interesting and authoritative articles in the September Current History. Current History is a monthly magazine published by The New York Times Company. In it is presented a monthly review of the great events of the world. 25c a copy at news stands; $3.00 a year by mail.—Advt.



ANNOUNCEMENT

WHILE IT IS QUITE GENERALLY RECOGNIZED THAT THE CLOTHES PRESENTED BY THIS ESTABLISHMENT CARRY THE LINES AND ATMOSPHERE ORDINARILY FOUND ONLY IN THE WORK OF ENGLISH DRAPERS OF WIDE REPUTE, IT SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD THAT THE FITTING QUALITIES ARE EXTRAORDINARY AND THE TAILORING OF THAT VERY SUPERIOR ORDER WHICH STANDS UP GRACEFULLY UNDER THE STRESS OF LIBERAL USAGE.

THE SUBSTANTIAL ELEMENT, WHICH HAS FOUND SUCH WIDE FAVOR WITH MEN WHO FEEL THAT CLOTHES SHOULD HAVE A STAUNCH BEARING AS WELL AS ELEGANCE OF FINISH, IS A MUCH ADMIRED AND REFRESHING STYLE ITEM.

IN THE EXECUTION OF THE JACKETS OF SUITS FOR THE CURRENT SEASON FINCHLEY HAS DEEMED IT ADVISABLE TO SECURE MORE LENGTH THAN PREVIOUSLY, AND THE SHOULDERS, ALSO, HAVE BEEN GIVEN MORE BREADTH.

ODD FEATURES OF COMMONPLACE ASPECT, WHICH MIGHT BE SUBJECT TO CRITICISM, HAVE BEEN STUDIOUSLY OMITTED WITH A VIEW TO GAINING THE SPIRIT OF CORRECTNESS KNOWN TO AND CARED FOR BY THE TYPE OF BUSINESS MAN WHO DEPENDS UPON HIS OWN CARRIAGE AND PERSONALITY TO SECURE AN AGREEABLE STYLE EFFECT.

THE FACT SHOULD NOT BE OVERLOOKED THAT THE SERVICE RENDERED BY THIS ESTABLISHMENT ASSURES CONVENIENCE AND PERMITS ONE TO SELECT, LEISURELY, CLOTHES WHICH ARE READY-TO-PUT-ON, ALTHOUGH IN DRAPE, SET-UP AND GENERAL CHARM THEY ENJOY THE APPEARANCE OF HAVING BEEN TAILORED TO ORDER.

A NICE DEGREE OF PLEASURE WILL BE DERIVED FROM THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE RANGE OF FABRICS IS MORE AMPLE THAN FORMERLY, AND THE POSSIBILITIES FOR CHOOSING PATTERNS OF DISTINCTION ARE INDEED AGREEABLY WIDE.

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT
THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON
TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY

5 West 46th. Street

The Claflin Sale

This sale takes place today and will doubtless demonstrate again the ability of the real estate market today to absorb vacant property.

The sale will be successful. Most of Joseph P. Day's sales are successful.

Mr. Day has the good judgment to make his lots more attractive by having the seller furnish to each purchaser, free of cost, a policy of our Company guaranteeing the title.

Our Company inaugurated this plan more than thirty years ago and very few successful sales have taken place without this feature.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO
Capital $5,000,000
Surplus $11,000,000
176 Broadway, 137 W. 125th St., 370 E. 149th St., 175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica, 67 Jackson Ave., L.I. City
90 Bay Street, St. George, Staten Island

AN ACCESSIBLE BROOKLYN BANK

LOCATED on the Williamsburgh Bridge Plaza, this bank is handy to reach from both Manhattan and Brooklyn. It is only one block from the Marcy Avenue Station of the Broadway (Brooklyn) Elevated—the first station across the bridge.

We receive many deposits by mail from various parts of the city, sent by customers who like the spirit and service of the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK —IN BROOKLYN
Established 1852
Broadway and Havemeyer Sts.
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

PAUL MONK'S JUVENILE SHOE SHOP

Even a perfect foot will yield to the evil influence of wrong shoes. The safest way of shoeing children or grown-ups is the Paul Monk way. Last year we confined ourselves to children's shoes. Now we carry correct lasts for women as well. From infancy to maturity the foot demands proper shoes. Shoes which are scientifically correct are fitted under the personal supervision of Mr. Paul Monk at his shoe shop. We specialize in—

DR. POSNER'S "FAMOUS"
Shoes for Infants
Shoes for Boys
Shoes for Growing Girls
Shoes for Women
Every size from AAAA to D widths with heels and lasts that are sensible.

PAUL MONK'S JUVENILE SHOE SHOP
25 W. 38th St.
BET. FIFTH AND SIXTH AVES.

healthful
POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL
"always fresh"
Easily Assimilated and Digested
Sold Everywhere

TRADE IN THE UNITED STATES.
Conditions in the Shipping, Iron and Steel, Textiles and Grain Trades described in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands, $5 a year by mail.—Advt.

ORDERS AIR RACE ACROSS THE NATION

Army Fliers to Start Simultaneously from Mineola and San Francisco.

GREATEST ENDURANCE TEST

Menoher Prescribes Rules for Contest, Which Is to Begin October 8.

Special to The New York Times.

HAZELHURST FIELD, MINEOLA, L. I., Sept. 22.—The greatest endurance tests ever attempted by military airplanes are to begin Oct. 8, when transcontinental flights will be started simultaneously here and at San Francisco under the direction of the Aircraft Division of the army. An order from Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher, commanding the Air Service, was received tonight, authorizing preparations for the tests tonight.

In his message, General Menoher prescribed the rules to govern the contest. The impression among officers at the field was that prizes or awards would be given to the winners of the events, but there was nothing in the order to guarantee this.

All army flyers with planes having speed of not less than 100 miles an hour will be permitted to participate. This will apply to all fliers in the Eastern, Central and Western Army Departments.

The airplanes starting from Mineola are to be numbered 1 to 50. Those starting at San Francisco will be numbered 50 to 100. To avoid accidents, night flying will be prohibited. The numerals are to be painted on each side of the fuselage, and upon the under side of one of the wings.

The flights are to one-way contests.

The flights are to be one-way contests, discretion in their machines or by rail. The rules of the race provide for three classes.

First, shortest air-line time across the continent, irrespective of efficiency or time.

Second, actual flying time, as calculated between control stations for each type of machine.

Third, fastest flying time, based on handicaps to be given to each class of machine.

There are to be four races, two east and two west. One each way will be governed by control stations, and the others will be direct air line routes. The control stations announced are: Binghamton, Rochester, Buffalo, Cleveland, Bryan, Ohio, Chicago, Rock Island, Des Moines, Omaha, St. Paul, North Platte, Sidney, Cheyenne, Olcott, Wolcott, Wyo., Green River, Wyo.; Salt Lake City, Salduro, Battle Mountain, Reno, and San Francisco.

The stops at these stations must be not less than thirty minutes, nor more than forty-eight hours. Stops at the controls are compulsory for all but the air-line pilots. Should contestants be forced to land, or should decide to land for any cause, at places outside of control, the time aground will be counted in their flying records.

NC-4 FLIES DOWN COAST.

Plane Which Crossed Ocean Taken to Atlantic City by Commander Read

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 22.—Lieut. Commander Albert C. Read flew from the United States Naval Aeronautic Station at Far Rockaway to Atlantic City in the historic NC-4 today, landed here. They made the trip of He reached here at 11:30, after an uneventful trip from Rockaway. This city is the first landing place in a recruiting trip which is to cover most of the eastern coast.

Commander Read and his crew of seven were warmly welcomed when they about ninety-five miles against a head wind. Thousands of visitors lined the bulkhead at the inlet or gathered at the Atlantic City Yacht Club to welcome the fliers. Their greeting to the NC-4 as she flew above their heads was noisy, and to the vocal expression of welcome was added the noise of church and fire bells and the hooting of automobile horns. Commander Read circled the city before he came to rest in the inlet.

Captain Reed, from the yacht Delphaine, passed a line to the plane and she was towed to a pier, where she will stay until the flight is resumed. Mayor Harry Bacharach, the City Commissioners and the heads of various civic organizations welcomed Commander Read and his crew. The band from the dreadnought Nevada, now in the Delaware, was at the landing place. Tonight Commander Read and his crew were the guests at a dinner in the Hotel Traymore.

The NC-4 will return to Rockaway tomorrow, leaving here at 2 P. M. Her next lap will be to Portland, Me., thence to Boston, Providence, New Haven, Philadelphia, and other points further down the coast.

ROCKAWAY POINT, L. I., Sept. 22.—The NC-4, the seaplane which was the first to make the transatlantic flight, left the Rockaway Point Naval Air Station this morning on the initial flight for recruits for the naval air stations.

Lieut. Commander A. C. Read, who was in charge of the seaplane when it made its flight across the Atlantic, was also in charge of today's flight. With him were three other members of the crew who made the ocean flight, Lieutenant Walter Hinton, pilot and operator; Lieutenant Herbert C. Rodd, radio operator, and Eugene C. Rhodes, chief machinist's mate. Others in the crew on today's flight were Lloyd R. Moore, chief machinist and engineering officer; Lieutenant Peter Talbot, pilot, constructor, and repair officer, and Charles J. Kessler, machinist.

FOR ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL.

Herman H. Harjes, Banker, Chairman of Committee in France.

Herman H. Harjes, of the Paris banking house of Morgan, Harjes & Co., has been designated as Chairman of the committee in France in the campaign for memorials of the late Col. Roosevelt, according to an announcement made yesterday by William Bryce Thompson, President of the Roosevelt Memorial Association. Mr. Thompson said that committees were being rapidly formed in all the Allied countries to afford the friends and admirers of Col. Roosevelt an opportunity to participate in the memorial movement.

Former State Senator William J. Tully will be Chairman of the Campaign Committee in this State, and T. Frank Manville in Greater New York, it was said yesterday at the headquarters of the Association at 1 Madison Avenue. Senator Tully, who has been general solicitor of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company for several years, was Chairman for the State during the War Savings campaign. Mr. Manville is a member of the H. W. Johns-Manville Company.

A film entitled "Through the Roosevelt Country with Roosevelt's Friends," produced by the association under the direction of Hermann Hagedorn, is to be used in connection with the campaign for members, which is to be conducted during the week of Oct. 20-27.

CROWDS AT FLOWER SHOW.

Wild and Cultivated Blooms at Washington Irving School.

The Fall flower show at Washington Irving High School is daily attracting hundreds of visitors, and it is said to be the largest exhibition ever conducted by the school.

There are flowers from the swamp meadows of New Jersey to the sand dunes of Far Rockaway in the display, besides hosts of cultivated flowers. The latter have been contributed by teachers, their friends, and the Park Department, including great quantities of gladoli, dahlias, senner, nasturtium, geraniums and asters. The show will close tomorrow at 9 P. M. It is open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

LANDLORDS TO FIGHT UNIONS OF TENANTS

Taxpayers' Association Voices Demands for Protection Against Rent Strikers.

OPPOSE LESSEE LANDLORD

High Wages and Short Hours Blamed for Rents That Workmen Are Unable to Pay.

United action for the protection of property owners against striking tenants was decided upon last night at a well-attended meeting of the Greater New York Taxpayers' Association, held in the Turnverein Hall at Lexington Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street. While declaring opposition to the rent profiteering and to the practice of subleasing, the members expressed themselves as believing that the landlord should receive a fair return on his equity, and that he deserved complete protection.

The 300 members present loudly applauded statements of speakers that wage earners were well able to pay the increase in rent. The only discordant note was sounded by Stuart Browne, President of the United Real Estate Association, who insisted that a fair return was due the landlord, but added that even now the average tenant was unable to pay the rent which the owner found it necessary to ask. Other speakers were Meyer Goldberg, President of the association; Isidore Berger, General Manager of the association; Thomas Krekeler, Howard M. Phillips, counsel for the organization; Max Wolff, representing the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering; Bernard Goodman, and Samuel S. Isaacs.

Explaining the purpose of the meeting, President Goldberg said: "The landlords believe that a fair increase in rents must be made to meet the increased cost of living, and the increased cost of material for construction and maintenance. The association is absolutely opposed to the lessee landlord. No such landlord can become a member."

Mr. Berger said the association was directing a strong fight against the socialistic tenants' leagues that have been causing much trouble. The association, he said, welcomed and was working in close harmony with the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, representatives of the association being in daily attendance upon the sessions of the Mayor's committee.

Opening his speech with the assurance that he had no interest in apartment house property, Mr. Browne said that for many years he had believed that the worker was not receiving a square deal. "I am somewhat of a semi-paternal Socialist," he said, "and yet an individualist. I believe that if in wartime it is right to put men above property it is right to do it in times of peace.

"For many years the owner of real estate has run it at a loss and many properties have been foreclosed, but I never noticed that the politician worried how the rents could be raised. I prophesy that rents will go still higher during the next three or four years. The trouble with rents is that you can't build property now and rent it at such a rate as the tenant ought to pay. The American pays too great a proportion of his income for rent. It is 40 per cent. in many cases, yet this is necessary to bring a fair return on the property. One of the reasons for this is labor. The unions are largely responsible. I am a friend of the union, but I say that if $10 or $12 a day is paid for short hours of work the value of the building becomes twice what it should be, and then the very workmen who have been earning those wages kick at a rent rate for which they have been largely responsible. Things are out of gear, but as a whole the landlords are not to blame. The earning power of the people is not great enough for the rents that must be paid."

Mr. Phillips, the counsel for the association, berated the judges for handing down decisions favoring the tenants, and thus "aiding a movement which is undermining property rights." He felt that the owner had a right to get back from his tenants what he had been sinking in his property in the past.

Nothing as Good in Corn Flakes says Bobby

These fresh crisp bits of toasted white corn

POST TOASTIES

NEW WOODEN BOXES.

Government-made Boxes for sale cheaper than the lumber can be bought to manufacture.

If these sizes interest you please communicate with me promptly. Will send agent to you with samples. These boxes are made of No. 1 White and Yellow Pine, dressed material; No. 1 workmanship throughout. Inside dimension: 15 7-16x8x7 8-16, ¾-inch material; 22x8½x6½, ½-inch material; 16½x7⅝x12⅝, ¾-inch material; 20x12⅝x7½, ¾-inch material. Shook form: 15x7x7, 1-inch material; 20⅝x12⅝x12⅝, 1-inch material; 31½x7⅝x6½, ¾-inch material; 20⅝x17x12, zinc lined. Wooden export box, with patent air top cover, made one-inch material; ideal box for export shipment.

These boxes can be used for shipping foodstuffs, chemicals, electrical supplies, foundry supplies, etc. Address T 145 Times.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street
Facing Greeley Square

BACKBONE!

Employers Need It, When Standing Up, Rock-Like, For Pure Principle.

Employees Need It, When They And Their Dependents Stand In The Shadow Of Want Through Evil Counsel.

Merchants Need It, To Withstand The Glittering Lure To Get Big Profits From Goods While The Getting's Good.

The John David Shop Has The Backbone To Reject Shady Merchandise; And The Backbone To Resist Exorbitant Prices; And The Backbone To Prefer The Gateway To Public Confidence To The Get-Away With Easy Money.

FOUNDED 1850 LONDON

TAILORED CLOTHES FOR YOUNG LADIES

We specialize in the production of smartly tailored suits, dresses, top coats and sports clothing for young ladies from 14 to 19 years.

Our exclusive and distinctive models are of the character and quality sought by young ladies who attend fashionable finishing schools and colleges, and are made of fine English, Scotch and Irish woolens of our own importation.

We present complete assortments of headwear and footwear especially designed to be worn with our outer apparel for young ladies.

Young Ladies' Tailored Suits in tweeds, jersey cloth, velour and duvetyne.

Tailored Dresses in jersey cloth, English navy serge and tricotine.

Top Coats in bolivia, velour, tweeds, English mixtures and jersey cloth.

Tailored Hats especially designed to be worn with De Pinna outer apparel.

"Anniped" Shoes.

DE PINNA
5th Avenue at 50th Street

WEAR-EVER ALUMINUM TRADE MARK

The Breakfast Coffee

Steaming with fragrance—amber-like in its clearness—the breakfast coffee is perfect when prepared in a shining, silver-like

"Wear-Ever"
Aluminum Coffee Pot

Because "Wear-Ever" holds the heat, you can serve the coffee at the table.

"Wear-Ever" utensils are made in one piece from thick, hard sheet aluminum without joints or seams. Cannot rust, crack or chip—are pure and safe.

Replace utensils that wear out With utensils that "Wear-Ever."

Look for the "Wear-Ever" trade mark on the bottom of each utensil.

The Aluminum Cooking Utensil Co.
New Kensington, Pa.

With the Moose the Foxes and the Bracing Autumn Winds

One of the Many Abercrombie & Fitch Fall Topcoats

WOODS and winds are whispering their secrets, before the great frost comes. On the morning breeze there floats a challenge to the tanned cheek and the leather jacket.

The big game rifle has been limbered up for moose and mountain sheep; the shotgun is oiled and ready for snipe and duck in the lowlands or quail in the hillside thickets.

It's corduroys and hunting boots for the men and women bound for Maine; thornproofs for the stubble; sturdy shooting jackets and waders for those in quest of the shore birds.

And it's guns—always a new gun to be added to equipment—selected here from the largest assortment in existence, despite a worldwide scarcity.

★ ★

THEN there's the fox, throwing the hounds off as he lopes along the stone wall and jumps and doubles back—quite the leader of Fall styles in riding clothes, when the hunt club trails along.

For next week it's October again, and November is in sight, and the call of the fields is ringing as clear as the church chimes on the hill!

★ ★

TWEEDS and homespuns donned in town—luncheon at the Ritz—a stimulating spin over Long Island roads, with a peep of cornflowers and blue asters between the fleeting hedgerows—what season can match it?

Even the golf links, ever whimsical, have saved their best for the last, with fairways fresh and springy and putting greens smooth as velvet.

Sturdy Outfits in Which You Bid Stubble and Thorns Defiance

★ ★

INVIGORATING, bracing, inspiriting—tuning body and brain for the Winter campaign in town—the first consideration in all this Autumn sport is the comfort and character of the outdoor clothes you wear.

The greatest sporting goods store in the world has always paid first attention to clothing the outdoor man and woman, the sportsman, the traveler and the explorer, in a manner to furnish utmost comfort and enjoyment.

Riding to hounds or driving off the first tee, journeying by sleeper and palatial steamer to Hong Kong or exploring in Tibet, shooting in Maine or motoring on the grand tour, Abercrombie & Fitch clothes long since came to be the internationally accepted standards.

Homespun Suits to Which City, Country and Travel Are One

The Cold Rains of November Cannot Ruffle Its Poise

Clothes Which Mate With Heather and Scarlet Leaves

THE new season has brought new fabrics and new models for both men and women—designs and adaptations worked out by Abercrombie & Fitch designers and tailors, in which smartness has been *even increased* and the necessary simplicity retained.

The new season has also brought the wide increase in assortments demanded by the most rapidly growing business of its kind in the world.

Abercrombie & Fitch designers and tailors—a compact organization in constant touch with the *actual demands* of the greatest international sportsmen, sportswomen and travelers—deal with this one type of clothes alone.

★ ★

MEN'S clothes for Autumn and Winter, now ready for service in the Abercrombie & Fitch store, include a wide variety of city and country sack suits of imported English, Irish, Scotch and Welsh Tweeds and homespuns, and their own thornproofs.

These suits are particularly useful, as they may be worn in town with propriety and are the logical clothes for travel.

Golf suits, riding suits, hunting suits—and the topcoat, hat or cap, boots and shirts which best comport with each outfit.

Motor coats, storm coats and rain coats which are unusual combinations of sturdiness and smartness, embodying the best that England furnishes with the best that Abercrombie & Fitch tailors can make of fabrics specially imported by this house.

Tweed Golf Suits—Fall Assortments of Infinite Variety

★ ★

BOYS and youths have come in for greatly increased attention, befitting their importance as the future sportsmen and captains of industry, in the Abercrombie & Fitch Fall assortments.

The schoolboy may now select suits, topcoats, overcoats, hats and caps, as well as shoes, with that atmosphere of thoroughbred Abercrombie & Fitch fitness which he has envied in his father's clothes from the same place.

★ ★

WOMEN'S suits, topcoats, hats, skirts, shirts, sweaters, waistcoats, riding clothes—what further message is necessary than that the Abercrombie & Fitch Fall and Winter models are ready in all their completeness?

The announcement has become a metropolitan event much of the same recognized import as that of the annual Horse Show and the opening of the Opera.

The smell of the heather and the tang of the wind—there is a picture of outdoor freedom and enjoyment, a scene of the countryside or the brilliant Autumn woods, linked with every item in this wonderfully complete establishment.

There are boots and turbans, berets and brogues, stocks and crops which one would look for far in vain. In outdoor footwear no such selections exist elsewhere in the world.

★ ★

THE Abercrombie & Fitch custom departments, for both men and women, have expanded in size and importance in consonance with the general expansion of the business. Your special orders will be executed with the utmost promptness, from a selection of tweeds, homespuns, camel's hair and other imported woolens not to be duplicated in this country.

Outdoor Clothes for Boys Which Rival Those of Their Fathers

Write for New Illustrated Booklets on Autumn Outdoor Clothes for Women, Men, Girls and Boys.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Ezra H. Fitch, President

Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, New York

"THE GREATEST SPORTING GOODS STORE IN THE WORLD"

TRADES HELP SWELL JEWISH FUND TOTAL

Jewelry Division Reports $91,000 in Contributions for the United Building Campaign.

ASKS GENERAL SUPPORT

Committee on Operations Issues Appeal—Retired Business Men Give $67,100.

The United Building Fund Campaign of the Federated Jewish Institutions was several hundred thousand dollars nearer its $10,000,000 goal when the various trade Chairmen had reported at yesterday's rally at the Hotel Biltmore. James J. Loeb, for the jewelry trade, announced that his division had reached a total of $91,000, and Julius Loeb of the metal industries announced contributions of $11,500.

William Goldman, for the clothing industries, announced further contributions of $34,000, while Herman Lissner made it known that during the day he had received for the fund $10,400. J. Leon Lascoff, for the druggists, announced additions of $3,325, with a quota of $9,000 overreached by $5,000. For the advertising group Carl Kaufman announced $31,007.

In a statement issued by Aaron E. Nusbaum, Chairman of the Committee on Operations, he said:

"While it is true that some of the contributors to the United Building Fund have responded freely and in large amounts to the fund, there still seems to be some doubt in the minds of many as to the urgency of the need for the money and the amount required to fulfill these needs. Unless every one responds, and to the full amount of his just share, the fund will not and cannot expect to be a success. The thirty-one institutions expect every Jew to do his duty in this connection."

Mr. Nusbaum reported for the retired business men's group $67,100, which included subscriptions from the following: Ten thousand dollars from Maurice Frankfort, $10,000 from Max Nathan, $5,000 from Fred M. Stein, $5,000 from Oscar S. Straus, $5,000 from Mr. and Mrs. Myron I. Borg, and $20,000 from Mr. Nusbaum. Among the large individual subscriptions were $10,000 from Adolph Ochs and $5,000 from Truly Warner.

Dr. I. Edwin Goldwasser, Executive Director of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropies, reported that 671 directors of the institutions participating in the drive had sent in contributions and that of 2,900 names in a special list the majority had sent in pledges.

This afternoon at the rally Jacob H. Schiff will address the gathering. Mr. Schiff is Chairman of the directors' campaign.

NERVOUS PATIENT DROWNED

Scranton Mining Engineer Found Dead in Shallow Water.

The body of Arthur H. Storrs, a mining engineer of Scranton, Penn., was found early last evening by several boys who were playing among the rocks off Hunter's Island, in the Bronx. The body was in shallow water. After Dr. Rammon of the Fordham Hospital had examined the body and decided it had been in the water only a few hours, it was removed to the Fordham Morgue, where it was identified by Miss Mary Flynn, 1140 East 180th Street, as Storrs. Miss Flynn, who lives on Rosedale Avenue, Pelham Manor, near Hunter's Island.

She told the police that Mr. Storrs had been under treatment for nervousness at her home all Summer. She said he left her house shortly after noon yesterday to take a customary walk in the direction of Hunter's Island. An inlet of Long Island Sound comes in to the rocky shore of Hunter's Island and the police believe that Mr. Storrs was standing on a rock when he either slipped and fell into the water or was overcome by a giddy attack. The dead man had two daughters, who are said to live in Scranton.

Commits Suicide at 90 Years of Age.

John Poland of 136 Crescent Street, Long Island City, became tired of life at 90 years of age yesterday, and going into the barn at the rear of his home, where he kept his horse and peddler wagon, committed suicide by hanging himself from a rafter. He was found a short time afterward by his sister, Mrs. Annie O'Brien, with whom he made his home. Mrs. O'Brien, who is nearly forty years younger than her brother, said that he had no other relatives. He had been a peddler until a few weeks ago, when he decided that it was time to retire, and gave up his business.

HARVARD: Black Kid, Black Calf, Mahogany Calf, Patent Leather

Comfort, Health and Economy

demand that you wear the Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes. They are the best comfort and health insurance that your feet can have.

These shoes protect the feet at all times, they relieve them of all strains and undue labors, besides preventing shocks or jolts from the hard pavements from reaching even the soles of the feet.

Start wearing the Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes to-day and let your feet have the comfort and protection they cannot well afford to be without.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES

Best Value Made by

J. P. SMITH SHOE CO.

SOLD ONLY AT

1372 Broadway, at 37th Street
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.
Send for Illustrated Booklet

BULLOCK POST AIDS O'RYAN.

American Legion Post Pledges Support to Red Cross Drive.

A meeting of the Harry A. Bullock Post of the American Legion was held last night at Laurel Garden, Madison Avenue and 116th Street. This post was named in memory of Captain Harry A. Bullock, formerly a member of the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, who was killed in France. About 150 of the 300 members attended last night's meeting and they unanimously adopted a resolution pledging the support of the post to General O'Ryan in his approaching Red Cross drive.

Sidney Fraser, a former member of the Medical Corps, who moved the resolution, said that it was hoped to thus start the ball rolling and that all other posts of the American Legion would make similar pledges to help in the Red Cross drive.

"Some of us may not have time to aid General O'Ryan as clerks," he added, "but we shall one and all do something. Every one will be a solicitor at least, and those of us who can do more will help wherever General O'Ryan assigns us."

Chinese Opposition to Consortium.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Sept. 22.—It has hitherto been understood that enlightened Chinese opinion favored in principle the formation of the consortium proposed, but apparently different views assert themselves among Chinese, whose main objection is that it eliminates competition, thereby compelling China to accept any terms offered.

BENNETT ASKS RIGHT TO INSPECT BALLOTS

Defeated Opponent of La Guardia Will Demand Recount if Examination Justifies It.

CITES SWANN'S INQUIRY

Inspection of Ballots Can Be Completed in a Few Hours, Candidate Says.

On the application of ex-State Senator William Bennett, candidate for the nomination for President of the Board of Aldermen in the Republican primaries, Justice Irving H. Lehman yesterday granted an order directed to the Board of Elections and Representative Fiorell H. La Guardia, Mr. Bennett's opponent, who on the face of the returns won the nomination, to show cause why Mr. Bennett should not be permitted to inspect the party primary ballots cast in Manhattan and the Bronx. The order was made returnable in Special Term, Part I, this morning.

Mr. Bennett said last night that the application was preliminary to a recount which will be demanded in the event that the examination of the ballots should show justification for such a demand.

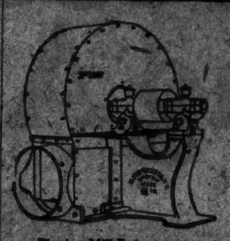
Under Section 376 of the Election Law any candidate is entitled "as of right to an examination in person or by authorized agents of any ballots upon which his name lawfully appeared as that of a candidate." The law provides that the court shall prescribe such conditions, as of notice to other candidates, as it shall deem necessary and proper. The order of Justice Lehman, it was stated, was issued to bring the rival candidate into court for the purpose of arriving at an agreement with reference to procedure.

In his petition, filed through his counsel, Theodore M. Baylor of 15 William street, Mr. Bennett calls attention to irregularities in the returns brought to light through an investigation conducted by District Attorney Swann and the examination of the return blanks by agents of Mr. Bennett. District Attorney Swann after questioning approximately 200 voters from lower east side districts dropped his inquiry.

Mr. Bennett suggested that the ballot boxes from Manhattan and the Bronx be brought to the office of the Board of Elections in the Municipal Building and be opened there. He expressed as his opinion that the work can be completed in a few hours.

On behalf of Representative La Guardia, Mr. Bennett's opponent for the nomination, it was said last night at his headquarters in the Hotel Imperial that he would place no obstacle in the way of an examination of the ballots, but on the contrary would do all in his power to facilitate and expedite proceedings.

Sturtevant AIR TO WORK



Planing Mill Exhausters
Sturtevant Planing Mill Exhausters collect and convey shavings, carry wood dust, chaff, cotton, grain, and all materials which can be conveyed in a current of air. Sizes 30 in. to 100 in.

AIR sucks coal from a ship's hold with the same facility that it conveys popcorn in a candy factory. Air conveying is cleaner and requires less handling than mechanical conveying.

Perhaps it would pay to put air to work in your plant. Why not find out by having a Sturtevant air expert call?

Telephone Murray Hill 9220

B. F. STURTEVANT COMPANY
F. S. KRAG, MGR.
52 Vanderbilt Ave., New York

Fans Blowers Engines Turbines

THERE is a tremendous satisfaction to us in selling the Liberty.

We know in advance the pleasant things that are certain to happen. In the first ten minutes of demonstration, the Liberty reveals the delightful difference in the way it rides and drives.

Its consistent performance thereafter, and the admiration its beauty always arouses, are a constant source of pleasure to the owner.

We feel that in distributing the Liberty in this community we are building a business that is bound to endure, because it is based on sustained and continuous satisfaction.

E. S. PARTRIDGE & CO., Inc.
1826-28 BROADWAY, at 60th St.
NEW YORK CITY COLUMBUS 7333

LIBERTY SIX

The Red Cross Magazine Has a New Job—

NO! *The Red Cross Magazine* didn't die on November 11th! Like the rest of the world, it just took a deep breath and looked around for its new place in the scheme of things.

Before November 11th its pages told you of the world's needs. It asked you to open your heart and your purse to help foreign causes. That was its job during the war.

But the war is over and *The Red Cross Magazine* has "come home."

And it has found its new job. It is going to work for America! Not as a mercy magazine or a propaganda publication—No!

Under the editorship of that able magazine editor, John S. Phillips, it is going to be

America's "Get-together Magazine

Dedicated to America, it will be the common meeting ground for *all of us*, regardless of race, class or creed—a place where we can meet as fellow citizens and talk over all of our problems.

It will be a sort of monthly town-meeting-in-type, that will not only entertain us, but will inspire us all to be of greater use to ourselves, our neighbors and *our* America.

Subscriptions to *The Red Cross Magazine* will no longer be solicited in connection with Red Cross membership.

The magazine will continue to be published by The American Red Cross, but it will be offered to ALL Americans, whether they are Red Cross members or not, at exactly the same price.

For you see, *The Red Cross Magazine* is to be edited for all of us. It is to be your magazine—my magazine—OUR magazine.

"The most wonderful Father in the world"

So thought the four boys who romped through the halls of the White House throwing pillows at the President of the United States!

Don't miss the delightfully intimate and wonderfully inspiring story—

Theodore Roosevelt, *the* Father

by Hermann Hagedorn, author of "A Boy's Life of Roosevelt." He tells about the great ex-President as Ted, Archie, Kermit and Quentin knew him.

The Red Cross Magazine

20c the Copy for October—Out Today on the News stands

TO BECOME "the most wonderful father," Roosevelt worked as hard as he did at everything else, and studied as much. And many of the things he learned will prove tremendously helpful to other fathers and mothers.

Being a father was a beautiful "job" with him, and one that never wearied or never bored him. The relationship between himself and his children was tender, splendid, enduring, stimulating.

He never broke a promise to them and he never failed to punish them when he said he would.

The simple philosophy of life that he taught his boys is told in five short paragraphs, and it will fit every boy—yes, and girl, too—in America.

The whole story is told as only this writer, who is a member of the Executive Committee of the Roosevelt Memorial Association and who intimately knew and loved Roosevelt, could tell it.

To every reader it will bring a deeper appreciation of this outstanding American character and prove an inspiration.

While to fathers and mothers of boys this story might well be worth the price of a life's subscription to *The Red Cross Magazine* instead of the paltry 20 cents the October issue costs.

A New way to Rule the Unruly Dollar

AS A WELL-KNOWN editor remarked the other day, "Something has happened to our good old dollar bill. It still *looks* like a dollar, all right, but it *buys* like fifty cents."

In one of the most interesting, as well as thought-provoking, articles that has appeared for a long time

Irving Fisher
Professor of Political Economy in Yale University

tells the real reason why we are living on a fifty-cent dollar.

"It isn't the profiteer," says Professor Fisher. "He simply happened to be the lucky winner in the lottery."

No; "profiteering, trusts, labor unions, strikes, marketing by telephone, extravagance, drought and all the forty other explanations which have been offered have about as much influence on the H. C. of L. as a rainstorm has on the height of Pike's Peak."

What then? The real fault lies with our dollar.

Professor Fisher proposes a brand new kind of a Dollar, a most interesting Dollar representing, not 25.8 grains of gold nine-tenths fine, but:

2 board feet of lumber
1/20 of a bushel of wheat
¼ of a pound of meat
20 pounds of coal
1/100 of a barrel of white flour
1 pound of sugar
1 pint of milk
1 egg; 1 ounce of butter
1/7 of an ounce of wool
¼ of a pound of steel
1 ounce of copper, etc.

And he's serious about this Dollar, too. Furthermore, it has the approval of many well-known men—President Hadley of Yale, Frank A. Vanderlip, George Foster Peabody, Henry L. Higginson, Roger W. Babson, John Hays Hammond, and many others.

You are going to hear a great deal about Professor Fisher's new Dollar before long. Get *The Red Cross Magazine* for October and learn, first hand, all about it right now. As a well-posted man or woman you can't afford to miss "The Unruly Dollar."

"War has torn the blindage from the preacher's cave."

Whether you ever go to church or not

Be sure to read Frank Ward O'Malley's "Gone—the Chore Boy of the Pulpit."

An interview with

Paul Dwight Moody
Asst. Chief Chaplain of the A. E. F.

You'll be rather startled, perhaps, at some of the things Chaplain Moody, son of the noted Evangelist, has to say about our ministers who went to France with the A. E. F.—and those who didn't.

You'll learn why a machine gun battalion made up of Baptists, Roman Catholics, Jews, Methodists, Presbyterians—and probably some agnostics—*all* answered "Roman Catholic" to their names when the roll was called.

You'll be thrilled at his little story of the British despatch bearer who made a beautiful prayer with a curse as he trundled out his motorcycle and started on a dangerous errand.

You'll learn why nearly every executive job of a religious nature in the overseas army was held by a Congregational chaplain, and which two churches got closest to the men.

And you'll understand why the returning chaplains won't be content to "take up the old life of chore boy to the Woman's Aid Society."

This is no ordinary story. Chaplain Moody speaks right out in meeting—honestly, fearlessly and *faithfully*.

It's not only a most fascinating story but probably the very best thing yet published on what the war has done for and to religion.

Your Magazine

THE Red Cross Magazine literally belongs to the American people, for it is a part of the great American Red Cross, which represents every one of us. It is—

Your magazine
My magazine
OUR magazine

If you already receive it, be sure to look up the October issue and read the stories and articles described here. If you are not a subscriber, get your name in for a year's subscription beginning with the October issue. See special $1.00 offer in last column.

Other Good Things in the October Issue

The First Day of School.
By *Ellis Parker Butler.*

Mending Your Business.
The story of John Leitch and his successful Industrial Democracy Plan.
By *William Almon Wolff.*

Why I Live in the Country.
By *Walter Prichard Eaton.*

The New City of Beautiful Slums.
By *Dr. Frank Crane.*

Compree Comes to America—A dog story.
By *A. W. Alcott.*

The School That Everybody Wants.
By *Angelo Patri.*
New York's most famous schoolmaster.

Not to mention several other noteworthy stories and articles.

Identical Dollar-Back Offer

THE present subscription price of $1.00 a year will be discontinued after January 1st. On that date the subscription price to all, whether Red Cross members or not, will be advanced to $1.50 a year, to cover the increased cost of publishing.

$1.00 a year now—$1.50 after Jan. 1st

But we are going to give every one who is not a subscriber a chance to subscribe at the old rate of $1.00 a year, and renew the subscriptions of present subscribers for another year (regardless of when their subscriptions expire) for $1.00 if they send their renewals in promptly.

WE ARE SO SURE you will like *The Red Cross Magazine* in its new large size and with its inspiring new editorial policy, that we're going to make a bargain with you:

Identical Dollar-Back Guarantee

Write your name and address plainly on the Special Coupon below. Pin a dollar bill or your personal check for $1.00 to the Coupon and mail it to us.

Your subscription will start with the October issue or, if you are a subscriber already, with the expiration of your present subscription.

Now, when the October issue reaches you, read it. If you don't feel *very sure* that 12 issues of such a magazine will be well worth a dollar to you, just write us a note saying so, any time before December 1st, and we'll return *your identical dollar bill or check*, and cancel the rest of your subscription.

We're going to keep your dollar right in our big safe until we are sure that you are sure that you like the new *Red Cross Magazine* and consider it well worth your dollar.

But don't put off sending your subscription. Reach for your purse or your check book right now, while you have this newspaper before you. Fill out the Special Coupon, pin the bill or check to it, and mail it at once.

THE RED CROSS MAGAZINE
124 East 28th Street New York City

Identical Dollar-Back Coupon 101
Subscription Dept., The Red Cross Magazine,
124 East 28th Street, New York City.

Gentlemen: Inclosed is my $1.00 for one year's subscription to *The Red Cross Magazine*. If after reading the October issue I do not feel very sure that 12 issues of the magazine will be well worth $1.00 to me, I can, according to your Dollar-Back offer, write you any time before December 1st, 1919, and you will return this identical dollar I am sending you.

Name.....

Street and No.....

City or Town.....

Your Magazine—published by The American Red Cross

The September issue of THE CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, published by The New York Times Company, sheds a flood of light on the confused state of affairs existing throughout the nations of the world, by telling the story of the chief happenings in each during August, based on fundamental facts in every case, without comment.

The Chinese-Japanese controversy is treated in several articles, including an eyewitness account of how Chinese students and merchants prevented the signing of the Peace Treaty, as told by Professor W. Reginald Wheeler, an American member of the Faculty of Hangchow College.

The Russian chaos is made understandable in its latest phases by means of four special articles, including one by Ludovic Naudeau, a French correspondent who was imprisoned five months by the Bolsheviki at Moscow, and another by John A. Embry, former American Consul at Omsk.

This issue also contains a remarkable report by the Omsk Government furnishing new and circumstantial proofs of the murder of the Czar and his family.

Affairs in the Balkan Peninsula are clarified by brief articles on the various countries of that region, and a remarkable revelation from official records is made by Captain Gordon-Smith of the Serbian Legation, showing that the Balkan disasters of 1916 were due to blundering in allied chancelleries. Germany's new Constitution is summarized, and the text of the Rhineland occupation terms, not previously printed in this country, is given.

The dramatic events in Hungary, the fall of Bela Kun and the brief rise of Archduke Joseph, are described, and Poland is seen at last as a free nation.

American subjects include the Senate debate on treaty ratification, the demobilization of our armies, the railway union demands, the "Plumb Plan," the fight against profiteering, the race riots, and a detailed analysis of a notable report of the Canadian Commission on Industrial Relations, analyzing the causes and cure of labor unrest.

16 Pages of Rotogravure Etchings.
20 Pages of International Cartoons.
No editorial comment—only facts—all facts procured from fundamental sources.
News stands 25 cents. $3 per year.

PREPARE EVIDENCE IN INSURANCE CASES

Connor and District Attorney Confer on Charges to be Submitted to the Grand Jury.

GETS FRAUD CONFESSIONS

Talley Tells of Saloon Keeper Who Acted as Go-Between for Claimants and State Worker.

Special Commissioner J. F. Connor, who is investigating charges involving employes of the State Insurance Fund of the State Industrial Commission, conferred with the District Attorney yesterday concerning the preparation of the testimony and evidence adduced at the inquiry and the charges that are to be submitted to the Grand Jury for criminal prosecution. It was not determined when the Grand Jury would begin to consider this feature of the investigation, as several days will be required to put the several complaints in proper form.

Mr. Connor will resume the inquiry at the City Hall tomorrow. Pending the completion of his investigation the District Attorney decided to proceed with the prosecution of each individual case that may be brought to his attention in the course of the hearing, and at the conclusion of the inquiry he will be ready to try the remaining charges. No estimate of the total amount of the alleged frauds by which grafters are charged with robbing both the State and injured workmen, has yet been made. Mr. Connor said he would attempt to compile a list of the offenses and the amount involved, which, he said, began in 1915.

Chief Assistant District Attorney A. J. Talley has obtained three confessions of complicity in the frauds, which were not included in the evidence brought out at the City Hall inquiry. One of these statements was taken by Talley at the bedside of an informant, who is under the care of a physician. Talley said that certain features of the fraud charges had been further strengthened by a fourth confession obtained yesterday. This, Talley said, had come in a statement from Stephen Zielkowski, a saloonkeeper of 387 Oakland Street, Brooklyn.

"Zielkowski told me that he had acted as a go-between for some of the employes and certain persons making claims to the State Insurance Fund," said Talley. "Zielkowski asserted that he was induced to do that by a former employe of the State Industrial Commission, who is now an employe of a private banker. According to Zielkowski's confession, his part in the scheme was that of cashing checks received by claimants from the fund.

"Zielkowski said he had been told by this man that one John Masonofsky had put in a claim which had 'not a leg to stand on,' but that if the claimant would agree to 'split' what he might receive he would be taken care of. This claimant got a check for $1,800, which Zielkowski said he had cashed, and for which he received $150. The other man got $780 and the remainder went to the claimant."

Talley said Zielkowski told of another claimant getting $1,300 and making a similar division.

141 WAR BRIDES ARRIVE.

Baby Born at Sea on the President Grant Gets $200 Purse.

In addition to 2,397 troops and civilian passengers the United States naval transport President Grant brought 141 brides of United States soldiers and sailors yesterday from Brest on her last trip as a troopship.

The youngest of the thirty-one babies on board was Nelly Grant Scott, who was born three days ago, and was removed with her mother yesterday to the Booth Memorial Hospital until they are able to go home. The passengers made a collection on board amounting to $200, which was handed to the mother to buy the baby a cradle and outfit in memory of the voyage.

CONZ TO BE DINNER GUEST.

Italian Admiral and Officers Will Be Entertained at Pershing Club.

Admiral Ugo Conz and twenty-five officers of the Italian battleship Conte di Cavour will be entertained tonight at a dinner dance given in their honor at Pershing Club, New York War Camp Community Service, Madison Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. Among the guests will be the Italian Consul, Romolo Tritonj and his wife; Dr. U. Rochida and Cavalier Mariani, Vice Consuls; General Amelio Guglielmotti, Colonel M. Serrati, Mr. and Mrs. Fiorello La Guardia, Justice J. J. Freschi, and Commander V. Greco.

The dinner will be at 7 o'clock, followed at 10 o'clock by dancing. Mrs. F. H. Garpsey, Mrs. L. B. MacNos, and other hostesses of Pershing Club, will receive, and society girls who have assisted at the officers' dances at Pershing Club will attend the dance.

The crew of the battleship enjoyed their first sightseeing trip through New York yesterday afternoon as the guests of the New York War Camp Community Service.

Fire Near Paris Costs Us $1,000,000.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The loss from the fire at the American camp at Miramas yesterday was estimated today at $1,000,000. The camp, at which American military stocks were kept, was totally destroyed. Half the loss was in the burning of foodstuffs.

FIRE ON LINER PUT OUT.

Steamship Vestris Will Continue Voyage to Argentina.

The agents of the Lampert & Holt Line at 42 Broadway, announced yesterday that a cabled dispatch had been received from St. Lucia stating that the liner Vestris, which put into the West Indian port with fire in her number 3 hold and had to land her 400 passengers, is expected to be able to continue her voyage to Brazil and Argentina in a few days.

The liner Tennyson of the same company, which had to put into Barbados on Saturday with a fire in her hold while on her voyage from Santos to New York, has not suffered any serious damage, the message received by the agents said, and will also be able to resume her voyage in a few days.

Proposes Inquiry Into Race Riots.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Investigation by the Senate Judiciary Committee of the recent race riots and lynchings over the country was proposed today by Senator Curtis, Republican, Kansas. His resolution was referred to the Judiciary Committee, which would be authorized to conduct hearings in any part of the United States and to recommend remedies for the situation.

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America's Most Unique Publication

There is only one Youth's Companion in all the United States, and it is without equal for those families that purpose to *live together, work together, play together, read* and *entertain together*. It is pre-eminently the Nation's Family Weekly

Togetherness is the marked quality of Companion families. Is there any finer picture of American home life—any greater purpose for a publication—any larger hope for the nation? It meets every wholesome taste without publishing an inferior or worthless line. That's the sort of reading you wish *your* family to have?

Mother just can't help liking *The Companion* through and through. She likes it for herself, likes to know what the children are feeding their minds upon, likes the stories, the Family Page, *The Companion* receipts and the doctor's corner. And above all *she believes in it*—because she sees the results in the home.

Father finds *Youth's Companion* Editorials are the clearest-cut, most impartial and widest in range of any editorial page published. You will catch him reading the adventure stories, too, as well as the big articles. Nature and Science and Current Events columns keep him posted. He knows that *Y. C.* humor is famous.

The Children's Page is a storehouse of appropriate things to read to the little ones before they are able to read for themselves. Nothing in publishing is harder to produce of a high order than a children's page. Strange how all ages read it, isn't it? Are we all just children grown bigger and older?

The Boys think the paper is all theirs. Their heads are into the adventure stories, the Boys' Page, the short stories, things to make, Stamps to Stick, games, trapping and everything that delights and helps your boys. If your eye is on their future this is the kind of reading you will wish them to have.

The Girls find the Girls' Page "after their own hearts." The Family Page also interests them, and, strange to say, they like the adventure stories quite as well as do the boys, although every issue has a special girls' story. *Y. C.* receipts, dainty things to make, pin-money ideas, special articles and other things of interest.

THE FIFTY-TWO WEEKLY ISSUES of The Companion cost less than five cents a week—being the equal of thirty-five volumes of carefully prepared original reading matter—and the weekly installments make the Stories, the Editorials, Current Events, Nature and Science doubly valuable to the business man, the busy woman, or the student in the family.

Start a Year of The Companion Now

Every New Subscriber who sends out and sends this slip with price of Offer mentioned, will at once have the choice of

1. THE YOUTH'S COMPANION—52 Splendid Weekly Issues.
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THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOSTON, MASS.

All for **$2.50**

PLAN TO KEEP UP OUR OCEAN TONNAGE

New Laws Committee of the Shipping Board Organizes to Better Conditions.

P. A. S. FRANKLIN CHAIRMAN

One-fourth of the World Tonnage Now Flies Under the American Flag.

The new Laws Committee of the United States Shipping Board, which was appointed last Friday, held its first meeting yesterday at the headquarters, 11 Broadway. P. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, was elected Chairman, and Captain C. A. McAllister of the American Bureau of Shipping was appointed Secretary. He will have an office in room 420 at the Custom House, where he will receive all complaints and recommendations relating to changes in the shipping laws. Criticism, it was pointed out, should always be accompanied by a suggestive remedy, as the committee wishes to make its report of a constructive rather than captious nature.

Some of the other members of the committee are: Homer L. Ferguson, President of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company; Alfred G. Smith, President of the Ward Line; David T. Warden, Manager of the Standard Oil fleet, and Darragh De Lancey of the United States Shipping Board.

"The United States Government and American shippers have as much money invested in ships, now in operation or building, as the total value of all the ships in the world in 1914, which is three and a half billion dollars," said Captain McAllister yesterday in speaking of the work of the newly appointed committee.

"One-quarter of the shipping of the world is under the American flag. What we want to do is keep it there. This is in comparison with just fifteen ocean going ships—count 'em—that flew the American flag in 1914. There are eight 9,000-ton ships now building at Newburg, fifty miles up the Hudson. Such a circumstance was never heard of before.

"The outlook at the present time seems to indicate that all the shipping laws as they stand may not be so unworkable as ordinary understanding declares they are. These laws have been a great bugaboo. The outstanding plats at the present moment are the wage question, tonnage classifications, load limits, and agreements like the mail contract. The wages paid American seamen before the war was a serious question. Now seamen of almost every nationality receive practically the same pay. Thus one obstacle has practically eliminated itself. The tonnage rating of American ships by the United States Bureau of Navigation causes dissatisfaction among American shippers, and the lack of designated Plimsoll lines, which are load-limits, on American ships admits of discrimination against American ships in foreign ports.

"These are the questions the board will tackle first in order to keep the United States the greatest shipping nation.

"Whether or not justifiable, there have for many years been criticisms of the navigation laws, including the steamboat inspection laws of the United States. Many persons have felt that the belated development of our merchant marine was due largely to antiquated requirements of the Federal Government concerning the construction and operation of our merchant vessels."

Chinese Report Mexican Atrocities.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Sept. 21.—The Government has received a report from a representative of Chinese residents in Mexico complaining of murders of Chinese men, women, and children and the burning of their homes.

Gillette For Men Abreast of the Times

No Stropping—No Honing

NO TIME now for wasteful methods. Busy men of today can't afford to bother with things that are inefficient.

When a man can shave in three minutes with a Gillette Safety Razor—the smoothest and quickest shave he ever had in his life —why should he take as long again to get some other razor ready for business?

Think what the wonderful Gillette Blade means in shaving efficiency. The finest grade of high carbon steel scientifically hardened and tempered — sharpened for you at the factory—that is the Gillette Blade, the most effective and economical shaving edge known.

The Gillette is the only safety razor blade readily adjustable to any type of beard, light or heavy or in between. A slight turn of the handle fits the curve of the blade to any degree of close shaving desired.

To be abreast of the times, invest in a Gillette—the one real shaving service.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR CO.
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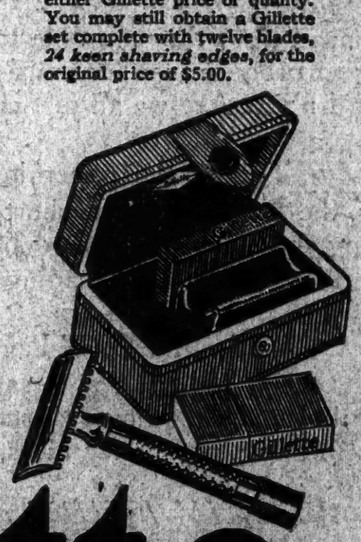
Consider the saving the Gillette Blade affords to millions of Gillette users. Twelve double-edged blades—*24 keen shaving edges* — for $1.00, each edge capable of giving many velvet-smooth shaves, and each the best shaving edge ever produced.

No. 460 Standard Set

There are a number of Gillette models besides the one you see here, each as beautifully finished as your watch, a fit companion for your most valued personal belongings.

The Gillette Company has not allowed rising costs to affect either Gillette price or quality. You may still obtain a Gillette set complete with twelve blades, *24 keen shaving edges*, for the original price of $5.00.



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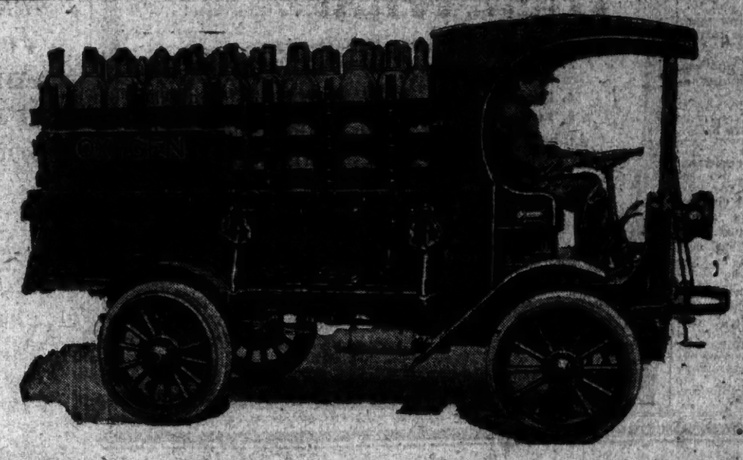

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Aftersale service is an all-important consideration in purchasing a motor truck.

The Autocar is manufactured in its entirety by The Autocar Company at Ardmore, Pa. Its makers assume complete and undivided responsibility for every Autocar made.

Wherever you buy an Autocar its makers put at your disposal complete aftersale service facilities, through its direct factory branches and dealers.

Chassis (1½-2 ton)
$2300 97-inch wheelbase
$2400 120-inch wheelbase

Write for the illustrated Autocar catalog that lists some 6000 of the Autocar users.

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LABOR UNREST.

The causes and cure of labor unrest are ably reviewed in a summary of the report of the Canadian Commission on Industrial Relations in September issue of Current History. The report of this Commission covers many industrial problems. Current History is a monthly magazine published by The New York Times Company. In it is presented a monthly review of the great events in the world. 35c a copy at news stands. $3.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

PRINTERS' LEAGUE TO AVOID LOCKOUT

Chairman of Labor Committee Says Efforts for Amicable Agreement Will Continue.

GAS WORKERS ARE ENJOINED

Clerical Union Seeks New Members —Bushelmen In New Demands— Hatters to Oppose Union.

While no word had been received officially by the employing printers relative to the attitude of the union on the question of a forty-four hour week and more money, William Green, Chairman of the Labor Committee of the Printers' League, last night issued the following statement after a meeting of the employing printers at the Republican Club:

"What the printers want is some degree of stability in the industry. Naturally, this condition can only be obtained through contracts, fairly made and faithfully kept. The employers have consistently stood for observance of old contracts and for methods of conference, conciliation, and arbitration in the making of new ones.

"We have placed no limitations or exceptions on this policy in the present controversy. For example, although both the employers' and unions' national organizations have agreed on May 1, 1921, as a practicable date for the establishment of the forty-four hour week, we have offered even to arbitrate on that point. On the contrary, the local unions have refused to discuss wages or working conditions unless the forty-four hour week was first conceded, arbitration or no arbitration.

"A lockout, or any action that could possibly be construed as a lockout, has and will be avoided, since our whole effort is to settle the points at issue through amicable means. In this connection the printers will keep their plants open in all departments on next Wednesday afternoon, when the pressmen and feeders have served notice they will decline to work. This is in spite of the fact that the concerted action to cease work at that time will be another clear violation of their contract."

Pressman Denies Strike Call.

Bernard Nolan, President of Printing Pressman's Union 51, said yesterday that the assertion that he had called a strike was unfair to him and untrue. He said that at no time had he suggested such a procedure. The pressmen in one large concern, he said, were facing a lockout. The printing industry was arranging a wage and working scale when the officials of the International Union came here and without meeting the local union decided to take the employers' side against the local workers.

Enjoin Brooklyn Gas Workers.

The Brooklyn Gas Company, several hundred of whose men have been on a strike for several weeks, but whose places are said by officials of the company to have been filled, yesterday obtained from Supreme Court Justice Callaghan, in Brooklyn, a temporary injunction restraining the officers and members of the Brooklyn Gas Workers' Protective Union, individually and collectively, from interfering in any way with the patrons of the gas company.

The gas company, in its affidavit, alleged that last Wednesday the company found a drip pot, of the type used to catch water from meters, filled with water and overflowing into the gas mains, and that if it had continued to flow into the mains the entire system of the gas company would have been flooded, shutting off the gas all over Brooklyn.

The company further sets out, in its affidavit, that at 62 Queens Boulevard, in a cellar in a vacant building, a gas meter was taken out and a four-foot pipe connected with a water faucet and the supply pipe of the gas meter with the water turned on and running into the supply pipe. It is also alleged that last Thursday meters were found punctured near Palmetto and Grove Streets.

The order is returnable on Sept. 30, when the question of a permanent injunction will be argued.

The strike of gas makers has been in progress for more than two weeks.

Shipyard Workers Claim Lockout.

Joining with their fellow workers in Brooklyn in an effort to force the forty-four-hour week 2,500 employes of the two shipyards of the Staten Island Shipbuilding Corporation at Mariners Harbor and Port Richmond, Staten Island, quit work at noon last Saturday, in spite of notices posted Saturday morning that all employes must work the full day or lose their positions. When the 500 returned to work yesterday they were not taken back. Sixty per cent. of the employes at the Mariners Harbor yard and 75 per cent. of those in the Port Richmond yard are out.

The men asserted yesterday that when they reported back to work they were locked out, but A. J. Hinton, Secretary of the company, emphatically stated that the men were not locked out, but that they had been duly warned of the Government rule requiring them to work forty-eight hours a week and had failed to obey instructions. The only way the men can come back, he said, would be to agree to work the forty-eight-hour week.

Clerical Workers' Union Busy.

An intensive campaign for the enrollment of new members of the Stenographers, Bookkeepers and Accountants' Union, 12646, with headquarters at 32 Union Square, will be started next Monday, according to a statement made at the offices of the union yesterday afternoon. At that time Miss Anna Dubrowitz, who has been connected with the ladies' waist and dress workers, will take charge as organizer.

The plan provides for the organization of the clerical help in one industry at a time. When all available material has been seen in one particular line, the organizer will then go into another line. The union, it is said, now has between 700 and 800 members. Five hundred persons holding clerical positions in the milk industry were taken into the union at a meeting a few nights ago at the Central Opera House, it was said.

Bushelmen's Union Demands.

The Retail and Custom Bushelmen's Union, Local 260 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, has sent to all custom and department stores in the city a new set of demands. A reply is requested by Wednesday, when the committee will hold a meeting and canvass the result.

The demands are as follows: Minimum wage scale of $40 a week, forty-four-hour week, double time for overtime, pay for legal holidays, payday to be on Saturdays instead of weekdays, sanitary and daylight shops, collective bargaining. It is said that 1,000 men are employed in this line. The majority are in the department stores as alteration workers on men's and ladies' ready-to-wear garments, it is said.

Technical Men to Meet.

The Union of Technical Men, 16,332, will hold a meeting tonight in Bronx Hall, 177th Street and Tremont Avenue, when it is expected resolutions will be adopted asking for a salary increase of 100 per cent. for all men engaged in the technical trades and also demands for laws to license electrical, mechanical, and civil engineers, chemists, and architects.

The union would have the salary increase apply throughout the United States.

Hatters Refuse to Deal With Union.

The National Association of Ladies' Hatters, embracing practically all in this branch of the millinery industry, held a meeting last night at the Hotel Astor, and announced that they would not deal with the representatives of the Millinery and Straw Hat Workers' Union, which is affiliated with the United Cloth and Cap Makers' Union of North America. The houses represented at the meeting are in the so-called uptown district, which lies between Thirty-third and Tieth Streets, and against which a strike was called a week ago by the union.

About 7,000 men and women are employed in the uptown hat trimming trade, and it was said that less than 15 per cent. are affiliated with the union, and that 75 per cent. of the workers are reporting at their places of employment. The manufacturers declare that the Hat Frame Workers have joined in the strike in violation of the agreement between the union and the Manufacturers' Association. The agreement, according to the manufacturers, does not expire until June 1, 1920.

One of the demands made by the union is that it be granted the right to appoint women as chairwomen in the various factories. This demand, together with that of complete recognition of the union and abolition of the piece work system, were the ones the manufacturers said they would not consent to.

ROCHESTER WRITERS UNITE.

Ask $50 a Week for Experienced Reporters' Minimum Pay.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 22.—A union of newspaper writers, affiliated with the allied printing trades and International Typographical Union, has been organized in this city and demands have been presented to the publishers of the four daily papers for a minimum salary of $50 a week for experienced reporters.

Union officers say more than three-fourths of the newspaper writers have joined the union and others, including desk men, have made application.

It was said today that the publishers of one morning paper had offered to adjust the salary question on condition that their reporters withdraw from the union. The reporters voted to stand by the organization.

DEAD TO STAY IN FRANCE.

But Prohibition Against Removal May Not Be Permanent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The French Government has disapproved suggestions for the removal of the bodies of American soldiers from France until a certain period of time has elapsed and a bill providing a regulation based on sanitary and economic grounds is pending in the French Chambers. In a statement on the subject today the War Department said:

"This regulation delays removal for reasons to which the American Government must give due consideration, but no suggestion of a permanent prohibition has been made, and diplomatic efforts are being employed with a view to securing some modification of the wishes of the French Government."

The following information was contained in the War Department statement:

"The number of American cemeteries in Europe has recently been reduced from nearly 2,400 to about 700. A large reduction in this number will probably be made during the process of concentration in which the military forces of England, France, and the United States are necessarily engaged.

"The Graves Registration Service has placed most of these cemeteries in excellent condition and is now actively engaged in an effort to perfect the appearance of every one.

"The matter of placing stone markers on the graves of our dead in Europe is engaging the attention of the Quartermaster General, and the advice of the National Fine Arts Commission is being sought with reference to fitting designs and materials."

DROPS HUMBERT CASE.

Court Finds No Corruption Attempt in American Contracts.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The case against Senator Charles Humbert growing out of alleged "American contracts" has been dismissed by the court.

Late in July there was an examination before the Court of Evidence tending to show that Senator Humbert, who was acquitted in May of a charge of having dealings with the enemy, had tried to corrupt officials in the matter of contracts in the United States. At the hearing a letter was read from former Deputy Attorney General Becker of New York, who said no trace had been found in banks or factories of any negotiations with which Senator Humbert could be reproached.

ALIEN FOES MAY RE-ENLIST.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The War Department authorized this statement today:

"There is no objection to re-enlistment of former soldiers discharged as enemy aliens, provided that in each individual case it appears that the discharge was based mainly on the ground that he was an enemy alien.

"In cases where the discharges were based on disloyalty to the United States, or in cases where the soldier's record would indicate beyond reasonable doubt that his services in the future would not be loyal, such men should not be re-enlisted. Each case should be investigated and decided on its merits by the Adjutant General's Office."

The First Pinhole in a Tooth— Then What?

That first little cavity may mean a condition that will lay waste all your splendid white teeth in the years to come.

More likely than not the condition is "Acid-Mouth." For it is understood that only 1 person in 20 escapes this arch-enemy of good teeth.

PEBECO

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

TOOTH PASTE

Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Pebeco counteracts "Acid-Mouth" by stimulating the flow of normal, alkaline saliva, which is the most natural tooth cleanser and mouth wash, and therefore the most effective antidote to harmful mouth acids.

Use Pebeco twice a day, and have your teeth periodically examined by your dentist.

Buy W. S. S.

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You can FILE your letters in safety. "Y and E" Fire-Wall Steel Filing Cabinets have an interlining of asbestos at top, bottom, front, sides and back, which gives more than three times as much fire-and-heat protection as steel filing cabinets without asbestos.

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FIRE-WALL STEEL FILING CABINETS

COST NO MORE

SINCE these better cabinets costs no more, why not obtain for your offices their special advantages? Why not have your records and letters, your orders and contracts protected by a cabinet more than three times as fire-and-heat proof as the ordinary steel cabinet and at the same time filed so you can find them when you want them.

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INSURANCE RATE WAR

What has been done to compete with English marine insurance office shown in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands, $4 a year by mail.

FIRST 2 GAMES OF WORLD SERIES TO BE PLAYED AT CINCINNATI, THEN 3 AT CHICAGO

WORLD'S SERIES TO BE STARTED OCT. 1

Herrmann Wins Toss, and First Two Games Will Be Played at Cincinnati.

NEXT THREE AT CHICAGO

Evans, Nallin, Rigler, and Quigley Will Do the Umpiring—Prices of Pre-War Days Prevail.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Cincinnati for the first time in its history as a National League city will on Wednesday, Oct. 1, witness the opening game of the series to decide the championship of the world between the Cincinnati Reds, winners of the National League pennant, and the Chicago White Sox, the prospective winners of the American League pennant. Chicago has not yet clinched the flag in the junior organization, but the National Commission made its arrangements on the theory that it was almost impossible for Cleveland, the runner-up, to nose out Comiskey's club. All games are scheduled to start at 2:30 P. M.

The decision to open the baseball classic in Cincinnati was decided on the toss of a coin by Louis Comiskey, son of the owner of the Chicago club. August Herrmann, President of the Reds, called "heads" and won. At first it was announced that Herrmann had lost, but after examining the coin, one of the new half dollars, Louis Comiskey said he was mistaken and that Mr. Herrmann had won.

The teams will play the first two games in this city, and the next three will be played in Chicago. The clubs then jump back to Cincinnati for games six and seven, if this is necessary, and before the eighth game, which will be played in Chicago, it will be decided by lot where the ninth game should be contested, should the series stretch out to this length. The schedule as drawn calls for continuous playing on each day, weather permitting.

Eligible Players Are Named.

It was announced that twenty-three players on each club are eligible for the series. They follow:

CHICAGO—Eddie Cicotte, Eddie Collins, John Collins, Urban Faber, Oscar Felsch, Charles A. Gandil, Joseph Jenkins, Joseph Jackson, William James, Richard Kerr, Harry Leibold, Grover Lowdermilk, Byrd Lynn, Harvey McClellan, Fred McMullin, J. E. Mayer, Eddie Murphy, Charles A. Risberg, Ray Schalk, J. J. Sullivan, George Weaver, R. H. Wilkinson, and Claude Williams.

CINCINNATI — Nick Allen, R. N. Bressler, Jacob Daubert, L. B. Duncan, Ray Fisher, H. O. Eller, Edward F. Gerner, Henry Groh, William L. Kopf, Adolpho Luque, S. W. Magee, A. R. Mitchell, A. Earle Neale, William A. Rariden, Morris Rath, James Ring, Ed Roush, W. H. Ruether, H. F. Sallee, Charles H. See, Henry Schreiber, James L. Smith, and Ivy B. Wilson.

The umpires who will officiate in the series are William Evans and R. F. Nallin of the American League and Charles Rigler and E. C. Quigley of the National League. The business representatives of the association were Leslie F. Constans of Pittsburgh, who will represent the National League, and William Harridge of Chicago, who will represent the American League.

J. G. Taylor Spink of St. Louis will represent the baseball writers as official scorer, while Joseph M. McCready, Secretary of the Baseball Writers' Association of America, will represent that organization. These two officials will work in both cities and will be assisted by one member of the local chapter of the writers' association in each of the contesting cities.

Revert to Pre-War Prices.

The commission voted itself 1,500 tickets for distribution between the major and minor league clubs of the country. Presidents Johnson and Heydler drew from a large box the first 100 envelopes containing requests for tickets for the games here On account of the war last year many radical changes were made in the arrangements governing the world's series between the Boston Americans and the Chicago Nationals. The National Commission made a number of innovations to meet the wartime conditions, but declared at the time this was not to be permanent. One move was to cut prices, to just double the regular prices charged during the season. This year, however, they have voted a return to the old scale, the prices having been announced some time ago.

Last year it was possible to purchase box seats for the baseball classic at $3, while the grandstand reserved seats sold at $1.50. Pavilion seats could be purchased for $1, while bleacher seats were 50 cents. These prices did not include the war tax demanded by the Government.

"The attacks on Mr. Herrmann at this time are inopportune," declared Mr. Johnson, after the meeting, in speaking of the statement by Mr. Baker of the Philadelphia Nationals, that Herrmann should resign from the chairmanship of the commission. "He has given something like seventeen years to baseball, and to attack him at this time, when his club has won a championship, is an insult to his integrity."

Mr. Johnson had no comment to make in regard to the action taken by certain club owners to oust him from the American League. "When the time comes for me to talk, I will do so," Mr. Johnson said, "but until that time I have nothing to say. The books of our league are always ready for inspection at any time."

It was announced that President Mencal of Cuba had wired that he was on his way here to attend the series.

ARRANGEMENTS SUIT COMMY.

Owner of White Sox Not Concerned About Where Series Starts.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Arrangements for conducting the World's Series, made at the meeting of the National Baseball Commission in Cincinnati, today, are highly satisfactory to Charles A. Comiskey, president of The Chicago Americans.

"Playing two games in Cincinnati, and then coming here for three is all right so far as I am concerned," President Comiskey said. "If we had won the toss for the opening games it would have been all the same to me. It makes little difference where the Series starts."

Approximately 20,000 applications for World's Series tickets have piled up at the White Sox park and must be returned to the senders, as the reserved and box seats have been sold. There has been the usual protest from disappointed applicants in the method of awarding the tickets, but officials explained there was no other course to pursue.

The pennant race in the American League cannot be settled before Wednesday as neither Chicago nor Cleveland plays until that day. Chicago has five games remaining. The percentage figures show that if the White Sox win one or Cleveland loses one Chicago will win the pennant. If Chicago loses all five of its games, and Cleveland wins four the flag will go to Cleveland.

Baseball To-day, 2:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Boston. Polo Grounds. Admission 50c.—Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
No games scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
St. Louis, 8; Chicago, 3.
Other clubs not scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	87	48	.644
Cleveland	83	52	.615
New York	74	58	.561
Detroit	75	60	.555
Boston	65	67	.493
St. Louis	65	70	.481
Washington	53	84	.387
Philadelphia	36	99	.267

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	93	43	.684
New York	81	51	.614
Chicago	73	61	.544
Pittsburgh	70	66	.515
Brooklyn	66	69	.489
Boston	54	79	.406
St. Louis	51	81	.386
Philadelphia	46	84	.354

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Boston at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Other clubs not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Other clubs not scheduled.

RED SOX HERE TODAY.

Babe Ruth Has Opportunity to Surpass Williamson's Home-Run Mark.

The Yankees' campaign for a third-place finish and a world's series dividend will be resumed at the Polo Grounds this afternoon when the Boston Red Sox open a two-game series, their last of the season at the Polo Grounds. The officials of the Yankees planned to have a double-header today, playing off a game which was postponed on the last visit of the New York club to Boston, but a protest by the Detroit club checked the move. The Yankees play single games with the Red Sox today and tomorrow, and then come games with the Mackmen here on Thursday and Friday, which will close the Yankees' home season. Three games with the Mackmen, to be played at Shibe Park next Saturday and Monday, will bring the Yankees' season to an end.

The series opening today will have an added side feature in the attempt of Babe Ruth to set a major league record in home runs. On the last visit of the Red Sox here Ruth passed the mark of Buck Freeman, which had stood since 1899. Then it was discovered that Ed Williamson had made twenty-seven home runs back in 1884. Ruth hit his twenty-seventh homer on Saturday last, and one more circuit clout will put him beyond all previous marks. The Red Sox end their season with three games in Washington after finishing up with the Yankees here, and the task is far more difficult there than at the Polo Grounds.

CARDINALS DEFEAT CUBS.

Bailey's Wildness Causes Downfall of Chicago by 5 to 3 Score.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 22.—Bailey's wildness, coupled with timely hits by Heathcote and Stock and Robertson's error in the second, enabled St. Louis to score enough runs to beat Chicago in the first game of the series today by a score of 5 to 3.

The score:

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Schultz,rf	5	0	1	2	0	0
Heathcote,cf	4	1	1	4	0	0
Stock,3b	3	0	3	2	2	0
Hornsby,2b	4	1	2	1	2	0
McHenry,lf	4	0	0	0	1	0
Clemons,c	3	1	2	4	0	0
Mollwitz,1b	3	0	1	10	0	0
Lavan,ss	3	1	0	1	2	0
Doak,p	3	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	10	27	14	0

CHICAGO, (A.)	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McCabe,rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Hollocher,ss	5	0	1	2	5	0
Herzog,2b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Merkle,1b	4	1	2	11	0	0
Barber,lf	4	1	5	1	1	1
Deal,3b	4	0	1	2	2	0
Robertson,cf	4	0	0	3	0	0
O'Farrell,c	4	1	3	6	0	0
Bailey,p	1	0	1	0	2	0
aMagee	1	0	0	0	0	0
Carter,p	2	0	1	0	2	0
Total	37	3	12	24	12	1

a Batted for Bailey in fourth.

Errors—Robertson, Stock, Lavan.

St. Louis	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	—5
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Stock, Mollwitz. Three-base hit—O'Farrell. Stolen base—Barber. Sacrifice hit—Mollwitz. Double plays—Lavan and Mollwitz; Stock, Hornsby, and Mollwitz. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; St. Louis, 8. Bases on balls—Off Bailey, 1; Carter, 2; Doak, 1. Hits—Off Bailey, 6 in 3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Bailey, (Doak.) Struck out—By Bailey, 1; Carter, 3; Doak, 3. Passed ball—Clemons. Losing pitcher—Bailey.

JIM THORPE COMING HERE.

His Professional Football Team to Play Game at Polo Grounds.

The Canton Bull Dog Professionals, the football team organized and captained by Jim Thorpe, will play at the Polo Grounds on Nov. 9, according to the announcement made yesterday by R. E. Hay, of Canton, Ohio, manager of the team. An opponent has not yet been selected. Ten games wi... mid-west professional aggregations are on the schedule. The eleven will consist almost entirely of all-American selections, among the stars already signed being Jim Thorpe, Milton Ghee, of Dartmouth, who will play quarterback; Des Jarden, of Pittsburgh; Joe Guyon, of Carlisle; Pete Golac, of Georgetown; Chamberlain, of Nebraska; Griggs, of Oklahoma, and Bull Lowe, of Wisconsin, all of whom will try out for the backfield. The candidates for end positions are Bolen, of Ohio State; Telfer, of Dartmouth, now coaching the Columbia ends; Bunny Cocoran, of Georgia, and Whelan of Georgia. The line material consists of Ward, of Notre Dame; Gormley, of Georgia; Horsey Edwards, of Notre Dame; Buck, of Wisconsin, and Pierce, of Michigan.

The complete schedule is as follows: Oct. 5, at Pitcairn, Penn.; Oct. 12, at Wheeling, W. Va.; Oct. 19, at Columbus, Ohio, with the Panhandles; Oct. 26, at Youngstown, Ohio; Nov. 2, at Akron, Ohio, with the Akron Indians; Nov. 9, at the Polo Grounds, New York; Nov. 16, at Canton, Ohio, with the Massillon Tigers; Nov. 23, at Akron, Ohio; Nov. 27, at Detroit with the Detroit Herald; Nov. 30, at Canton, with the Massillon Tigers.

TO PLAY AT POLO GROUNDS.

Cornell-Dartmouth Game Transferred from City College Stadium.

Announcement was made last night that the Cornell-Dartmouth football game, originally scheduled to be played at the stadium of the College of the City of New York, had been transferred to the Polo Grounds. The date, Oct. 25, remains unchanged. The original arrangement to play the game at the City College Stadium was made in compliance with a Cornell rule forbidding the teams of that university from competing on other than college grounds. Permission for the change has now been given by the Cornell authorities and the action will be greeted by football followers in this city with pleasure because of the greater seating facilities and the accessibility of the Polo Grounds.

The Dartmouth-Cornell game will be one of four of the leading football contests of the year to be staged at the Polo Grounds, the others being the Rutgers-Syracuse game on Election Day, Nov. 4; the Dartmouth-Pennsylvania game on Nov. 8, and the Army-Navy game on Nov. 29.

Dodgers Beaten in Exhibition.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 22.—The Klein Chocolate Company's team defeated the Brooklyn National League team in an exhibition game at Elizabethtown today by the score of 2 to 1.

The score by innings:

									R.	H.	E.
Klein	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	5	0
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	7	1

Batteries—Flitt and Trout; Mitchell and M. Wheat.

LUCK BIG FACTOR IN WORLD SERIES

Billy Evans Tells How Breaks Often Decide Baseball Championship Games.

DOPE UPSET MANY TIMES

Records of Classic Show Best Clubs Do Not Always Win the Autumnal Event.

By BILLY EVANS,
American League Umpire.

Ball teams do not always run true to form in a short series. In a season's campaign class will tell; the best team will invariably win, unless disaster overtakes it. In a short series some freak situation, some unusual play, may prove to be the turning point. In a number of world's series the final result has been greatly influenced by some one situation that was not reckoned with as even a probability.

Going away back to 1906 we find the hitting of the substitute George Rohe, an eleventh-hour addition to the lineup, to be the one big thing in the overthrow of the Cubs. True, the Sox pitchers were an important factor, but those base hits of Rohe's scored the runs necessary to win several games. A pitcher who works shutout ball doesn't get anywhere unless his team mates make some runs for him. Therefore one must regard the batting of Rohe as the unexpected feature that in a large measure determined the result. Even the most ardent supporter of the Sox that year would hardly have had the temerity to claim that the Sox were a better ball club than the Cubs.

One World Series.

When the Chicago Cubs met the Detroit Tigers in 1907 and 1908, there was little doubt as to which was the better team. The Tigers were a strong aggregation, with terrific hitting power, and better than the average pitching, but there was a bit more class to the Cubs. It was a more highly polished machine. The Chicago Cubs won those two series, scarcely being hard pressed. All the games were well played, but the superior strength of the Cubs was nearly always apparent.

No freak situations developed that assisted the weaker club. In fact in one series an unusual break on the part Catcher Schmidt of Detroit prevented the Tigers from taking the first game of the 1907 series. With two down in the ninth and one run to the good, Schmidt struck at a third strike trickling through his fingers, which permitted a run to cross the plate for the Cubs, tie the score, and cause the game to end in a draw in the twelfth. That was an instance where the world's best catcher erred. Possibly it would have made no difference in the final result, but there is no doubt that the loss of that game, after it had been apparently won, didn't tend to strengthen the morale of the Detroit club.

When the Pittsburgh team beat the Tigers in 1909 I don't believe the best Tigers won. I regarded the Detroit club of that year as a trifle superior to the Pirates. The margin was not great, but was enough to have been a decisive factor in the series. Manager Chance of the Pittsburgh team had his back to the wall for pitching. He took a chance on Adams, almost an unknown from a big league viewpoint. All Adams did was win three games from the Tigers, the series going the limit. In figuring the possibilities of the two teams none of the critics gave Adams much consideration, yet Adams was the big noise.

Coming and Going.

In 1910 the Philadelphia American League Club was arrayed against the Chicago Cubs, a great team that was beginning to slip. The Chicago Cubs were a hot favorite, but the Cubs of 1910 were not the Cubs of 1907. There are some who may not agree with the statement, but I believe the Athletics were a superior team to the Cubs, and the victory was won decidedly on its merits. That only five games were necessary to settle the series is rather conclusive proof that the Athletics had oodles of class.

In 1911 the Athletics repeated at the expense of the New York Giants. There was little to choose between the two clubs; perhaps the Athletics were slight favorites. In this series whatever breaks there were fell to the American League entry. Home runs in a short series are unusual, and in this series Frank Baker won undying fame with two home-run drives that in each instance won a game for the Athletics.

Coming into 1912 we find that the breaks of the game decided the series beyond a doubt. The Boston Red Sox and the New York Giants met in this series. It was a case of two very evenly matched ball clubs fighting it out. Most of the critics favored the Giants, and if there was a shade of difference it belonged on that side of the ledger. The Red Sox got away to a flying start in this series, taking three of the first four games, and threatened to make the opinions of the leading critics look most foolish. Then the strength of the New York Club began to assert itself, and before the Red Sox could realize it the series was a tie at 3 to 3. Coming from behind and evening up a series that had seemed beyond recall, made the Giants a strong favorite for the deciding game, which was staged in Boston. Eight games were played in this series by the way, one of them ending in a tie.

How Breaks Came.

No Giant supporter will ever forget that game. It was the great Mathewson against the youthful, almost unknown, Bedient. Up to the seventh inning the Giants enjoyed a 1 to 0 lead, which seemed to be enough with Mathewson going at top speed. Now for the breaks of the game, which no one can figure on in doping out a series.

With one down in the seventh Stahl hit a fly ball to short left field. Since I happened to umpire that series, I was in a position to carefully and closely observe the plays. It looked like a sure out. Infielder Fletcher and Outfielders Devore and Snodgrass all ran for the ball. Then came an Alphonse-Gaston act, and the ball fell safe at the feet of the trio. This was break No. 1. Cady filed to Fletcher, and, with two down and the pitcher up, the danger seemed past.

Manager Stahl sent in Hendrickson as a pinch hitter. He swung at the first one and missed, while the second one was a called strike. With the margin two and nothing, Mathewson set out to work on the youngster. On the next pitch he hit a bad ball, high and on the outside, down the left-field foul line, just over the third rack, for two bases, scoring Stahl and evening up the count. That was break No. 2, for pinch hitters fail in a majority of cases, and here was a world's series situation in which the pinch hitter delivered.

The two teams then went into the tenth inning. New York put over a run in its half that seemed big enough to win, with "Matty" still at the top of his pitching game. Now for more breaks for Boston. Once again Manager Stahl elected a pinch hitter to bat for his pitcher. Engle was his selection. He hit a high fly to Snodgrass in centre, which he muffed, putting Engle on first and causing Mathewson to face the top of the Boston lineup. This was break No. 3. Hoopen line filed to Snodgrass for the first out. Then came the break that spilled the hopes of the Giants. Speaker hit a high foul, half way between first and home.

Either Catcher Meyers or Merkle could have easily handled the ball, but each thought the other would take it, and it fell untouched to the ground.

Five Leading Batsmen of the Major Leagues

American League.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Cobb	130	491	86	183	.380
Jackson	135	506	79	177	.350
Veach	134	515	82	178	.346
Sisler	128	495	90	169	.341
Flagstead	92	370	37	88	.328

National League.

Player.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	P.C.
Roush	129	490	69	158	.322
Hornsby	133	491	62	155	.316
Stock	131	474	53	147	.310
Myers	131	501	56	154	.307
Groh	120	440	79	135	.307

That gave Speaker a life and he made the most of it. Engle had previously advanced to second, when Mathewson walked Yerkes, who hit ahead of Speaker. On his second chance, Speaker singled to right, scoring Engle with the tying run and sending Yerkes to third. Gardner's sacrifice fly to Devore enabled Yerkes to score the run that won the game and the series.

Few Breaks in 1913.

The breaks of the game figured very little in 1913, but in 1914 the remarkable and rather unexpected hitting of Hank Gowdy made the top-heavy favorites, the Athletics, easy picking for the Boston Braves.

In 1915 the one unusual play of the series was the bunting of Everett Scott on the third strike, that caught the Philadelphia infield flat-footed and advanced a runner, who later scored on a single, that decided a most important game.

The 1917 series with a dropped fly ball by Robertson and the now memorable footrace between Zimmerman and Eddie Collins, which finally enabled Collins to score, are two more breaks that the Giant rooters still talk about.

In all probability when the 1919 series is over, a diagnosis of it will show that the final result was brought about by some unusual situation or freak happening that was given no consideration when the relative strength of the two clubs was considered.

(Copyright, 1919, by W. G. Evans.)

This is the third of a series of articles in which Billy Evans, noted not only as an umpire but as an expert analyst and student of baseball, is discussing for THE NEW YORK TIMES the world's series contenders and their relative chances of success.

AMATEUR BOXERS IN RING.

Titleholders and Former Champion in Bronxdale A. C. Bouts.

A collection of champions and a former title-holder will compete in the Bronxdale A. C. amateur boxing tournament, to be held Saturday and Monday nights, Sept. 27 and 29. Three members of the club hold titles, while a fourth was one of last year's class leaders. The leading figure in the tournament will be Sam Lagonia, the sterling middleweight boxer who holds three metropolitan titles and a national championship. Herbert Rossnagle, New York State 135-pound class leader, will also compete, as will Andy O'Boyle, metropolitan district 145-pound champion. Irving Jampol, former New York State 115-pound champion, has also entered the tournament.

Entries for the various classes close today. Already a number of prominent boxers have entered and many more are expected to send in their names up to 10 o'clock, the lists are closed. It was originally planned to conduct this tournament on Sept. 25 and 27, but because of the Jewish holiday on the former date the club officials decided to change dates to Sept. 26 and 29. The preliminaries will be held on Saturday and the finals Monday.

O'DOWD TO MEET RATNER.

Middleweights in Title Bout Monday Night at Jersey City.

Mike O'Dowd, the world's middleweight champion will defend his title next Monday night against Augie Ratner, at the Armory A. A., Jersey City. Both men will weigh 158 pounds at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the bout. Both men started training yesterday afternoon.

This will mean a meeting between two real fighters, both from a patriotic standpoint as well as from a ringside point of view. In the big struggle with Germany both Ratner and O'Dowd were on the front lines. They came through the war without injury and are now taking up their former mode of livlihood.

Each man possesses a knockout punch and will endeavor to get it over. Ratner is eager to win in this manner for it will mean a world's title. On the other hand O'Dowd will defend his crown just as persistently, for the possession of the title means a steady climb to fortune.

STAKES AT EMPIRE CITY.

Meeting Book Shows Attractive Features for Yonkers Track.

The meeting books of the Empire City Racing Association which are in the hands of horsemen today provide for a distribution of upwards of $80,000, and there will undoubtedly be some first-class sport at the Yonkers course from Oct. 13 to 25, inclusive, the dates allotted Mr. Butler's organization for the Fall.

There are a number of stakes planned to attract the best horses in training; among them the Columbus Handicap at one mile and a furlong, with $2,500 added, which will be the feature of the opening day of the Westchester Handicap, with $2,000 added, and the Victory Handicap. The Westchester Handicap, for all ages, at one mile, and the Victory Handicap at one mile and a quarter, with $2,000 added, to be run on Oct. 25, will wind up the racing season for 1919 in New York.

Prominent in the above stakes are such fivers as Lucullite, Naturalist, Purchase, War Cloud, Star Master, Audacious, Corn Tassel, Bally, Fairy Wand, Hollister, Enfilade, Valor, Thunderclap, Over There, Herodias, Spur, and War Zone.

There are ten stakes in all, and no purse has an added value of less than $800, while there are thirteen $1,000 overnight features.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, claiming, six furlongs. May Roberts, 100 pounds; Incinerator, 108; Lover's Lane, 2d, 100; Bailyball, 108; Cleveland, 108; Eastern Glow, 100; Aerial, 108; *Starry Belle, 95; Bridge Player, 100; Cook o' the Roost, 108; Titanium, 108; Betsinda, 109; American Boy, 108; Foreclosure, 107; Dunsandel, 108; Primitive, 100; Hampden, 108; *Edwina, 111; Flare Up, 100; Dickie, 100. Also eligible to start, if any of above are withdrawn: Biff Bang, 110.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds, steeplechase; about two miles. Twiford, 132 pounds; Syrdarya, 135; Wynnewood, 132; War Strength, 135; Houdini, 132; Manager Mirth, 152.

THIRD RACE.—For all ages, handicap; seven furlongs. Leading Star, 100 pounds; Mad Hatter, 118; Nutcracker, 106; Homely, 95; Lord Brighton, 119; Youneed, 104; Old Rosebud, 111.

FOURTH RACE.—The Roslyn Handicap, for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth. Audacious, 125 pounds; Mad Hatter, 117; Guesstownsend, 106; Thunderclap, 124; Lord Brighton, 119; Over There, 124.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile. *Sundial, 2d, 104 pounds; Lucius, 108; War Note, 102; Babette, 98; Gex, 103; *Rockport, 86; Alvord, 109; Keen Jane, 108; *Osgood, 111; Gleipner, 101; *Manoeuvre, 105; Mackenzie, 107; Trophy, 101; Frank Waters, 107; *Doctor Rae, 96; Picton, 106; Ground Swell, 105; *Stepson, 101.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, maiden selling; five furlongs. Dunsandel, 110 pounds; Lover's Lane, 2d, 107; Arrowhead Inn, 110; Carnarvon, 110; Liola, 101; Dickie, 107; Cook o' the Roost, 110; Muffins, 107; Sugarmint, 102; Jimmie, 110; War Map, 110; *Northern Belle, 102; Spotless, 107; Davildog, 110; Lady Wood, 107; Flare Up, 107; Swirl, 107.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

FAVORITES BEATEN IN AQUEDUCT RACES

Robert Oliver Is Only Popular Choice to Win—Captures Jumping Race.

To the several thousand race-goers who were present at Aqueduct yesterday it became quite evident when the day's sport was over that form was not being generally observed. The horses seemed to run according to their own separate and individual inclinations without regard for the clockers, railbirds, and handicappers. Whatever may have been the cause for this series of upsets it remained a fact that five of the six favorites were left struggling at the wayside to the dismay of their backers.

The single exception on the day's card was the victory of Robert Oliver in the steeplechase event. This jumper, which had made a shameful run in his last race on Friday, demonstrated that when permitted to do his best he can run a creditable race over the hurdles. It will be recalled that three jockeys were suspended after the defeat of Robert Oliver on Friday. On that occasion he was forty lengths off the pace on the first turn of the field and could not make up the distance even when he was allowed to have his way.

No influence acted against Robert Oliver yesterday and he was an easy winner in a field of five starters. He led home Corpse a Corps by four lengths, while Jay Bird was third. Borgan had the mount on Robert Oliver and he was never more than a length or two off the pace at any stage of the race. When it came to the last turn of the field he brought Robert Oliver to the front and sent him along through the stretch to win easily and without being in danger of being overtaken. Syosset II, which carried the top weight of 160 pounds and which was the second choice, failed to come up to expectations and was a bad last.

Outsider Wins Feature.

The feature on the card was the Beldame Handicap for two-year-old fillies and went to an outsider. It was captured by Montford Jones's Thelma E. Mr. Jones paid a good price for this filly and it was not until yesterday that he received his return on his investment. Thelma E. has been running in very good company all season and, while showing good speed, has always been beaten off at the finish. Yesterday she was at her best and was not opposed by such fleet ones as had taken her measure before.

There were only five starters in the race and H. P. Whitney's Truly Rural ruled favorite at 9 to 10. Truly Rural has shown herself to be a smart filly in her races at Saratoga; but yesterday she failed to carry her speed to the finish line and was outgamed by the winner.

Truly Rural never got into the lead at any time. Flying Flower had the best of the break and came down out of the chute leading the Whitney entry by a narrow margin. Once settled, she had the mount on Truly Rural took the filly to the rail and soon caught Flying Flower, but meantime Thelma E. had come through on the outside and passed both of them. She had but a lead of a neck through the upper part of the stretch and Rice made a last effort on Truly Rural. It failed, for Thelma E. drew away to win by a length. Flying Flower tired in the final furlong but held third safely.

The real upset of the day came in the final race, a five furlong dash for mares of all ages and which witnessed the defeat of the odds-on favorite, Elfin Queen. This fleet miss from the Onock Club had been defeated in every one of her starts this season, but always at six furlongs. In each of these races and against such sprinters as Mad Hatter, Billy Kelly, Naturalist and Enfilade, she had always been in the lead for the first furlongs, there to fold up and quit. It was evident that she could go no further but for that distance she had such speed that not even the best of them could keep up with her.

Seems to Lack Heart.

This proud black beauty was therefore made a very strong favorite when she was discovered running in a five-furlong dash and against a field that did not compare with others she had set pace for. Everyone took it for granted that it was a race made to order for her and there was a mad rush to back her in the sprint. While Elfin Queen was being quoted at 4 to 5, J. J. Maher's Ima Frank, which won the race, was being neglected at 6 to 1. Likewise there was but little support for the Whitney entry, Pigeon Wing and Stickling.

Elfin Queen did not disappoint her backers with the start she made. As usual, she raced to the front and was flying in the van as she reached the turn into the stretch. She continued to hold the lead right down to the final furlong pole and it seemed that she would be an easy winner if she but kept up her speed. But, apparently, Elfin Queen is not bothered so much by distance as by lack of heart. Just when the race was within her grasp she began to slow up and Ima Frank, which had come along on the outside, drew up and passed her. Ima Frank was under such headway that she went over the finish line first with a length and a half to spare, and in the final rush Pigeon Wing also passed the tiring favorite. Elfin Queen managed to last for third place, but was only half a length in front of Salvestra.

The condition of the track along the rail may have had something to do with the defeat of Elfin Queen, and was offered as an excuse for her dismal failure. The shower had made the track lumpy and the going was not good close to the rail. It was noted that the last three winners came through on the outside and made their stretch run over the middle of the course.

Lawrence Waxsbury's Ticket ran another very disappointing race in the fifth event, and undoubtedly lost most of his following. Ticket raced over a mile and three-sixteenth route and finished fourth in a field of five starters. The race went to Mrs. T. J. Carroll's Monomoy, with Sasin second, and Kilkenny third.

Ticket Falls Again.

Only last week Ticket had been an odds-on favorite in a race over this same distance, and finished third in a field of four. He ran a very weak race, but there were so many who thought he would much better yesterday that he was again made favorite.

Ensor rushed Monomoy to the front as the barrier went up, and kept him there throughout the entire race. Through the back stretch he drew away from the other contenders, but, making the turn, Ensor gave his mount a breathing-spell, only to let him go again in the stretch to win by nearly two lengths. Ticket was sent over to the rail to trail the others on the first turn, and was never better than fourth, except for a few strides when he had his nose in front of Kilkenny. For the second time he showed no ability to come up from behind, and just staggered in at the finish. Elderken was very badly outrun, and was last all the way after the first three-eighths.

The first race of the day, at six furlongs for maiden two-year-olds, went to A. K. Macomber's Sagamore, which made a strong finish, and caught Irish Dream in the final furlong. Carnarvon was third. H. P. Whitney's Damask, which was defeated last week, was again made the favorite, but suffered some interference at the start, and never got up among the leaders. Damask ran fourth all the way.

Mrs. E. S. Gavett's Miss Bryn captured the third race, defeating Peerless One and Orderly amonk others in a field of selling platers. Graphic, which was the choice in this event at a mile and a sixteenth, could do no better than finish fourth.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For maidens, two years old; purse $1,425. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Sagamore	112	Kummer	4-1	3-2	1°
Irish Dream	113	Davies	16-5	6-5	2°
Carnavan	112	Ensor	7-1	2-1	3½
Damask	112	Ambrose	9-5	7-10	4
Service Star	112	Fairbro'r	3-1	6-5	5
Parasin	109	Rowan	30-1	10-1	6
Northward	112	Buxton	30-1	10-1	7

Time—1:13 3-5.

Start good; won handily; place easily. Sagamore, ch. c., by Uncle Lydia H.; owned by A. K. Macomber and trained by W. B. Jennings.

SECOND RACE.

Steeplechase Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; selling; $800 added. About two miles.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Robert Oliver, a.	147	Borgan	9-10	1-3	1°
Corpse a Corps, 4.	132	Blake	8-1	2-1	2°
Jay Bird, 4	136	Keating	5-1	7-5	3½
Prim III., 3	130	Byers	20-1	6-1	4
Syosset II., a	160	Haynes	11-5	7-10	5

Time—4:17 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Robert Oliver, ch. g., by Fatherless-Diamontina; owned by Rai Parr and trained by L. Garth.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,425. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Miss Bryn, 4	111	Ensor	10-1	8-1	1½
Peerless One, 4	110½	Buxton	10-1	4-1	2°
Orderly, 6	109	Carroll	3-1	2-1	3°
Graphic, 5	104	Fator	11-5	4-5	4
Bawler Child, 3	94	Callahan	40-1	15-1	5
Bar One, 4	105	Kummer	6-1	3-1	6
Asterisk, 3	92	Weiner	100-1	40-1	7
Fred'k the G't, 4	107	Rowan	8-5	3-5	8
Courting Colors, 3	107	Walsoff	40-1	15-1	9

Time—1:47 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Miss Bryn, br. f., by Bryn Mawr-Miss Camden; owned by Mrs. E. S. Gavett and trained by R. O. Miller.

FOURTH RACE.

The Beldame Handicap, for fillies two years old; $2,000 added. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Thelma, E.	116	Kummer	9-2	7-5	1°
Truly Rural	120	Rice	9-10	1-3	2°
Flying Flower	112	Ambrose	7-2	9-5	3nk
Cinderella	117	Fairbro'er	7-1	2-1	4
Game Chick	111	Fator	15-1	8-1	5

Time—1:00 3-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Thelma E., ch. f., by Harrigan-Lady Maxim; owned by Montford Jones and trained by E. H. Garrison.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $1,525. One mile and five-sixteenths.

Horse and Age.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Mcnomee, 5	109	Ensor	7-1	2-1	1
Sasin, 6	111	Buxton	7-2	even	2
Kilkenny, 5	113	Fator	4-1	7-5	3
Ticket, 5	106	Rowan	even	2-5	4
Elderken, 4	108	Erickson	30-1	10-1	5

Time—2:14.

Start good; won easily; place same. Monomoy, br. g., by Bryn Mawr-Winifred A.; owned by Mrs. T. J. Carroll and tr

EX-CHAMPION BEATS CHAMPION IN FINAL OF WOMEN'S TENNIS TOURNAMENT FOR WHITMAN CUP

WOMEN'S CHAMPION BEATEN IN TENNIS

Mrs. Mallory Defeats Mrs. Wightman in Final of Cedarhurst Tournament.

MATCH RUNS THREE SETS

Former National Titleholder Gains First Leg on Whitman Cup Only After Bitter Struggle.

Mrs. George W. Wightman of Boston, the woman tennis champion of America, was defeated yesterday afternoon in the final round of the Invitation Tournament at the Rockaway Hunting Club, Cedarhurst, L. I., by Mrs. Franklin I. Mallory, who as Miss Molla Bjurstedt held the national title for the four previous seasons. The match was decided in three close sets, scored at 5—7, 7—5, 6—4. By her victory, Mrs. Mallory becomes the first holder of a beautiful new cup donated for this event by Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm D. Whitman and to be placed in competition annually.

Yesterday's final, which had been postponed from the week of the men's national tournament because of bad weather and other interruptions, was a great battle from start to finish and deserves to rank as one of the classics of women's tennis. Both contestants were in top form, and used all the skill and strength at their command in a series of desperate efforts to score. The titleholder was the stronger in the early stages of the match, and her accurate chopping seemed to have Mrs. Mallory in distress through the tremendous amount of court covering demanded for successful resistance.

But in the long run it was the Norsewoman who showed the greater endurance. Instead of softening her stroke, she hit with more and more power, until in the final set she was scoring clean placements by terrific drives to the corners, which Mrs. Wightman was often unable even to touch with her racquet.

Strong on Her Backhand.

Mrs. Mallory was surprisingly strong also on her backhand, which formerly constituted her chief weakness. Without turning the face of her racquet in the orthodox style, she nevertheless managed to get a consistently free swing from the left side, producing almost as much speed as with her famous forehand wallop. At critical moments, also, the ex-champion introduced some decidedly effective volleys, several of these being executed from deep court in brilliant style.

Defensively the players were practically equal, long rallies constantly resulting from their ability to return the hardest shots and to anticipate the craftiest of placements. Mrs. Wightman seldom ventured to the net, evidently having a wholesome respect for her opponent's speed and command of direction, and perhaps a little more boldness in this respect would have saved her the match. On the few occasions that she followed her forcing shots to the barrier she succeeded in bringing off decisive smashes for the points. On the other hand, she often resorted to high, deep lobs when forced out of position by her rival's fast drives, and although Mrs. Mallory sometimes volleyed these shots with her reckless round-arm swing, she was generally content to let them bound and then apply the same stroke more legitimately and effectively.

A large gallery followed the play and showed the liveliest interest in the spectacular comeback of the former titleholder, who, at the time of the national championship, was far below form and in poor physical condition, losing to Miss Marion Zinderstein of Boston, who later fell an easy victim to Mrs. Wightman's prowess. While yesterday's match by no means settled the question of permanent superiority it indicated definitely that the former Miss Bjurstedt is again to be reckoned among the top-notch players of her sex in the world.

First Set to the Champion.

Mrs. Wightman served first, but, after winning the opening game, lost three in succession, although the score in each case ran to deuce. She picked up a tally on her own delivery however, and then broke through for a tie score, going into the lead at 4-3 by winning another deuce game on service. From this point the games alternated until the champion led at 6-5. Then, with an advantage of 40-love on her own service, Mrs. Mallory fell into a series of errors which enabled Mrs. Wightman to pull out the game and the set, 7-5.

It looked like a straight-set victory when Mrs. Wightman took the first two games of the second session, and although Mrs. Mallory broke through in turn to equalize at 2-all, the national title-holder again went into the lead at 3-2 and 4-2. Mrs. Mallory, however, hit the ball harder and harder in her efforts to turn the tide, and with the decision almost in her grasp Mrs. Wightman faltered. In the two games which followed, she was able to score only one point, and the set was tied up once more at 4-all. By pulling out a long-drawn deuce session, she managed to go into the lead at 5-4, but Mrs. Mallory's service promptly equalized for 5-all. Mrs. Wightman seemed to have her next delivery safely won with a 40-15 advantage, but made a costly error and followed this with a double fault which might almost be called the direct cause of her eventual defeat. Mrs. Mallory pulled out the game and immediately took the squaring set on her own service, 7-5.

Net Cerders Aid Mrs. Mallory.

After the seven-minute rest Mrs. Wightman showed signs of recuperating by winning a love game on service, but Mrs. Mallory returned the compliment and then broke through for another whitewash. Leading at 2-1 and 40-love, however, the ex-champion made three successive errors, and two soft chops served the game for Mrs. Wightman, who then proceeded to make it 3-2 for her last lead. Mrs. Mallory reached 3-all, with three successive net-corders of the luckiest description, at which she smiled broadly and remarked, "That helps." Mrs. Wightman, a little upset by the one-sidedness of the breaks, lost her service again and by pounding the ball to the corners the Norsewoman forged ahead to 5-3. The titleholder put her dying effort into a service game, which she won, but four magnificent drives in succession, the last two entirely out of her reach, put an end to the affair with a love game, giving Mrs. Mallory the set and match at 6-4.

The summary, point score, and stroke analysis follow:

Rockaway Hunting Club Women's Invitation Tournament.

SINGLES—Final Round—Mrs. F. I. Mallory defeated Mrs. George W. Wightman, 5—7, 7—5, 6—4.

Score by Points.

FIRST SET.

												T.	P.	G.
Mrs. Wightman	4	2	8	4	4	5	4	3	4	2	5	45	44	7
Mrs. Mallory	3	4	5	6	1	3	2	5	0	4	2	35	37	5

SECOND SET.

												T.	P.	G.
Mrs. Mallory	3	5	4	5	5	2	6	4	4	5	4	47	46	7
Mrs. Wightman	5	4	1	2	4	4	4	1	0	1	0	30	32	5

THIRD SET.

												T.	P.	G.
Mrs. Mallory	0	4	4	5	1	4	4	1	4	4	4	35	36	6
Mrs. Wightman	4	0	0	5	4	0	2	1	4	0	2	26	30	4

Stroke Analysis.

FIRST SET.

	O.	N.	P.	D.	F.	S.	A.
Mrs. Wightman	12	16	8	0	0	1	
Mrs. Mallory	18	19	8	0	1		

SECOND SET.

Mrs. Mallory	19	8	11	0	0	
Mrs. Wightman	21	10	4	1	1	

THIRD SET.

Mrs. Mallory	8	8	12	0	0
Mrs. Wightman	6	11	4	0	0

Recapitulation.

	O.	N.	P.	D.	F.	S.	A.	T.	E.	P.
Mrs. Mallory	49	35	31	0	1	80	32			
Mrs. Wightman	39	37	16	1	1	77	16			

SVOBODA AGAIN VICTOR.

East Side Amateur Scores Another Knockout at N. Y. A. C. Bouts.

Charles Svoboda, the sensational little East Side House amateur boxer, added another knockout victory to his list last night in the New York A. C. tournament. Svoboda, competing in a special bout at 115 pounds, disposed of J. Schrum, unattached, in the final round of their three-round bout. A right hand smash to the jaw ended the match in Svoboda's favor, thirty seconds before the final bell.

This was Svoboda's third knockout victory in the course of eight weeks. His other two victims were Dave Hamins and Sol Seeman, Metropolitan and New York State 108-pound champions, respectively.

Svoboda was forced to extend himself to defeat Schrum. The latter showed unexpected ability and held Svoboda even in the first two rounds. The East Side House star increased his pace in the third round, however, and with stiff blows to the stomach and jolting punches to the head, gradually weakened Schrum until the latter left himself open for a right swing to the jaw, which ended the mill.

Larry Goldberg, Pastime A. C., carried off the 110-pound class prize, scoring in two bouts. In his first trial Goldberg knocked out John Ryan in one round. Harry Ginsberg of the Ninety-second Street Y. M. C. A. was Goldberg's opponent in the final, and the latter gained the judges' award in three hard rounds.

Another one-round knockout was furnished in the 130-pound class when in the first bout W. Pfeiffer, Glencoe A. C., disposed of L. Sorenson, unattached. In the final, however, Pfeiffer was outpointed by W. Rich, one of Uncle Sam's sailors.

Frank Maxwell, Union Settlement A. C., and Joseph Sullivan, Trinity Club, went to an extra session before Maxwell received the judges' award. At the end of the regulation three rounds the judges disagreed, and Referee Dan Hickey ordered an extra round of two minutes.

The summaries:

110-Pound Class.—First Bout—Larry Goldberg, Pastime A. C., defeated John Ryan, unattached, one round, referee's decision. Second Bout—Harry Ginsberg, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., defeated S. Gelt, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision. Final Bout—Goldberg defeated Ginsberg, three rounds, judges' decision.

120-Pound Class.—First Bout—Walter Gilday, Union Settlement A. C., defeated J. Flanagan, Glencoe A. C., three rounds, judges' decision. Second Bout—Harry Gorsky, Pastime A. C., defeated D. D'Andrea, Glencoe A. C., three rounds, judges' decision. Final Bout—Gilday defeated Gorsky, three rounds; judges' decision.

130-Pound Class.—First Bout—W. Pfeiffer, Glencoe A. C., defeated L. Sorenson, unattached, one round, referee's decision; W. United States Transport Service, Hoboken, N. J., drew a bye.

Final Bout—Rich defeated Pfeiffer, three rounds, judges' decision.

136-Pound Class.—Special Bout—C. Svoboda, East Side House, defeated J. Schrum, unattached, three rounds, referee's decision.

116-Pound Class.—Special Bout—Samuel Fogel, Pastime A. C., defeated L. Cohen, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision.

145-Pound Class.—Special Bout—J. Sweeney, Mutual A. C., defeated Joseph Schanken, Mercury A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

135-Pound Class.—Special Bout—Frank Maxwell, Union Settlement A. C., defeated Joseph Sullivan, Trinity Club, four rounds, judges' decision.

TWO SEEK CHAIRMANSHIP.

Metropolitan A. A. U. Registration Committee Elects Head Tonight.

A Chairman for the Metropolitan A. A. U. Registration Committee will be elected tonight, when the newly chosen committee gathers in its first session since being installed. Martin A. Klein of the Bohemian Gymnastic Association, and Jacob W. Stumpf of the Grace Club are the candidates for the Chair. A majority vote will be necessary to decide the issue. The other members of the committee are Jules Schwab, Paulist A. C.; Warren Fielding, New York A. C., and Steve Byrne, Trinity Club.

Klein is the present committee leader. He was elected Chairman to fill out the unexpired term of James Clark, when the latter went into the Y. M. C. A. war service. He is also President of the Intersectional Athletic League, governing body of the district's so-called small clubs. In this capacity Klein is the leading figure in the efforts of the smaller organizations to gain legislation which might improve their prospects in local track and field activities, particularly the championship meets.

Stumpf is a veteran of the local association and one of the most reliable officials connected with the Metropolitan A. A. U. He was Chairman of the Registration Committee in 1915 and 1916, and has served in various other capacities for many years. His experience and activities in past years qualify him for the leading place on the committee, and many of the local A. A. U. officials predict that he will be elected.

BUSY YEAR AT THE TRAPS.

N. Y. A. C. Program Is Announced—National Title Shoot May 1.

The fifteenth annual national amateur trapshooting championship tournament will be conducted at the New York A. C.'s Travers Island traps May 1, it was disclosed yesterday when the Mercury Foot organization issued its trapshooting program for the coming season. Preliminary competition in the title shoot will be conducted April 30. The club championship will be held May 8, closing the Travers Island season.

The season will be ushered in Oct. 24 and 25 with the first annual invitation powwow and trapshooting tournament of the Atlantic Indians. The program for Oct. 25 provides for a 100-target event for club members, in which scratch and handicap trophies will be offered. Saturdays throughout the season thereafter will be known as club days. The club day, Sunday, and holiday programs will be distinct programs from each other. No club events will be held on holidays, except when a holiday falls on either a club day or a Sunday. The regular program for club days will commence Saturday, Nov. 1, and will close April 24. On the latter date all ties for season and other trophies will be decided.

The Sunday season will begin Nov. 2 and will close April 25.

START JERSEY TENNIS TILT.

Two Matches Played in Women's State Tourney Despite the Rain.

Wet weather interfered with the start of the New Jersey women's championship tournament at the Orange Lawn Tennis Club yesterday afternoon, but two matches were played in the first round, nevertheless. Miss Caroma Winn took the measure of Miss Marion Holmes in two close sets, 6—3, 7—5, and Mrs. N. Dain won from Mrs. F. Damrau with even less margin at 6—4, 8—6.

There are thirty-five entries in the singles event, including the present State champion, Mrs. Frank I. Mallory, who will play through in the defense of her title. In the same half with the former Miss Bjurstedt is Miss Helene Pollak, holder of the women's Middle States title. Among the contenders on the other side of the draw are Mrs. F. E. Waring, Mrs. R. V. Lynch, and Mrs. D. C. Mills.

The singles will be continued at 11:30 this morning, weather permitting, and the doubles tournament will be started this afternoon. Mrs. Mallory shares this title also and will compete again in partnership with Mrs. Spencer Fullerton Weaver, who co-operated with her in winning it last season.

The summary follows:

Women's New Jersey State Championship.

SINGLES—First Round—Miss Caroma Winn defeated Miss Marion Holmes, 6—3, 7—5; Mrs. N. Dain defeated Mrs. F. Damrau, 6—4, 8—6.

SENIOR POLO TITLE GOES TO ROCKAWAY

Philadelphia Country Club Defaults Because of Absence of Star Player.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 22.—Owing to the fact that Thomas Stokes, the famous forward of the Philadelphia Country Club polo team, was obliged to leave tonight for the West on business of great importance to his firm, the quartette was obliged to default the senior championship of the United States to the Rockaway Hunt Club team.

These two great combinations of polo stars were to have met tomorrow afternoon on the Philadelphia Country Club field, and thousands will no doubt regret the unfortunate cancellation of the contest.

How quickly the complexion of a polo match can be changed was evidenced at Bryn Mawr today. The home team, with J. Watson Webb at No. 2, lined up against the Long Island Freebooters, captained by that famous player, Devereux Milburn. The final score was: Freebooters, 11 goals; Bryn Mawr, 5½ goals. That score, however, does not in any way tell the story of the match.

Milburn scored one goal in the initial period and then the visitors mounts seemed to tire. The Bryn Mawr players quickly took advantage of the condition. They galloped like mad and scored three goals in succession in the second period and another in the third. In the meanwhile, Bobby Strawbridge and Rodman Wanamaker, 2d, by daring riding and brilliant mallet work, saved three goals from being scored by the Freebooters.

At the end of the third period, the score was, Bryn Mawr, 4; Freebooters, 1. It looked like a runaway match for the home players. Then suddenly the Freebooters took on new life. Their mounts began to burn up the turf and the click of their mallets on the white ash balls began to sing real polo music. Milburn scored a goal in the fourth period by one of the most brilliant strokes ever seen on a polo field.

Milburn's Brilliant Stroke.

The ball had been taken goalward by Prince and then backed over to the boards by Wanamaker. Milburn caught the ball with the end of his mallet and with unerring aim scored from that acute angle. The ball was driven nearly 70 yards by the stroke and the horns tooted the approbation of the crowd. There was no other score in this period by either team.

Then came the fifth period, which proved to be one of the most remarkable ever witnessed in this section. Six goals in all were tallied by the Freebooters in this sub-division of the game. Each player, with the exception of McFadden, took a turn in fattening the Freebooters' score. McFadden kept busy passing the ball and riding off the now desperate Bryn Mawr team.

So fast was the galloping and so interested were the players in driving for goal and trying to checkmate each other that 1 minute and 50 seconds overtime was played before the ball was finally driven out of bounds. The mounts had galloped in all 9 minutes and 20 seconds. There were eight tired horses led to the paddocks by their grooms at the end of a struggle which will go down in polo history.

Bryn Mawr Rallies Ineffectually.

The score was now 8 to 4½ in favor of the freebooters, and they felt entitled to relax. Their play in the subsequent periods was largely on the defense. Bryn Mawr made another desperate rally in the final period, scoring two goals, but the game had already been won and lost.

J. Watson Webb, a southpaw, one of the few in polo, was of great strength to Bryn Mawr, and the play of young Rodman Wanamaker and Bobby Strawbridge and his daddy was brilliant in each period.

The lineup and summary follow:

L. I. FREEBOOTERS	BRYN MAWR.
1—F. H. Prince, Jr.	1—R. Wanamaker, 2d.
2—A. M. Collins.	2—J. Watson Webb.
3—B. McFadden.	3—R. E. Strawbridge.
Back—D. Milburn.	Back—R. E. Strawbridge, Jr.

Goals: Freebooters—By Milburn, 4; McFadden, 1; Prince, 4; Collins, 2.—Net score—11. Bryn Mawr—By Wanamaker, 2; Strawbridge, Sr., 2; Webb, 1. Fouls—By Strawbridge, Sr., 1. Goal penalty for cross riding, twice, by Strawbridge, Jr.; ½ goal penalty for safety play. Net score—5½.

Referee—Captain Harry H. Holmes, Point Judith Pole Club. Timekeeper and scorer—William H. Roeap. Assistant—Lewis R. Winter, Jr. Time—8 periods, 7½ minutes each.

OUTLOOK GOOD AT UNION.

Expected That Metzger Will Develop Strong Athletic Teams.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Students of Union College expect that Sol Metzger, the new physical director, will be able to develop strong teams in football, baseball, basketball and track. Union curtailed but did not abandon its athletic activities during the war, and in consequence there is a good nucleus of players in all sports around which teams can be built up.

Metzger succeeds Dr. Stewart A. McCumber, who left the college in 1918 to take up Y. M. C. A. war work.

Metzger comes to Union with an excellent reputation both as player and coach in various departments of sport. He was graduated from Phillips-Andover Academy with the class of '99 and was a member of the track team. He was also a member of the quarter mile relay team. In 1903 Metzger entered Pennsylvania University and easily made the freshman football eleven. Later he played three years with the 'Varsity team and was ranked as one of the best ends of his day. He was Captain of the eleven in his senior year.

While in college he was also a member of the track team, manager of the 'Varsity crew and business manager of the Red and Blue, the college monthly.

In 1908 he was head coach of the Pennsylvania football eleven, and developed a team which beat Michigan 29 to 0 and Cornell 17 to 4, a record of which Pennsylvania has always been proud.

In the following year he gave up coaching, but in 1914 he went to West Virginia, and in two years developed such stars as Rodgers and Bailey, fullback and centre, both of whom were named on many All-Eastern elevens.

In 1916 and 1917, he coached the Washington and Jefferson teams, and developed elevens which, while not besting, held their own with the remarkable University of Pittsburgh machines of those years.

After twice being refused at officers' training camps because of a slight lameness, he enlisted as an athletic director in the Y. M. C. A. and was stationed at Camp Dix, where he had great success in organizing games and developing the play spirit.

FARGO OUT FOR WILLIAMS.

Will Strengthen Eleven at Tackle—Tentative 'Varsity is Picked.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Sept. 22.—With his football squad of nearly fifty men, Coach Joe Brooks of Williams has settled down to serious business. Careful instruction in fundamentals in the first week has been followed by the selection of a tentative 'Varsity, with light scrimmaging.

Among the new arrivals is Fargo, captain of the freshman team of two years ago, and a fine tackle. He is considered a find for the Purple and will undoubtedly make good on the line. Six members of the undefeated eleven of two years ago have reported. They are Captain Boynton, Mills, Fieser, Carick, Bonner and Krieger. Carick's appearance was welcome, as it had been reported that he might enter business this Fall. He is a New York boy and a product of De Witt Clinton High.

HARD DRILL FOR PANTHERS.

Warner Ready to Select Pittsburgh Eleven for First Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP HAMILTON, WINDBER, Penn., Sept. 22.—The University of Pittsburgh gridiron candidates entered into their last week of training here this morning with the same hearty will that has characterized their work since coming here three weeks ago. They will break camp on Saturday and resume training at Forbes Field, where the games will be played as usual.

This morning most of the time was devoted to signal practice, while scrimmaging was the program for the afternoon. With the opening game only two weeks away it is now up to Coach Glenn Warner to drill particularly those whom he intends to depend upon as regulars, and the chances are that one of the eleven he selects tomorrow in the scrimmage will be composed of the players that will face Geneva on Oct. 4.

NAVY BACKFIELD IMPROVES.

Candidates Show More Snap on Attack—Daily Practice Ends Soon.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 22.—The improvement in a number of backfield candidates who were substitutes last season is one of the most encouraging features of football practice at the Naval Academy. Clark, Alford and Benoist are doing especially good work. Clark looks as if he would be one of the mainstays of the attack. He has been on the squad for two seasons and has done good work in a number of games. He is heavier than ever before, weighing 184 pounds. Coach Doble is continuing daily practice, but this will end next week when the academic year opens. Practice will then be confined to the regular recreation periods.

SQUAD ALREADY AT LEHIGH.

About Two Score Candidates for the Eleven Are on Hand.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., Sept. 22.—With a squad of between thirty and forty candidates for the eleven cavorting about the Lehigh Stadium daily, although the university is not to open until Wednesday, Coach Tom Keady last week was able to get a much better start than he thought was possible. Manager Bob Honeyman is another busy personality these days handing out moleskins and other wearing material.

Bucky McDonald, who stands a good chance to be chosen leader of the eleven this year, is among the early arrivals. Other veterans back are Dave Maguinnes, McCarthy, Goldman, Saxman, Booth, Thomson, Ferain, Badham, and Paxon. Herrington, Spagus, Swede Johnson, Gulick, Galvert, Wysocki, Saavaria, Pfeifer, and others are expected any day.

TRINITY WELL FORTIFIED.

Eleven Has Nucleus of Veterans—Capt. Breslin Expected Back.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 22.—Trinity started training its pigskin warriors today for the opening game with Princeton on Oct. 4. Trinity stock took a big jump when it became known that Jim Breslin, captain-elect, whose return to college was doubtful, had telegraphed news of his whereabouts to the graduate manager, C. A. Johnson. It is hoped that this means that the husky center will sport a blue and gold uniform this Fall.

Coach George Buck will have a small nucleus of veterans with which to build up a team. Jackson, the guard, who formed an important part of the team which held the much-touted Yale Informals to a single touchdown two years ago, is back. Puffer who has played considerable 'Varsity football at Trinity is also on hand, and will probably land on the first team in the line. Other possibilities for the line are Brainerd, Johnson, Ahearn, McGee, Carey, Jette, Hohenthal and Nordlund, most of whom played on one or another of the military teams at Trinity last Fall.

To date there is little material for ends in sight. Ransom is a good man, although rather light for college football. Other likely candidates are Tansill and Routh.

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YALE DRILLED IN BREAKING THROUGH

Bulldog Linemen Coached in Tearing Apart Opposing Rushline—Kickers Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 22.—Breaking through drill completed today's football specialty for the Yale squad, in opening its second week of practice. The linemen were drilled in tearing apart the opposing rushline to get a punter, while the kickers endeavored to lift the ball accurately aloft. The morning's work was short, because of the two day's week-end vacation, and the hot weather, but eight elevens were kept merrily at the rudimentary drill, the signal rehearsal and, finally, the breaking through process, the closest approach which the coaches have allowed to scrimmaging.

For the 'Varsity, Jim Barden and Joe Neville did the punting, and for the second team, French and Aldrich, French, Braden and Thorne Murphy kicked several field goals from the 35-yard line, closing the program for the day. Murphy ran the third eleven from the quarterback position.

Two lineup changes were made, Hammell being switched from guard to tackle, displacing Acosta, while Walker of the second team, was promoted to Hammell's place at left guard. Fred Graham, the former tackle, who is now being given a trial at end, cut his head slightly. Sidenberg, guard of the second team, proved to have been injured slightly last Saturday, and limped today. He will be out of the lineup for several days.

The coaches were delighted by the announcement that Doc Jordan, the brilliant former Exeter halfback and baseball star, has passed his entrance scholarship examinations. He was in uniform on the side lines this afternoon on the second eleven. Acosta went to centre, the position he played as a freshman. He has been used at guard, tackle and end on the 'Varsity the past week. Otis, the former 'Varsity substitute tackle, was used at end today on the second team.

Today's line-up follows:

Allen, left end; Hammell, left tackle; Walker, left guard; Callahan, centre; Galt, right guard; Kirkpatrick, right tackle; Graham, right end; Laroche, quarterback; Ley, left halfback; Neville, right halfback, and Braden fullback.

PRACTICE IN HEAVY RAIN.

West Virginia Football Squad Has an Hour's Work in Downpour.

Special to The New York Times.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 22.—An hour's work in a regular deluge of rain this afternoon was the feature of the day's work for the West Virginia gridders at Montchateau. This was preceded by the last morning workout of the year this forenoon, as the team will return to Morgantown immediately after lunch tomorrow and the regular routine of daily afternoon practice on the field will be followed.

Fifty more candidates are expected out for the team Thursday, when a general call will be issued, making the total almost one hundred.

MORE STARS FOR W. AND J.

Three Brilliant Preparatory School Football Players Join Squad.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Sept. 22.—The arrival of three brilliant preparatory school players today added to both line and backfield prospects at Washington and Jefferson. Hoelzel and Henry, the former a Sharon, Penn., high school recruit, and Henry from Carnegie, Penn., were formerly on the Michigan University squad. Both are 200-pounders. They reported to Coach Morrow at noon. Howard Mills, an end and half back from Erie High School, came in this afternoon. Morrow now has more than a half dozen high-class prospects for centre, guard, and tackle, all weighing 200 pounds or more.

Wet weather and a long string of slightly injured players combined to curtail practice today. Coach Morrow called off the morning work and lessened the afternoon drill to an hour, with no scrimmage. Neilson, Erickson, Hall, Smith, Garbisch, and Brenkert were all kept out of practice today, and inasmuch as they comprise some of the best backfield material, Morrow used many second string men in the signal drills.

It developed today that Sterck, centre on last year's S. A. T. C. team, who was hurt a few days ago, has a broken ankle and will not likely play again this year. Morrow Max been using Chambon, a freshman, at centre and the youngster seems to be making good.

START WORK AT WESLEYAN.

Many Veteran Players Take Part in First Football Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. 22.—Wesleyan, the last of the New England colleges to begin its gridiron work, opened practice on Andrus Field this afternoon under the direction of Emil S. Liston, formerly coach of the Michigan College of Mines.

About twenty old 'Varsity players, including a number of former service men, were out in uniform. A captain will be elected soon. The choice rests between Anderson, tackle, and Webb, quarter back.

NOTRE DAME OUTLOOK GOOD

Coach Rockne Believes He Has Material for Strong Eleven.

NOTRE DAME, Ind., Sept. 22.—The return of Coughlin and Degive, stellar linemen of the '17 eleven, caused Notre Dame's gridiron prospects to soar at a rapid pace last week. Head Coach Knute K. Rockne is confident that he has the material for one of the strongest aggregations the local institution ever placed on the field. The first game will be played here with Kalamazoo College on Oct. 4. The first real test of the season for the Gold and Blue athletes will be at Lincoln, Neb., on Oct. 18, when they meet Nebraska University.

Charles Dorais, a former Notre Dame star and considered the fastest backfield man developed here, has been engaged to assist Rockne in handling the backfield. Heading the galaxy of backs is Captain Leonard Bahan, a versatile athlete, who plays well at half back or quarter back. In addition there are Brandy, an all-Western man; Pearson, Bergeman, Blackford, Malone, Miller, and Barry fighting for 'Varsity berths.

HARVARD ASSURED OF A HEAVY LINE

Present Tackle-to-Tackle Average Is 196 Pounds—To Start Scrimmaging Today.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 21.—A heavy rain prevented the Harvard football coaches from going through with the program they had planned this afternoon. The squad had a long workout on the stadium field, but no chances were taken in scrimmaging. The second team was ready, but Coach Fisher decided to put off hard football play until tomorrow.

With a 'Varsity squad reduced in numbers again, this time to about forty players, or enough for the usual three elevens, the day was occupied with coaching of individual players. Besides the kicking, passing, and breaking through, there was a long drill on interference, not only for the backs and ends, but for the middle linemen. After that, the three teams worked on their plays for a long time.

The make-up of the first team, particularly that of the rush-line, was significant. The line from tackle to tackle was the heaviest seen here for some time, averaging more than 196 pounds, and, from end to end, about 185 pounds. There is also substitute material on hand to keep up this average. The line included Phinney, a 1916 'Varsity substitute, at one end and Weatherhead on the other. Sedgwick and Hubbard were the tackles, and Woods and Clark, guards. Clark played in 1916, and is now handling himself as if he intends to remain in the game this year, too. The coaches have put Hadley in the guards squad, hoping that either he or Clark will be available throughout the season.

Philbin was at centre; Murray at quarter, and Horween at fullback. Both are veterans, while Conlon and Wharton, two good open-field runners, were the other two backs, playing in the absence of Burnham and Casey, who are laid up temporarily with slight injuries.

The freshmen team squad reported today, with more than seventy-five players at work under direction of Paul Withington, the freshman coach, who expects to see as many more candidates on hand within a week. Moseley Taylor, guard on the 1916 team, and Galfatti, a quarterback of ten years ago, are assisting Withington with the freshmen. Until the second team coach is decided on, Jimmy Knox, '98, will be in charge of the scrubs. Tomorrow, rain or shine, Harvard will get into that scrimmage with the scrubs.

NEW YORK BOYS ON ELEVEN.

Voorhees, Lawlor, and Mohun Play at Rensselaer Poly.

With last year's lineup practically unbroken, and with plentiful material to fill whatever gaps may occur, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, N. Y., is likely to be well represented on the gridiron this season. The team plays Williams next Saturday with full expectation of an excellent showing. Jack Van Nostrand Richards of Dover, N. J., is the captain and centre.

Several New York boys are sure of a place on the team. James A. Voorhees of Brooklyn is a probable guard, and Jerome Lawlor of New York City a likely tackle. R. D. Mohun of New Brighton, Staten Island, who has recently been released from the service, will probably find a berth back of the line. The team plays in New York Oct. 25, and its two concluding and most important games of the season will be with Rochester on Nov. 15 and with Union on Nov. 22.

Wisconsin Squad Starts Work.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 22.—Wisconsin has not had such good football prospects in years as it has this Fall. Fourteen letter men reported back for practice, including Carpenter, the all-Western centre in 1917. John R. Richards returns as coach.

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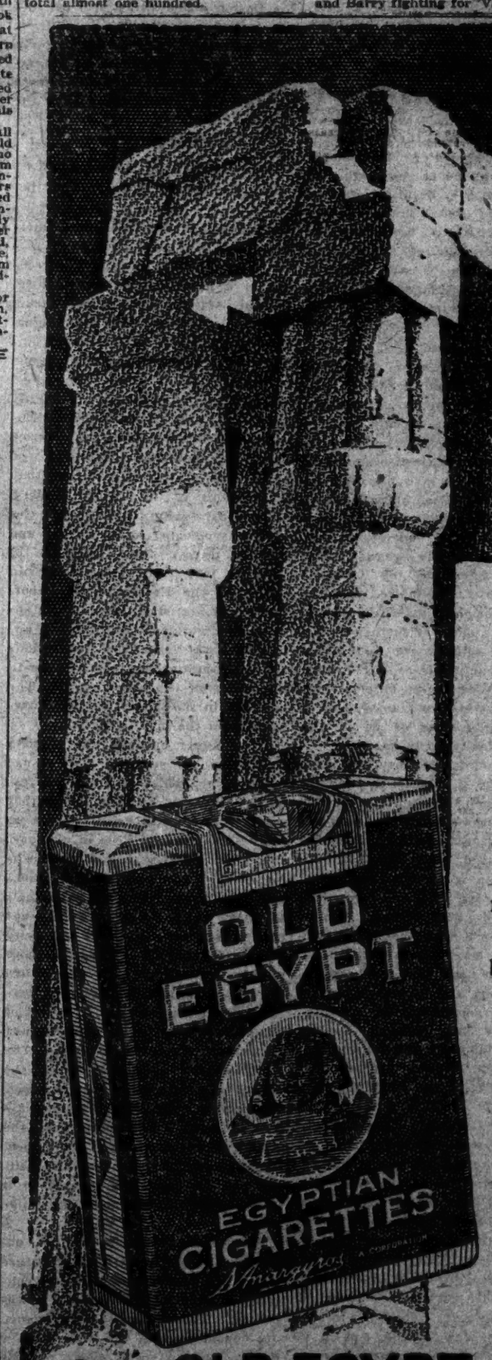

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A STRIKE OF FALSE PRETENSES.

The strike in the steel trade which began yesterday morning is altogether a strike for power, for the control of the industry, and it is a strike upon flagrantly false pretenses. It was not ordered in response to a demand of the actual workers for a redress of grievances or for the improvement of conditions. The work of preparation for this strike was begun more than a year ago by a few radical agitators and has been carried on by a large number of paid organizers who have been busy stirring up a spirit of discontent among the men and persuading them to act under the leadership of the radical or "Red" element. All this is made plain by the very frank statement of Mr. WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, the Secretary of the Steel Workers National Committee, who is quoted as saying:

> I started in the work of organization in August of last year, about thirteen months ago. There were only three or four of us at the outset, but we grew fast until we have had about one hundred paid organizers at work, some paid by the American Federation of Labor and others by the local bodies which were organized. Including volunteers, there are about one thousand organizers on the job now.

Mr. FOSTER is the joint author and publisher of a pamphlet in which his extreme radical views are frankly stated. He regards "the wage system" as a "brazen and gigantic robbery." He holds that "the thieves" at present in control of the Industries must be stripped of their "booty." He is frankly an advocate of revolution—"only after such a "revolution will the great inequalities of modern society disappear." In his plan, the capitalists are not to be expropriated by purchase but by confiscation, by violence. "When "the psychological moment arrives," the working class, hungering for "emancipation, will adopt the only "method at its disposal and put an "end to capitalism with the general "strike." It would seem that Mr. FOSTER believes that the psychological moment has arrived—at any rate, this advocate of revolution, riot, and confiscation, frankly avows himself to be the man who "started" the work of organizing the strike that has now begun.

Mr. FITZPATRICK, who is an associate in organizing the strike, is also a believer "in the socialization" of basic industries. One of the workers in their cause is Mr. T. J. VIND, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor in the Chicago district. Mr. VIND, according to his own avowal, was one of those who "voted to keep us out of the war," believing "that we had no business in the war." Addressing the strikers at Gary, he said: "The strike won't "stop until the steel workers become "the lawmakers, at Washington, "D. C." Here we have a perfectly candid revelation of the underlying spirit and purpose of the steel strike. The fomenters of the disturbance take little pains to conceal either their doctrines or their aims. The transparent falsity of the pretenses they have put forward would, of itself, engender the suspicion that they were not laboring in the interests of the workers, but in aid of the revolution in which they believe. Mr. FITZPATRICK, for instance, censures Judge GARY because "he refused to listen "to President WILSON." Even had he listened to President WILSON, had he consented to a conference, there is every probability that the strike would have been ordered nevertheless. Moreover, it is hardly open to Mr. FITZPATRICK to call attention to Judge GARY'S refusal to listen to the President. Mr. WILSON urged the organizers of this strike to defer action until after the labor conference in Washington. They refused, and insisted upon calling the men out on Sept. 22, as they had planned.

Thousands of steel workers refused to obey the strike order and continued their work yesterday. Other thousands refused to work. It is impossible to judge from the events of the first day whether the strike is to become general or whether it will fail. There are many reports that those who obeyed the strike order are largely foreigners, among whom radical ideas have found lodgment, who were more easily persuaded to quit work than the more sober-minded and steady wage earners in the industry. The men themselves, most of whom are extremely well paid, as the figures of the United States Steel Corporation show, must realise that the strike was ordered for some other purpose than for an increase of their pay or a betterment of their conditions of labor. A great part of the workmen are not in sympathy with the radical ideas of Mr. FOSTER and Mr. FITZPATRICK.

D'ANNUNZIO'S TRADITION.

Whatever the results, hardly apt to be more than rhetorical, of GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO'S occupation of Fiume, one has to recognize and applaud in it, with all reservations, the power in Italy and among the Italians of the spoken and written word. By heated rhetoric, eloquence, poetry, Mr. D'ANNUNZIO represents the old Italo-Greek rhetorical tradition.

Hater of crowds, intellectual aristocrat, aesthete, decadent, what was he with the "populace" till he made his famous speech at Quarto, whence GARIBALDI started the exodus of The Thousand? He came from France to be the successor of CICERO, PETRARCH, COLA DI RIENZI. The power of the word was "worked up" well. At Bardonecchia, in May, 1915, a few officers and soldiers. At every station afterward, a growing enthusiasm. At Turin, a fire. At Genoa, a flame. At Rome, a sacred flame, the uninterrupted intellectual tradition of Rome.

Where was it, Quarto or Genoa, that the sacred seer and Apuleian romancer cried:

> If it is true, as I swear it is, that the Italians have lighted again the flame on the altar of Italy, take torches lighted in its fires in your hands and fan them to flame.

The speech, the dithyramb, at the Piazza delle Termi, was the peroration of a great popular concio. Now he is trying to produce the same effects. "Fiume or death!" "Pray for us," he asks, the eminent pagan of other days. "I trust that each one "of you, firmly planted on solid feet, "will repeat, with head uplifted, the "Roman saying, the motto of the "Legionaries, 'Here I remain irremovable!'"

His case is bad. His rhetoric is carefully calculated. This is what interests in him. He keeps the secular tradition of Italy. He belongs to a race and a land where the airy phantasms of speech and song are facts listened to by a people still enthralled by the orators of the Rostrum, still swayed by remembrances of Roman, African, and Asiatic eloquence. Particularly by the latter, as Mr. D'ANNUNZIO'S case shows.

TAUGHT BY THE LAW.

It is sensible for the Boston Central Labor Union to decide against calling "a general strike at this time." The Boston police strike, with its natural intentions and its inevitable results of disorder and crime, has shown what the affiliation of a police union, so called, with a general labor union means. Nobody of sense and reason will approve it.

It has been demonstrated in a great community that public sentiment is solidly opposed to the surrender, for labor purposes, to anarchy resulting from the attempt of the sworn officers of the law to lean on labor organizations and abandon the law. No city, no place, will encourage the protectors of order to betray it to disorder.

The Boston Central Labor Union has learned its lesson. It has had to yield to the inevitable facts.

VICTORY HALL.

More than one hundred cities in the United States have decided to build a memorial or community hall as a testimonial to their soldiers and sailors who served in the war. New York has made no decision, although as long ago as June 23 General GEORGE W. WINGATE addressed a letter on the subject to the Mayor's Memorial Committee, proposing that such a building, Victory Hall, be erected upon the block bounded by Lexington and Park Avenues and Forty-first and Forty-second Streets. The western half was acquired by the city for subway purposes. Upon the remainder of the block still stand a storage warehouse and a car barn, and this lot of ground, it is estimated, could be purchased for $2,000,000. Victory Hall, as planned, would cost $5,000,000, and if the city would contribute the half of the site acquired by it the $7,000,000 needed to provide the memorial could doubtless be raised by a Citizens' Committee.

But time is passing. The further the war recedes the harder it will be to obtain subscriptions. While the war is in men's thoughts the appeal for money will meet with a quick and generous response. General WINGATE, a civil war veteran, speaks from experience when he says that "the enthusiastic feeling which first "exists in regard to returning soldiers "and sailors dwindles and dies out "after a few years." A new generation is not so deeply interested. The time to move in behalf of Victory Hall and all that it imports is now, when men and women whose sons fought so gallantly in France and when the survivors of the war themselves feel the thrill of the ideals for which so many brave young Americans gave up their lives. Who would refuse to aid a project so worthy and enduring?

Victory Hall would be for all time an ornament to the city because architecturally beautiful, a profitable possession because of great practical value, while its appeal to civic pride and patriotism would be constant. New York has no adequate convention meeting place, as vast and rich a city as it is; Victory Hall would provide a most spacious one, the finest in the country. As the plans have been worked out, it would be found on the second floor. The ground floor would be devoted to exhibitions of all kinds. Below in the basement there would be a swimming pool, 90 by 180 feet; a gymnasium, and a rifle range for high school boys. The building would be of three stories with a flat roof, the third floor to contain rooms for the use of organizations like the G. A. R., the American Legion, the Boy Scouts, and the roof arranged as a children's playground and for horticultural and agricultural exhibits. It is proposed that the decorations shall include bronze tablets for the fallen in battle, portraits of commanding officers, and suitable inscriptions.

In the heart of New York, near a great railroad terminus, and reached by transportation lines serving every part of the Greater City, Victory Hall would soon have a national reputation as a meeting place and exhibition building, and its uses would be manifold. The convention hall floor would be in great demand for tournaments and athletic games, since in addition to an amphitheatre seating 5,000 people space could be found for a track ten laps to the mile. But this noble memorial and magnificent assembly building is as yet a design, an architect's plan, a fabric in the air. Everybody exclaims that it is a transcendent idea, that it must be carried out without fail. It awaits organization, action, and the call for funds. When public sentiment stirs and takes shape, the difficulties one after another will quickly vanish. No more golden moments should be lost.

THE MOCK DEBATE.

Beginning today the Johnson amendment is to hold the floor of the Senate until disposed of. The leaders, we are told, intend to rush action on it so that it may be decided by Saturday. Ordinary Americans can see no reason why it should not be decided sooner. What is there to debate? The country and the Senate know all about the Johnson amendment. Never was there a legislative proposal whose demerits had been more thoroughly exposed before debate.

The amendment rests on the wholly imaginary supposition that Great Britain has six votes in determining the action of the League on any question and that the United States has but one, and that this injustice should be corrected so as to give us also, six votes. But the nation already clearly understands that there is not a word of truth in this. It understands that in the Council of the League, which alone can determine the League's course, the British Empire, including its six nations, has just one vote and that we have one. It further understands that without our vote every proposal brought before the League must fail. We have an absolute veto on anything which may involve us in foreign complications or be in any other way distasteful to us.

What sort of debate, then, can there be? It is easy to forecast it. Senator JOHNSON, who has cut short his speechmaking tour for the purpose, will say, just as if the thing had never been disproved, that Great Britain, with six votes, can outvote the United States, with one vote, and commit us to policies we may dislike. Senator HITCHCOCK will reply that Great Britain has not six votes in the Council, but only one, and that we have the same number, and that therefore we cannot be committed to anything without our own consent. Senator JOHNSON'S followers will repeat what he says, and Senator HITCHCOCK'S followers will repeat what he says. Can anybody imagine a more stale and profitless debate? Why debate at all on a foregone conclusion?

The only reason we can imagine is that a delay of five days in voting will enable both sides to work for combinations which will insure them majorities. Mr. JOHNSON has said all he can possibly say. Every word he has said has been disproved by President WILSON. The place where the British Empire has six votes is in the Assembly of the League, not in its Council; and by the Council only can any policy be determined. The Assembly is a powerless debating society; and it is there that the great and growing nations which still choose to belong to the British Empire have five votes. They can talk and even vote, but their votes have no other power than to bring the question before the Council, which alone can decide, and in which they have no vote, in which the United States is equal in force to Great Britain, in which none of them can even have a vote save with the assent of the United States.

Why were the five nations allowed to have even a voteless voice in the League? Chiefly as a recognition of the fact that they are not colonies but nations, independent nations, recognizing only a nominal tie to Great Britain, a tie which is really an alliance. Do Americans object to that? Does not the bitterest enemy of England hail this recognition of the existence of Australia, New Zealand, Canada, South Africa, and India? Yet, even though thus recognized as virtually independent, they cannot vote in the Council on the policies of the world because they do still admit that Great Britain is their suzerain. That may give them ground for soreness but how can it create any soreness in the United States?

The whole case is as plain as day, and is, we venture to say, understood at last by the American people down to the last thinking man and woman. Let the Senate go through the form of redebating it. The opposition claim three majority, the affirmative two. Either way it will suit them well to have five days of mock debate, a sort of moot court, while they scurry around for votes to see if they cannot change one here or another there. For that reason the solemn mock trial of the Johnson amendment will begin today and last for as many days as may serve to convince the party whips that they can or cannot capture another vote or two.

IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Democrats of Massachusetts have held, or will hold, primaries to determine the momentous fact whether one Mr. R. H. LONG or our ancient, unforgettable and irrepressible friend, Mr. EUGENE N. FOSS, so often Governor that he is not happy if he can't be Governor again, shall or should be the next Democratic candidate for Governor.

With all respect to all local and partisan ambitions, and with no special predilection for his Excellency, CALVIN COOLIDGE, who, after all, comes from the savage western part of the Bay State and is an alien to the Boston Pale, it remains the truth, inescapable, probably unpleasant, like most truths which always look like parvenus, that Governor COOLIDGE, having sustained without shadow of concession or failing the power and reign of law, attacked perilously by the Boston police strike, will be, and has to be, re-elected.

This, irrespective of the presumption that no worthy Governor of Massachusetts can be geographically remote by more than nine leagues from the Charles River.

THE SAVING OF AMERICANS.

Has the once famous melting pot grown cold? For some time we have heard little of "the making of Americans" out of raw immigrant material, except that it is not proceeding in a manner truly satisfactory. Instead of the old, self-flattering dream, a spectre rides our nightmares—the spectre of Bolshevism unmaking Americans faster than any one is putting them forth. The steel workers who have struck are mainly aliens from Central and Southern Europe, who know nothing of America except the abundant dollar—and who know little of that except that they want more of it. Their leaders, Messrs. FITZPATRICK and FOSTER, are of the syndicalist-soviet stripe, and frankly declare their intention of "boring into" the more American circles of the Federation of Labor. The question at stake is whether highly skilled workmen, with a full appreciation of American institutions and opportunities, are to come beneath the power of the soviet spirit. The problem, in short, is of saving Americans from the melting pot.

In its larger outlines, the problem lies beyond the scope of most of us; but a letter, which was printed yesterday, presents a phase of it that comes very near to us all. Upon no class have the sacrifices of the past five years fallen with a more crushing force than upon salaried workers. And among these the individuals to suffer most deeply are self-supporting mothers. In every large city there are hundreds of children whose mothers leave them early and return to them late—abandoning them perforce throughout the day. No sort of home life is possible, or even the most elementary attention to diet. The children grow up a prey to all the chance influences of school and street, enfeebled in body, warped in manners and in mind. Far more than the American workman, they are subject to the present back-fire from the melting pot, for they are exposed to it in their tenderest and most susceptible years.

The remedy is simple—in fact, obvious. The one great force of nature which life cannot lessen or any contrivance supply is the force of motherhood. These wage-earning women are consumed with the wish to have homes, and to spend every possible energy in the nurture and education of their children. And they are not without means. What they mainly need is organization. This Mrs. LIONEL SUTRO is endeavoring to supply. What she proposes is a sort of home club in which mother and children shall have adequate rooms and a sufficient table of wholesomely cooked food. During the daily absence of the mothers a matron will be responsible for the atmosphere of the home and the welfare of the children. The sums which mothers now spend individually to such little purpose would provide the major part of the operating expenses. Some capital would be required to secure a proper house and furnish it. Possibly a certain sum would have to be contributed annually to meet the salary of the resident matron. But at an expense relatively negligible many children born to good traditions of American life could be saved from the streets and the slums.

There is already such a co-operative home club in Chicago working successfully. The movement is one which should make its way into every city and town in the country. There was never a time when it was so obviously necessary to conserve what we can of Americanism.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Wrong for New York to Rectify.

There is only one reason for criticising the proposal that New York City, by means of a municipal ordinance, shall ignore for itself the action of Congress in repealing the daylight-saving law. The reason is that to do this is in effect a confession of hopelessness as to the possibility of bringing such pressure of public opinion to bear on Congress before next Summer comes as to compel it to pass again the beneficent law abolished by it under the compulsion of influences not yet definitely known, though certainly not wholly, or even largely, exerted by the farmers of the country.

The resolutions now before the Board of Aldermen say that the lighting companies were the real instigators of the repeal, but if that charge has any basis except its plausibility, and the absence of any other real interest in doing away with daylight saving, it has not been disclosed.

It may be that Congress cannot be moved to reverse its action. If that be so—if what obviously would be best done if done for the whole nation by the national representatives must be left undone or done by separate localities then it is not only the privilege, but the duty, of New York, as the greatest American city, to take the lead in this very important matter and immediately to announce, by the passage of the proposed ordinance, its determination to do as well as it can what Congress, if it chose, could do much better.

A Special Right to Speak.

In the minds of the timorous some apprehension may arise of inconveniences more or less serious if New York's clocks should be out of harmony with those in the rest of the country. Some such inconveniences there might be, especially at first, but they would be experiences, for the most part, of the other cities that have business and other relations with this one. And what American town, big or little, does not have such relations to some extent? Those within 200 or 300 miles of New York would soon find it next to necessary, and certainly judicious, to make their clocks agree with ours, and only a less force of the same sort would be felt further away.

Probably the chief merit of daylight saving here, with the enthusiastic and practically unanimous approval of the metropolitan population—which it would be sure to have—would be in the proof it would give that people of all classes and occupations believe the plan a good one. For here, as nowhere else, are interests diversified. If daylight saving were not advantageous for almost everybody, there would be here a considerable body of protestants against it. And there is no such body.

The worst that can be remembered as said about daylight saving by any audible and articulate New Yorkers has been said by a few who declared that they couldn't see in it any particular benefit for themselves. This minute minority admits that it does not count, one way or the other. What New York wants and intends to have must be what labor, commerce, and even leisure want. They are all represented here, not by hundreds, but by many thousands, and their agreement on this one point expresses what will can be offered as American public sentiment.

New York as Always.

More attention than it has yet received is deserved by Mayor HYLAN'S appeal for contributions to relieve the needs of sufferers by the recent storm on the Gulf coast, and especially those in the town of Corpus Christi.

So wont have we all become in the years just past to hearing about deaths in greater numbers and destruction of property on a larger scale than the tornado produced that the public mind has not been stirred as it was by similar disasters in the days before the war that now seem so distant. But that is a form of callousness that must be conquered as soon as possible, and this city, in more senses than one, cannot afford to be slow in responding to requests for aid such as those repeated in the Mayor's letter to his fellow-citizens.

New York has a reputation for generosity to maintain, not because there is material profit in such a reputation—as there is—but because there is moral profit in it for the city's own people.

A Mystery Veils This Wreck.

Other steamships than the Valbanera have sailed from one port and never reached another. Some of them have gone down with all on board, and a few—a very few—have met a fate never known—"sunk without trace," as the phrase-making German advised that ships should be sunk. Yet the loss of the Spanish vessel has its unique features.

She was in much-traversed waters, and, until what could not have been many minutes before her foundering, she was in communication by wireless with both Cuban and American stations. Yet she did not report herself in any special danger. Suddenly her signals ceased, and not until she was found lying in forty feet of water near the Rebecca Shoals had she been more than "missing."

The absence not only of any survivors, but of any wreckage or any dead, hints at an almost instant submergence such as the storm itself hardly could have caused. The divers do not report serious damage as evident in their hasty and imperfect examination. It is impossible that the whole of the crew were below decks when the end came, though presumably all of the passengers were while wind and waves were so high.

The mystery should not be left unsolved if it can be cleared up, for there is a heavy responsibility to be fixed—or removed.

PORTO RICO AS A STATE.

Desire for a Full Share in the American Government.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In virtue of a law of the Congress of the United States, known as the "Jones Bill," all the citizens of Porto Rico have become citizens of the United States and shall be considered and held as such, provided: That any person of those described in Article 50 of this law may preserve his present "political status" by making a declaration under oath of his resolution to this effect within six months after the law, approved by the Congress of the United States on March 2, 1917, goes into effect.

What is a Porto Rican? He is an American citizen born in Porto Rico who has adopted and cultivated the ideals and sentiments and way of thinking of the North American democracy. These new citizens in their great majority speak two languages, Spanish and English. They practice on a large scale the spirit of tolerance, and without having changed their blood they have changed their mental attitude from the European to that of the genuine North American citizen. His physical type is represented by the virile youth who now wears the uniform of the National Army and bears in his conscience the great responsibility that he has contracted with the American nation.

These are the young men who on leaving our public schools have gone to the United States and have made themselves fit for commerce, representing well-known firms in the most distant parts of South America. Others, by means of study and examinations, are occupying positions of importance in American Consulates in Latin America. They are found among our allies and in the National Army and navy, graduates of the Naval Academy of Annapolis and of West Point; others are in the regiment of Porto Rico; others accompanied the American Expeditionary Forces to Europe, where they fought and were wounded and many died in France, and lastly to these youths has been intrusted the installation and custody of the new organic law of Porto Rico. They are competent men, and in their hands foreign capital and the progress of Porto Rico are safe.

Who prepared the soil? Who has worked for this change? Is it the law of the Congress of the United States making the Porto Ricans American citizens?

It has been the public schools which for eighteen years have striven to implant in Porto Rico the ideals of the American democracy. It is the school which has caused this "revolution," which has developed by her athletics the physical organism and by her instruction the spiritual mold of the new citizen.

In the majority of homes that have adopted the American educative spirit for their children, it can plainly be seen that the Porto Rican spirit is compatible with American democracy, which is not a question of race, but the result of home training and the instruction in the school, because the ideals and the true democratic feelings of the American people are transforming in Porto Rico one race into another.

The present moments are exceptional and are worthy of study, because men eminent in national politics are examining the situation, and we should all contribute to the utmost of our ability that Porto Rico, which possesses adequate conditions of instruction and progress, should be declared a State of the Union, and not a colony or possession, and much less that a line of demarcation should be drawn between the citizens of the continent and the citizens of this island. We trust that the American press will co-operate in order that Porto Rico may occupy her rightful place among the States of the Union, because she is sound, good, and intelligent.

JOSE LUGO-VINA, M. D.
San Juan, Sept. 5, 1919.

French and American Morals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The public prints are publishing from a "clip sheet" issued by the "dry" forces a statement made by Deets Pickett, research secretary of that organization, who has recently returned from Paris and who is now harping on that well-worn chord, "the low moral standard of France, whose degradation has only been postponed—she will be eaten by her own vices." What he says about the liquor problem in France is perfectly right; and thousands of the best Frenchmen would agree with him, but when he takes up the social evil, which is what he means by "morals," he is equally wrong.

Anybody who really understands this matter in so far as it regards France—I say really understands it, for not one American in a thousand who runs through Paris grasps at all the true situation—knows that this evil is not one whit more virulent in France than it is in other countries, not excluding the United States. There is often a difference in form, in practice, an apparent difference, but at bottom the same thing is there, no weaker and no stronger.

My own conclusions on this head, formed years ago and very strongly confirmed during the last two years, is that the morals of France taken en bloc are no worse, but, if anything, better than the morals of the United States, though the surface-gazing American tourist and the stay-at-homes of both sexes on this side of the Atlantic have all along failed to find it out.

THEODORE STANTON.
New York, Sept. 13, 1919.

THE PROFITEER.

(TWENTY YEARS HENCE.)

A little girl climbed on her grandaddy's knee,
And pleaded, "Oh, tell a true story to me!"
She wheedled and teased as a little girl can
To hear him live over the war days again.

So he told her of gallant and glorious fight,
Of the Nation's response to the call of the right,
Of brave mothers and sisters and sweethearts and wives,
Of the flower of young manhood who poured out their lives
That the world might be safe when the conflict was done,
And men keep the freedom their fathers had won.

Then she wistfully queried, "And what did you do?
I think that the man who was bravest was you."
The grandfather gazed 'round the beautiful room,
And its luxury seemed like a symbol of doom.
He regretted the past, for he felt he was old
And the fire of desire was expiring and cold.

His thought of his end in a deep narrow hole,
Too small for his body, too large for his soul,
And he made no reply, as he stifled a sigh,
But he lowered his head at the look in her eye,
For he knew in his heart that the arrow had hit—
He had done the poor people instead of his kit!

BLANCHE F. GILE.

DYE QUESTION IN HOUSE.

Longworth Defends His Bill for Double Tariff Rates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The most controversial domestic measure of this legislative session came before the House today when the bill to double the tariff rates on dyestuffs and create a licensing system was called up by Representative Nicholas Longworth, author of the bill. Opposition, it is declared, is very strong among importers who had enjoyed a monopoly on German dyes in peace times. Some Republicans, including Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania, Republican nominee for Mayor of Philadelphia, is opposed to it on the ground that the licensing system savors of free trade, gives too much authority over business to a board, and is not necessary to build up an American infant industry.

The Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee were divided over the measure, three of their number—Representatives Moore, Mott, and Young—joining in a minority report. Because of the sharp division in the committee and the opposition of importers and some textile manufacturers to the licensing system, the bitterest factional fight in the Republican Party is expected. Some contend that the contest may end in the formation of a new Republican doctrine, a sort of modification of the protective tariff, by the adoption of a license system in lieu of excessive tariff rates.

Senator Penrose, who returned today from Philadelphia, where he has been engaged in the contest to nominate Representative Moore for Mayor, declared his opposition to certain features of the dye bill. He said his views were founded on protests of business men. Investigation of the bill, however, Mr. Penrose said, might lead him to support it, although the policy of the Senate on this and other tariff and revenue matters will not be decided until the Senate Finance Committee meets this week.

"The outstanding feature of this whole question is that it has two distinct sides, a business side and a national side, a peace side and a war side," said Mr. Longworth, in opening the debate in the House.

"On the business side we find in this country an industrial production of $3,000,000,000 a year directly dependent upon dye stuffs, and as much more dependent indirectly. On the national side we find that not only are we dependent upon dye stuffs for certain absolutely necessary materials for war, either defensive or offensive, like explosives and poison gases, but for many modern medicinal preparations in which the health of the community is bound up irrevocably. It is this mutual interdependence of these two widely different branches of human endeavor upon one industry which makes its study so fascinating and its importance to the nation so vital. It is this that has caused one like myself, for instance, who has no practical skill in or erudite knowledge of chemistry, to interest himself, as I have for the last four years, in endeavoring to bring it about that this country shall have a well-developed and permanent coal tar chemical industry, sufficient at the very least to supply the needs of the American people both in time of peace and in time of war, and for all time to obviate the necessity that we should be dependent upon Germany or any other country for that which is vital not only to the welfare of American people but to the safety of the nation itself.

"If this question had only its business side, my interest in it would be far less intense than it is. In fact, I might hesitate to advocate any method outside of the protective tariff for a solution of the difficulty. But when I look upon the national side, both as it relates to the national defense and to the health and happiness of the people of America, I say to you with deliberate conviction that the need for this legislation is vital and that this bill, notwithstanding the novelty of some of its features, ought to be passed substantially unamended.

"In taking up the business side of this question, I want first very briefly to review the history of the dye industry in the United States. Up to the first of August, 1914, it was an industry of practically no importance whatever. Congress every now and then had made spasmodic efforts to do something for it, but without any real success. The big textile manufacturers were almost a unit in opposition to any substantial increase in tariff duties on dyes and dye materials, as were, of course, the professional dye importers, almost all of whom were agents of the German trusts, and every effort was used to induce the belief that it was impossible for us ever to compete with Germany. Most of the concerns which produced dyes at all in this country were assembling plants for German materials and there were only two or three, like the Schoellkopf Company at Buffalo and the Beckers Company in Brooklyn, who really made dyes. At best our industry produced only about a dozen different colors out of the eight or nine hundred odd used in the American market, and was supplying only about 10 per cent. of the American demand.

"On the other hand, Germany controlled about 90 per cent. of the American market in addition to being in practical control of the dye market of the world. As against the American production of some dozen or so different colors, Germany produced in one concern alone more than 11,000 different colors.

"Under these circumstances it is not difficult to imagine what happened here when the irregular German supply was suddenly shut off. When Great Britain and the Allies assumed control of the seas, dyes in common use shot up by thousands per cent. and many of them were unobtainable at any price. Not only the consuming public but the Government found itself in serious embarrassment for lack of colored inks used in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and other bureaus."

Explaining the licensing features, Mr. Longworth said:

"As a matter of fact the term 'licensing system' is a misnomer. It does not mean 'licensing' as we ordinarily comprehend it. It does not mean a license to do business. It means a regulation of importation. All we propose is that no dyes shall be imported when the same dyes are now being produced here at a reasonable price. The proposed board in the vast majority of cases will act automatically, and will have no power to interfere with legitimate American business.

"We are proposing this system in addition to the increased tariff because, as soon as the peace treaty is ratified, the new American dye industry will be at once exposed to the competition of an adversary so powerful, so fierce and so desperate that no practicable rates of duty would offer a really effective defense."

BAR OF NEW YORK GREETS LORD FINLAY

Former Chancellor of England Says the Common Law Unites the Two Nations.

VISITS TOMB OF HAMILTON

Elihu Root Says the Bar is the First Line of Defense Against Bolshevism.

Lord Finlay, formerly Lord Chancellor of England, was elected a member of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York at a reception given him last night by the association. Welcoming Lord Finlay, Elihu Root said that it was the first time in the history of the association that an English Lord Chancellor had been its guest.

The reception came at the end of a busy day for the British lawyer, who is in America as the delegate from his country to the annual meeting of the American Bar Association. Earlier in the day he visited the tomb of Alexander Hamilton in Trinity Church. He was also a guest of honor at the luncheon of the Pilgrims' Society at the Bankers' Club.

At the Bar Association Lord Finlay was introduced by the President of the organization, John G. Milburn. Mr. Milburn in a brief speech asserted that this occasion was the sign of a new age in which British and American lawyers would come into closer intercourse in the future.

Replying, Lord Finlay said that he agreed with Mr. Milburn in thinking that it was a great thing for the bars of the two countries to be drawn closer together. The former Lord Chancellor paid a high compliment to America's system of education in law, declaring that one of the most noted Judges of England sent his son here to study at the Harvard University Law School.

Our Bond with England.

"We have heard a great deal lately about the friendly relations between this country and Great Britain," said Lord Finlay. "The bond between them has become indissoluble. Each has memories of hardships endured and dangers faced together that will remove any grounds for friction that may arise. As regards the bars of the two nations, they are one and have always been so due to their common heritage of the great principle of English common law. They are one also in their determination that the elements of disorder that for some time have been threatening civilization shall be eliminated."

Mr. Root in his speech paid high tribute to the integrity and ability of the guest of the evening. He told of the growth of the bar in the United States and of the organization of bar associations in every city in the country following the example set by New York fifty years ago. In the course of his address Mr. Root declared that the bars of England and America were the first line of defense for the world against the spread of the doctrines of Bolshevism that were threatening mankind.

"The principles of liberty which were won for both England and America are at stake," he said. "Those principles of liberty are not questioned; they are repudiated. The first line of defense for the world is here. You may be assured that those conceptions of liberty and justice which the bars of England and America maintain, and which I believe are the bulwark of the world against disorder and revolution, will be maintained.

"No political question, no question of the moment between political divisions of different Governments can be compared to the upholding of these conceptions of justice upon which the people of England and America live and move and have their being."

Welcomed by Pilgrims.

In the absence of Chauncey M. Depew, President of the Pilgrims, James M. Beck presided at the Pilgrims' Society luncheon. Mr. Beck in welcoming Lord Finlay said the Pilgrims greeted him not only because of his standing as a jurist, but because he represented a nation with which this country had been closely associated. Calling attention to the present spirit of unity between the two nations, he declared that if Great Britain and the United States were to become separated at the council table through the League of Nations not being adopted, "it were better that the League were never born." Nevertheless, he added, even if the League of Nations failed to become an established fact, he felt the peace of the world would be secure as long as France, Great Britain, and America continued together.

Lord Finlay declared that the spirit of unity between Great Britain and the United States began to assert itself some twenty years ago, and had continued in growth until "now the relations of both are such that their concord and unity of spirit is indissoluble." He said that the two nations were united through their common losses in the war and that the only danger to this amity was in ignorance, through an inadequate understanding of each other. While the former Lord Chancellor did not advocate a formal alliance between Great Britain and America, which he said he regarded as unnecessary to maintain the present good relations, he thought these relations could still further be cemented by a perfect understanding between the two nations so that "the peace of the world will be assured for all time."

Turning in his speech to the relations between labor and capital, Lord Finlay declared that peace between labor and capital was as essential and as important as peace between nations.

"We must have harmony between these two great forces in order to insure the prosperity of every nation," he put it.

When disputes arose between employes and employers they should be settled by arbitration, he said. Increased production, he added, carried with it a guarantee of the safety of this country, as well as England, and it was us to the workingmen, as well as the capitalists, to accomplish this.

Lord Finlay said that compulsory work had been done away with, and that it ought to be open to every man to work where he pleases, without being bound by the action of any organization. He said this right "to make the most of this industry" was a sacred one, as inviolable as the right of property, and that the worker should be protected by the law when he attempted to exercise it. He urged some scheme of profit-sharing along the lines of paid-up dividends, which would enable the workmen to participate in his employer's prosperity. He declared, however, that the worker should not be required to share in losses.

Maurice Casenave of the French High Commission also spoke.

N. Y. UNIVERSITY TO OPEN TOMORROW

Chancellor Brown Will Deliver Address at Beginning of New Academic Year.

SEE LARGE ENROLLMENT

Psychological Tests Being Made the Basis for the Entrance Examinations.

New York University will begin its eighty-eighth academic year tomorrow. Opening exercises will be held in the auditorium of the Memorial Library at University Heights. The opening address will be made by Chancellor Elmer Ellsworth Brown. Brief exercises for the opening of the School of Commerce will take place this evening at Cooper Union. The address will be made by Dean Joseph French Johnson of that school.

Registration figures will not be available until next week, but it was said at the university that the enrollment was likely to be unusually large in all departments. The School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance has an entering class of 2,745. The figures for the other schools are still incomplete.

Entrance examinations in the undergraduate colleges at University Heights have been going on for the past week. The psychological tests have been the basis of all such examinations. Commenting upon the practical operation of such tests, Professor James E. Lough, who has been in charge of them, had this to say yesterday: "Mental ability and capacity to do college work can be accurately determined by the psychological test, because it is not a test of knowledge. Students can cram for an entrance examination, but they cannot cram for a psychological test. I am inclined to believe that it would be a sufficient test in itself to determine whether a boy ought to go to college or ought not to go to college if it were made more complete."

To Give Military Training.

Military science is now a part of the curriculum of the undergraduate colleges of New York University at University Heights. Registration in the military course carries with it enrollment in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, which extends through four years and has for its object the giving of a broad, practical military education with the least possible interference with one's civilian career. Freshmen and sophomores who are physically unable to drill or who are not assigned to noncombatant duty are required to take physical training of a type which will remedy physical defects. Captain Hathaway, U. S. A., has been designated by the War Department to this department.

Among the new appointments of professors to the university's School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance is Bruce Barton, who is to give a course in the essentials of advertising. E. St. Elmo Lewis is giving a course in business policies. C. C. Bryant is giving a course in retail merchandising. Charles E. Knoeppel is giving a course in factory organization.

Members of the university faculty who were in the foreign service and who have returned are B. Sprague Allen, who served as instructor in English at the French school for the training of artillery officers at Fontainebleau; Harry Clifton Heaton, who was attached to the University of Paris in connection with the student soldier detachment there; Professor Percy L. Thorne, Captain in artillery; Professor Earle B. Babcock, Professor John Charles Hubbard, Chief Signal Officer; Dr. Chester F. S. Whitney, and Dr. Harold D. Senior.

All the schools will open tomorrow except the School of Law, which will open on Sept. 29.

4,625 PRINCETONIANS IN WAR

8,000 Men of University Were Officers—188 Gave Their Lives.

Statistics compiled by Princeton University and made public yesterday by President John Grier Hibben, show that 4,625 Princeton men were in active service during the war. The figures are not complete, President Hibben said, as many of the graduates of the university have not responded to the questionnaire on their war activities.

Of the 3,000 Princetonians who were officers during the war, four became Brigadier Generals, four Colonels, two Commanders and thirty-seven Lieutenant Colonels. The incomplete record shows there were five Lieutenant Commanders, 161 Majors, 321 Captains, and 1,478 Lieutenants in the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps.

One hundred and thirty-seven Princeton men were killed and 231 were decorated for distinguished conduct. As accurately as can be computed, 54 per cent. of the undergraduates who were in college in February, 1917, entered the service.

Out of 184 members of the faculty in 1916-17, eighty were in war service, more than half of them in uniformed service, the report continues. Twelve received decorations, three died, and three were taken prisoner.

RECORD CLASS AT YALE.

Two Temporary Dormitories Obtained to House Surplus Students.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 22.—Yale's plant was opened today for the 219th year of the college. The returning rush of undergraduates brought back what is expected to prove the largest registration in the history of the college.

The entering class in the academic department is easily the largest on record. It promises to exceed 450, and two temporary dormitories have been obtained to house the surplus students. The most important undergraduate change this year is the abolition of the select course of the Sheffield Scientific School, and its transfer to the academic department, whose fine arts course it had duplicated. The Sheffield Scientific School will give four years' purely scientific course in the future.

Because of the changes it is thought that the entering class in the Sheffield Scientific School will be only about 250. It will offer fine arts courses, its students going to the academic department to take them, and the scientific courses in the academic department will be given by the Sheffield Scientific School.

The new dean and other officers decided upon by the corporation last Spring have not yet been announced.

OLD CHAPEL IS REOPENED.

Mrs. Whitelaw Reid Renovates Place Abandoned 45 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 22.—After being closed forty-five years, a small stone chapel, nearly hidden among the trees on Ophir Farm, the country estate of Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, at Purchase, has been renovated by Mrs. Reid and thrown open to the public. The quaint building was used as a private Episcopal chapel by the Halliday family, which formerly owned the property, and several members of that family are buried in a vault under the church. Recently Mrs. Reid decided to reopen it for religious services for residents of Purchase and vicinity.

The chapel is Gothic architecture, with walls four feet thick. There is a large rest room, foyer and marble staircase. Aside from electric lights, heating plant, and enlarged seating accommodations the chapel is today as it was a century ago.

RUNYON SAYS HE WILL WIN.

Governor Sees Victory in Eleven Counties—King Also Confident.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 22.—Governor William N. Runyon, one of the four Republican candidates seeking the Gubernatorial nomination at the polls tomorrow, in a statement today says he will succeed by a large plurality. He says he will carry 11 of the 21 counties in the State, and perhaps 13, including the larger counties in the northern part of the State. The Governor says he is a little uncertain about Hudson County, but expects also that he might annex that to his column.

In his statement the Governor says that he had promised office to none during his campaign, that the money from his campaign fund has gone into legitimate advertising.

He also has something to say of the present trolley zone fight and the summoning of the Public Utilities Commissioner to defend its action in approving the fare zone system. "I assure the people of New Jersey," he says, "there will be no great delay in settling this question, which affects every public interest in the State."

Warren F. King, candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, in a statement issued tonight, issued a warning against fraud at the primaries tomorrow and declared the election must be clean and the vote counted correctly, as cast.

"I wish to emphatically warn the remnant of the Republican political machine in New Jersey that the vote at the primaries tomorrow must be honestly counted and that fraud or any attempt at colonization will be prosecuted to the limit."

The candidate states, "I believe I will be nominated as the Republican candidate for Governor."

BROKEN GLASS PUZZLE ENDS

Steel Balls Used as Bullets to Pierce Newark Windows.

With the finding of a little steel ball, such as are used in ball bearings of bicycles and automobiles, in the saloon of Philip Garey, at Broad and Clay Streets, in Newark, yesterday, and the demonstration by a citizen that a steel ball thrown from a blowpipe or air gun against a plate-glass window would make a hole such as has been discovered in twenty-six stores windows in Newark the last four days, the police believe they have solved the puzzle that has been stirring that city.

The window in Garey's saloon was one of those pierced last Saturday. At first no missile was discovered, but when the saloon was swept yesterday the steel ball was found and turned over to the police. Last night a citizen who had interested himself in the case went to Headquarters with a piece of plate glass and several steel bearing balls and demonstrated that they could be used to make such holes. When the steel ball, being highly elastic, hit the glass it rebounded, where a leaden bullet would have gone through. The police believe this rebound created the mystery in every case except at the Garey saloon and accounts for the absence of missiles inside the windows.

The damage to windows is estimated at between $5,000 and $6,000.

The Several Foster Advertising Company reported to the police yesterday that more than 100 of their boards in and near Newark had been daubed over some time on Sunday or this morning. None of the signs being almost obliterated. The damage, according to E. M. Wolfe, general manager, will exceed $5,000, because it will be weeks before the signs, many of them handpainted, can be replaced, and in the meantime the company must give its patrons rebate.

Eighteen bill posters employed by the company are on strike and on Saturday hope of a settlement vanished when the company declared for an open shop. Representatives of the union declared that the strikers had nothing to do with the destruction of property.

SENDS PROTEST ON MEMEL.

Mueller Urges Allies to Ascertain Wishes of the People There.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Hermann Muller, the German Minister of Foreign Affairs, has instructed Baron Kurt von Lersner, head of the German Peace Delegation at Versailles, to transmit to the Peace Conference a note concerning the Memel territory, declaring that much of the present situation is harmful and unbearable to the inhabitants of that territory, and requesting the allied and associated powers to make a decision as soon as possible with regard to ascertaining the desires of the people of the territory.

Memel, a seaport in Prussia, is the most northern town in the former German Empire. It is situated on the Baltic, 72 miles northeast of Königsberg. A dispatch from Berlin Sept. 9, said that German troops had completely evacuated the territory south of the Memel River.

REPORT PERSHING TO WED.

Washington Paper Prints Rumor of His Marriage to Col. Boyd's Widow.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Washington had a new Pershing story today when the announcement that General Pershing had concluded the lease of Mrs. Henry C. Corbin's suburban home just beyond Chevy Chase, Md., was followed by the statement in a local paper that this was the forerunner of a more interesting announcement in which the world would be told of the prospective marriage of General Pershing to Mrs. Carl Boyd, widow of Colonel Boyd, U. S. A., who died in France less than a year ago while serving on General Pershing's staff.

As both General Pershing and Mrs. Boyd have left Washington, the latter for Hagerstown, Md., and the former for some unnamed place to take a rest, no authoritative confirmation or denial of the latest rumor is possible, but friends of both are disposed to believe the statement to be unwarranted by facts.

Acason-Anderson.

The marriage is announced of Miss Esther Anderson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Anderson of Kansas City, and Herbert Wheliey Acason, President of the Acason Automobile Company of Detroit, Mich., which took place on Saturday, at the Church of the Transfiguration. Captain Arthur Acason, just returned from France, was his brother's best man, and Miss Alice Helen Marsland attended the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Acason have gone to Quebec on their honeymoon, and will reside in Detroit.

Miss Stirn to Wed Lieut. Elliman.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. Stirn of Grymes Hill, Staten Island, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Natalie E. Stirn, to Arthur Benbow Elliman, son of the late Arthur Benbow Elliman and Mrs. Elliman of New Brighton, S. I. Mr. Elliman was formerly a member of Squadron A, and served in the 106th Infantry as Lieutenant.

Donnelly-Durk Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. James Vincent Donnelly of Brooklyn, formerly of South Orange, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marie Edgerton Donnelly, to Francis L. Durk, Mr. Durk is a graduate of Cornell University and a member of the law firm of Cullen & Dykman. He served in the army as a First Lieutenant of infantry.

With King and Queen of Belgium.

William Wickham Hoffman of this city, Military Attaché in Brussels, has been appointed by the State Department to accompany the King and Queen of Belgium, who sailed today, on their trip to America, and will accompany them throughout the United States. Mr. Hoffman is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman of 58 East Seventy-ninth Street.

COLLEGE ENTRANTS TAKE MENTAL TESTS

Columbia University Students Elect Psychological Examinations for Admission.

FIRST FILE SCHOOL RECORD

Other Educational Institutions Now Employing Same Method for Trying Alert Minds.

Psychological tests were chosen yesterday as a method of admission to Columbia University by more students than any other method of admission. Three large lecture halls were used, and because of the number of students desirous of taking the tests they will be given again this morning.

More than fifteen universities in the United States, including Rutgers, Brown, University of Pennsylvania, Mercer, South Carolina, Kansas, South Dakota, Utah, University of Wyoming, and the University of Tasmania, New Zealand, are already using the Columbia tests.

The tests, devised by Prof. E. L. Thorndyke, formerly in charge of the psychological and mental tests in the United States Army, are composed of a series of thirty different sets. They test the alertness of mind, the mental efficiency, and the brain power of the entering student.

Applicants for admission by the new method are required to file a statement giving full information about themselves and their courses of study. They also state what they are interested in as regards activities outside of school as well as during school hours. In addition the applicants are required to file health certificates which are the result of a medical examination. Provided that they can file a complete school record, showing that they have completed satisfactorily the full requirements for admission to college, and that they have graduated from an acceptable secondary school, and can show a letter of recommendation from the principal of that school, they may then be permitted to substitute the mental tests for the entrance examinations.

The questions asked have a wide range in testing the knowledge of the student as well as testing his mental efficiency. These questions serve as good examples:

Test 1.—Make a cross in the square before the best answer to each question.

1. Why is it every man to be educated? Because
   - Roosevelt was educated,
   - it makes a man more useful,
   - it costs money,
   - some educated people are wise.
2. Why is beef better food than cabbage? Because
   - it is harder to obtain,
   - it tastes better,
   - it is more nourishing,
   - it comes from animals.

Test 2.—Write the letter F before each of these statements which could not possibly be true.

1. The dog pursued the stag through flower gardens in full bloom.
2. While sharpening his three-bladed knife, my cousin cut his middle finger.
3. The red-haired girl, standing in the corner, is taller than any of her brothers.

Registration, which began last Wednesday, continued yesterday, when there was a great influx of students to the campus. The opening exercises of the 166th academic year will be held Wednesday.

ARREST MRS. SIEGMEISTER.

Woman Who Brought Out the Reserves with Her Bus Held for Disorder.

When Helen Siegmeister of 56 Second Avenue appeared in the West Side Court yesterday to ask a warrant for the arrest of Patrolman Thomas Kelly, who arrested her the night before on a charge of disorderly conduct, she herself was arrested again on a disorderly conduct charge. On Sunday night she and her husband, who operate a sightseeing bus between Times Square and Coney Island, were said to be creating a disturbance while trying to invite passers-by to take the trip, and before she was arrested Kelly had to draw his revolver and call out the reserves. The case, however, was dismissed by Magistrate Corrigan.

Yesterday she appeared at the West Side Court and said that Kelly had assaulted her. She urged Magistrate Francis X. McQuade to issue a warrant for the arrest of the officer. When the Magistrate advised her that there was no authority for the warrant under the circumstances, she became unruly, according to the court officers, persisted in demanding the warrant, saying that she wanted "justice" and was determined to have it. Magistrate McQuade advised her to keep quiet, and when she disobeyed he directed Court Officer Charles Schafer to arrest her. She provided a bail of $200 for a hearing in the West Side Court on Sept. 26, on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Paris Police Stop Wagner Concert.

PARIS, Sept. 11, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—A concert scheduled to take place in the Tuileries Gardens last evening was canceled by order of the Prefect of Police. The program was equally divided between selections from Berlioz and Wagner, and the Prefect of Police had received numerous letters informing him that if Wagner were rendered in the Tuileries Gardens the crowd would take steps to mar the occasion. The Prefect yielded.

Ex-Chief Justice Fell.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—D. Newlin Fell, former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, died tonight at his country home near Buckingham, Bucks County, where he was born Nov. 4, 1840. Death was due to apoplexy. He practised in Philadelphia till 1877, when he was appointed by Governor Hartranft a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, remaining a Judge of that court until elected to the Supreme Court of the State in 1894. In 1910 he became Chief Justice.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Jones Young.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Jones Young, for the last twenty-three years President of the Methodist Episcopal Church Home for the Aged in Brooklyn, died of heart disease on Sunday at her residence, 163 Ross Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Young was one of the first members of the Chiropean and of the old Amphion Musical Society and formerly for twenty-five years was President of the old Brooklyn Diet Dispensary. She was the wife of Francis Wilbur Young, a retired piano dealer. Since 1868 Mrs. Young had been a member of St. John's M. E. Church, in which her husband is President of the Board of Trustees, and where, in March, 1917, their golden wedding anniversary was celebrated.

Ex-Judge Oliver P. Bechtel.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., Sept. 22.—Oliver P. Bechtel, for thirty years President Judge of the Schuylkill County courts, died suddenly today. He was 77 years old. Judge Bechtel was frequently mentioned for the Democratic nomination for Governor. Before being elected Judge he served as a term as State Senator. He left the bench twelve years ago to make a place for his son, H. O. Bechtel, who is now the President Judge of the courts.

Mrs. Roland J. Hemmick.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Mrs. Roland J. Hemmick, wife of the former American Consul at Geneva and daughter of the late Washington Smith of Pittsburgh, died today at Atlantic City, where she and Mr. Hemmick have had an apartment since his retirement from the consular service.

NO BAR TO FRENCH TREATY.

Senate Judiciary Committee Decides It is Constitutional.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—By unanimous vote of the six members present the Senate Judiciary Committee decided today that the proposed treaty guaranteeing immediate assistance by this country to France in the event of an unprovoked attack by Germany was constitutional. Twelve members were absent and their votes were not cast.

Under the working rules of the committee six members constituted a quorum. The vote was on a resolution by Senator Walsh, Democrat, of Montana, calling for the committee's opinion as to the constitutionality of the treaty. A sub-committee recently decided that the treaty would be constitutional.

Those voting today were Senators Nelson, Minnesota, Chairman; Sterling, South Dakota, and Kellogg, Minnesota, Republicans; Culberson, Texas; Overman, North Carolina, and Walsh, Democrats.

GERMANS STAY AT MITAU.

Troops to Remain in Latvia All Winter; Copenhagen Hears.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The German troops in the Baltic region intend to remain in Latvia all Winter, making their headquarters at Mitau, according to a Central News dispatch received at Copenhagen from Helsingfors.

General von der Goltz, the German commander, is now at Mitau, it is stated.

In reply to a demand by the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference that the German military evacuate the Baltic provinces, the German Government early this month declared that these troops were not under its control.

COMMODORE BENEDICT ILL.

At 85 He Suffers Attack of Acute Indigestion at Indian Harbor.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Sept. 22.—Commodore E. C. Benedict, banker, philanthropist and yachtsman, who was taken ill with an attack of acute indigestion at his Indian Harbor residence yesterday afternoon, was reported last night by his physicians to be resting comfortably. yesterday morning he was out fishing and seemed to be in the best health.

Two of his daughters, Mrs. Thomas Hastings of Westbury, L. I., and Mrs. Ramsay Turnbull of Bernardsville, N. J., were notified and they arrived at Indian Harbor today. Although 85 years old the Commodore has continued his trips in his yacht Oneida, having recently journeyed to Chesapeake Bay for the fishing there.

In January, 1916, Mr. Benedict was reported ill while cruising in the West Indies but nothing serious developed at the time. He retired from the Stock Exchange firm of E. C. Benedict & Co. in November, 1917.

GOVERNOR SMITH IS ILL.

Confined to His Bed with a Severe Cold.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—Governor Smith is confined in bed in the Executive Mansion tonight, suffering from the effects of a heavy cold. He is under the care of Dr. Daniel E. O'Keeffe, who has issued strict orders not to let any one see the Executive or send him any messages. It was said that, while he was not in a serious condition, the Governor must be kept quiet for a few days.

When Governor Smith returned from New York on Sunday night he was ill, and upon reaching the mansion retired at once. During the night he developed alarming symptoms, and Dr. O'Keeffe was sent for. He saw the Governor several times today.

The Governor has several important engagements for this week which probably will be postponed.

LENOIR CRITICALLY ILL.

Frenchman Saved from Firing Squad Unable to Confer with Lawyers.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—Pierre Lenoir, under sentence of death on a charge of having communicated military intelligence to the enemy, who was saved from a firing squad last Friday by an appeal to the Under Secretary of State for Military Justice, was reported today to be in a very serious condition.

His lawyers, de Moline and Auvillain, who called at his cell this morning, found him with a high fever, reeking in perspiration, and unable to articulate distinctly a single word.

BELGIAN RULERS ARE ON WAY HERE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

ing the shells which exploded around him in that rain-soaked field near Malines, stood watching the Germans relentlessly encircling Antwerp in a ring of fire and steel, as he battled desperately to retain the last parcel of his Kingdom.

"A country which defends itself cannot perish. I have faith in our destinies," he said.

Then Antwerp fell, and Albert took refuge in this very port from which he sailed today.

Recollections of those fateful days doubtless came to the King, and he may have contrasted the silent, mournful throngs that bade him farewell five years ago with the cheering, enthusiastic crowd that wished him god-speed today.

MAYOR HOAN REFUSES TO INVITE KING ALBERT

"I Stand for the Man Who Works; To Hell with the Kings," Writes Milwaukee Executive.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 22.—"I stand for the man who works. To hell with the kings."

This quotation closes a letter to A. T. Van Scoy, President of the Milwaukee Association of Commerce, from Mayor Hoan, in which the Mayor refused to invite King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium to visit Milwaukee. The Mayor offered, however, to forward such an invitation presented by any group of citizens.

Mayor Hoan's letter reads in part:

"Please do not ask me to invite any King, Kaiser or Czar. The people of Milwaukee in choosing a Mayor do not require of him a forfeiture of self-respect.

"Did they not know that Socialists refused to hobnob with Prince Henry and Royalty before my election? * * * Willie I mean no disrespect to the Belgian people, whom I love, nor discourtesy to you, yet these are days that try men's souls. We must take our place with kings, their golden plates and satellites, or line up with the right of common man.

"I should go to my grave in everlasting shame were I to boost one iota the stock of any king. Mr. Van Scoy, remind your associates that I stand for the man who works. To hell with the kings."

TRAINS TO HALT IN MEMORY OF SHONTS

Interborough Traffic to Cease One Minute at 4 P. M. Today for President's Funeral.

VAIN SEARCH FOR DAUGHTER

Mrs. Rutherfurd Bingham Is on a Hunting Trip in Canadian Woods and Cannot Be Found.

In honor of the memory of Theodore P. Shonts, for the last twelve years President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, every subway and elevated train of the company will come to a full stop for one minute at 4 o'clock this afternoon, at the funeral services of Mr. Shonts being held in the Brick Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street. Dr. George Howard Duffield, pastor of the church, will conduct the services.

Interment will be in Woodlawn Cemetery, where the mother of Mr. Shonts is buried. Mr. Shonts died early Sunday morning, after an illness of three months, resulting from pneumonia.

The honorary pall bearers, as announced yesterday, are General Thomas H. Barry, Major August Belmont, John E. Berwind, Harry S. Black, Henry P. Davison, William A. Day, J. Horace Harding, Colonel William Hayward, Frank Hedley, Alexander J. Hemphill, Edwin S. Marston, Joy Morton, De Lancey Nicoll, and James L. Quackenbush.

A guard of honor, representing the Brotherhoods of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York Railways Company and the Sunshine Society, will watch over the body of Mr. Shonts tonight.

Mrs. Rutherfurd Bingham, a daughter of Mr. Shonts, and the wife of the son of General Theodore A. Bingham, does not know that her father is dead. She is on a hunting trip in the Canadian woods. In spite of all efforts of the family to reach her by telegraph and messenger she could not be found.

The Duchess de Chaulnes, another daughter, is in France with her son and will be unable to attend the services. When the Duchess left her father three weeks ago he had rallied and was reported recovering.

The funeral arrangements have been completed. The first pew in the church will be occupied by Mrs. Theodore P. Shonts, her sister, Mrs. George Sturdevant; her brother, John A. Drake, and her nephew, Francis Drake. The second pew will be occupied by Mr. Shonts's sister, Miss Eva Marshall Shonts, his niece, Miss Mary Merrifield, and his cousin, Frank Shonts Pryor.

Intimate friends of Mr. Shonts and officials of the Interborough will be seated on the left side of the church behind the first two pews. On the right side will be the pallbearers. Directors of the Interborough, public officials, members of Mr. Shonts's college society, Phi Kappa Psi, representatives of the Pennsylvania Society, of which he was Vice-President, and general officers, and a committee from the Interborough Brotherhood, and the Sunshine Society.

Mitten Has No Offer from J. R. T.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 22.—Thomas E. Mitten, President of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, today denied rumors, revived upon the death of Theodore P. Shonts, that he might succeed Mr. Shonts as President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of New York.

"There is absolutely nothing to that rumor, Mr. Mitten said. "I have received no offer from New York."

Friends of Mr. Mitten said that even if he should assume direction of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, it was probable that he would retain connection with the Philadelphia Rapid Transit.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARY ELIZABETH LYON HAVENS, widow of John H. Havens, a tea broker of this city, died on Sunday at her home, 6,404 Clarson Avenue, Brooklyn, in her eighty-second year.

GEORGE JOHN CARTER, 54 years old, a salesman for the Whitlock Printing Press Company in Manhattan, and a member of Hyatt Lodge, No. 205, F. and A. M., died in his fifty-fifth year on Sunday at his home, 1,070 Carroll Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Carter was a native of London, England.

JOHN ALLEN, for twenty years in the employ of the E. W. Bliss Company, died at his home, 5,702 Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born sixty-eight years ago in Glasgow, Scotland.

AMBROSE E. BARNES, one of the earliest manufacturers of folding beds, died yesterday, aged 76, at the Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, N. J.

JOHN YULE, a director of the McNab & Harlin Manufacturing Company, died yesterday at his home in Paterson, N. J. He was 69 years old.

FRANCIS COCHRANE, former Minister of Railways and Canals, died yesterday in Ottawa, Ont., in his sixty-eighth year. He was twice elected to the Ontario Legislature and in 1905 was appointed Minister of Lands and Mines, under the Whitney Government.

Mrs. MARY WORTHINGTON SARGENT, wife of the Rev. Samuel Sargent of Richmond Hill, died suddenly on Friday at Haverstraw, N. Y.

Captain OLIVER H. SPRAGUE, formerly head of Sprague's Express Company, is dead at his home on Block Island, R. I., after a long illness. He was 68 years old.

GEORGE W. GREENE, for many years employed in the Department of Public Buildings and Offices, died Saturday at his home, 93 Oxford Street, Brooklyn. He was 48 years old.

A. MARVIN CARR, Vice President of the Durham Hosiery Mills, 88 Leonard Street, is dead, at the age of 39, after a three months' illness. He lived at 75 East Seventy-fourth Street. He was born in Durham, N. C., and attended the University of North Carolina.

Born.

PERLMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan D. Perlman announce the birth of a son, Sept. 22, at the Lying-in-Hospital.

Engaged.

BLICKMAN—BARKIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Barkin of 459 West 161st St., New York, announce the engagement of their daughter, Lydia E., to Manuel Blickman, son of Mrs. Sophie Blickman of Brooklyn, N. Y.

BROWN — CREEVEY. — Mrs. H. Frederick Bermingham announces the engagement of her niece, Miss Frances Adele Creevey, to Mr. Robert Glassell Brown of Los Angeles, Cal.

GROSSMAN—BERLINGER.—Mr. and Mrs. L. Berlinger announce the engagement of their daughter, Ruth, to Mr. Joe M. Grossman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Grossman.

GROSSMAN—MALLAMUDT.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Mallamudt announce the engagement of their daughter, Sara, to Mr. Daniel Grossman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Grossman.

GRUBER—LIVANT.—Mr. A. Livant of 348 Roebling St., Brooklyn, announces the engagement of his daughter, Dr. Queenie Livant, to Dr. Jacob Gruber, son of Mrs. C. Gruber of Manhattan.

HARRIS — PATZOWSKY. — Madam Sophie Traubman Patzowsky of the Metropolitan Opera announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Eleanore Traubman Patzowsky, to Mortimer J. Harris of this city. Reception at the St. Regis Hotel, Oct. 11, from 4 to 7 P. M. The marriage will take place in December.

Married.

DEGENER—MARTIN.—At Wilton, Conn., on Sept. 20, by the Rt. Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd and the Rev. Charles A. Martin, Mary Martin, daughter of Edward S. Martin, to Paul Arnold Degener.

HALLETT — MACKINTOSH.—On Thursday, Sept. 18, 1919, at the Anglican Church, Sao Paulo, Brazil, by Canon Penn Jones Grant Mackintosh of Elizabeth, N. J., to Frank Bennett Hallett of Sao Paulo.

Mullen-Shaw STREET 16 W 37th MOURNING

Married.

VANDAUER—MERRINS.—Sept. 22, 1919, Margaret Irene Merrins to Dr. Sidney Vandauer.

Died.

BARNES.—Suddenly, at Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, Sept. 21, 1919, Ambrose E. Barnes, in his 76th year. Services at Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, Md. Y., Barnes plot, Circle and Dawn Ave., on Wednesday, Sept. 24, at 3 P. M.

BARUTH.—Sept. 20, in his 70th year, Morris, beloved husband of Sadie (nee Wolff) and devoted father of Isidor, Samuel and Pauline Baruth. Retired and friends invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 330 West 134th St., Tuesday, Sept. 23, at 2 P. M. Interment Bayside Cemetery.

BETTMAN.—Suddenly, Sept. 21, 1919, at Atlanta, Ga., Frederick I. Bettman, beloved husband of May C. O'Neill of 822 West 143d St. Notice of funeral later.

BLEIER.—Benjamin, suddenly, after a short illness, Sunday, in his 69th year. Services Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St. Interment private.

BRADLEY.—At Montclair, N. J., Monday, Sept. 22, 1919, Mariana Gulick, beloved wife of Edwin A. Bradley, in her 73d year. Funeral services will be held at St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Montclair, N. J., Thursday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, upon arrival of D., L. & W. train leaving the Hoboken 3:00 o'clock.

BRISTOR.—On Sunday, Sept. 21, at his residence, Cedar Lane, Bayside, George E. Bristor. Funeral from his home, in Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, Sept. 23, 1919.

BRODSKY.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., Sunday, Sept. 21, 1919, Bertha Hartwig, widow of the late John S. Brodsky of New York City. Funeral services will be held in Lutheran Cemetery Chapel, Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

CAMPBELL.—Josephine M., beloved daughter of William and Campbell, Sept. 23. Funeral services at her late home, 548 West 161st St., Tuesday, Sept. 23, at 1 P. M.

COHEN.—Rachael, beloved wife of Benzo, and devoted mother of Lisette C. Schottenstein and Hester S. Cohen, and sister of Sophie Oppenheimer and Fidenia Rosenc. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,708 5th Av., corner of 130th St., on Wednesday, Sept. 24, 1919, at 10 A. M.

COX.—On Sunday, Sept. 21, 1919, James Cox, in his 73d year. Funeral from his late residence, 9 Bedford Hills Av., on Wednesday, Sept. 24, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

CRONIN.—On Sept. 21, at St. Peter's Rectory, Liberty, N. Y., the Rev. Daniel P. Cronin, pastor of Solemn Requiem mass on Tuesday, 10:30 A. M., at Our Lady of Mercy Church, Fordham, N. Y. Divine office at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Reverend clergy respectfully invited.

FALLON.—Sunday, Sept. 21, 1919, Mary E. Fallon, beloved daughter of Mary and the late John Fallon and sister of John J. and William Fallon, Mrs. Alfred J. Kerr and Mrs. Leo Burns. Funeral from her late residence, 1,113 Washington St., Hoboken, Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock; thence to Church of Our Lady of Mercy, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated. Interment Holy Name Cemetery. Funeral director, John F. Cullen.

FERNALD.—On Sunday, Sept. 21, 1919, Ida Helen Fernald, nee Whiting, wife of C. W. Fernald of Fanwood, N. J. Funeral service will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, Lefferts Place and Washington Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 24, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

GANDOLFO.—Joseph, of 698 West 160th St., Sept. 21. Services, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. and 80th St., Thursday, Sept. 25, at 8 P. M.

GARRETSON.—On Sept. 19, at Baxter Springs, Kan., Sarah Vermilye, widow of William Garretson, in her 72d year. Relatives and friends are invited to the funeral services at Chapel of Kirk & Nice, undertakers, corner Main Street and Washington Lane, Germantown, Philadelphia, Monday, 2:30 inst., 2:30. Interment Ivy Hill Cemetery.

HAVENS.—On Sunday, Sept. 21, at her home, 416A Classon Av., Brooklyn, Margaret Elizabeth, widow of John H. Havens, in her 82d year. Funeral services Tuesday evening, Sept. 23, at 8 o'clock. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery at the convenience of family. Glens Falls, N. Y., papers please copy.

HENRICH.—Suddenly, at Hammond, La., Sept. 18, Julia C., daughter of the late Max and Anna Henrich. Relatives and friends invited to the Pier, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Oliver H. Bair Building, 1826 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. Interment private.

HINCK.—Clara, at her residence, in Bronxville, Sunday morning, in her 83d year. Funeral services at her home Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Burial services Wednesday afternoon, 1 o'clock.

HOWARD.—SONS OF THE REVOLUTION, in the State of New York. The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, Otis Howard, at his late residence, on Drake Road, Scarsdale, N. Y., at 2:45 P. M., on Tuesday, Sept. 23. Train leaves Grand Central at 1:56 P. M.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

HOWARD.—HEADQUARTERS LAFAYETTE POST, 146, D. N. Y., G. A. R., Comrades, also members of Lafayette Camp, Sons of Veterans, are requested to attend the funeral services of our late comrade, Otis Howard, Drake Road, Scarsdale, Tuesday, Sept. 23, at 2:45 P. M. Take 1:38 train from Grand Central Terminal. Ritual service. Uniform. By order,

GEORGE W. CASE, Commander.

FRANCIS R. STEDMAN, Adjutant.

HUNDEMANN.—Suddenly on the 21st, Anna, in her 31st year, beloved wife of Theodore Hundemann, and her infant son, George J. Funeral from her late residence, 419 West 36th St., on Tuesday, the 23d, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited.

JACKSON.—Suddenly, in his 41st year, R. Heber Jackson, beloved son of Mrs. Augustus Jackson. Funeral services in Washington, D. C., Tuesday, Sept. 23.

KRONNBERG. — Gussie, beloved wife of Samuel and mother of Florence and Sylvia, after a short illness, age 36. Funeral Wednesday, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 1,115 West 172d St. corner 101st St. Kindly omit flowers. Interment Washington Cemetery.

KRONNBERG.—Gussie. JOS. KRONNBERG 321, I. O. B. B.—Brethren: Sorrowful announcement is made of the death of Mrs. Gussie Kronnberg, beloved wife of Mr. Samuel Kronnberg. Funeral takes place Wednesday, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 838 West 172d Av.

N. TURK, President.

LAY.—On Sunday, Sept. 21, 1919, at Washington, D. C., Colonel Richard G. Lay, in the 86th year of his age.

LOHMAN.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1919, Margaret E. Lohman. Funeral services at her late residence, 15 South 6th Av., Wednesday, 2:30. Omit flowers.

LOW.—George. Born at Aberdeenshire, Scotland, June 27, 1858, died at Potsdam, N. Y., Sept. 20. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery Tuesday, 4 P. M. Take west side subway or 9th Av. "L" to Jerome Av. entrance.

MacLEAR.—Kate, widow of George MacLear and mother of Mrs. F. Weis, passed away Sept. 22. Funeral private.

MacBAIN.—On Saturday, Sept. 20, 1919, Archibald Cowan, beloved husband of Lillian, (nee Telfer.) Funeral takes place from his late residence, 230 West 113th St., on Tuesday, Sept. 23, at 2 P. M. British and Canadian papers please copy.

MADONEY.—On Monday, Sept. 22, Ellie Maloney, (nee Lovelle.) Notice of funeral later.

MARSH.—Mary A., widow of the late Frank P. Marsh, Sept. 22. Funeral services Wednesday, Sept. 24, at 2 o'clock, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Goodbody, 173 Keap St., Brooklyn.

MAUK.—Morris, beloved husband of Rebecca and devoted father of Flora, Max, Joseph, and the late Henry Marx. Funeral from his late residence,

CHURCH BOSS-RULED, SAYS DR. RICHMOND

Always Has Been Dominated by "Kings and Prelates," New Baptist Minister Says.

BACKS STRIKING STEEL MEN

Urges Fellow-Preachers to Help Break "Backbone of Judge Gary's Philosophy."

Speaking yesterday before the New York City Conference of Baptist Ministers, in the Hungarian Baptist Church, 220 East Eightieth Street, the Rev. Dr. George Chalmers Richmond, who was an Episcopal clergyman before his controversies with two bishops caused him to sever his connections with that church, aroused strong differences of opinion when he declared the Christian church always had been dominated by "kings, prelates and bosses."

His talk was on "The Pulpit and the Revolution." He called on all "our" pastors to work for the success of the striking steel workers, and hoped the "backbone of Judge Gary's materialistic philosophy" would be broken.

Later, the Baptist Council of Ordinance for the Southern New York District met and recommended to the Calvary Baptist Church, of which Dr. Richmond is a member, that he be recorded as a member of the ministry, and set aside for work as a pastor. Dr. Richmond already has been recognized as a member of the Baptist ministry, and if Calvary Church acts favorably at its meeting tomorrow he will be ready to fill the pulpit of any church that may extend a call to him.

"Since the days of Constantine the religion of Jesus has been so linked with political and financial interests that its moral and spiritual powers have been dominated and cornered by kings, prelates, and bosses," he said. "If you want to go to the very source of Russian Bolshevism you must go to the Russian Church. The Russian people are sick of their church. The Anglican Church is the church of 300,000 deadheads in London alone.

"Because of the Lawrence strike, we have this industrial battle of Boston, and now because of both we have the steel strike. It does not surprise me, for I know full well the devilish selfishness of our American plutocratic capitalism. It is born of hell, and its end is hell.

"I am out and out on the side of the steel strikers, and I pray God that their victory may be complete. As a New Englander, a Yale man, and now the minister of one of the greatest Protestant churches, I urge all our pastors to work mightily in behalf of the success of these noble men who are fighting for the right to organize their unions in a despotic industry, which if it dared, would reproduce industrial slavery on our soil.

"I hope they will strike and strike and strike until the backbone of Judge Gary's materialistic philosophy is broken at the neck. It is time for every church in this land to range itself on the side of labor. The attitude of Judge Gary toward President Wilson is insulting, mean, and shameful."

Dr. Richmond prophesied there would be an outbreak of Bolshevism in this country this Winter that will drive "industrial traitors to Germany and Russia, where they belong." Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, he said, were to be preferred to such persons as he had in mind. He said Judge Gary was afraid to meet Samuel Gompers, and he contrasted unfavorably the war work of the capitalists with that done by laborers and labor leaders.

"Wilson is the world's greatest leader in all things that make for peace, national security and permanent progress," he continued. "Gary and his steel trust hate Wilson. They all worship gold. What they need is a great big good licking, so that never again will they bring industrial anarchy to our land. Let's all turn in and help lick them."

The Rev. John Roach Straton, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, said after the meeting that the conference of ministers was fraternal and not official. The ministers, he said, recognize that Dr. Richmond is an extremist in some of his views.

"He is a fearless man," said Dr. Straton, "and is more extreme than he would be if he had not been persecuted."

In discussion which followed Dr. Richmond's paper it was apparent some ministers did not agree with it in its entirety, and others disagreed with certain statements in it.

OPPOSE GUTIERREZ'S RULE.

Dictatorship Is Said to Violate Compact with Diplomatic Corps.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 22.—In establishing a military dictatorship at Tegucigalpa, General Rafael Gutierrez, it is declared in Honduran advices received here, is said to have violated a compact he had made with the Diplomatic Corps in the Honduran capital. Many important towns in Honduras, including Amapala and Choluteca, the reports state, have refused to recognize the Gutierrez dictatorship.

So far the Council of Ministers, to whom Dr. Francisco Bertrand handed over the Presidency when he left Honduras some time ago, has failed to deliver the reins of government to Dr. Francisco Bogran, the President-designate.

SAYS 300,000 MEN, IN PEACE, WILL DO

Recent Chief of Staff of Our Army Abroad Disagrees with Gen. March.

URGES 6 MONTHS' TRAINING

Major Gen. McAndrew Lays Stress on Importance of Defending Panama Canal and Hawaii.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Major Gen. James W. McAndrew, recently Chief of Staff of the American Expeditionary Force, testifying today before the House Military Affairs Committee on the Army Reorganization bill, differed with General March, Chief of Staff, as to the size of the army necessary for peace time. The bill prepared by the Chief of Staff calls for an army of 500,000. General McAndrew gave it as his opinion that an army of 300,000 men would be ample in peace, and frankly said that the army asked for by the General Staff of the War Department was larger than necessary.

An army of 300,000 would be most effective, he said, if it were strengthened by proper universal military training. He suggested that there should be military training for all boys of 19 years of age for a period of six months instead of three months, as recommended in the General Staff bill.

Strong defenses for the Panama Canal and Hawaii were recommended by General McAndrew. "If we can effectually control the canal and the Hawaiian Islands," he insisted, "we can have peace in the Pacific on our own terms; otherwise it will be on the terms of the other fellow. By all means we must safeguard Hawaii. Its loss in time of war would put Japan, or any combination of Asiatic powers, on the flank of our communications to Asia and the Philippines. Any enemy must first take the Hawaiian Islands to carry on an effective campaign against the Pacific Coast, otherwise their lines of communication will be too long.

"It is very likely that in any war in the Pacific we might not at first have the preponderance of naval strength," the witness said in reply to questions of Representative Wheeler of Georgia, why the question of Pacific Coast defense was one for the navy instead of the army. "The army must maintain the islands until reinforcements are brought by the sending of the Atlantic fleet with one division, and the shore batteries, we could keep a navy off for some time, because of the few landing places on the islands."

The present big gun defenses of the Panama Canal are inadequate, Major Gen. McAandrews said, but a complete division is needed in the zone to prevent any foreign power from landing forces in other parts of the isthus and thus gaining control of the canal.

After giving his views as to the size of the army for peace time, General McAndrews said he approved the statement of Major Gen. Leonard Wood, that universal military training would save the lives of many men in case of war.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22 (By Associated Press).—General McAndrew today recommended to the House Military Committee that the skeleton of twenty-one divisions, a field army of 1,250,000 men, as proposed by the General Staff, be approved, but he suggested that three divisions, with the exception of four, be skeletonized to six or seven thousand men, instead of a larger number as proposed by the War Department.

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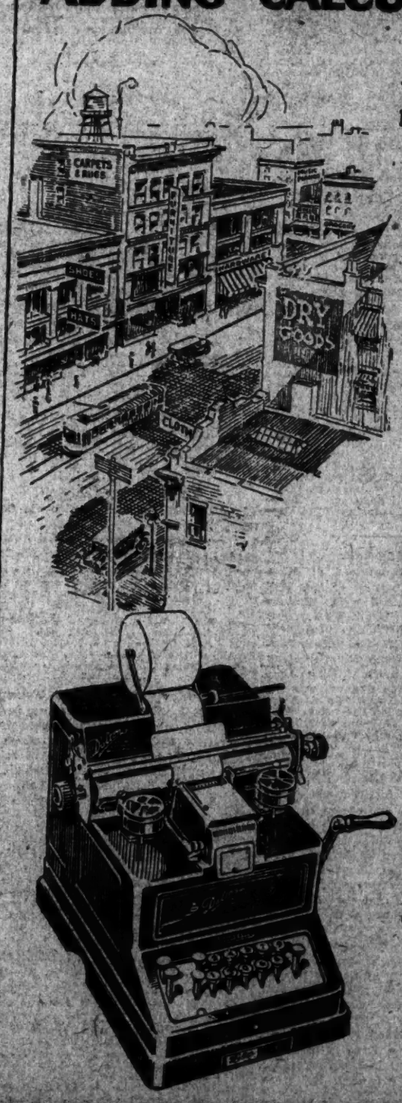

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REDEEMED OSTEND.

The pictures of Ostend freed from the lassitude of German occupation recall one of the most brilliant naval exploits of the War. This week's Mid-Week Pictorial shows them in wonderful graphic reproduction. Mid-Week Pictorial is an illustrated weekly, published by The New York Times Company; 10c a copy at news stands, $4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

ROB THREE STORES; FORGET TOOL SET

Burglars Get More Than $3,000 Worth of Booty in the Bronx.

USE ELECTRIC DEVICES

Police Believe Apparatus Left Behind Gives Clue to Band of Experts.

FIND PLAIN FINGERPRINTS

Patrolman Kills Watchman While Firing at Fugitive—Many Other Thefts.

A gang of burglars who robbed three stores in one of the busiest parts of the Bronx on Sunday night left behind them a valuable set of electrical safe-blowing equipment, and the discovery of the elaborate tools caused the police to believe that several men had banded together to make safe-robbing an extensive business. The police of the Morrisania station, in the Bronx, reluctantly admitted that they had found plain fingerprints on the nickel handles of some of the tools.

Many of the safes that have been blown open lately have borne the marks of dexterous handling by experts in the use of explosives and tools, and the similarity of the evidence found in all stores caused the impression among the police that one gang of cracksmen was doing most of the work. The total booty of this gang in the three stores in the Bronx was more than $3,000, and it is the belief of the police that the operations of this gang in the last few months probably has netted them more than $100,000. Safes blown open under similar circumstances have contained more than that amount.

The burglars' equipment was found in one of the branch shoe stores of I. Blyn & Sons, at 2,891 Third Avenue, where the robbers had performed a difficult job of tearing open two steel doors on a safe. Their booty in this store amounted to about $3,000 in cash.

Before they had entered the shoe store by way of the skylight, the burglars had gone into the branch store of the Hygrade Wine Company, at 2,899 Third Avenue, and had taken about $300 worth of liquor that had been left in the basement with the coming of wartime prohibition. It is believed by the police that the members of the gang drank so much of this booty that they forgot their tools when they left the shoe store. Another explanation is that they were frightened by some noise, and were more anxious to get away with $3,000 cash than with their set of electrical tools.

Carried High Explosive.

This equipment consisted of several drills operated by small, noiseless electric motors and an electric sparking apparatus for firing charges of explosives after they had been put into the safe. Special connections and long coils of wire were carried by the burglars, so that the man who was being robbed paid the expenses for the electricity used by the cracksmen. In addition to this outfit, the gang carried a large can of nitro-glycerine.

In a five and ten cent store near the shoe store the men rolled the safe into a dark corner and wound cotton batting around it, so that the detonation of the explosive could not be heard on the street. The ease with which the safes in all three of the stores apparently had been trundled into convenient places caused the police to believe that more than four or five men are working together and that perhaps an advance gang went from store to store to prepare the safes for the work of the expert who manipulated the electrical devices.

The stores are all in one-story structures, and the men had entered by the skylights and apparently had carried some device for manipulating the big panes without making a racket, as well as rope ladders to permit easy descent to the floor.

Only the notice of the robbery in the wine store was given out by the police at first, but employes of the other stores told of their losses, and finally the police made a public statement. A request of the robberies after their instructions for silence about the thefts had been ignored. The Hygrade wine store was robbed under similar circumstances on June 3 last, about $8,000 being stolen then. All these robberies took place between Saturday night and Monday morning.

Tear Away Brick Wall.

Another carefully planned robbery in the Bronx was reported to the police of the Morrisania Station yesterday by Anthony Pellegrino, the manager of the branch of the Louis K. Liggett Drug Company at 839 Prospect Avenue, at 160th Street. The robbers went into the basement of the building and tore down a brick wall so that they could get into that part of the cellar directly under the drug store.

After making their way to the drug store the robbers built a booth of pasteboard and sealed up all the cracks so that any one looking into the window would be unable to see that anything unusual was going on. In this booth the cracksmen, who were of the "ripper" school, opened the safe with "can openers" instead of explosives. Their booty amounted only to about $500, a larger sum having been sent to a bank just before the place was closed.

For the third time within two weeks burglars entered the factory of the Kings County Cut Glass Manufacturing Company at 174 North Fourth Street, Brooklyn. On Sunday night two detectives who were passing the factory saw men coming down the fire escapes with bundles. One of the men was arrested and held in $1,500 bail for a hearing tomorrow. The second man escaped and officials of the company estimated that he had about $1,000 worth of cut glass in his bundle.

While he was chasing a man whom he believed to be a burglar, John Preis, a probationary patrolman, on Sunday night accidentally killed Carl Heiderman, a night watchman employed by the American District Telegraph Company at 158 Montague Street, Brooklyn. Heiderman was standing on the sidewalk near his post and was in a shadow, out of view of the policeman as he began firing at the fugitive who had refused to halt upon command.

Fire When Questioned.

Preis, with another probationary patrolman, was being taken around the precinct of the Adams Street Police Station by two detectives. While they were standing at Myrtle Avenue and Washington Street they saw two men alight from a Flatbush Avenue car, carrying a suit case. One of the detectives was suspicious of the men and when he asked them what they had in their case they began to run. The detectives chased one man and they ordered Preis to follow the other.

The policeman saw Heiderman fall, but he continued the chase and captured the man he was pursuing, who described himself as Ricardo Villalba of 526 Greenwich Street, Manhattan. The other man was caught by the detectives in a Fulton Street restaurant. It was said by the police that weapons had been found in the possession of the men, as well as a suit case containing about $500 worth of silverware. In the Adams Street Police Court Magistrate Walsh refused to accept an affidavit charging Preis with technical homicide, and the case was postponed.

A court of inquiry yesterday began a secret investigation into the reported theft of from $3,000 to $4,000 in Liberty bonds from various departments in the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The bonds had been subscribed to by employes and had been put for safe keeping in desks, vaults, and strong boxes in the various departments. Lieutenant J. B. Arnold is in charge of the investigation, which is being held behind closed doors.

Two men, describing themselves as John Waterbury of 366 West Nineteenth Street, formerly a member of the 52d Pioneer Infantry, and Peter McInnes of 342 West Eighteenth Street, who said he was wounded at Château Thierry, where he fought as a member of the 366th Infantry, were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Norman Marsh in Morrisania Court, on a short affidavit charging suspicion of robbery. They were held in $5,000 bail each for examination tomorrow.

Mrs. Daniel Smith and Frank O'Donnell, who live at 977 Whitlock Avenue, the Bronx, told the police that they noticed two men standing in the vestibule of 976 Whitlock Avenue for several minutes, and that when Fred Stucky, a driver for Sheffield Farms Milk Co., was leaving the house, where he had been making collections, the men assaulted him and took a wallet from his inside pocket, containing $39. Stucky fell unconscious to the sidewalk and a large crowd, attracted by O'Donnell's and Mrs. Smith's cries, gave chase. After a chase of five blocks two men were stopped by a patrolman of the Simpson Street station, the Bronx, who placed them under arrest.

Doubt Theft Charge.

The police announced yesterday that they had no evidence to warrant the suspicion that Harry Bierman, who was found dead on Sunday night at the 182d Street entrance to the Bronx Park, was a member of a gang of alleged freight car thieves. They believe that he was shot in a quarrel and, upon reports made to them by persons who saw Bierman after he had staggered from the park entrance, they are seeking a man who followed him and hurried away. This man was reported to have worn a gray suit.

Two members of the gang of automobile bandits who robbed cashiers at a number of Manhattan hotels and were implicated in many other holdups and robberies in Manhattan and Brooklyn pleaded guilty when arraigned in General Sessions Court yesterday. These prisoners—Edward McIntyre and Thomas Burke—are liable to sentences of fifteen to twenty years. McIntyre pleaded guilty to robbery in the first degree as a second offender, George Reed Hope, reputed leader of the gang, is to be arraigned later. They were arrested by Detective Clarence Daly of the West Forty-seventh Street Bureau. The police are still searching for five or six other members of the gang.

Four men were arrested last night in Park Row in connection with the holdup early Sunday morning of Frank Kelly, cashier for the Nassau News Company, who was backed into a hallway, and, after being blackjacked, was relieved of $3,500.

Detective O'Hara of the Oak Street Precinct, who made the arrests, charged the men with assault and robbery, although they denied having had anything to do with the Kelly holdup when examined at Police Headquarters. Their names are John O'Boyle, 24 years old, a driver, of 213 East Forty-eighth Street; Thomas O'Boyle, 19 years old, a brother of John, of 220 East Thirtieth Street, a laborer; John Kieley, 19 years old, a driver, of 209 East Ninety-fifth Street, and George Mitchell, a waiter, of 28 Bowery.

The first three mentioned men were together when O'Hara surprised them, but it was not until two hours later that Mitchell was caught. He, too, was standing in front of the World Building when the detective put him under arrest. Thomas O'Boyle and John Kieley had been in the employ of the news company until last week, when they were discharged.

EXPECT EX-KAISER TO STAY.

Hohenzollerns Are Said to See No Hope of a German Coup.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 21.—The arrival of Lincoln Trebitch, master spy and ex-member of the British Parliament at Amerongen to bring a petition from German monarchists to the ex-Kaiser, marks the growth of the monarchist movement in Germany and its plotting.

There are signs that the Hohenzollerns do not yet consider the time for reaction ripe in spite of the many petitions constantly arriving from Germany requesting the ex-Kaiser's return.

It would appear more than probable that the ex-Crown Princess and her suite, on their recent visit to Holland, brought news to the Hohenzollerns both on the Island of Wieringen and in the castle of Amerongen for which they had been impatiently waiting and which no one else could be entrusted to bring, but that the import of this news was not so optimistic as had been hoped. Immediately after the arrival of the ex-Crown Princess her husband requested that he be allowed to leave Wieringen and take up his residence for the winter at Doorn, which is near Amerongen and the ex-Kaiser's new residence at Doorn.

Until quite recently the ex-Crown Prince had intended to return to Germany as soon as the Peace Treaty was ratified by three of the big allied powers. Immediately after the arrival of the ex-Crown Princess at Amerongen the ex-Kaiser began to purchase villas in Doorn for various members of his staff, thereby showing an intention to install himself and staff there for some time.

Trebitch, who was released from an internment camp in England five weeks ago, vowed to devote his whole life to working against England. He wrote to the British Premier of his intention before leaving camp and went straight to Germany. Trebitch went to Amerongen from Berlin, where he returns today.

TURKS MURDERING GREEKS.

Official Reports of More Atrocities by Moslem Irregulars.

SALONIKI, Sept. 22. (Associated Press.)—Reports reaching Greek official quarters state that Turkish irregulars are committing many brutalities against the Greeks at interior points.

At Koum, it is alleged, the Turks cut off the ears of a Greek priest and two citizens. At Asamly a Greek and his wife were killed, and at Loupadi two Greeks and a young woman were killed.

Soviet System Now Opposed by Austrian Chancellor

VIENNA, Sept. 15. (Associated Press.)—At a conference today between Dr. Karl Renner, the Chancellor, and various Provincial Governors, the question of Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils came up, the provincial officials evincing a desire to curb the Soviets.

Dr. Renner, while admitting that the councils were good for the time in which they were born, said the time now had come when their authority needed legal definition.

The Socialist organs take this as a direct challenge. Many party conferences held during the day indicate that Dr. Renner will have to meet the challenge of a vote of confidence when the National Assembly meets.

CITY HAD TO SUPPLY NEW BUS SERVICE

Got Cars from Newark When Holder of Permit Failed to Keep His Agreement.

MAY RUN ITS OWN LINES

Whalen Talks of Continuing Operation; Hylan Sees "Death Knell of the Traction Ring."

The buses operating on the lower east side are under the direct control of city officials and not under Louis Reidl, who obtained from the Board of Estimate a ninety-day permit to experiment with the new service, Mr. Reidl, according to a statement by Grover Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, last night failed to get buses, and late on Saturday, several hours after the new conveyances should have been running, the City Administration had to jump into the breach.

By quick action, Mr. Whalen got the municipal authorities of Newark and other nearby cities to promise to send buses here. This promise was kept by Transit Supervisor Joseph Crawford of Newark, with the consent of Mayor Gillen of that city. The result was that buses were running early Sunday morning.

Mr. Whalen announced that Corporation Counsel Burr would act immediately to have Mr. Reidl's permit annulled, and that at the meeting of the Board of Estimate Friday, or before, he would submit a plan by which the city could continue in direct charge of the bus service.

Mr. Whalen said the new service had been unexpectedly successful. While it was merely a jitney service at present, he added, the owners of the buses were carrying from 650 to 750 passengers each day, and that with a 5-cent fare additional results had been achieved, implying that more than one hundred buses had been placed at the city's service, though the fifty-nine now running are all that are needed.

May Even Issue Transfers.

In fact, he said, so many bus owners appeared willing to come and operate on the jitney plan of private ownership, or to agree to any consolidation which the city might suggest, that the plan to be submitted to the Board of Estimate might provide for an uptown and downtown service, with transfers on which passengers could travel long distances for a nickel.

At present the buses pay no return to the city, an omission which would be taken care of, it was said, when a permanent arrangement was made. Regarding the cutting off of Mr. Riedl he issued the following statement:

"Mr. Riedl was granted a temporary permit by the Board of Estimate, and was to have sixty buses in operation on Sept. 20. I found he had no buses in operation on that day. Mr. Riedl on Saturday said he was having difficulty in securing buses, but that he already had twenty parked under the Williamsburg Bridge. After a personal investigation I found this to be untrue.

"At the suggestion of Mayor Hylan, I took the question up with Mayor Gillen of Newark, and succeeded in getting a sufficient number of buses from the city of Newark to place to abandoned surface car lines in operation. Mr. Riedl did not put in an appearance until about 11:30 Sunday night, and at that time was still without buses, although he said he had three in the city and would have 100 Monday morning from Connecticut. These buses did not materialize.

"I then informed Mr. Riedl that as he did not fulfill the obligation of his permit, the city would direct the operation of the buses over the abandoned lines. During the strike on the B. R. T. Mr. Riedl had no trouble in securing a large number of buses. Why he did not produce buses on this occasion I am at a loss to understand. The Corporation Counsel will take steps to annul the permit."

Riedl Shows Good Intent.

Eugene P. Herrman, head of the Stewart Motor Corporation, said yesterday that Mr. Riedl had paid to his company $25,000 on account for the purchase of sixty motor buses, delivery of which was to begin in thirty days. He said the money had been paid by check on the National City Bank, the inference being that Mr. Riedl had strong financial backing. The buses were to cost, according to Mr. Herrman, about $280,000.

Samuel Abramson, counsel for Mr. Riedl, said that his client for years had been with the Republic Motor Truck Company, that he was familiar with motor service and all kinds, and that during the Brooklyn car strike he put in service in a short time a satisfactory motor bus service.

Job E. Hedges, receiver of the New York Railways Company, whose application for approval of the proposed plan resulted in the abandonment of the four storage battery lines which the buses have replaced, expressed unqualified dissent to statements eulogizing the bus service. He said that while the cars were operating, fifty-eight ran every day, with seating accommodations for thirty-one in each car, and a total capacity of seventy. These cars, he said, carried an average of 35,000 passengers daily, and that no sixty buses ever built could furnish equal results.

Hylan Enthuses Over Service.

Mayor Hylan and Mr. Whalen personally tried out the bus service yesterday morning. They entered a bus at the Tompkins Street terminal on the extreme east side at 7:01 o'clock and rode across town to the Desbrosses Street ferry on the west side. Then they rode back again, having made the round trip, by way of the Delancey Street route, in 57 minutes. The Mayor praised the service, saying it was the ideal method of traveling about in a thickly populated city.

"The buses," he said, "make the trip much faster than the old lines of surface cars, as they do not delay for trucks and other vehicles which frequently blocked the tracks. The city owns the subway lines, but leased them to the Interborough, and the Interborough cannot make a profit at a 5-cent fare, the city will take back the subways any time. The city could own and operate its bus lines, giving a transfer in conjunction with the subways, and the people could then ride from one end of the city to the other for 5 cents.

"The death knell of the traction ring and their agents, whether in public office or outside, has been sounded by the beginning of operation of buses over lines the traction company abandoned. The bus service is a great success."

Report on Rush-Hour Traffic.

Inspectors of the Public Service Commission reported that the Madison Street line carried 1,329 passengers between 7 and 10 o'clock. The storage battery cars, between the same hours, Sept. 16, carried 2,577 passengers. On the Spring Street line, in the same hours, 1,100 westbound passengers were carried, as against 1,965 carried by the cars. On the Avenue C line, 201 passengers were carried, as against 1,235 carried by the cars.

Mr. Whalen said the bus drivers had reported collecting from $35 to $45 for the day which ended at noon.

STRIKE WITHIN STRIKE.

It is thought likely that the steel strike will start strife within labor body. An exposition of the situation is given in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands; $4 a year by mail.—Advt.

Germans Renounce Union With Austria; Kurt von Lersner Signs Protocol of Annulment

VERSAILLES, Sept. 22.—Baron Kurt von Lersner, head of the German Peace Mission, signed the protocol annulling Article 61 of the German Constitution this afternoon. This article provided for Austrian representation in the German Parliament.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference met this morning. Frank L. Polk, head of the American delegation, who has been spending two days in the devastated regions, being in attendance.

It was decided that the plebiscite in the Teschen district to settle the question whether the region should go to Poland or Czechoslovakia must take place within three months.

The Supreme Council today considered the delimitation of the zone of occupation in Western Thrace, the Times says. It seems to be agreed already, the newspaper adds, that Greek troops alone will occupy the zone between the Greek frontier of 1914, the new Bulgarian frontier and the Mediterranean Sea, extending to the east up to the vicinity of Gumurjina. This comprises what is known as the Xanthi region.

To the east of this zone, according to the plan as outlined, Western Thrace would be provisionally occupied by international forces. This delimitation, the Temps says it understands, would not prejudge in any way the final action of the Peace Conference regarding this region, which will be fixed in the conditions of the treaty with Turkey.

Other action taken by the Council was to fix the scale of salaries of the officers on the inter-allied missions to Germany.

The members of the Council, including Mr. Polk, went to Versailles this afternoon to attend the signing of the protocol annulling Article 61 of the German Constitution.

B. R. T. SYSTEM FACES EARLY DISSOLUTION

Bondholders in Position to Foreclose and Compel Return of Leased Lines to Owners.

RENTS ALREADY DEFAULTED

Court May Be Asked to Restore Brooklyn City's Property, as Was Done in Manhattan.

Frederick P. Royce, General Manager of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, said yesterday that unless the surface lines of the system were permitted to increase the fare, foreclosure proceedings against the roads might be begun by the bondholders, which would result in the breaking up of the system. The statement was based on the notice sent out on Saturday by Frank Lyman, President of the Brooklyn City Railroad Company, notifying the stockholders that the usual October dividend would not be paid because Lindley M. Garrison, Receiver of the B. R. T. Company, the lessee of the road, had announced that the rent due in October would be defaulted.

Mr. Lyman's notice also said that the failure of Receiver Garrison to pay the third installment of the Federal income tax for 1918, due Sept. 15 last, and amounting to $4,034,32, which was part of the rent, had been paid by the company to prevent the imposition of penalties. He also said that application would be made to Federal Judge Mayer for instruction to the Receiver in regard to the possession and operation of the leased property. This was taken as meaning that the court would be asked to return the property to its owners, as had been done in the matter of the Eighth and Ninth Avenue lines in Manhattan. It was also said the company intended to make no suggestion to the court, but simply to present the facts.

Mr. Royce said the lease of this line would have to be abandoned, and that a similar danger confronted the whole system, because the lines were not earning enough to pay fixed charges and operating costs. He said the Brooklyn City road was not earning expenses, and that a similar situation existed in relation to the Nassau Electric Company, the Brooklyn, Queens County and Suburban, and the Coney Island and Brooklyn lines.

"The interest on the bonds of these companies," said Mr. Royce, "was defaulted several months ago, and within a few months the bondholders will have the right to institute foreclosure proceedings and take back the properties, and operate the independent lines. While the B. R. T. Company owns the stock of these lines it will lose all if foreclosure proceedings are brought. Banks are the principal holders of the bonds."

It was pointed out that under independent management transfers would be abolished, and thus the income of the lines would be increased sufficiently to equal what would be gained by them if a larger fare was allowed. In other words, the riders would have to pay the difference in any event.

"The only solution of the whole transit problem," said Mr. Royce, "is an immediate increase in fares. I don't know just how much of an increase is necessary because I do not know how big a hole we are in. On next Monday argument will be heard by Judge Mayer in regard to the Brooklyn City Company. If the lease is broken it may mean the breaking up of the entire system."

NIXON THANKS CONNOLLY.

Blames Estimate Board in Discontinuance of Transfers.

Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon wrote to Borough President Connolly of Queens, yesterday thanking him for the protest he had made against the discontinuance of transfers between surface and elevated lines. The Board of Estimate had failed to take any action permitting a charge for transfers between the two systems. As the Commission had no power to compel the exchange of transfers, the transfers were cut off.

In his letters, Mr. Nixon discussed the hardships that fall upon many poor persons who are compelled to pay ten cents for a ride when a charge for transfers would have reduced the cost to seven cents. He said the economies the B. R. T. company were practicing made it certain that free transfers would be stopped. His letter continued:

"The great difficulty, Mr. President, is that action by the city government seems largely governed by whether such action will favor or oppose their imaginary fights with me. At the hearing the city government simply delayed action by obstructive tactics. The company seems to have tired of such policy, and has filed a new schedule doing away with transfers altogether.

"If you have been able to follow this question of transfers through the fog of misrepresentation you will see that my policy has been to retain the great system of transfers which are of such convenience to the public, even through such means were made use of to the end that when normal conditions are restored the people could again enjoy the universal fare and free transfers.

"It is a choice between 2 cents or 5 cents, and it is up to the Board of Estimate and the Transit Construction Commissioner to decide which it shall be. If those who act for the city in such matters will conduct this negotiation in the interests of the traveling public, and not as a matter of strategy in a combat with me, much loss and inconvenience to the residents of your borough would be avoided. Negotiations should, of course, be under way now.

"You may count upon me to aid in the matter so far as lies in my power, but it is up to the Board of Estimate to afford relief and to negotiate with the railroads, as I have suggested on numerous occasions."

TO GIVE UP KAHN MANSION.

St. Dunstan's Work Was Carried On in Banker's London Home.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Otto H. Kahn intends to resume occupancy early next year of the house in Regent's Park which he placed at the disposal of St. Dunstan's for its work for blinded soldiers. It will take some time, however, for workmen to complete the job of refitting it.

Mr. Kahn will continue to give St. Dunstan's the use of a bungalow and workshops and classrooms that have been built in his grounds.

CITY EMPLOYES FIX SALARY DEMANDS

Association Declares It Will Not Join Organized Labor Nor Go Out on Strike.

ASK 10 TO 70% MORE

Temporary Chairman and Treasurer Fail to Attend Meeting—Mayor Is Called a "Potentate."

City employes, affiliated with the Association of Municipal and County Employes, voted last night to ask the Board of Estimate for salary increases ranging from 10 to 70 per cent. The vote was taken at a meeting in the Municipal Building at which Mayor Hylan was referred to as "a potentate," and was accused of intimidating members of the organization. The employes pledged themselves not to affiliate with labor nor to go out on strike.

Many difficulties beset the employes in getting together last night to decide upon their action. First, George Stanfield and Samuel Prager, two employes who were chosen as temporary Chairman and Treasurer, respectively of the organization, did not appear and it was said that they had been intimidated by threats that they would lose their jobs. Then the janitor at the Municipal Building refused to allow the employes to have a room for a meeting. That difficulty was solved by Alexander Cooper, an employe of the office of the President of the Borough of Manhattan, who invited them to his office.

Finally, after the salary increases had been decided on, it was suggested that if any employe presented them he would be dismissed because he was not on his place of duty during working hours. A committee was formed to find a plan to present the demands.

Hugo V. Whittenberg, of the Finance Department, was chosen Chairman of the meeting after Stanfield and Prager failed to show up. "There isn't the Mayor or any other potentate in the city of New York who can get him to quit," Mr. Cooper said in nominating him to preside.

Change Pay Demands.

A motion was presented to ask for a general increase of 25 per cent. This was opposed by several employes, among them Abraham Bailey of the Department of Assessments and Arrears. "This request would not, I believe, be favorably considered by the Board of Estimate," he said. "By it, the man who receives $4,000 would get a $1,000 increase, while the man who gets $1,000 would get only $250 more. I myself receive $1,500 a year and I would get only $400 a year more. That does not represent the increased cost of living.

"Justice demands that we ask an increase of 100 per cent., but we will not do so, because it is not expedient. We should show first that our heart is with the people who get the lower wages."

Mr. Bailey said that there were rumors which sought to discredit the organization. He was said, he asserted, that their activities were a Republican plot that they were backed by officers of the administration, and that they were backed by The Civil Service Chronicle in its fight with The Chief, another civil service publication.

Mr. Cooper, who said that he had been an employe of the city for more than twenty years and had received $180 total increase, said that he did not favor a 25 per cent. increase. He preferred an increase of $150 to every one getting $600 a year or under and $450 for every one getting more than $600. Office boys are practically the only employes under the $600 class.

Committee Decides on Demands.

After a discussion a committee composed of Thomas A. Crowe of the Law Department, Miss Catherine Reilly of the Manhattan Borough President's office, Abraham Bailey of the Department of Assessments and Arrears, Albert Owens of the Department of Plants and Structures, and Cornelius Murphy of the Street Cleaning Department was chosen to decide just what increase would be requested.

The committee decided to ask for an increase of $150 for employes who get less than $900 and an additional $420 for employes who get more than $900.

Mr. Crowe, who announced the results of the committee's conference, said that the figures had been arrived at after consideration of many reports having to do with labor conditions and the increased cost of living.

Resolutions were passed thanking Borough President Dowling, Commissioner Loughman and Mr. Cooper for the use of the city offices for the meeting.

Not to Join Labor Union.

At the close of the meeting Mr. Whittenberg referred to the decision of the organization not to affiliate with organized labor nor to strike.

"There has been a malicious misconstruction on the part of some newspapers and certain officials," he said, "as to the purposes of this association.

"I do not believe that the Mayor meant us or the Civil Service Forum, but that he meant organizations which are already affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. We were not formed to buildoze any one. We were organized to present our just requests collectively. I want to state here unequivocally that we will never join organized labor, nor will we go out on strike."

The Committee on Arrangements for the presentation of the increase request will report on Thursday night at 8 o'clock. The place of the meeting was not set, but Mr. Cooper said that he would find a room for it somewhere.

City Draftsman Gets More Time

George W. Morton, Jr., the topographical draftsman of the Queens Borough Topographical Bureau, who was suspended on Saturday by Borough President Connolly, appeared yesterday before Public Works Commissioner Frank X. Sullivan in Borough Hall, Long Island City. Morton was not represented by counsel and read a statement asking for more time, and also that his case be heard by Commissioner Sullivan instead of Mr. Connolly, whom he wished to call as witness.

Commissioner Sullivan granted the requests and set the date of trial for Thursday. Morton said that he had retained Philip Frank, attorney for Arthur E. Keating, organizer of the Rising Sun Party, an independent organization of labor men and anti-prohibitionists, to be counsel. Morton, who was active in the formation of the Technical Men's Union, was suspended on allegations of insubordination, absence without leave, and tardiness at the office.

SAW LENIN'S HAND IN BULLITT'S PLAN

Allies Spurned Proposal That They Should Beseech Peace from the Soviet.

REFUSED TO CONDONE REDS

Authoritative Officials in Paris Say Whole Truth Was Not Told to Senators.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—William C. Bullitt did not tell the Senate Foreign Relations Committee all of the story about his going to Russia. He told the Senators how bad other people's plans were, but he neglected to tell how bad his plan was.

Bullitt's plan was nothing more or less than that the Allies should recognize the Soviet Government and then humbly ask the Bolsheviki to grant an armistice. His plan, of which Lenin more than himself was the author, was so distant from anything that could be of use to the Peace Conference that it quite naturally found its way into the conference waste basket.

The real story of Bullitt and his scheme for settling the Russian problem I have from authoritative sources. It comes from those who know where and how the scheme originated and where and how it died. It comes from those who trusted Bullitt and will not trust him any more.

Bullitt's testimony before the Senate Committee was so illuminating on the methods of the Peace Conference that eager historians must regret certain omissions concerning which even Senator Lodge's painstaking examination failed to bring out. Were it not for justice to the Peace Conference the whole world might be content to wait until his autobiography set forth his pro-Bolshevist plan. But because they believe that his shrinking nature might prevent him from giving facts those who know believe they should fulfill the duty which their knowledge places upon them. They believe that the Senate should not bask in the sunshine of a few bright spots of Bullitt's expedition, but should have the full sunshine of his case from the unorthodox point of light turned his back on Petrograd and his face toward Paris.

Wanted Allies to Ask for Peace.

Inasmuch as Bullitt had already sent ahead by cable the text of the "agreement" he had reached with Litvinoff and Tchitcherin, the mind of the Commission was fairly well made up with regard to its merits before his arrival in Paris. It was felt that it contained certain fundamental points which made it useless as a basis for negotiations.

The chief objection was that, according to the form of the agreement, it was to be offered by the allied and associated powers to the Soviet Government as a proposal for an armistice. Now, even if the powers would have been induced to accept the idea of concluding an armistice with Soviet Russia, it was impossible to accept the idea of proposing such an armistice, particularly in the form in which Lenin demanded it.

It was Lenin's suggestion that the proposal should emanate from the Allies. His reason for this procedure he explained to Bullitt, who thought it sound and worthy. Lenin said that if the Soviet Government were to make the proposal it would have to be in a special form suffused with temperament of his Bolsheviki—bombastic language would have to be employed, and the whole document would have to be filled with loud denunciations of the faithlessness of the "capitalistic classes." He said that if, on the other hand, the proposal came from the Allies it could be framed merely in strictly legal form, and that his bombast and propaganda need not appear. Bullitt fell for this argument and expected the Peace Conference to do likewise.

In a great many places in the Bolsheviki-Bullitt document the Allies were to recognize the Soviet Government as the only legal representative Government of the Russian people. Statesmen in Paris were vigorously opposed to any such language or methods in dealing with the Bolshevist Government, since this involved condonation of the Reds in past performances.

As Bullitt had suggested by cable and confirmed later by word of mouth that this form of proposal was essential to Lenin and could not be altered, the chances for its success were never worth mentioning. Consequently, when Bullitt reached Paris he found that opinion had rather crystallized against his proposals. He found that he was not welcomed with open arms in recognition of a great achievement. He demanded an interview with President Wilson, but the President refused to see him.

Predicted a Great Convulsion.

Deprived of the ordinary channels through which he might communicate his views to responsible statesmen, he began to communicate to them indirectly through subordinates. Finally, deprived even of that recourse, he buttonholed unsuspecting individuals and led them to quiet places in the Champs Elysees, where he expounded his admiration of Lenin and his devotion to the doctrine of revolution.

More discouraged by a certain lack of appreciation, which appeared to Bullitt quite out of harmony with his achievements, he announced that he was going to the Riviera and "lie in the sand and watch the world go to hell." All this, he prophesied, would take place in thirty days. Lenin, the honorable gentleman that he was, would wait until April 10, the time limit within which he would permit the Allies to propose an armistice.

Thereafter, Bullitt confided, Lenin would let loose a Red army over the face of Europe, and two continents, from Omsk to Cap Finisterre, would be crimson with the blood of countless thousands. The tide would strike Vienna in fifteen days and Rome in twenty. Berlin would go under, while France would still enjoy another month of capitalistic existence, but not more.

All this Bullitt prophesied and chuckled over.

"Suppose, Bill," said an acquaintance to him, "that when the Red flood comes along you'll be riding the crest with Trotzky and his generals?"

Bullitt suddenly became profound and sober.

"I would feel honored if they would let me," he said, "but I'm not good enough."

And so Bullitt went to the Riveria to lie in the sand and Europe withstood the shock.

Collected Confidential Data.

Two weeks later he returned to Paris and devoted himself to three tasks. First, he collected certain confidential documents in order to "make a case" against the President as he said. Second, he engaged various persons in confidential conversations and elicited their opinions, and thereupon retired to his office to dictate these statements against the coming of his day. Lastly, he held an evening salon in his room, where he lay in pink silk pajamas and discoursed on the joys of self-denial under Communism and the moral obliquity of President Wilson.

The last hours of his public service were devoted to drafting his letter of resignation. Perhaps it is better to say his letters of resignation, for he submitted various farewell letters to Secretary Lansing, Colonel House, Mr. White, General Bliss and Mr. Grew, Secretary of the commission.

His letter to President Wilson was drafted and redrafted. Taking pride in its literary qualities, he showed it confidentially to many friends, some of whom were responsible for the modification of its language. Finally the document was submitted.

Then he waited for a reply. None came. He sought an audience. None was granted. Thereupon Bullitt decided that the world was entitled to know his reasons for quitting and he made his letter public.

The world knows what capital Germany and her allies made out of it. In the files of the American Commission there is a clipping from the Vienna Ostdeutsche Rundschau which said:

The letter of one Bullitt is the most serious moral setback which Wilson has suffered in the course of his political life. By this we do not mean that it will constitute the greatest moral defeat for the hypocrite. On the contrary, we dwell in silent hope and joyous expectation that after this first clear and sharp rebuff others will follow of a more marked and obvious nature which will teach Wilson that he cannot play his role of tartufe with impunity.

"Bullitt and his splendid and courageous letter will live forever in the history of mankind. Doubtless Wilson will also live, but Bullitt will undoubtedly be infinitely better judged by the verdict of posterity than Wilson. Bullitt is our man, not Wilson.

Saw "Remedy" in Revolution.

The night before he left Paris and its vales of diplomatic iniquity a dinner was given to Bullitt by some of his devotees. At the close of a lively discussion of international sins, Bullitt was asked for his remedy.

"There is just one remedy," he replied, "and that is world revolution."

Bullitt went to England for two months and then home.

This is written to give a picture of Bullitt as he appeared to American statesmen in Paris in his advocacy of Bolshevism. It is intended to show why his plan met the fate that befell it instead of being written in the compact of nations that were planning for justice and liberty.

I was walking along the Seine this morning with an experienced diplomat with whom I had been discussing the affair of Bullitt and he had finished telling what I knew of the young man's trip to Russia, the flaws of his plans, and his subsequent action. Then he added:

"Here end-eth the first lesson, but not the last, for a man who has learned with Lenin, subscribed to the program of world revolution, given courage to the enemy and betrayed the confidences of his friends may be safely expected to engage on some other high enterprise."

Government Pays $108,947 for Congressmen's Telegrams

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Members of the House were cautioned today by Representative Ireland, Chairman of the Committee on Accounts, against the too liberal use of telegrams for official business. The Government's bill for telegrams designated as "official," sent by Congressmen in the fiscal year 1918 reached $108,947.82, averaging about $250 for each member. The House's telegraph bill in 1914 was $19,430. In 1917 it was $34,045, and in 1918 it was $44,814. The increase, Mr. Ireland said, might be due to the expensive cables sent by Congressmen to soldier boys abroad.

Mr. Ireland said some members seemed to be conducting a political campaign over the wires, while others sent cables costing as high as $90.

High living costs, said one Congressman, are aided and abetted by the wastefulness of Congressmen themselves.

ADVERTISING CLUBS WANT TREATY RATIFIED

World Association Backs Up Written Plea by Gompers at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 22.—Normal industrial conditions can come only when definite peace terms have been agreed to by the leading nations of the world, Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, declared today to the annual session of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, meeting here.

Mr. Gompers's address was read to the convention as he could not be present.

Urging prompt ratification of the treaty as an absolute necessity, Mr. Gompers said:

"That treaty is not perfect; but it is our only constructive suggestion for dealing with some of the things which cause wars."

Mr. Gompers's address was read in connection with a triangular discussion which marked the opening session of the convention. Ivy L. Wade of St. Louis will present the side of capital and Representative Champ Clark of Missouri will speak from the viewpoint of the consumer.

"Co-operation for production depends fundamentally," Mr. Gompers's address said, "upon good will. Good will cannot be forced, it must be earned. The only way in which industrial workers may express and defend their rights and interests is through organization and responsible representatives.

"Two fallacies have been so frequently repeated as to be accepted by casual readers and hearers. One is to say that requests for increased wages necessitate increase in prices which increases cost of living and in return results in more wage demands—a vicious circle which leads to no progress. High wages have invariably resulted in constructive changes, beneficial to workers and have resulted in increased production.

"The second misstatement used to the discredit of wage earners is that output is deliberately restricted by the organized labor movement and by limitation of hours of work. In many industries production is below pre-war volume. This is not due to labor, but to unsettled trade conditions, managerial policies and high costs of raw materials. Wage earners as well as employers are anxious to end this period."

Later the convention adopted a resolution urging speedy ratification of the Peace Treaty and the League of Nations covenant "without amendment or reservation."

The resolution was introduced by James Schermerhorn, editor and publisher of The Detroit Times. When a call for a second was issued, several hundred men arose, and finally a representative of the Dallas (Texas) delegation made himself heard. He announced that "three hundred and fifty Texas delegates wished to second it." There were no speeches in opposition.

A rising vote was taken. Delegates were present from every State in the Union, Canada, and Latin America. A prolonged demonstration followed the vote.

ROBERTS SEES AMPLE FOOD

Care and Proper Distribution Are Needed, He Says at Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 21.—"The world need have no fear of a food shortage during the coming Winter, providing there is proper care in handling the problem and proper distribution," said George H. Roberts, British Food Controller and one of the delegates to the Supreme Economic Council, in session here, today.

Other delegates concurred in this view. Mr. Roberts is laying special emphasis on the necessity of reorganizing transport service to meet food problems.

Prices realized on 40,000 A Company's sales of car

'BISHOP MIKE' HICKEY 7 YEARS FROM SIN

Ex-Pickpocket, Now an Honored Y. M. C. A. Worker, Celebrates Anniversary of Conversion.

EX-CONVICTS ARE PRESENT

Admirers Give Friend of the Down and Outers First "Honest" Watch He Ever Had.

Seven years ago yesterday Mike Hickey, who was known in the underworld as the king of the pickpockets, and who spent nineteen years in prisons for his crimes, was converted in one of the missions for the down and outs and decided to turn over a new leaf. Since that time he has been devoting himself to aiding his former fellows in crime, progressing steadily in the work until he has become Assistant Religious Director of the Bowery Y. M. C. A. Last night several hundred friends and admirers, including a number of ex-convicts who have reformed, attended the seventh anniversary of his conversion in the Bowery "Y."

As a fitting climax to the celebration, "Mike"—as he is familiarly known to hundreds of men on the Bowery whom he has helped—was presented with a gold watch, "the first honest watch I've ever had the opportunity to wear," as he said in accepting the gift. Former yeggmen, pickpockets, and gunmen were among those who contributed to the fund with which the watch was purchased.

"Mike" told in graphic fashion the story of the life of crime which he led for so many years, describing many practices which won for him fame among pickpockets as king of the trade. He related how he had been sentenced by Judges on different occasions to terms which kept him in prison for an aggregate of nineteen and a half years. Then came the day when a fellow "dip" who had "seen the light" induced him to go to the Cremorne Mission, where for ten days he fought a battle with himself before he determined to forsake his old ways.

He said it was only by constant prayer that he was able to refrain from resuming his former ways. Such was his utter belief in the efficacy of prayer that when he decided he ought to be married he started a campaign of prayer which lasted for ten months and fifteen days before he found the right girl.

"Dave" Starling, who knew Mike in the days when they were both pickpockets, paid a tribute to his friend. "Dave," who has also been converted and is engaged in similar work among the denizens of the underworld, told how Mike instructed him in the latest improved methods of picking pockets and steered him to the Bowery, which he said was a fertile field at the time they were thrown together.

"Mike was a born crook," he said. "Even when he had his pockets full of coin he would steal a three-cent apple rather than pay for it."

Starling made a plea in behalf of the reformed crook, concluding his argument by adding: "If you want a man to carry boodle to the bank, get an ex-convict who has been converted, for he would rather die than betray his Saviour."

Officials of the Y. M. C. A. attended the celebration and spoke in praise of Mr. Hickey. One of the speakers said that Mike was so indefatigable in his work that he had been nicknamed "the Bishop of the Y. M. C. A." Following the addresses a supper was served to the gathering.

COUNCIL WILL BRING CZECHOSLOVAKS HOME

England, France, and America to Provide Ships for Voyage from Siberia.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The Supreme Council decided today upon the repatriation of the Czechoslovak troops remaining in Siberia, about 60,000 in number. The necessary tonnage will be furnished by the United States, Great Britain, and France.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—The Supreme Council today considered the plight of the 65,000 Czechoslovaks in Siberia who want to go home. It is the opinion of the Council that England, France, and America ought to enable them to realise their wishes by sending them from Vladivostok across the Pacific and the Atlantic to Czechoslovakia. Delegates of the powers just mentioned have expressed themselves as believing that the Allies are under moral obligation to get these men home.

They deserted from the Austrian Army to fight on the allied side in Russia. Then they fought the Bolsheviki with Kolchak. They have not been at the front for some time, having been used to guard Kolchak's lines of communication.

It is estimated that it will cost $300 each to transport them from Eastern Siberia to Czechoslovakia. The Prague Government says that if the Allies will advance the necessary funds—approximately $20,000,000—it will regard it as a loan.

The disposition of the allied representatives is to agree to the plan, and so the United States may soon see these hardy warriors. They are now scattered from Omsk to Vladivostok, being largely concentrated in the Irkutsk region.

INDEPENDENCE HALL, PARIS.

Will Be Inaugurated by Ambassador Wallace at Versailles.

PARIS, Sept. 22. (Associated Press.)—"American Independence Hall" will officially be inaugurated in the Palace of Versailles by the American Ambassador, Mr. Wallace, on Thursday in the presence of Louis Laferre, French Minister of Fine Arts, and many other French and American notables.

The art of hanging pictures may embrace also the art of writing history, and M. Deschanel, curator of the chateaux, wrote this Independence Hall masterpiece of history.

Americans Buy a Chinese Daily.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Sept. 21.—The Tientsinese, the largest vernacular Liberal daily in Northern China, with editions in Peking and Tientsin, announces its purchase by the Tientsinese Company, an American owned and controlled firm operating under a charter from the State of Nevada.

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Facing beautiful Central Park. Redecorated and refurnished throughout. Large and Small Suites to Lease. Superior Accommodations for Transients and Tourists. Exceptional Cuisine. 'Phone 5700 Plaza.

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

A Blue Ridge Comedy.

THUNDER, a comedy in four acts, by Peg Franklin; based upon stories by Ellis Peattie. At the Criterion Theatre.

Ma McBirney	Marie Day
Pa McBirney	Guy Nichols
Mandy Coulter	Lisle Bennett
Jeff Coulter	Charles McDonald
Buck Babb	Horace James
Mr. Carson	George Wright
Mrs. Carson	Eva Dennison
Sam Disbrow	Chester Morris
Mr. Disbrow	Wilson Day
Dick Babb	Benjamin Kauser
Azalea	Sylvia Field
Preacher	Burr McIntosh
Pliny Doane	Sam Reed
Mr. Kitchell	John Talbot
Mrs. Kitchell	Marion Kerby
Mrs. Doane	Blanche Talbot
Fidler	Charles Althoff
Tom Gerson	Mary E. Heisey

"Thunder," is the somewhat misleading title of a mild and rather poky little play which arrived with laggard gait last evening at the Criterion Theatre. It is a comedy fashioned by Peg Franklin from the stories Mrs. Peattie wrote about the Blue Ridge Mountaineers. She has made her play neatly enough, according to a strictly conventional pattern, and it taps such a rich and little exploited vein of American folkways that there are several delightfully fresh and amusing moments here and there in the course of the four acts. But the play as a whole suffers chiefly and lamentably from the fact that its most important role is in inadequate hands. "Thunder" is a little like "Lightnin'" without Frank Bacon.

The central role is that of a husky, rough-and-ready preacher who has to give the Lord's message and more or less take the Lord's place in a God-forsaken corner of the world. He can pull a gun with the best of them, does not hesitate to run away from a traveling circus with a little girl that needs saving, will lie and bear false witness on great occasions, and, in the last act, when officiating at a feudist wedding, (with the groom wearing the conventional rubber boots,) he can keep one malcontent covered with a gun while pronouncing the "With this ring I thee wed." It is difficult to sit through all this without feeling how entertaining it would be if the part of the thunderous preacher could be played by some player as winning and some artist as competent as Frank Bacon.

But bacons do not grow on every bush and the task before the producer was not easy. Burr McIntosh has not the ability to flood the play with warmth and sunshine, although he may very well do better than last night, when his nervous fumbling for his escaping lines and his tendency to come in just one beat late for his part in every colloquy nearly halted the play altogether.

Sylvia Field is a winning ingenue and good work is done by Horace James, Lisle Bennett and Benjamin Kauser. Miss Bennett is really capital as a slow-thinking mountaineer girl, who is so difficult to court because discretion and ancient habit usually bid her reply: "I ain't sayin'" to anything asked her.

"Thunder" was produced by John Golden, late of the firm of Smith & Golden, but the departure of Winchell Smith was recent and his artful and familiar hand is seen here and there in the course of the new production. When, as the play drew toward its close last night, every one in the forlorn community began to grow tidy, even dressy, and to make money hand over fist, those wise old fellows on the other side of the footlights said to one another: "Ha, ha, Winchell Smith has been at work here."

There were even some bets that an airplane would fly across the Blue Ridge Mountains in the last act, or that at least one dress suit would put in an appearance for the grand and prosperous finale. They guessed wrong, but all the couples were happily and abruptly paired off like the sudden forming of a kaleidoscope pattern just in time for the final curtain.

EMMY DESTINNOVA BACK FROM CAPTIVITY

Soprano, Prisoner 3 Years in Austria, Does not Wish to Sing in German Again.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday from Havre on the French liner Lorraine were a number of operatic and musical celebrities who have come over for the season. One of them was Mme. Emmy Destinnova, the operatic soprano who was known to the American public before the war as Mme. Emmy Destinn of the Metropolitan Opera House. As a star artist receiving a big salary under contract she was allowed to land by the immigration authorities, but they detained her maid, Sophie Mousek, employed by the singer for the last four years, and sent her to Ellis Island.

Mme. Destinnova, who appeared to be in the best of health and had not lost any weight since she left New York three and a half years ago, said she was going on tour to the Pacific coast to sing fifty concerts under the Wagner management and would later appear at the Metropolitan Opera House. She could have got away from Austria in the Fall of 1916, but she left too late and had to remain there until the armistice was signed. The Austrians kept her a prisoner in her own house near Prague, Bohemia, but she did not suffer much from food shortage.

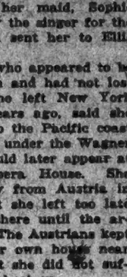
Mme. Destinnova said that she did not wish to sing in German operas again or speak in the German tongue. At home she sang and addressed her audiences in Bohemia in the Czechish tongue. Dinh Gilly, the French baritone of the Metropolitan Opera House, she added, was at Spa in Belgium undergoing treatment for his voice after long imprisonment in Austria.

Mme. Minnie Egener, mezzo-soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Company, also arrived on the Lorraine after spending the Summer in France and Italy, and Louis Hasselman, director of French operas for the Chicago Grand Opera Company, also arrived. He said that two new operas in French would be offered in Chicago this season—"Aphrodite," by Erlanger, and "Lamm L'Espagnol," by Ravel, which would be heard in New York next February.

Eugene Ysaye, the Belgian violinist, also arrived on the Lorraine with his wife and two children, after a two-months' visit to his native land, which he had not seen since the beginning of the war in 1914. He said he was glad to get back and left for Cincinnati to conduct the Symphony Orchestra for the season.

TRY ONE MORE GOOD DINNER

IF you suffer from stomach or intestinal trouble, you have surely tried all the usual remedies such as soda, pepsin, tonics, stimulants, etc. And you, better than anybody else, know that they are temporary in their action and effect. However inviting, you shudder at the thought of "trying one more good dinner." But try it—this way; sip throughout your meal MAN-A-CEA, the American medicinal table water. MAN-A-CEA is a natural mineral water that will not only promote good digestion, but will alleviate all disorders of the stomach that are not structural in cause. These are not mere statements—they are facts and you can prove them for yourself. "Try one more good dinner!"



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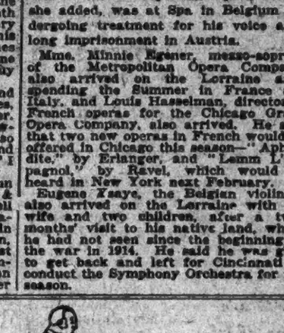
Ask your doctor about eating this bran



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Your doctor will agree that nine-tenths of our ills are caused by or aggravated by constipation. We think he will agree that if you eat a little of the right kind of bran every day you will keep your insides in the proper condition. If you do that, good health will be a habit with you.

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An Entertainment That Has Set a New High Standard of the Theatre.

WINTER GARDEN BROADWAY and 50th St. Mats. TODAY AT 2. MONTE CRISTO JR. 'A Diamond Mine of Entertainment' —Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. AN EXCHANGE OF WIVES by Cosmo Hamilton

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE. TO-MORROW Eve., 8:45 Katy's Kisses An Unusual Place. A Sensible Show.

48TH ST. THEATRE, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. LAST WEEK THOSE WHO WALK IN DARKNESS

Shubert Theatre, 44th St., West of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH OH, WHAT A GIRL

39th ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evs. 8:40. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:40. COSMO HAMILTON'S Brilliant Comedy A POSITIVE SENSATION! SCANDAL With Charles Cherry, Frances Larriman

A VOICE IN THE DARK

REPUBLIC THEATRE, 42nd St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. Frank Pope in Journal of Commerce says: "Delightful comedy, destined to have a long run." CIVILIAN CLOTHES with OLIVE TELL & THURSTON HALL

24TH WEEK JOHN FERGUSON N. Y. Theatre Guild's Greatest Success. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 Fulton

PRINCESS 39th, near B'way. Evenings 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. Adolph Klauber Presents the Wide-Awake Farce NIGHTIE-NIGHT

Vanderbilt 48th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. GRACE GEORGE "At Her Best."—Times. "SHE WOULD AND SHE DID"

FIRST IS LAST. I WANT TO LAUGH.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE MATINEES WED. and SAT. A COMEDY By Samuel Shipman and Percival Wilde

"The Challenge"

A Powerful Story of a World Gone Mad

Says William Z. Foster, Steel Strike Organizer.

"When the psychological moment arrives, the working class, hungering for emancipation, will adopt the only method at its disposal and put an end to capitalism with the general strike."

Says "Bemis," the Radical in "The Challenge."

"Power gave them their women, their silks and their satins, their powder and their rouge—man power can rule, and we will rule, and if we need steel to protect their loot we can use steel to divide it up."

SEE—HOLBROOK BLINN in THE CHALLENGE

EUGENE WALTER'S PLAY OF TODAY

THE MOST TALKED OF DRAMATIC OFFERING IN NEW YORK.

SELWYN THEATRE West 42d St. Tel. Bryant 47. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.

F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST SUCCESSES IN NEW YORK.

Longacre 48th, W. of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Pop. Mat. Tom'w, 2:30 "ANOTHER COMSTOCK & GEST COMEDY HIT" ADAM and EVA

Lyric Thea., 43d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:30. Pop. Mat. Tom'w, 2:30 The Five Million "Driest Comedy of Turn to the Right' school, only with a new idea."—Times.

Century Theatre, 62d St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Pop. Mat. Tom'w at 2. LAST 2 WEEKS. World's Most Beautiful Production Chu Chin Chow Musical extravaganza of the Orient, now in its 6th year in London. 250 PEOPLE. CO. of 200—14 BIG SCENES.

NORA BAYES THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES With Bessie McCoy Davis, James Watts, Ted Lewis, Cecil Cunningham, Ada Forman, Al Herman and 100—FAMOUS ARTISTS' MODELS—100

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, 97th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. Recital Crashes' Brilliant Success "A Little Journey"

Booth Tarkington & Harry Leon Wilson's New Comedy Up From Nowhere

Manhattan Op. No., 54th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. LOUIS MANN LAST WEEK FRIENDLY ENEMIES Prices 25c to $1.50. Wed. Mat. Best Seats $1. ALWAYS 500 ORCHESTRA SEATS $1. DAVID BELASCO will Present Beginning NEXT MON. DARK ROSALEEN SEATS NOW

THE HIT! Owen Davis' New Melodrama At 9.45 PLAYHOUSE Tonight at 8:30. Mat. Tom'w, 2:30.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. The CRIMSON ALIBI

PLYMOUTH Theatre, 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tuesday & Sat. 2:30. JOHN & LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST"

SUCCESS OF TWO SEASONS. EAST IS WEST With PAT HAINES. ARTHUR—MATS. WED. & SAT.

Booth 45th, W. of B'way. Mats. 2:30. The Best Show in Town The Better 'Ole With MR. & MRS. SOTHERN.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. IN A LONELY ROMEO.

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CENTRAL THEATRE B'way at 47th St. Prices 50c & $1.00. 5 Times Daily & Sunday, 1 to 11 P. M. WILLIAM FOX Presents In The Greatest Western Melodrama ever screened THE LAST of the DUANES

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Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Oct. 19, at 2. CONCERT OF MUSIC FOR PIANO. Rachmaninoff Tickets $2.00 to $1.00. Boxes $18 and $15. On Sale Sept. 29 at Box Office. Direction C. A. ELLIS. (Steinway.)

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B. F. Keith's 81 ST. STREET & BROADWAY Popular Prices. LEW BRICE, Mlle. Diana & Jan Rubini, Jack Rose, Mme. Herrmann and The Westerners.

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Five Saturday Matinee Concerts by the New York Symphony Orchestra, Walter Damrosch, Conductor.
Recitals by Sergei Rachmaninoff, Reinald Werrenrath, Lucy Gates, Guiomar Novaes, Trio de Lutece, The Russian Cathedral Quartet, The Singers Club of New York, The Musurgia Club, and others.
Violin Recitals by Fritz Kreisler, Eddy Brown, Samuel Gardner, and others.
Three Chamber Music Recitals by the New York Chamber Music Society.
Five Miscellany Choral Evenings, with Assisting Artists.
Twelve Lecture Recitals by Daniel Gregory Mason, of Columbia University; Hunter Walsh, of Philadelphia; Professor E. B. Lewis, of Tufts College, and others.
Dramatic Readings by John Kendrick Bangs, Edith Wynne Matthison, Leland Powers, Henry L. Southwick, Philbrick Rice, and others.
Addressed by William H. Taft, James M. Beck, Lord Dunsany, Maurice Maeterlinck, Vicente Blasco Ibanez, Miss Perry, William Lyon Phelps, William Butler Yeats, Albert Parker Fitch, Charles F. Aked, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Edward Howard Griggs, John Livingston Lowes, Richard Morton, Edward A. Steiner, John Drinkwater, John Cowper Powys, Edwin Markham, Professor Albert Bushnell Hart, Harvard University; Dean Charles R. Brown of Yale University; Raymond Robins, Dr. Frank Crane, and others.
Special Courses of Illustrated Lectures by Burton Holmes, E. M. Newman, and others.
Debates and Discussions on Vital Questions of the Day.
Thirty Current History Lectures by Professor William Starr Myers, of Princeton University; Professor Charles Seymour, of Yale University, and others.
Three Hundred Lectures in the Arts and Sciences, and on subjects of general interest by E. H. Baumgardt, Professor E. G. Spaulding, of Princeton University; Dr. Herbert L. Willett, of the University of Chicago; Clayton Hamilton, Dr. S. C. Schmucker, Arthur Stanley Riggs, Professor J. Duncan Spaeth, of Princeton University; Lorado Taft, Maria A. Ossipkina, of Oxford University; Olive Gilbreath, Professor Shailer Mathews, of the University of Chicago; Charles P. Steinmetz, Karl Barnes, Charles Theodore Carruth, Dr. Robert M. Ogden, Lee R. Vincent, Maj. Gen. William C. Gorgas, Surgeon General of the U. S. A.; Donald MacMillan, and many others.
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Geo. Cohan, Theatre B'way & 43 St. First Performance Ton't at 8:20 POP. MAT. TOD'Y ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.50 HENRY W. SAVAGE offers SEE-SAW AN UNDOUBTABLE UNIQUE MUSICAL COMEDY CORKING CAST CORUSCATING CHORUS

KNICKERBOCKER B'way and 38 St. Begin'g Thurs. Night, Sept. 25 JOHN CORT'S New Musical Comedy Roly-Boly Eyes By EDGAR ALLAN WOLFF. Music by Eddie Brown and Louis Gruenberg. With EDDIE LEONARD Largest, Handsomest Chorus in Town

JOHN GOLDEN Presents CRITERION Thunder B'way, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. AND FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN

Greatest Show on Earth THURSTON THE FAMOUS MAGICIAN SEATS NOW. GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 25c to $1.50. HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. MONDAY, SEPT. 29TH—SEATS NOW RUTH CHATTERTON In George Somerset Smith's New Comedy MOONLIGHT and HONEYSUCKLE.

COHAN & HARRIS Theatre, W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15. THE "Biggest Musical Success Since 'The Merry Widow'." Royal Vagabond BREAKING ALL RECORDS

LIBERTY W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. LAST 7 TIMES LAST POP. 24 sts. $2 MATS. TOD'Y & SAT. GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1919 With ANN PENNINGTON, 25 Others and 50 BEAUTIFUL SCANDAL MONGERS.

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HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. "THE BEST LIGHT COMEDY WHICH HAS BEEN WRITTEN BY AN AMERICAN."—N. Y. Tribune BOOTH TARKINGTON'S NEW COMEDY CLARENCE

STANDARD B'y & 90 St. Evs. 50c to $1.50. Mats. Today & Sat., 25-50-75c. The RAINBOW GIRL Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy

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7:30 for Dinner—TWICE NIGHTLY—11:30 for Supper

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6:45 to 9:15 P. M.

Dinner $1.75 *Orchestra from Mont Martre.*

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TO-DAY—Southern Chicken Dinner JUST AS MAMMY USED TO COOK IT

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Apartments of any number of rooms, each bedroom having its own bath, for rent by the week, month or season. Excellent restaurant. Prices moderate. W. Johnston Quinn, formerly Hotel Wolcott

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A luxurious Residential Hotel. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue entrance Central Park. Apartments, single or en suite for any desired period. EAGER & BABCOCK New York City

Hotel Bretton Hall BROADWAY, 85TH TO 86TH STS.

SUBWAY STATION AT 86TH ST. CORNER

Transient Rates for Either One or Two Persons. *Room and Private Bath, $4 & $5 Per Day. Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $5 to $8 Per Day.*

Also Suites 2, 3, 4 & 5 Rooms, 1 or 2 Baths, with exceptionally large closets, to rent on yearly basis, furnished or unfurnished. Restaurant of Highest Standard at Attractive Prices.

Hotel Manhattan Square

A home facing the beautiful lawns of the Museum of Natural History, and just a half block from the entrance to Central Park. Phone Schuyler 2800.

2 room suites, $1,200 to $1,600. 3 room suites, $1,750 to $2,150.

50 West 77th Street, off Central Park

HOTEL THERESA

7th Ave., 124th to 125th Sts.

One block from "L" and Subway Sts. Trolley and bus lines at door. A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel

ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES

Dining Room At Top of Building

Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals

Tel. 7000 Morningside. E. F. LEUBE, Manager.

Hotel Joyce

51 West 51st Street, off Central Park. "Premium Floors of Sunshine"

Two minutes from 72nd St. Subway & Elevated, in best residential section.

The most reasonable rates for permanent residents and transients in any NEW FIREPROOF building in the city.

Phone Columbus 9780

$12 WEEKLY and Up for Rooms with Private Bath. Hotel Nassau 59th St., bet. Mad. & Park Aves. One Block from Station of All Subways. Phone Plaza 8140.

HOMEALS DAILY QUESTION: WHAT SHALL WE EAT? Phone Schuyler 9882. Let us solve this problem for you. Hot meals delivered, home or office. AMERICAN COOKED FOOD SERVICE, INC., 242 West 76th Street.

Hotel San Remo

Central Park West, 74th-75th Sts. (Entire Block.)

Most delightfully situated residential hotel, appealing to the discriminating. Leases now being made. Phone Columbus 6700. Reasonable rates.

The personnel of the management to ample assurance of the high class accommodations and quiet dignity of a quarter of a century under ownership management. EDMUND M. BRENNAN.

HOTEL HAMILTON

73D STREET

Just East of Broadway

HOTEL NEWTON

2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.

SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.

RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day. Phone 7926 Riverside.

GOLDEN PHEASANT RESTAURANT "Meals Fit for Any King" Special Table Dinners from 11 to 9 P. M. Desserts and Pastries that are "Different." Herald Sq. Hotel, Near Waldorf-Astoria. 114 W. 34th St., Opp. Macy's. 30 W. 56th St., Opp. McCreery's.

PASSENGER JUMPS FROM LINER AT SEA

Lorraine Brings News of Chicago Man's Suicide on Voyage from France.

WIDOW A BELGIAN GIRL

Leaves Bride of 19 with 8 Francs —Collect 5,000 Francs for Her.

Officers of the French liner Lorraine which arrived yesterday from Havre with 900 passengers and mails, said that during the night of Sept. 17, when the vessel was in midocean, Raymond Higgins, a young Chicago man, who was a passenger in the second cabin with his bride, a Belgian girl, jumped overboard and was drowned. The Lorraine was stopped and moved round in a circle while lighted lifebuoys were thrown into the water, but nothing could be seen of the missing man.

He had 2,000 francs in his pocketbook and left his bride with only a five franc note in her possession. She said that they were married at St. Nazaire at the end of last April and her husband was with the Knights of Columbus in France and had nothing to worry about so far as she knew. She is 19 years old.

George A. Kessler, formerly a wine importer of this city, who was one of the first cabin passengers on the Lorraine, started a subscription for the young widow with 500 francs, and handed her a purse with 5,000 francs in it just before the Lorraine reached her pier. She was met at the pier by her mother-in-law, Mrs. Higgins, of 6,438 Peoria Street, Chicago, who had received the news of her son's death by wireless and came to New York to meet the young widow.

Mr. Kessler, who founded the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund for Soldiers three years ago, said that so far the committee had spent more than $1,000,000, as needed another $5,000,000 to carry on the work. Seven thousand soldiers, of whom 3,000 were French, have been taught new occupations, he said, and placed in the way to provide for themselves. Mr. Kessler has been decorated by the Kings of Rumania, Serbia, Italy, and Belgium for the work he has done during the war in aid of the soldiers blinded in the fighting. Another passenger on the Lorraine was Orden Mills, Jr., who has been abroad on a six weeks' business trip.

SEE MORE OF OUR SHIPS.

Buenos Aires Notices Growing Activity of American Merchantmen.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 21.—Twenty-three American vessels have entered the port of Buenos Aires during the past ten days. This is pointed out here as evidence of a growing activity on the part of the United States merchant marine in South American waters.

12 ARE FOODLESS 11 DAYS.

Storm Survivors Are Found in Lighthouse on Barren Cay.

MIAMI, Fla. Sept. 22.—Eleven days without food or water, twelve survivors of the recent hurricane huddled in a lighthouse on North Elbow Cay, a small island in the Florida Straits, which was swept clean of every vestige of human habitation during the storm, were located yesterday by a submarine chaser which brought back a story of devastation and human suffering unsurpassed by any that has come from the storm area.

Huge waves sweeping over the island carried away sepulchres containing the bodies of former inhabitants, it was reported, swept all live stock into the sea and destroyed other food supplies, leaving the inhabitants, whose only hope of survival lay in the impregnability of the lighthouse in which they gathered, absolutely destitute.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Leave of absence, without pay: Patrol. Morris Pollack, 18th, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M. Sept. 25.

Applications for full pay while on sick report, approved: Sergt. Cornelius O'Donnell, 26th, from 7:20 A. M. Sept. 11, during disability; Patrol. D. K. Roche, 29th, from 10:50 P. M. Sept. 6, during disability; H. P. Dwyer, 47th, from 1:20 P. M. Sept. 8, during disability; Columb Kennedy, 38th, from 3:40 A. M. Sept. 6, during disability; D. J. McCarthy, 63d, from 1:20 P. M. Sept. 15, during disability; George Richford, 72d, from 10 P. M. Sept. 10, during disability; W. G. Reinig, Traffic Div., Sub. A, from 1:10 P. M. Aug. 23, during disability; T. F. Grady, Traffic Div., Sub. B, from 8:15 P. M. Sept. 6, during disability; R. E. Perdon, Traffic Div., Sub. B, from 7:50 A. M. June 16, during disability; A. W. Barriott, Traffic Div., Sub. B, from 9:50 A. M. Sept. 11, to 12 P. M. Sept. 12; M. B. Meade, Traffic Div., Motorcycle Squad No. 1, from 6 P. M. Aug. 31 during disability; G. W. Brown, Traffic Div., Motorcycle Squad No. 3, from 9:30 P. M. Sept. 1, to 12 P. M. Sept. 5; T. D. McGrath, Bridge Precinct, from 2:30 P. M. Aug. 17, during disability; L. D. Jones, Bridge Precinct, from 10:15 A. M. Sept. 5, during disability; C. E. Clancy, Headquarters Div., Health Squad, from 4:25 P. M. Sept. 5, during disability.

Fire Department.

The members of the Department Band will report to Fireman A. J. Muir at the 47th Regiment Armory, Marcy Avenue and Hayward Street, Brooklyn, at 8 P. M. Tues. Sept. 23.

Chiefs of Battalion are directed to request candidates Nos. 1 to 200, inclusive, on eligible list for fireman in this department, recently promulgated, residing in their respective battalion districts, to report to Chief of Battalion James Langan at 158 West 68th Street, Manhattan, (old quarters of Eng. 40,) at 8 P. M. Friday, Sept. 26, 1919.

Retired: Capt. P. H. O'Keefe, Eng. 272, on his own application, on an annual pension of $1,400, to take effect 8 A. M. Sept. 20.

Special leaves of absence: Fireman 1st grade Max Vilinsky, H. & L. 146, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M. Sept. 25; Fireman 1st grade C. C. Schwall, Eng. 261, for 12 hours, from 9 A. M. Sept. 24; Fireman 4th grade T. C. McLoughlin, H. & L. 101, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M. Sept. 24; 9 hours, from 9 A. M. Sept. 25, and 24 hours, from 9 A. M. Sept. 26.

Wills for Probate.

LACKAYE, ALICE, wife of Wilton Lackaye (Aug. 5, 1919, at Long Beach. The estate is valued at about $10,000 in personal property. The will leaves the bulk of the estate to her husband.

TUTHILL, HORACE S., of 80 West 181st Street, (Sept. 1,) at Asbury Park. Estate valued at more than $50,000 goes to his immediate relatives, Annie E. Tuthill of Mount Vernon gets $250; Edith May Goepel of 730 Riverside Drive, $500, and William Leonard Thrall of 802 West 181st Street, $2,000. The residuary estate is divided into four parts. Two parts go to the widow, Sarah E. Tuthill of 802 West 181st Street, her legacy being more than $20,000. To his daughter, Edna May Thrall, of 802 West 181st Street, is given one of the four parts and the other goes to his son, Horace S. Tuthill, Jr.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The Western Ontario depression of Sunday night is central tonight over the Lower St. Lawrence Valley, and there has been a considerable rise in pressure in the lake region, the Central Valleys, and the Southwest, with the crest of high pressure over Eastern Colorado. In the extreme Northwest pressure has again fallen decidedly, but thus far without rain.

There were general showers east of the Mississippi River, except in the South Atlantic States and near the East Gulf Coast, and also showers in the West Gulf States, Colorado, and Wyoming.

High temperatures continue in the Atlantic States, and they have again risen in the Northwest. Over the central portion of the country temperatures were nearly normal, while in the southwest and extreme West they are much below the seasonal average. Freezing temperatures occurred Monday morning in Wyoming, and light to heavy frost in Montana, Idaho, and Eastern Oregon.

Generally fair weather will prevail Tuesday and Wednesday over the Central and Northern districts east of the Mississippi River, preceded, however, by showers Tuesday morning in New England and the Middle Atlantic States. In the South occasional local showers are probable.

It will be cooler Tuesday in the Atlantic States, except Florida and Lower Gulf States, and warmer Wednesday in the upper lake and west lower lake region and the Ohio Valley.

Winds off Atlantic Coast: North of Sandy Hook, moderate southwest to west; rain Tuesday, fair Wednesday; Sandy Hook to Hatteras, moderate winds, becoming west and northwest; Hatteras to Florida Straits, gentle south and southwest, except east of the Florida coast, generally fair. East Gulf Coast, gentle, shifting, becoming northwest to north, and moderate over north portions, fair south, showers north portions; West Gulf Coast, moderate, becoming north, unsettled and showers. Disturbances over lower St. Lawrence Valley of moderate intensity and moving northeast.

FORECAST TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Tuesday, cooler; Wednesday fair.

New Jersey—Cloudy and cooler Tuesday, showers in the morning; Wednesday fair.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy and cooler Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

Southern New England—Cloudy, showers in morning, cooler; Wednesday fair.

Northern New England—Showers Tuesday, cooler in interior; Wednesday fair.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1919.	1918.		1919.	1918.
3 A. M.....68	48	4 P. M.....70	56
6 A. M.....68	46	6 P. M.....70	56
9 A. M.....69	50	9 P. M.....74	56
12 M.....73	63	12 M.....71	61

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average for the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 66.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 69; at 8 P. M. it was 75. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum, 68 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 76 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 84 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.97 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.90 inches.

Fire Record.

	Loss.
P. M. Sunday.	
11:50—26th St. and East River dock; New York City	Slight
A. M. Monday.	
2:20—3 New Chambers St.; Spiegel & Davis	Slight
3:15—30th St. and 3d Av.; Isidor Rosen.	$200
P. M.	
3:30—35 E. 100th St.; not given	Slight
9:25—11 8th Av., (awning;) Hotel Brevoort	Slight
9:25—936 3 Av.; Thomas Hogan	Slight
9:35—304 E. 23 St.; Guardia Color Co.	Slight
10:00—372 Prospect Av.; C. Pilghman	Slight

Education Notes.

The Board of Examiners has recommended that temporary licenses as pupil teacher be granted to the following:

BROOKLYN TRAINING SCHOOL.

M. M. Albert, M. L. Benson, A. E. Barnesmann, H. A. Brault, H. L. Burns, M. V. Butler, A. R. Cahalan, M. B. Carroll, Anna C. Delebo, A. M. Collins, C. T. Cunningham, G. A. DeCaro, Esther Epstein, M. L. H. Ernst, G. K. Faron, May Farrell, L. P. Field, A. G. C. Foley, D. Franklin, M. F. Fraley, May Freeman, Ethel E. Garde, H. E. Hallihan, M. R. Hauser, A. B. Harrison, F. G. Hoch, M. H. Hollon, Anna Jacobs, E. F. Keating, G. G. Kelly, M. M. Kelly, E. A. Kendall, M. M. Koudelka, M. I. Lorentz, M. L. MacDonald, Rose Malawitz, D. Y. Martin, E. L. March, Thelma Moody, M. B. Murphy, Mary Mastrianni, A. L. O'Boyle, G. K. Oppido, Mary C. Oppido, Ethel Osterman, Gertrude Motkin, Miriam Rosnick, A. V. Ringen, Sophie Rosenthal, Lillian S. Ritzer, A. A. Bennett, Mary C. Smyth, Lucy Spurgin, Esther Spilburg, G. M. Schaub, M. L. Taylor, E. M. Tomkins, C. C. Wagner, Agnes Watson, M. F. Wright, F. L. Zunsler.

JAMAICA TRAINING SCHOOL.

Helen Banta, C. L. Bell, Ruth L. Bennett, E. C. A. Blecher, E. M. Boite, M. M. Bono, M. E. C. Chamberlain, Helen Louise Cunningham, Margaret Reinhardt, Tillie Florusa, E. M. Goelz, Dora Huther, M. I. Loughman, M. C. Loweire, M. L. Lyons, H. M. Mahony, Julia Connell, E. L. Mayer, Lucy Reidy, M. R. Sellers, Dorette Thurmermann, V. F. Ventrelli.

NEW YORK TRAINING SCHOOL.

Bessie Alperin, S. S. Altman, K. W. Ball, Jean Berlin, Alfred Brooks, F. F. Bodoy, Bertha Brodkin, Amelie Cahill, Marie Cahill, Clara Camarate, Virginia Collins, J. K. Corbett, Florence Cumisky, Anna M. Cusumano, M. E. Drake, Henrietta Drut, S. F. Duggan, Pauline Edelstein, E. M. Egan, A. F. Eichmer, Stella Feuerlicht, M. A. Gallo, Pauline Gernhardt, Emma Gluck, Belle Goldstein, Susan Gonzalez, Mary Grossman, Marguerite Hanifin, H. E. Huxel, Bertha Jacobs, Esther Jacobson, May Jennings, W. B. Judge, Florence Kavanagh, Helen Kelly, Minnie Kohsin, Anna Larocca, A. M. McCarthy, E. T. D. McGorry, Irene Mallery, E. M. Maye, K. L. Mayo, Florence Malvey, R. C. Murphy, R. G. Pfeifer, Minnie Salzer, Viola Renner, Sophia Ronner, Reba Rosenblat, R. D. Roth, C. A. Schaefer, Mollie Schechter, Helen Scher, Frieda Schlecht, Beatrice Schoen, Lucille Schoenhaus, E. H. Scott, M. E. Severance, M. R. Sheridan, H. R. Snitkin, Florence Sprung, C. C. Stack, Etta Stein, Dr. William Stern, L. M. Sullivan, Dorothy Wasserlefsky, S. G. Winter, Reisa Weil, S. C. Wolfcheck, Helen Zorn.

The Extension Division of the City College will meet the demand for junior and regular high school teachers for a course in community civics. All those who desire such a course should meet in Room 17 of the Main Building of the college, 139th Street and Convent Avenue, Sept. 23, at 10:30 A. M. Definite arrangements will be made on that day.

The Principals of the Eighth and Thirteenth Districts have adopted a memorial for Miss Clara American, Principal of P. S. 127, Manhattan, who died July 22.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for prison keeper, male, will be received until 4 P. M., Sept. 26. Candidate must be at least 21 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Physical examination, 2; medical examination, 5; experience, 3; citizenship, 1. Candidates should have a common school education or its equivalent. Experience in the handling of men or in skilled trades will receive special consideration. The salary is from $1,000 to $1,400 a year. Vacancies in the Correction Department occur from time to time.

United States.

Three hundred first-class machinists and automobile mechanics are desired at once for employment at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for the repair of motor trucks, tanks, tractors, automobile trucks, and automobiles. The rates of pay for machinists are 70 to 90 cents an hour and for automobile mechanics from 65 to 75 cents an hour. At the ordnance establishment sleeping accommodations will be provided in bunk houses furnished free by the Government; bedding also will be supplied. Meals will be furnished at a charge not to exceed $1 a day. The Government will also advance transportation upon the men entering into the usual agreement to render six months' service, if required. The employment is expected to last for at least one year. Automobile mechanics of quality for employment in these positions, should have had at least three years' experience in the repair of automobiles, trucks, tractors, or tanks. For machinists the usual standard of quality will apply. Apply at Room 819, Custom House, New York, for the necessary civil service application form.

Estates Appraised.

JENKS, EDWARD B., (Aug. 5, 1918.) The total estate is $78,482. Real estate, $4,478; personal property, $1,531; cash, $3,195; stocks and bonds, $64,000, which includes Liberty Bonds aggregating $1,050 and 124 shares of Edward B. Jenks Co., $10,081. His wife, Inez C. Jenks, of 443 West 149th Street, receives personalty of $1,171 and a life estate in $52,717. His sister, Laura D. Jenks, of Warsaw, N. Y., $5,000.

KNOX, ELIZABETH G., (Jan. 29, 1919.) The total estate is $46,046. Real estate comprises the home at 38 West Seventeenth Street, valued at $29,500; cash, $39,240; personal property, $11,310; stocks and bonds, $17,396, which includes $8,400 in Liberty Bonds. The estate is equally divided between her nephews and niece, Alexander M. and David Orr, both of 123 East Seventy-second Street, and Mae K. Vidter of 399 Park Avenue.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Goldthwaite, Col. R. H., Bataan, 1st Lt. T. T., and Yeriary, 1st Lt. C. C., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I.

Tarleton, Lt.Col. L. O., hon. discharged as Lt. Col. only.

Grady, Lt.Col. W. R., to Camp Humphreys.

Boyd, Maj. J. W., will report to Cmdg. Gen., at Camp Devens.

Campbell, Maj. D. R., to Camp Devens as Sanitary Insp.

Benton, Maj. P. G., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, sick.

Dyer, Maj. W. C., to Hosp. No. 19, at Otsego, N. C.

McClain, Maj. C. S., to Army and Navy Hosp., at Hot Springs, Ark.

Breed, Maj. N. P., and Dimock, Capt. A. B., to Camp Bragg.

Prescott, Maj. P. D., to Columbus Barracks.

Clark, Capt. W. A., and McNeil, 1st Lt. C. L., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Newgard, Capt. J. G., to Camp Eustis.

Alwes, Capt. O. E., transferred to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan, sick.

Clement, Capt. E. B., transferred to Hosp. No. 19 at Otsego, N. C., sick.

Stong, Capt. E., Kilpatrick, Capt. R. B., and Tatman, 1st Lt. A. E., to Siberia.

Sebold, 1st Lt. P. S., to Madison.

Schnack, 1st Lt. A. G. C., to Honolulu.

Miller, 1st Lt. S. W., Jr., to Ft. Slocum.

Infantry.

Oury, Col. W. H., detailed as Dist. Mil. Insp. of R.O.T.C., Dist. No. 9, at Kansas City, Mo.

Budd, Lt.Col. A. D., hon. discharged as Lt. Col. only.

Walker, Lt.Col. W. H., to Camp Benning Inf. School of Arms as asst.

Thompson, Maj. C. E., transferred to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Newson, Maj. H. D., from duty as asst. to Mil. Attache at London to Wash. for temp. duty and discharge.

Donnelly, Maj. W. F., and Stone, Capt. L. F. to Douglas, Ariz., with 10th.

Walsh, Capt. P. F., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of East. Dept. for discharge.

Patterson, Capt. V., hon. discharged as Capt. only.

Newman, Capt. A. T., to Ft. Snelling for discharge.

Shea, Capt. G. H., attached to 11th Cav., at Camp Stearn, Cal.

Crandall, Capt. D. Jr., detailed as asst. Prof. of Mil. Science at the College of the City of New York.

Smith, Capt. E. W., to Camp Holabird, with Motor Transp. Corps.

McConville, Capt. J. J., to service in Qm. C., and will proceed to New York and report to Manc Supply Off.

Stadler, 1st Lt. D., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of West. Dept. for discharge.

Symonds, 1st Lt. E. L., to Presidio for discharge.

Elliott, 1st Lt. G. R., to Boston for discharge.

Ashton, 1st Lt. M. M., to Camp Lewis for discharge.

Oyler, 1st Lt. D. W., transferred to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, sick.

Field Artillery.

Beere, Col. D. M., and Kirby, Lt.Col. W., to Camp Taylor, Ky., Basics School.

Following assigned to regiments indicated: Coffin, Maj. R. G., 10th, at Camp Dodge.

CAPTAINS.

Rogers, F. G., and Bennett, A. N., 14th, at Ft. Sill.

Wilson, A. R., 9th, Ft. Sill.

Dunkum, W. G., and Jenkins, W. E., 17th, at Camp Travis.

Crosby, R. H., and Richardson, S. H., to Camp Bragg.

O'Donner, V. L., 10th, at Camp Pike.

McKay, L., and Gully, E. J., 1st, at Ft. Sill.

Wettengel, E. M., and Greubers, M. S., 9th, at Camp Knox.

Weinhandler, J. J., 83d, at Camp Knox.

Bell, H. W., 17th, at Camp Travis.

Smith, J. C., 16th, at Camp Dodge.

Campbell, W. A., 7th, at Camp Pike.

Erickson, E. A., and Crotty, R. E., 79th, at Camp Grant.

Bogan, C., 77th, at Camp Dodge.

O'Brien, B., 79th, at Camp Funston.

Russell, W. B.; Horne, 1st A. S. G., and Cassell, 1st G. N., Camp Bragg.

Wickliffe, C. A., and Ivanick, G. A., 5th, Camp Taylor.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Hayford, W., 80th, Camp Funston.

Norrick, C. W.; Stewart, J., Jr.; Moore, H. O., and Kauffman, F. E., 3d, at Camp Grant.

Fisher, E. A., 76th, at Camp Pike.

Scott, M. E., 77th, at Camp Dodge.

Walker, C., 18th, at Camp Travis.

Dunnigan, Capt. C. A., to El Paso with 82d.

Brown, 1st Lt. J. S., Jr., to Camp Taylor.

Van Alyea, 1st Lt. T., assigned to 76th at Camp Grant.

Quartermaster Corps.

Kerr, Lt. Col. E. P., assigned to Storage Div.

Crocker, Lt. Col. H. S., detailed as asst. to Chief of Const. Div., Army Supply Base, at Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hickey, Maj. J. H., to New Orleans.

Cooper, Maj. B. E., to New Orleans as Zone Storage Off.

Baird, Capt. C., to Jeffersonville, Ind., as asst. to Zone Supply Off.

Pandle, Capt. P. L., to Atlanta.

Longlin, Capt. W. J., to Camp Travis, relieving Lt. C. W. Ardery.

Dragoo, Capt. C., to Ft. Snelling as asst. to Supply Off.

Sweeney, 1st Lt. E. F., to Walter Reed Hosp. as Salvage Off., relieving Lt. H. C. Tucker.

Neiswirth, 1st Lt. H. S., appointed an examiner for the Board of Contract Adjustment, at New Orleans.

Cavalry.

Valentine, Col. W. S., to Washington as member of Board of Appraisers.

Darrah, Capt. L., assigned to 3d, at Ft. Ethan Allen.

Terry, 1st Lt. F. V., hon. discharged as 1st Lt. only.

Alexander, 1st Lt. H. M., to Douglas, with 1st.

Ordnance Department.

Coombes, Capt. G. W., to Watervliet Arsenal.

Ballou, Capt. H. D., to United States Tire Co.'s plant at Providence, R. I.

Jones, Capt. P. W., will report to Chief of Ord.

Harkins, Capt. E., transferred to Letterman Hosp., sick.

Frame, Capt. P., transferred to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan, sick.

Air Service.

Rinehart, Lt. Col. C. E., to Hazlehurst Field.

Maranville, Maj. U. H., to Ft. Omaha, Army Balloon School.

Edwards, 1st Lt. J. R., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of East. Dept. for discharge.

Ellis, 1st Lt. R. F., transferred to Army and Navy Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark.

Signal Corps.

Hall, Capt. R. C.; Webbe, Capt. H. W., and McRae, 1st Lt. C., assigned to 6th Field Sig. Bn., at Camp Grant.

Dorsey, Capt. P. W., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan, sick.

Rittenger, 1st Lt. C. J., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of Cent. Dept., Chicago, for discharge.

Coast Artillery.

Lomax, Capt. F. H., assigned to Qm. C.

Warner, 1st Lt. W. W., to Mass. Institute of Technology.

Engineers.

Bullard, Lt. Col. P. C., to Florence, Ala.

Watson, Lt. Col. C. L., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of East. Dept. for discharge.

Kelly, Capt. F. J., will report to Chief of Engs.

Veterinary Corps.

Bridges, Capt. B. C., to Ft. Keogh, Mont.

Sievers, 1st Lt. E. K., to Ft. Reno.

Riordan, 1st Lt. J. J., to Kansas City and report to the purchasing Qm.

Sanitary Corps.

Brooks, Maj. R. R., to Hosp. No. 21, at Carlisle, Penn., as Med. Supply Off., relieving Capt. C. L. Leonard.

Albers, Capt. A. H., to Washington for temp. duty in office of Surg. Gen., then to Camp Grant and report to Cmdg. Gen. of 6th Div.

Miscellaneous.

McManus, Brig. Gen. G. H., hon. discharged as Brig. Gen. only. He will proceed to Norfolk and assume command of Army Supply Base.

Cavenaugh, Col. W. A., Inf., and Brooks, Col. G. M., F.A., hon. discharged as Cols. only.

Suppiger, Lt. Col. H. C. M., to Washington as Chief of the Chief of Transp. Serv.

Griscom, Lt. Col. Ls. C., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., hon. discharged.

Toombs, Lt. Col. L. A., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of East. Dept.

Taft, Lt. Col. C. L., will report to the Adjt. Gen. for discharge.

Lull, Lt. Col. C. C., to go to France.

Muller, Maj. W. G., to El Paso as Adjt.

Burleigh, Maj. J. J., Inf., and Violland, Maj. H. W., Qm.C., hon. discharged as Majors only.

Yardley, Maj. H. O., to Washington for temp. duty and discharge.

Blankenship, Maj. G. H., Sig. Corps, to Panama.

Hedge, Capt. T. J., to Camp Meade and report to Chief of Tank Corps.

Greetings.

LESSER-DREYFUS.—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lesser and Mrs. Bertha Dreyfus extend to their relatives and friends a happy and prosperous New Year.

Durant, Capt. T. G., Chem. Warf. Ser., to Edgewood (Arsenal), Md.

Rooney, Capt. J. E., to Boston and report to the Zone Supply Off.

West, 1st Lt. G. W., to Camp Stanley.

Harris, Capt. W. W., Jr., Inf., and Remington, Capt. P., Inf., to Panama.

Austin, Maj. E. W.; Chase, Capt. C. D., and Smith, F. J., Hosmer, Capt. M. H., Inf., Pegram, Capt. E. S., Inf., and Winslow, Capt. J. S., F.A., to France.

Resignations.

Fielden, Maj. J. S. C., Jr., M. C.

Williamson, J. F., C. A. C., as Temp. Capt. and 1st Lt.

Monroe, H. A., Engrs., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.

Dignan, Capt. H. H., M. C.

Cornwell, Capt. L. H., M. C.

Hare, 1st Lt. E. H., M. C.

Laflin, C. A., F. A. and Webster, D. B., C. A. C., as Prov. 1st Lt.

Leaves.

Tuomo, Col. G. E., Inf., 15 days.

Chamberlaine, Col. W., 1 month.

Guignard, Col. W. S., F. A., 2 months.

Toombs, Lt. Col. L. A., 10 days.

Watson, Lt. Col. C. L., 15 days.

Moreno, Maj. J. de R., M. C., 1 month.

Task, Maj. W. J., Inf., 1 month.

CAPTAINS.

Minus, N., Inf., 10 days.

White, H. H., Cav., 2 months.

Johnston, E. S., Inf., 1 month.

Wales, V. W. S., Cav., 10 days ext.

Herlihy, E. G., Inf., 1 month.

Davis, W. D., Inf., 14 days ext.

Weeks, J. J., Dent. Corps, 1 month.

FIRST LIEUTS.

Jacobs, C. H., Inf., 15 days ext.

Perkins, W. E., Inf., 10 days.

Conover, H., Air Ser., 3 months.

Smith, E. J., Q. M. C., 20 days' ext.

Rittenger, C. J., Sig. Corps, 15 days.

Clark, S. T., Inf., 1 month.

Breckinridge, A., Inf., 1 month ext.

Dorris, E. F., Inf., 2 months.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following navy orders today:

Carr, Capt. C. A., to Naval Inspector Machinery of Mine Sweepers of 3d Naval Dist.

Eklund, Comdr. F. N., to command the Bogue.

Jacobs, Comdr. E., to the Naval Academy.

Campbell, Lt. Cmdr. T. L., to N. T. S., at Hampton Roads, Va.

Conner, Lt. Cmdr. E. H., to command the Chew.

Monroe, H. A., Engrs., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.

Dignan, Capt. H. H., M. C.

Cornwell, Capt. L. H., M. C.

Hare, 1st Lt. E. H., M. C.

Laflin, C. A., F. A. and Webster, D. B., C. A. C., as Prov. 1st Lt.

Leaves.

Tuomo, Col. G. E., Inf., 15 days.

Chamberlaine, Col. W., 1 month.

Guignard, Col. W. S., F. A., 2 months.

Toombs, Lt. Col. L. A., 10 days.

Watson, Lt. Col. C. L., 15 days.

Moreno, Maj. J. de R., M. C., 1 month.

Task, Maj. W. J., Inf., 1 month.

CAPTAINS.

Minus, N., Inf., 10 days.

White, H. H., Cav., 2 months.

Johnston, E. S., Inf., 1 month.

Wales, V. W. S., Cav., 10 days ext.

Herlihy, E. G., Inf., 1 month.

Davis, W. D., Inf., 14 days ext.

Weeks, J. J., Dent. Corps, 1 month.

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Jacobs, C. H., Inf., 15 days ext.

Perkins, W. E., Inf., 10 days.

Conover, H., Air Ser., 3 months.

Smith, E. J., Q. M. C., 20 days' ext.

Rittenger, C. J., Sig. Corps, 15 days.

Clark, S. T., Inf., 1 month.

Breckinridge, A., Inf., 1 month ext.

Dorris, E. F., Inf., 2 months.

Mead, Lt. D. F., to command Eagle No. 11.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Special Master Philip J. McCook—Room 237, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M. No day calendar.

Simonson<NY Cons RR. Co.
Chadworth<same.
Morris<same. (2.)
Bowman<same.
Otto<same.
Thompson<same.
Ammen<same. (2.)
Schmidt<same.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Hicks<42d, Man. & St. RR.
Mogilevera<Broyer.
Kronshaw<Havemeyer Const Co.
Kingsberg<Lerner.
Marlchatein<Kahn.
Powers<Vanderbilt.
McGovern<Broyer.
Rosen<Geier.
Ehrenheimer.
Rozier<Brandt.
Liebster<Friedman.
Zurich Gen Acc & Li Ins Co<Bodenheim.
Rozier<Brandt.
Re Nankivel & Co.
Schubert<NY Hippodrome Co.
Lomonico<Faust.
Spencer Turner Co<Converse Co.
Ford<Salomon.
Nebel<Noyes.
Palma<Palma.
Hutchings<Nt Union Fire Ins Co.
Cordiano<Montschieter.
Re Manhattan Ry.
Clancy<Chevrolet.
Wilbraham<Murphy.
Callan<Yonkers RR.
Shapiro<Union Ry.
Trachtenberg<Converse.
Simmons<Simmons.
Haber<Schulberg.
Simmons<Simmons.
Norberg<Norberg.
Cannon<Moore, Inc.
Jehlbaum<Glicken.
Cabbano<Easton.
Smith<Smith.
Dolton<Dolton.
Kaufman<Delafield
Lewis<Lewis.
Rogers Peet & Co<Hillman.
Same<same (Roda.)
Safford<Redfield.
Re Phillips.
Re Carnegie Tr Co (Supt of Banks.)
Ernst<Dinkelspiel.
Sanderet<Saunders.
Alverenga<Alverenga.
Zarewitz<Zarewitz.
Weaver<Weaver.
McVey<McVey.

PART II.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
Re Dexter (3d Co.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM.—Parts I. and III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar:
Alfred G Compton,
Abraham Bierman,
Marian C Hernandes,
Maude Kunstreich,
Katherine Nunnelly,
Abraham E. Reiner,
John J McNamara,
Serafina Delorenzo, &c
Louis Schechter,
John J Welsh,
Ella McDonnell, &c,
Mary McGinnis,
Alice Norton,
John J O'Connor,
Peter Sutrinski,
Lydia Harvey,
James R G Tevy,
Julian Korzun,
Mary Moskowitz,
Patrick McKeon,
Mrs. Lois M Dunn,
Eusebio Fusco,
Wm Georgantopoulos,
Joe Sterling,
Edward Harris,
G Assadoorians, &c,
Otto Berger,
Emelio L Carpenter,
Solomon Drusin, &c,
Michael Donovan,
Charles Zeltner,
Sara L Sandford,
James M Winn,
John Schmidt,
Bethuel Inflets,
John Friedlander,
Helen E Kelsey, (2.)
William Buckley.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.
Lesinsky Co<Mitchell.
Same<Hoffman.
Rubens<Dona.
Woolsey<Campbell.
Currie<Currie, (2.)
Neiderberg<Commonwealth Pin Corp.
Kleullen<Eleto Co.(2)
Levin<Tahan.
Zoi<Pazanini.
Rafelowitz<J F Murray Trucking Co.
Roloff<Gray, (2.)
Gross<Light.
Levy<Jacobs.
Currie<Currie.
Schwartz<Hauser.
Lefkoff<Jonas.
Santangelo<Nastro.

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Re Thompson—William Hall Ford

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.
Re Station bldg at Fordham Road.
Romanelli<Romanelli.
De Francisco<De Francisco.
Behm<3d Av Ry.
Hagan<Union Ry.
Goldenberg<N Y C Inter Ry bldg.
Spear<same, (2.)
Schwartz<Union Ry.
Re Smith.
Colon & Co<Barba.
Re Kenas.
Vogel<Vogel.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Tierney, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J., at 10 A. M.
Flood<Torkomian.
Also for the hearing of motions and ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—Slater, S.
Wills for probate:
Katherine A. Mannion,
John Edwin Cox.
Carmella W Cass,
Anne S Beaver,
Duncan Dinkins,
Frank Garrett,
John Griffin,
Fannie Cannon,
Regina Corrigan.
Petition to sell real estate:
Louise A Gaylord,
Catherine Lamour,
Jacob Barnet,
Catherine Wasel,
Katherine Roughsedge,
Bridget Brogan.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cordt<Green.
Bennett<Bennett.
Kulikov<Clough-Bourne Corp.
Julberg<Goldstein.
Christy<Fisanti.
Zennerman<Goodman.
Krugman<Krugman.
Greenzweig<Napier.
Re Rubes.
Wechsler<Levinson.
Ingraham<Rocca.
Selander<Johnson.
Greenzweig<Napier.
Re Eagle S & L Co.
Schenkein<Schenkein.
Re Findelay.
Dineen<Lavin.
Trotte<Trotte.
Re Caldwell Av.
Massa<Dinles.
Re The Manhattan Beach Co.
Re Liberty Av (Henrichs.)
Domestic Soap Co<Jewel Tea Co.
Brown<Brown.
Castle<Castle.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Callaghan, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Henry Garms,
Joseph Armbruster,
Charles Edwin.
Acc

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The wise investor selects securities of a corporation showing rapid, healthy growth. Customers of the Middle West Utilities Company increased 24,712 in the last fiscal year; the first six months of 1919 the gain was 130% greater than 1918, while the net earnings for the first four months of 1919 gained 103% over the same period of 1918.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Strike News Aids in Imparting Strength to Stocks—August Exports Rise.

The stock market passed judgment yesterday upon the initial stage of the steel strike by developing considerable strength after returns began to come in from Pittsburgh, Chicago, Youngstown, Cleveland and the other cities where plants are located. Traders conceded that the unions had drawn a great many workers from their places, but much stress was laid upon the evidence that nothing like a general walkout had occurred, while the indifferent progress, admitted by union leaders themselves, in the Pittsburgh district was considered significant of an important lack of union support. Had a majority of men at this centre of the industry gone out immediately, the financial community probably would have taken a less cheerful view of the situation. The security market following did not go so far as to consider the strike a failure, which would have hardly been consistent with the conflicting reports of results at the various works, but considerable confidence was built up from the clear demonstration that the first day's efforts had fallen far short of tieing up production in the major manufacturing localities. The Street also gave thought to the fact that Samuel Gompers and other leaders of the American Federation of Labor were not ready with anything which looked like official support and thorough approval of the action of the twenty-four steel trade unions.

At the start of business steel shares were slightly firmer than on Saturday last, afterward shading downward in hesitating fashion. Steel common receded from the opening quotation of 101¾ to 100⅝, but the retreat was quickly checked and before noon a slowly-growing strength appeared. In the afternoon a number of industrial stocks became buoyant, advancing from 2 to more than 5 points. The steel and allied issues scored gains extending from large fractions to 4 points. Buying orders were most in evidence in the last hour, the result in part of short covering by traders who had become convinced that the strike outlook was hardly as threatening as it had been last week. Liberty bonds again moved forward, the 3½s scoring a new high record for the year at a level slightly above par. Corporation bonds were firm without displaying any increase of activity.

The publication of the country's foreign commerce figures for August necessitated the revision of some calculations drawn from the July report. The statement of exports made it look as though the shipping strike of July had had a larger influence than was supposed in cutting down the outward flow of goods, as compared with June. The August exports, amounting to $804,000,000, were $84,000,000 greater than in July. So the impression that the decline of $348,000,000 in July exports from those of June represented a fundamental alteration of the movement of commerce does not prove up in the light of the latest report. Imports in August totalled $305,000 000, a decline of about $30,000,000, whereas July had brought an increase of $51,000,000 over June, and influenced forecasts that other countries had begun to expand their shipments to the United States of surplus goods. The August figures tell something of a reason why the foreign exchanges have not done better in the last few months.

Call money was easy during the greater part of the day, considering the unfavorable bank statement of last Saturday. The rate stiffened in the afternoon, however, rising to 8 per cent., as compared with 5½ per cent. in the morning. Foreign exchange rates were firm, sterling gaining about a cent to the pound from the final quotations of the preceding week.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Monday, Sept. 22.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	8	High	8
Low	5½	Low	5½
Renewals	5½	Renewals	5½
Last	8	Last	8

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	5½	Ninety days	6
Four months	5½	Four months	6
Five months	5½	Five months	6
Six months	5½	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4⅜@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 5@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days ..... 5¼@5⅛
4 to 6 months ..... 5¼@5¼
Other Names 5¾
4 to 6 months 5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.15¾	$4.14¾	$4.15¼	+.00¾
Cables	4.16¼	4.15¼	4.16¼	+.00¾
Francs—				
Demand	8.79	8.97	8.82	+.¼
Cables	8.77	8.95	8.80	+.¼

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks.	Cables.	Last Week.
4.8665 London	$4.15¼	$4.16¼	$4.15¾
5.1813 Paris	8.82	8.80	8.84
5.1813 Belgium	9.82	9.80	9.85
China—			
Hongkong	87.50	87.60	87.50
Shanghai	129.50	129.75	
Peking	128.00	130.25	
40.20 Holland	37.125	37.31¼	37.25
19.30 Greece	18.80	18.80	18.80
5.1813 Italy	9.94	9.94	9.94
23.64 India—	37¼	38⅜	
Bombay	42.75	43.00	
Calcutta	42.75	43.00	
49.85 Japan—	40¾	41½	
Kobe	50.50	50.75	
Yokohama	50.50	50.75	
19.30 Spain	18.90	18.95	
50.00 Philippine Islands—			
Manila	48.75	49.00	
28.80 Scandinavia—			
Stockholm	24.40	24.55	
Christiania	23.00	23.15	
Copenhagen	21.75	21.90	
South America—	92¼		
42.44 Buenos Aires	42.10	42.25	
42.44 Rio	25.125	25.25	
5.1813 Switzerland	5.54	5.52	
51.46 Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.	
100 rubles	3.90	4.00	
500 rubles	3.85	3.95	

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents Per Kronen. Checks	Cables.
22.85 Germany	*4.80	4.85
26.80 Poland	*5.40	5.50
20.26 Austria	2.00	2.04
20.26 Jugoslavia	2.20	2.30
20.20 Czechoslavakia	2.35	2.40
19.30 Finland	10.55	5.65
10-30 Rumania	25.25	5.50

*Cents per mark. †Finmark. ‡Let.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.	Commercial.	
60 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.	$4.12	$4.10¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $507,613,507; balances, $95,833,681; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $246,818; Federal Reserve credit balance, $64,584,286.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $78.125.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 62¼d; in New York, $1¼14⅛; Mexican dollars, 81¼@84¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Revenue receipts:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$15,592,781	$67,445,689
Internal Revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	$15,019,121	$87,677,848
Miscellaneous	94,618,812	318,478,510
Miscel. revenue	40,663,418	198,471,185
Total receipts	$966,394,084	$1,402,009,132
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	539,756,778	562,868,596
Exc. of tot. receipts over tot. disburs.	247,767,106	114,211,816
Expenditures	626,897,305	2,014,376,729

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, SEPT. 22, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	745,230	238,620	649,705
Year to date	214,881,538	94,086,254	137,168,153

Closing Bid.	Asked.	Sales		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
23	24½	2,000	Adams Express	25	26	23	24½	— ½
35	38	2,400	Advance Rumely	36	36	34½	36	— ½
69½	70	200	Advance Rumely pf	69½	69½	69½	69½	— ½
85½	90	900	Ajax Rubber	86½	88½	87½	88½	+ ½
2½	2¾	100	Alaska Gold Mines	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
		1,000	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	
45	45½	2,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	44	45¼	44	45¼	+ 1⅛
87	87½	900	Am. Beet Sugar	86½	87½	86½	87	+ 1½
110¼	114	100	Am. Bosch Magneto	120	110	110	110	
57	57½	8,800	Am. Can	56	57½	56	56½	+ ½
131½	132	2,100	Am. Car & Fdry	131½	132	131	132	+ ½
56	56½	1,900	Am. Cotton Oil	55½	56½	55½	56½	+ ½
10¾	11½	400	Am. Druggists	11	11	10¾	10¾	— ¼
78	79	300	Am. Express	83	83	79½	79½	— 4½
33½	34	2,800	Am. H. & Leather	31½	34	31½	34	+ 1½
124	125	800	Am. H. & L. pf	121½	124	121½	124	+ 2¾
42½	43	400	Am. Ice	43	43	44	44	— 1
97½	97¾	6,000	Am. International	96½	97¾	96½	97¾	+ 2½
80½	81	3,600	Am. Linseed	82½	82½	80½	80½	— 2¼
106¼	106¾	24,300	Am. Locomotive	104	106¾	104	106¾	+ 3½
37½	38	1,700	Am. Ship & Com	36	37½	35¾	37½	+ ¾
73	73½	800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	73	73½	73	73	— ¾
104½	105	500	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	104	104½	103¾	104½	+ ½
85	88	200	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	87½	88	87½	88	
36	39	1,000	Am. Steel Fdries	37½	39	37½	39	+ 1½
131½	132	4,300	Am. Sugar Ref	129¾	132¾	129¾	131¾	+ 2¾
82	82½	3,400	Am. Sumatra Tob	80½	82½	80½	82½	+ ¾
95¼	95¾	2,300	Am. T. & T.	95½	96¼	95¼	95¾	+ ¼
286½	286¾	9,700	Am. Tobacco	274½	286¾	274½	286¾	+12¾
100¼	101¼	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	101½	101½	101¼	101¼	+ ¼
113	115	700	Am. Woolen	112¾	115	112	113	+ 2¾
21½	21¾	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	22	21¾	21	21¾	+ 1
56½	56¾	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S pf	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	+ 1¼
67	67	1,200	Anaconda Copper	67	67	66¾	67	+ ¼
51½	53	200	Asso. Dry Goods	51¼	51¼	51¼	51½	— ⅝
90	92	300	Associated Oil	90	90	90	90	— 3
89½	90	2,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	89¼	90	88	90	+ 1
157	160	500	At., Gulf & West I	152	157	152	157	+ 2½
129	129½	20,100	Baldwin Loco	127	129½	126½	129	+ 2¾
104½	106	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	— ¼
40	40¾	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	40	40¾	39¾	40	
49¾	50	200	Baltimore & O. pf	50	50	49¾	49¾	— ⅛
122	124	100	Barrett Co	123	123	123	123	+ 3
3	3⅛	300	Batopilas Mining	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
26	27	800	Bethlehem Motors	27	27	26	26	+ ½
96	96½	1,000	Bethlehem Steel	93	96	93	96	+ ¾
97½	97¾	58,000	Beth. Steel, Class B	96	98	95¾	97¼	+ 1½
113	114	100	Beth. Steel 8% pf	112¾	113¾	112¾	112¾	+ ¼
		400	Booth Fisheries	17¾	18	17¾	18	+ ¼
23½	24	1,900	Brook. Rapid Tran	23¾	23¾	23	23½	+ ¼
19	20½	200	Do cfs. of deposit	19¾	19¾	19¼	19¾	+ ¼
50	52	100	Buffalo, Susq. pf	51	51	51	51	— ½
127	128	2,000	Burns Brothers	129	129	125	128	— 2
25¼	27	500	Butterick Co	23	25½	25	25½	
11¾	11¾	2,200	Butte Copper & Z	11	11¾	11	11¾	
24½	25	200	Butte & Superior	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	+ ½
35	35¾	800	Caddo Cent. O. & R	35½	35½	35	35	+ ½
68¼	68¾	1,300	Cal. Packing	67¾	68½	67¼	68¼	+ 1¼
49½	50	4,300	Cal. Petroleum	47¾	50¼	47¾	49¾	+ 2½
79¾	79¾	400	Cal. Petroleum pf	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	
71¾	75	100	Calumet & Arizona	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾	
150¾	151½	1,200	Canadian Pacific	150¾	151¾	150¼	151	+ ¼
97½	101	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	96	98	96	98	— ¾
		80	Do odd lot	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	
46	50	500	Cent. Fnd. pf.s.30 f	45	45	45	45	
90¼	93¼	11,200	Central Leather Co	94¾	96½	94¾	96¼	+ 3½
53½	54½	1,100	Cerro de Pasco Cop	52	53½	52	53½	+ 1½
280	285	300	Chandler Motor	274	282	274	282	+ 7
56½	57¾	300	Chesapeake & Ohio	55½	56	55½	56	+ ½
10½	10¾	300	Chi. Great Western	10¼	10½	10¼	10½	
25½	26	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf	25	25	25	25	
41	41½	400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	41¾	41¾	40¾	40¾	+ ¾
63	63	400	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	62¾	63	62¾	63	+ ¼
90½	90¾	500	Chi. & Northwest	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+ ¼
25	25½	500	Chi. R. I. & Pac	25	25	25	25	— ¼
71¾	72¾	200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	71¾	71¾	71¼	71¼	— ⅛
60¾	62	300	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	61	61	60¾	61	
22¼	23	2,100	Chile Copper	22¼	22¾	22¼	22¾	
41¾	42¾	700	Chino Copper	40¾	41¾	40¾	41¾	+ ⅝
42¾	43½	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	42¾	43	42¾	43	
22¼	23	900	Colorado & South	22¼	22¾	21¾	21¾	
61¾	61¾	900	Columbia Gas & El	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	+ ¼
54	55	200	Comput. Tab Rec	57	57	56	56	— ⅝
10¾	11	1,700	Con. Interst.Cal. M	17¾	17¾	10¾	11	
93½	93¾	200	Continental Can	90	90	90	90	
10¾	11	3,500	Continental Candy	10¾	11	10¾	11	
85	86	6,500	Corn Products Ref	86	86	84½	85½	+ 1
181½	182	10,400	Crucible Steel	180¾	183	178¾	182	+ 4½
53½	54	5,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	52¾	54½	52¾	53¾	+ ¼
70	70¾	2,100	Cuba Cane S. pf	70¼	70¾	70¼	70¾	
270	280	700	Cuban-Am. Sugar	261	270	261	270	+ 1
104	104½	200	Cuban-Am. Sug. pf	104	104	104	104½	— ½
100	101	100	Deere & Co. pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	— ½
103¾	105¾	100	Delaware & Hudson	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	+ 2
180	182	100	Del., Lack. & West	182	182	182	182	
15¾	16¼	1,200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	104	104½	16	16	+ ½
13¾	13¾	500	Dome Mines	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	
107	108	500	Endicott Johnson	105	107¾	105	107¾	+ 2½
103	103½	200	Endicott John. pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	
14¾	15	900	Erie	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ⅝
24½	25	100	Erie 1st pf	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	
286¾	290	100	Fam.Ply.-Lky. ex d	96	96¾	96	96¾	+ 2½
119	125	450	Fisher Body	118	120	118	120	+ 2
44¼	44¾	1,900	Fisk Rubber	44	44¾	43¾	44¾	+ 1¼
47½	48	700	Freeport Texas	46¾	47½	46¾	47½	+ ¾
29	29	300	Gast., Wms. & Wig	29	29	29	29	
80¾	81	1,500	General Cigar	80¾	81¾	80	80¾	— ¼
161	162	500	General Electric	161	162	161	162	— 1
233¾	235	4,100	General Motors	223¾	234½	220	234½	+ 8¾
87	88¾	600	General Motors deb	86	89½	85¾	85¾	— ¾
75¾	76	1,800	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	77½	78¾	77½	78¾	+ 3
104	104¾	100	Goodrich pf	103¾	104	103¾	104	
83	85	1,000	Great Northern pf	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	+ ¾
41¾	42	1,900	Gt.N.ctfs. ore props	40¾	41¾	40¾	41¾	+ ¾
61	61	300	Gulf States Steel	58	61	58	61	+ 2½
60¾	61¾	200	Haskell & Barker	61¾	61¾	61	61	+ ¾
58¾	58¾	1,200	Inspiration Copper	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾	
15¾	15¾	1,500	Interboro Cons.	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
19¾	19¾	700	Interboro Con. pf	20	20	19¾	19¾	+ 3¾
130	132¼	300	Int. Harvester, new	130	130	129	130	+ ¼
117½	118	100	Int. Harv. pf., new	117½	118¾	117¾	118¾	+ ¾
86	87	1,600	Int. Mer. Marine	87½	89¼	86¼	87½	+ 1
116¾	117¼	5,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf	116¾	118¾	116¾	117½	+ 1
25¼	25¾	2,000	Int. Nickel	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¾	
53½	54	300	Int. Paper	53½	54	53½	54	+ ⅝
37	37	100	Jones Bros. Tea	37	37	37	37	
131	133	2,200	Kelly-Springf. Tire	131	133	130	132½	+ 1½
105	105½	200	Kelly Springf. T. pf	105	105	105	105	
90	90	1,000	Kelsey Wheel	90	95	90	94	
34½	35	1,000	Kennecott Copper	34½	34¾	34¾	34¾	— ⅛
52¼	52¾	31,300	Keystone Tire & R	51½	52¾	48¾	52¾	+ 3½
82¼	83	1,000	Lackawanna Steel	81	83	81	82¼	+ 2
50	60	100	Laclede Gas	51	51	51	51	+ 1
32	33	600	Lee Rubber & Tire	30½	32	30½	32	+ ½
47¾	48	400	Lehigh Valley	47¾	48	47¾	48	+ ½
230	230	1,200	Lorillard (P.) Co.	230	230	227	229½	+ 1½
29¼	29¾	100	Manhattan Shirt	29¼	29¾	29¼	29½	+ ½
44¾	47¾	1,600	Maxwell Motors	44¾	47¾	44½	47¾	+ 2½
74	74½	800	Max. Motors 1st pf	74	74½	74	74½	
36¼	36¾	2,200	Max. Motors 2d pf	36¼	36¾	36	36¾	+ ¼
206	215¾	86,000	Mexican Petrol.	206	215¾	205¾	215¼	+10¼
26¼	26¾	200	Miami Copper	26¼	26¾	26¼	26¾	+ ¼
46¾	49¾	8,700	Midvale Steel	46¾	49¾	47¾	49¾	+ 1½
16	16	200	Minn. & St. L. new	16	16	16	16	+ 1
12¾	12¾	1,100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	
17¾	17¾	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	+ ¼
27	28	1,900	Missouri Pacific	25	28¼	27	27	+ ¼
63	63		Montana Power	63	63	63	63	+ ¼
		500	National Acme	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	
46	48	100	Nat.Aniline & Chem	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	
87	88	400	Nat. Am. & Chem.ps	85½	88	85½	88	— ½
110	118	100	Nat. Biscuit	115	116	115	116	— 2
14¼	15	800	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14	14	14	14	
75	78	200	N. Enam. & Stamp	75	75½	75	75½	+ ½
82	84	100	Nat. Lead	82	85	82	83	+ ½
100	100	100	Nevada Con. Cop	17¾	18	17¾	17¾	
45	45¾	1,100	New Or. Tex. & M	45	45¾	45	45	+ ½
120	121½	800	N. Y. Air Brake	120¾	121¾	119¾	120	— ½
71¾	72	500	N. Y. Central	71¾	72	71¾	72	+ ¼
50	54	200	N. Y. Dock	50	50	50	50	+ 3½
61	65	100	N. Y. Dock pf	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	+ ¼
81	83¼	700	N. Y., N. H. & H	30¾	31¾	30¾	31½	+ ¾
98¾	99¾	1,100	Norfolk & Western	98¾	99¾	98¾	99¾	+ ¾
86	87	800	Northern Pacific	86	87	86	86¾	+ ¼
76	77	3200	Nova Scotia S. & C.	76	77¼	76	77	+ 2
50¼	52¾	5,400	Ohio Cities Gas	50¼	52¾	50¼	52¾	+ 1⅞
52¼	53¼	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	52¼	53¼	52¼	53¼	— 1
94	97	3,200	Okla. Prod. & Ref	94	97¾	94	97¾	+ ¾
66¾	67	100	Pacific Gas & Elec	66¾	67	66¾	66¾	+ ¼
97¾	98	100	Pacific Mail	97¾	98	97¾	98	+ ¼
35	35	300	Pan-Am. Pet. & Tr	35	35	35	35	+ 1½
115¾	118¾	13,900	Pan-Am. F. & T.	115¾	118¾	114	117¾	+ 2¾
39½	40¾	500	Penn. Seab. Steel	39½	40¾	39½	40¾	+ 1½
42	43¼	800	Penn. R. R.	42	43¼	42	43	+ ¼
42	43	100	People's Gas. Chi	42	43	42	43	+ ¼
17	17¾	1,700	Pere Marquette	17	17¾	16¾	16¾	— ⅝
33¾	33¾	1,500	Philadelphia Co	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	— ¼
59¾	61¾	12,900	Pierce-Arrow	59¾	61¾	59¾	61¾	+ 2½
21	21¾	1,500	Pierce Oil	21	21¾	21	21	
62	62½	400	Pittsburgh Coal	62	62½	62	62	
32¾	33	500	Pitts. & West Va	32¾	33¼	32¾	32¾	
90¼	93	1,500	Prssed Steel Car	90¼	93	90¼	92¾	+ 1
118	118	100	Pullman Co.	118	118	118	118	— 1
66¼	66¾	200	Punta Alegre Sugar	66¼	66¾	66	66	+ ¾
2¼	2¾	800	Do., rights	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾	+ ¼
98	98	900	Railway Steel Sp	98	98	98	98	+ 2½
22¾	22¾	200	Ray Con. Copper	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	+ ¼
77¾	78	1,200	Reading	77¾	79¼	77¾	78¼	+ ¾
89	90¾	5,300	Rep. Iron & Steel	89	90¾	88¼	90	+ 1
100	100¾	900	Royal D., Am. shs	100	100¾	100	100¾	+ ¼
94¼	96¾	9,400	Royal D., N. Y. shs	94¼	96¾	94¼	96¾	+ 1½
14¼	14¾	100	St. Joseph Lead	14¼	14¾	14¼	14¾	+ ¼
18	18	300	St. Louis-San Fran.	18	18	18	18	
27¼	27¾	400	St. L. Southw. pf	27¼	27¾	27	27	+ ¼
17¾	17¾	1,100	Saxon Motor	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¾	+ ⅛
198¼	198¼	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	198¼	198¼	198¼	198¼	— ¼
13	13¾	300	Shattuck-Arizona	13	13¾	13	13¾	+ ¼
58½	60	26,200	Sinclair Oil Refin	58½	60	58	59¾	+ 1½
64	64	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	64	64	63	63	+ 1½
95	95	100	S.-S. Steel & I. pf	95	95	95	95	+ ½
99	100¾	9,000	Southern Pacific	99	100¾	98	100¾	+ 2
24¼	24¼	200	Southern Railway	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	
80¾	80¾	100	South. Ry.s pf	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	— ⅝
116¾	120¾	1,200	Stewart War. Speed	116¾	120¾	115¾	120¾	+ 3¾
70¾	71¾	1,700	Stromberg Carb	70¾	71¾	69	71¾	+ 1¾
		400	Do rights	1¼	1¾	1¼	1¾	+ ¼
113	113¾	36,100	Studebaker Co	110	113¾	108¾	113	+ 2
105¾	107	500	Stuts Motor	105	107	105	107	+ 1
3	3¼	500	Do rights	2¼	3¼	2¼	3¼	+ ⅛
41	42¼	400	Superior Steel	40	41	40	41	+ 1
12¾	12¾	2,000	Tenn. Cop. & Chem.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	
260	267	2,600	Texas Co	259	266	259	266	— 6
46	49¾	4,400	Texas & Pacific	46	49¾	47¼	49¾	+ 1½
54¼	55¾	16,100	Transcontinental O	54¼	55¾	53¾	55¾	+ 1½
100	101¾	1,300	Tobacco Products	100	101¾	99¾	101¾	+ 1½
87	90	400	Trans. & Wms. S.F	86	87	86	87	+ 1½
120¾	121¾	2,900	Union Pacific	120¾	121¾	120¾	121¾	+ ½
49	50¾	1,400	United Alloy Steel	49	50¾	49	50¾	+ 1
200	210	300	United Cigar Stores	200	210	200	200	
32	32	100	United Drug 1st pf	32	32	32	32	— ½
181	182	300	United Fruit	181	182	182	182	+ 1
106	110¾	87,000	Unit. Retail Stores	106	110¾	100¾	110¾

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American Federation Labor League suggests plan to restrain selfish strikes.

The Market and the Strike Threat

Discussed in this week's issue of THE BACHE REVIEW
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LOWDEN ADVOCATES A FEDERAL BUDGET

Would Make President Responsible for Preparation After Estimates Were In.

CABINET OFFICIAL TO AID

Suggests Treasury Secretary as Expense Cutter—Cites Success to Illinois—Warmly Greeted in House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Governor Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois, appeared before the House Appropriations Committee today in advocacy of a budget system, and explained how the budget system in Illinois had brought about efficiency and a business-like conduct of public affairs. After his testimony he walked into the House and was warmly greeted by Republican members. Mr. Lowden is mentioned as a possibility for the Republican nomination for President.

As a former member of the House he is entitled to the privilege of the floor, and as he marched in with Representative Good the Republicans rose in a body and cheered. The hand-shaking and cheers became so pronounced that Gov. Lowden withdrew to the cloakroom followed by a host of Republicans.

This is the first time the Republicans of the House have had an opportunity to welcome anybody who is regarded as a Presidential possibility. Judged by the reception, Mr. Lowden is not looked upon with disfavor by many Republicans of the House. To those who suggested to Mr. Lowden the possibility of his candidacy, he remarked that he had plenty of trouble on his hands now.

Would Make President Responsible.

In applying his experiences to the national Government, Gov. Lowden urged that the President be made responsible for the preparation of a budget and its submission to Congress after departmental estimates had been co-ordinated, checked over and cut to the lowest possible point. He suggested the advisability of selecting the Secretary of the Treasury or some other official of Cabinet rank to be in charge of the administration of the budget under the President. To make the system effective, he said, it might be well to remove some of the "spending bureaus" from the jurisdiction of the Treasury and make the duties of that department primarily to keep down the expenses of the Government.

Representative Good asked Governor Lowden's views on the proposal for a budget staff appointed by the President for a long period of years, under which system a budget might be prepared by officials who were not the appointees of the President then in office.

"I think that might be very dangerous," replied Governor Lowden. "A lot of people try to work out a system by which an independent body is created responsible to nobody. But that isn't the way things are done. You have got to make somebody responsible and then hold him to the responsibility."

No Revising Now, He Says.

Representative Garner of Texas called attention to the fact that at present all departmental estimates are submitted to Congress through the Secretary of the Treasury.

"But under the present system nobody does any revising," said Governor Lowden. "If you required the President to do that then you would be able to fix responsibility upon him."

Representative Kitchin of North Carolina, Democratic floor leader, while his party was in power in Congress, injected some observations on budget proposals.

"Every year since I have been a member, Congress has saved the people hundreds of million of dollars from the amount asked by the departments," said Mr. Kitchin. "I have never known a President to veto a bill because too much or too little was appropriated. The President is the man to hold down expenditures."

"Yes," commented Governor Lowden, "but you have got to establish machinery so that the President can hold down the expenditures."

"You were right when you said there should be somebody on the other side of the fence," continued Mr. Kitchin. "Everybody in our Government now from the President down are spenders. We have nobody on the other side of the fence."

In reply to questions, Governor Lowden said the efficiency of the service had been vastly improved and that in the past four years appropriations in Illinois had increased only about one-third, a smaller increase than in any other State.

Explaining in a general way the system established in Illinois, Governor Lowden said:

"The activities of Government have increased rapidly during recent years. Usually in Illinois, as elsewhere, when some new function of government was taken on a new commission or board or independent official was created to discharge that function. This had gone on in our State until we had something like 125 commissions, boards or officials, all acting independently of one another.

"Extravagance and inefficiency were inevitable. Upon a survey of these many activities, it was found, as we thought, that they naturally fell into nine groups and they were so classified. We then bodily abolished these numerous boards, commissions, and other independent officials and substituted for them nine departments with an individual—not a board or commission—at the head of each of these departments.

"Among these departments was that of finance. That department was charged with the duty of providing for a uniform system of bookkeeping, accounting, and reporting; it was to exercise a general supervision over the finances of the State; it was required to approve or disapprove all bills, vouchers, and claims for payment of the several departments. Through this department a centralized control of the expenditures made by the several agencies responsible to the Governor was effected. It was also its duty to prepare and report to the Governor estimates of the income and revenue of the State. It was also its duty to prepare a budget to be submitted to the Government before each session of the General Assembly."

SETTLE 22,000 CONTRACTS.

War Department Has Liquidated More Than Half Total Suspended.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The War Department announces that up to Sept. 6 it had liquidated 22,107 contracts, the uncompleted portion of which amounted to $1,965,124,000. In settlement of these contracts the department paid contractors $283,283,000, making a saving of $1,681,541,000, or 87.6 per cent.

Suspended contracts, still unliquidated, amount to $1,750,684,000, and it is estimated that these can be liquidated for $304,193,000. The unliquidated contracts number 5,862 out of the 27,969 originally suspended. The total of suspended contracts, as far as known, is $3,724,808,000.

The total sales of surplus supplies up to Sept. 12 amounted to $437,014,138. For the week ended Sept. 12 the principal sales were: Wool, $1,656,612; food, $1,610,107, and textiles, $1,476,042.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Forecast.

N. C.—Showers Tues. and cooler; fair Wed.
S. C.—Cloudy and cooler Tues.; showers Wed.
Ga.—Showers and cooler Tues.; fair Wed.
Fla.—Fair Tues.; showers and cooler Wed.
Miss.—Showers and cooler Tues.; fair Wed.
Tenn.—Cloudy and cooler Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.
Ky.—Cloudy Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.
Ind. and Mich.—Fair Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.
Ohio.—Fair Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.
Ill. and Mo.—Fair Tues.; fair and warmer Wed.
Wis., Minn., Iowa, N. D., S. D., Neb., Kan., and Wyo.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads..	89.48	88.91	89.34	+ .32
25 industrials.	116.96	114.85	116.54	+2.00
50 stocks.....	88.19	86.88	87.89	+1.16

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Sept. 20.....	87.32	86.20	86.73	— .75
Sept. 19.....	88.57	87.25	87.48	— .45
Sept. 18.....	88.77	87.29	87.93	— .53
Sept. 17.....	89.71	87.59	88.45	— .56
Sept. 15.....	89.77	87.74	88.53	+ .71

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Sept.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919.	89.77 Sep. 15	85.84 Sep. 11	87.89
†1918.	74.24 Sep. 4	70.38 Sep. 13	73.54
1917..	75.75 Sep. 4	71.94 Sep. 18	74.05
1916..	96.42 Sep. 29	86.30 Sep. 1	90.37
1915..	85.48 Sep. 29	76.71 Sep. 1	84.20

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919.	93.56 July 17	69.78 Jan. 24	87.89
†1918.	74.22 May 16	61.12 Jan. 15	71.88
Full Years.			
1918..	80.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917..	90.46 Jan. 4	67.43 Dec. 20	69.82
1916..	101.53 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	85.23
1915..	94.13 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.32

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	74.65	— .25	—1.17

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Sept. 20...	74.83	—.05	Sept. 12... 74.95 —.17
Sept. 19...	74.87	+.08	Sept. 11... 75.12 —.06
Sept. 18...	74.79	—.11	Sept. 10... Holiday.
Sept. 17...	74.90	+.15	Sept. 9... 75.18 —.12
Sept. 16...	74.75	—.10	Sept. 8... 75.31 —.01
Sept. 15...	74.85	—.06	Sept. 6... 75.32 +.02
Sept. 13...	74.91	—.04	Sept. 5... 75.30 +.10

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919.	76.05 June 2	74.65 Sep. 22	74.65
†1918.	77.87 May 24	75.77 Apr. 5	75.82
Full Years.			
1918..	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917..	90.48 Jan. 20	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1916..	89.18 Nov. 27	88.19 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

18,500 JOBS IN FOUR MONTHS

Re-employment Bureau Reports 10,000 Men Still Seeking Work.

A summary of the work done by the Re-employment Bureau for Soldiers, Sailors and Marines, now situated in the barracks opposite 505 Pearl Street, made public yesterday by Major Warren Bigelow, the director, shows that more than 18,500 ex-service men have been placed in positions since the agency was opened about four months ago. At the present time 10,000 veterans of the world war are seeking work, according to the report, which states that 32,000 men have registered at the bureau.

The bureau is making an appeal to employers to aid it in providing for the men still idle by Nov. 1, at which date the agency is hoping to complete its work. Major Bigelow said in his summary that if out-of-town men who claim New York as their home would return to their original residences, the employment situation would be lessened considerably. There was an increase in the number of applicants yesterday, due, in the opinion of Major Bigelow, to the fact that a large number of New Yorkers were demobilized last week.

TO TALK ON CITIZENSHIP.

Mayor Hylan Will Speak at Municipal Forum Meeting.

The first of a series of meetings of the Municipal Forum will be held tonight at 8 o'clock in City Hall Park Plaza under the direction of the Mayor's Committee of Women on Reconstruction and Relief.

Mayor Hylan will open the meeting and speak, as will Francis Gallatin, Commissioner of Parks, and Vincent Gilroy. They will discuss the advantages of Americanization. A program of motion pictures will be shown.

Miss Julia Arthur, the actress, will recite "The Battle Hymn of the Republic." Miss Arthur was last heard at the Fourth of July pageant at the City Stadium, when more than 20,000 persons heard her wonderful dramatic rendition of the hymn. The police band will play. The Park Department has arranged 2,000 seats for the audience. In the event of rain, the meeting will be held in the Aldermanic Chamber.

SEVEN MILLIONS IN TAX SUIT.

City Alleges Unfair Assessments on New York Property.

WHITE PLAINS, Sept. 22.—The City of New York today started proceedings in the second of a series of actions in the Supreme Court here demanding that cause be shown why assessments on New York property should not be reduced. The allegation was made that assessments on property other than that owned by the City of New York have been made at 35 to 60 per cent. of the value of the land, while full value has been assessed against the City of New York.

Supreme Court Justice Ford granted writs of certiorari on Bedford, Yorktown, Newcastle, Mount Pleasant, Lewisboro and Cortlandt to show cause on Oct. 24 on the New York City action. Approximately $7,000,000 is involved in the suit.

Prices Irregular on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 60 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 26 francs 60 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 90 francs 45 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 8 francs 85 centimes.

EARNINGS.

FEDERAL LIGHT AND TRACTION CO. and subsidiaries, inter-company eliminated, for July:

	1919.	1818.	Increase.
Gross	$296,537	$278,521	$18,016
Net aft. taxes	93,378	56,427	36,951
Sur. aft. chgs.	41,961	6,062	35,899
7 mo. gross...	2,208,446	2,006,798	201,648
Net aft. taxes	695,234	629,907	65,327
Sur. aft. chgs.	329,373	277,095	52,278
12 mo. gross..	3,699,879	3,306,603	393,276
Net aft. taxes.	1,117,635	997,633	120,002
Sur. aft. chgs.	577,680	269,140	108,540

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	....	6.12½	6.00	6.20
Spelter	7.17½	7.37½	....	7.50
Antimony ...	8.50	8.75	8.50	8.75
Quicksilver	$106.00	....	$106.00	
Aluminium ..	32.00	33.00	32.00	33.00
Iron. No. 2X silicon	30.30	30.80	30.30	30.80

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21¾ for 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Friday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot.....	100 5 0	100 15 0
Copper, futures	100 15 0	100 5 0
Tin, spot	278 10 0	281 0 0
Tin, futures	273 10 0	275 10 0
Spelter, spot	41 10 0	41 15 0
Spelter, future	42 0 0	42 10 0
Lead, spot	25 10 0	25 12 6
Lead, future	26 0 0	26 7 6

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Airplane		1⅛	Majestic	24	28
Bohemia	1	1⅛	Mex. Metals.	4	9
Boston Mon..	75	76	Moj. Tung..	11	12
Butte Lond..	14	18	Nat. L. & Z.	8	11
Calaveras ...	1⅛	...	Nev. Doug..	5	12
Champion ...	1	3	New Baltic..	2⅝	3¼
Chief Con...	3⅝	3⅞	Nixon	24	27
Con. Copper.	6⅛	6⅞	Onondaga	15	40
Crown Res..	22	30	Ranger Fel..	1⅛	1⅞
Crystal, new	55	60	Rainier	1	1⅞
Denbigh, new	31	33	Seven Metals	27	28
Eagle D.	....	¼	S. W. Miami.	....	....
Fortuna	1	3	full paid....	5	6
Homa	20	22	Texans	60	63
Houghton ...	55	1⅛	U. V. Ext...	43	45
Iron Blossom	25	40	Victoria	95	1
Iron Cap....	11⅛	12	Yukon	1⅛	1⅞
La Rose....	22	42			

4% Federal Income Tax Paid

HIGH grade first mortgage bonds, yielding 6% net, with 4% Federal Income Tax paid and exempt from personal property taxes in the State of New York, are particularly attractive investments under present conditions.

These are among the desirable features of the first mortgage 6% bonds, safeguarded under the *Straus Plan*. They mature serially in two to fifteen years and are in $1000 and $500 denominations. Write for our booklet, "Safety & 6%," and for

Circular No. A-282

S. W. STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
37 Years Without Loss to Any Investor

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1st 5s, 1952

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SOUTHERN ONTARIO GAS CO., Ltd.
1st 5s, 1953

Henry L. Doherty & Company
60 Wall Street New York

Taxation of Securities

has increased the popularity of certain issues and adversely affected others. We are making a specialty of securities with tax exempt features and are prepared to make offerings with our recommendation at prices to yield 4½ to over 8%.

Write for Circular No. 476

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North'n O. Elec. Corp. Pfd.
U. S. Finishing Common
Duquesne Lt. 1st 6s, 1949
U. S. Realty & Imp. 5s, '24

CHASE & FALK
50 Wall Street. Phone Hanover 9267.

New Issue

$2,000,000

Michigan Stamping Company

7% Cumulative Preferred Stock Participating up to 9%

Preferred as to Assets and Dividends

Par Value of Shares $100.00. Dividends cumulative from September 1, 1919, payable quarterly March 1, June 1, September 1, and December 1. Redeemable as a whole or in part, at the option of the company at 105 and accrued dividend on ten days' notice up to October 13, 1941, on which date the issue is to be redeemed at Par and accrued dividend in accordance with the Michigan Statute. TRANSFER AGENT and REGISTRAR: Union Trust Co., Detroit.

CAPITALIZATION

	Authorized	Outstanding
Preferred Stock ($100 Par) 7% Cumulative Participating	$2,000,000	$2,000,000
Common Stock ($10 Par)	1,300,000	1,300,000

The following information is summarized from a letter signed by Mr. John H. French, President of the Company:

Business The Company, founded in 1901 as a partnership, was incorporated under its present name in October, 1911, under the laws of Michigan. It is well known and is one of the largest manufacturers of various lines of metal stampings for the automobile trade, numbering practically all the principal makes of cars among its customers.

Plant The Company owns approximately 36½ acres of land in Detroit, upon which is located a large factory building of modern construction, with private railroad sidings over one mile in length.

Purpose Of Issue To enlarge the present buildings and equipment and provide the necessary working capital to enable the company to accept a large percentage of the business which now has to be declined.

Security No security can be issued having standing prior to or equal with this issue, nor can any mortgage or lien be placed upon the Company's properties or assets, except purchase money mortgages and commercial loans in the ordinary conduct of the business, if holders of 25% of the outstanding Preferred Stock dissent.

Assets Total net assets equal $194 per share of this Preferred Stock. Net current assets are more than $117 per share.

Earnings Net earnings after proper allowance for depreciation, but before Federal Taxes, for the year ended December 31, 1918, were $497,148, or more than *Three* and *One-Half Times* the annual dividend requirements of $140,000 on this Preferred Stock, and on the same basis, earnings for the first *7 Months Only* of the calendar year were $731,464, or at the rate of nearly *Nine Times* the annual dividend requirements.

Participating Features After the Preferred and Common Stocks have received dividends of 7% and 10% respectively in any one year, any further cash dividends shall be divided in proportion to the respective par value thereof until the Preferred Stock has received 8% and the Common Stock 11% for that year. The Preferred Stock will again participate in dividends after the Common Stock has received a total of 20% cash dividends in any one year; any further dividends in such year are to be divided in the same way until the Preferred Stock has received 9% and the Common Stock 21% in such year, when the participating feature ends. The rates of dividends shall always be based upon the present amount, $1,300,000, of Common Stock outstanding.

Dividend Record The Company from the time of its incorporation has paid annual cash dividends on its Common Stock at the rate of at least 12% per annum, and since January 1, 1919, has been paying monthly cash dividends of 1¼% on the Common Stock, or at the rate of 15% per annum. It is the present intention of the Board of Directors to continue at least the present dividend rate on the Common Stock, thereby immediately entitling the Preferred Stock to 8% per annum.

Equity The Preferred Stock is followed by $1,300,000 Par Value of Common Stock with an aggregate market value of $3,250,000, at current quotations.

All legal matters in connection with the issue of this Preferred Stock have been passed upon by Messrs. Stevenson, Carpenter, Butler & Backus, for the bankers, and Messrs. Warren, Cady, Ladd & Hill, for the corporation. The accounts of the Company have been audited by Messrs. Ernst & Ernst, Public Accountants.

The Above Preferred Stock is offered when, as and if issued and received by us at

Price $100 and accrued dividends per share

Temporary certificates will be delivered, exchangeable for permanent certificates, when, as and if issued and received from the Company.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

(This information and these statistics are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from sources we believe to be accurate.

PERSPECTIVE

"HE couldn't see the forest, for the trees."

FROM the beginning of time, men have worked. For they have wanted things that only work could bring them.

TODAY, every man's work brings more than ever it did before; more in things—more in terms of what he wants.

IT is a blessed law of nature and progress that men's wants are always a little greater than their powers.

For a time, a mistaken few may think that the way to get more is to produce less. But such mistakes cure themselves; they never persist for long.

Every man, we believe, who will look at the situation in his business, and, in a larger way, in all business, from a point a step away from the present—

Who will look two years back—then twenty; and then—

Look two and twenty years forward;

Every man who will get a perspective of the vast needs and great opportunities that are opening up here in America and all over the world, will have settled for himself the question of the future.

OFTEN successful men are spoken of as having "vision"—the power to foresee, and advantage themselves and their associates accordingly.

WE venture the opinion that success needs nothing of the occult or prophetic;

That "vision" is for every straight thinking business man who refuses to be blinded by the small things near at hand, to the very big things just before us.

It is a satisfying way of looking at things, too;

And it works out.

IMBRIE & Co.
BANKERS
NEW YORK
CHICAGO BOSTON
PITTSBURGH MILWAUKEE

Labor in the Oil Industry

II.

The labor factor in the production of petroleum—a mining operation—is markedly lower than in any other mining practice. Coal and other solid minerals require extensive and costly labor—usually unionized—skilled to a very high degree. The simplicity of petroleum mining, the relatively few employees required, the ease and almost entire freedom from labor in the pipe line transportation of oil, all bespeak for the stability and uninterrupted continuity of the oil industry. Properly safeguarded oil companies, substantially capitalized, managed by operators of broad experience, and taking proper advantage of the "Law of Averages"—where the present large companies bring in close to ninety out of every hundred wells drilled—has placed such oil companies in the first rank of the world's safest investments.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co.
111 Broadway New York

Dafoe-Eustice Company, Inc.

Circular on request.

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Members New York Stock Exchange
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5 LEADING EQUIPMENT STOCKS

We have prepared a comparative analysis on the stocks of five of the leading equipment companies.

Copy upon request.

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44 Wall Street, New York
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TO HUNT PROFITEERS IN SHOES AND HATS

Administrator Hears of Prices Arbitrarily Marked Up from 80 to 100 Per Cent.

THINKS CLOTHING HIGH, TOO

Beef Left Off New Fair Price List, Pending Mr. Straus's Investigation of Plea for Advance.

A growing feeling that prices of hats and shoes are exorbitant and unjustifiable caused Federal Food Administrator Arthur Williams to announce yesterday that he would confer with Michael Friedsam, President of B. Altman & Co., Chairman of the Fair Price Committee's sub-committee on clothing and shoes.

"I have been hearing complaints from all sides," said the Administrator, "regarding clothing, hats, and shoes. Today I received a letter from an employe of one of the largest dealers in the city, who wrote that the dealer was advancing prices in these commodities 80 and 100 per cent.

"It seems to me that we ought to get the dealers together and discuss the matter so as to arrive at some fair decision. I have no authority to compel any haberdasher or shoe merchant to lower his prices, but I believe by publicity and by appealing to the patriotism of the dealers a great deal can be done. I have therefore asked Mr. Friedsam to meet me tomorrow to discuss the situation.

"The letters I have received say hats which were previously $3 are now $10, while the prices of shoes have been boosted even higher in comparison. Dealers in these commodities ought to realize that their goods are just as necessary as food, and ought to feel obligation to deal fairly. Understand, I am accusing no one. I haven't got the facts well enough in hand to say right now whether there is profiteering or not in hats and shoes, but I am going to find out, and I am going to use my best endeavors to stop it if there is."

In giving out the Fair Price Committee's list yesterday Mr. Williams pointed out that the wholesale price of beef had been omitted pending the investigation going on under the supervision of Oscar S. Straus to determine whether or not the packers are entitled to higher prices.

The Food Administrator said Mr. Straus was going to make a personal investigation into wholesale meat conditions. At the same time expert accountants are going over the books of the packers to see what justification there may be for the contention that wholesale meat dealers are losing money. According to Mr. Williams, housewives should shop by the fair price list as usual, and where a dealer refuses to sell meat under the terms of the list she should demand to see his bill from the wholesaler.

Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Markets, said yesterday that the supply of Government frozen poultry sent to this city was not being distributed as well as it ought to be, and he announced that he was going to get a number of saloons which had refrigerator plants to put the fowls on sale.

George Salmon, President of the North American Export Company, 120 Broadway, to whom Dr. Day gave permission to place in operation rolling stores as a means of reducing food costs, announced yesterday that beginning at 9 o'clock this morning ten horse-drawn wagons, carrying a total of 250,000 eggs described as "fresh candled," would be sent to the east side. These eggs are to be sold for 54 cents a dozen. On Wednesday or Thursday other parts of the city will be visited, and it is Mr. Salmon's belief that 750,000 eggs will be disposed of by the end of the week.

"If our initial effort works out satisfactorily," Mr. Salmon asserted, "next week we will begin the sale of groceries."

Representing the retail butchers and poultry dealers, on the East Side, Benjamin Shaiklowitz of 125 Suffolk Street, and Meyer Richter of 120 Ridge Street, called on Acting District Attorney Alfred J. Talley yesterday and complained that a monopoly had been created among the East Side wholesalers which would result in controlling the poultry market during the Jewish holidays that begin on Thursday of this week, which would increase the price of chickens to the consumer five cents a pound or more.

WHAT FOOD SHOULD COST TODAY.

The Fair Price List Issued Last Night by the Federal Food Administrator:

Article—Kind and Grade.	Wholesale Price. Cts. per Lb.	Max. Margin. Cts. per Lb.	Maximum Fair Price. Cts. per Lb.
Beans—Lima	12 @13½	3	15 @16½
Beans—Pea or medium	8½ @ 9½	3	11½ @12½
Beans—Pea or medium, imported	7½ @ 8½	3	10½ @11½
Bread—Factory wrapped, 16 oz.	8½	1	9½
Bread—Rye, by the lb.	8	1	9
Bread—Store wrapped, 16 oz.	8	1	9
Butter—Fresh creamery, firsts	68 @68½	6	61 @62½
Butter—Fresh creamery, seconds	49 @68	6	55 @60
Cheese—American whole milk	33 @35	7	40 @42
Corn—Canned, No. 2*	11½ @12	3½	14½ @15½
Cornmeal—Yellow	3 9-10@ 5	1½	5 2-5@ 6½
Eggs—Fresh, select candled‡	59 @63	7	66 @70
Flour—Wheat	6 9-10@7 2-5	1	6 9-10@8 2-5
Lard	28	6	34
Milk—Evaporated, 6 oz.*	6 3-5	2	8 3-5
Milk—Evaporated, 10 oz.*	13	2½	15½
Oats—Bulk	4 9-10@ 6	1½	6 3-5@7½
Onions	2 @ 3½	1½	2½ @ 5
Peas—Canned, No. 2*	12 @12½	3½	15½ @16
Potatoes—Long Island	2 4-5@ 3½	1	3 4-5@ 4½
Rice—Broken	7½ @ 8	3	9½ @10
Rice—Blue Rose	12½ @14½	2	14½ @16½
Salmon—Canned, No. 1 Alaska*	18½ @20	4½	22 1-2@24½
Sugar—Granulated, (bulk)	9½	1	10½
Tomatoes—Canned, No. 2*	12 1-12@13½	3	15 1-12@16½

*Per can. †Per dozen. ‡Unsweetened.

These are maximum prices—any dealer may sell for less—and are based upon the "cash-and-carry" plan. They do not include the cost of delivery.

The Fair Prices Committee advises cutting out this list and taking it along for reference when shopping.

MEATS.

Article—Kind and Grade.	Wholesale Price. Cts. per Lb.	Max. Margin. Cts. per Lb.	Maximum Fair Price. Cts. per Lb
Beef—Chucks of good and medium steers*	....	13	22 @25
Chuck steak	....	20	30 @32
Whole cross rib	....	24	34 @36
Cut cross rib	....	18	28 @30
Stew beef	....	13	23 @25
Beef—Rounds and ribs, good and med. steers*	....	....	....
Sirloin steak	....	17	30 @34
Bottom round	....	19	41 @46
Rib roast, prime	....	18	40 @45
Whole top sirloin	....	17	37 @42
Cut top sirloin	....	19	41 @46
Lamb—Good and medium	20 @24	....	....
Leg of lamb	....	14	24 @28
Rib chops	....	14	24 @28
Stew lamb (under cost)	....	4	16 @20
Chucks	....	8	23 @27
Pork—Smoked hams, (unwrapped,) 8-18 lbs.	33 @34	8	41 @42
Smoked shoulders, (picnics,) 8½-7 lbs.	22 @23	7	29 @30
Smoked bacon, (unwrapped)	34½@35½	13	47½@48½
Pork loins, (Western light)	36 @37	....	....
Pork chops, (end)	....	8	44 @46
Pork chops, (middle)	....	12	49 @49

*Wholesale price on beef omitted this week pending investigation.

The prices quoted on meats are "Western dressed" and are based upon the United States Department of Agriculture reports. City dressed meats are slightly higher.

The master butchers of the city have agreed to show their wholesale bills upon request.

Personal purchasing rather than ordering by telephone is urged.

MILK TO GO UP NOV. 1.

Loton Horton Tells of Higher Farm Prices and New Wage Demands.

Loton Horton, President of Sheffield Farms, Inc., was the only witness examined at the second session of the Milk Fair Price Committee held yesterday in the new Health Department quarters in Pearl Street. Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner of the city, presided.

Mr. Horton was questioned chiefly regarding the salaries his company paid, the committee trying to ascertain what percentage of the profits went into this part of the firm's budget. In the course of the questioning the witness declared that he could see no way to reduce the price of milk, that he feared on the contrary it would go up on November 1. He said that he himself drew a salary of $15,000 a year as President and that salaries of other officials ranged from that figure to $5,200. The dividend on common stock last year, he said, was 14 per cent.

Mr. Horton resented questions concerning the amount of dividends declared and how much was paid in salaries. He did not understand, he said, that when he promised to appear before the Committee he was to be subjected to a grilling.

He was assured that the Committee was absolutely open minded on the question being looked into, and that nobody wished to grill him, or subject him to unnecessary questioning, but that it was necessary to get all possible light on why Grade B milk sells at 16 cents a quart today and to see if some method could not be devised to lower the price.

Mr. Horton said he wished he could tell how to do it. He said he was willing, if anybody could show how it could be done, to lower the price of milk, but he also said that in his judgment it would be advanced on Nov. 1. He said with the labor situation as it is today and other overhead charges coming up there was but one of two things for the milk distributer to do—either liquidate or go to the public and ask for a fair price for his product. He declared that 16 cents today is a fair price and he had no complaint, but he said it would not be on Nov. 1 when the cost would be increased by the farmer. He read a letter from employes in which wage increases were asked that would make the average from $30 to $60 a week. He said that to meet this demand meant an added cost to his concern of nine-tenths of a cent on a quart of milk.

Mr. Horton said he had given much thought to the matter of dry milk, or milk powder. He said none of the by-products of milk were manufactured in New York, but always at the source of supply. If the people would use dry milk, or milk powder, then the freight cost would be greatly lessened. The concentration of many quarts of fluid milk by drying it into a small package would reduce overhead costs in distribution. He said he expected to make some experiments in that field at once.

The next meeting will be announced later by Chairman Copeland.

$3,500,000

J. I. Case Plow Works Company

7% Cumulative First Preferred Stock

Par Value $100

Dividends exempt, by law, from Normal Federal Income Tax. Preferred as to assets and dividends. Subject to redemption in whole or in part, upon thirty day's notice, at $110 per share. Dividends payable quarterly January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1. Registrars: Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago; Liberty National Bank, New York City. Transfer Agents: First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago; New York Trust Company, New York City.

CAPITALIZATION

	Authorized	Outstanding
7% Cumulative First Preferred Stock (Par Value $100)	$5,000,000	$3,500,000
7% Non-Cumulative Participating Second Preferred Stock (Par Value $100)	5,000,000	3,500,000
Common Stock (No Par Value)	125,000 Shares	125,000 Shares

The following information is summarized from a letter signed by Mr. H. M. Wallis, President of the Company:

ORGANIZATION—This Company has been incorporated for the purpose of acquiring and bringing under one management and control the property of the J. I. Case Plow Works Company, which was originally established as the Case-Whiting Company in 1876, manufacturers of plows and tillage implements, and the Wallis Tractor Company which was organized in 1912 and has engaged exclusively in the production of the well known Wallis Tractor.

EARNINGS—The net profits before taxes of the J. I. Case Plow Works for the two years, and of the Wallis Tractor Company for the two and one-half years ending June 30, 1919, combined, were at the average annual rate of $755,787, or over three times the first preferred stock dividend requirements.
For the present fiscal year net profits before taxes are estimated in excess of $1,250,000, or over five times the dividend requirements on the First Preferred stock. Federal taxes for said period are estimated at $130,000.

ASSETS—Based on the report of independent auditors, and after giving effect to the issuance of the new capitalization and purchase of assets of the acquired companies, total net assets, exclusive of good-will, are $7,272,000, or over $200 per share, and net quick assets, $4,875,287.50, or $125 per share for the First Preferred Stock.

SINKING FUND—An annual sinking fund of $175,000 beginning with the year 1923 will be used for the retirement of the First Preferred Stock either through purchase in the open market or by calling the same at 110 and accrued dividends.

GENERAL—The Company will have branches and distributing houses in practically all of the important trade centers in the United States. The organization will be in the hands of the men who have been largely responsible for the success of the Companies in the past. The Case Plow enjoys an enviable reputation for quality and service and its standing is thoroughly established with the trade and with the consumer. The Wallis Tractor is known as "America's Foremost Tractor." By the consolidation of the two companies there will be greatly increased efficiency in the manufacture, sales and distribution of the products.

The Company makes a number of covenants for the protection of the First Preferred Stock, one of which is that it will maintain at all times net quick assets equal to 100% of the par value of the stock outstanding.

Price $97 Per Share

Plus Accrued Dividend

The information and figures used in this advertisement are taken from sources which we consider trustworthy, and, while not guaranteed, they have been relied upon by us in the purchase of these securities for our own account.

A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
62 Cedar Street, New York
Chicago Buffalo Philadelphia Cleveland Boston

W. G. Souders & Co.
31 Nassau Street, New York
Chicago Milwaukee Detroit

RETIRE $717,637,550 OF LIBERTY LOANS

Owners Have Taken 4½ Per Cent. of Four War Issues Out of the Market.

BOOSTS THOSE STILL HELD

First 3½s Sell at 100.04 and Victory Bonds at Par, with Good Demand.

According to a detailed statement by the New York Federal Reserve Bank yesterday $717,537,550 of the $16,936,995,367 issued in the four Liberty Loan flotations had been canceled and retired up to the close of business Aug. 31. This is the result of purchases for the 5 per cent. bond purchase fund authorized by the Third Liberty Bond act, purchases on account of repayments of obligations of foreign Governments under Section 3 of the Second Liberty Bond act, and payments of estate taxes, under the Third Liberty Bond act.

The amount of bonds retired is equal to about 4¼ per cent. of the total issued, and in banking circles, while it was admitted the proportion was small, there was general gratification that so much money had been taken care of. This, it is expected, will have a salutary influence on the market value of the war bonds. In fact, much of the recent strength in the several classes of Liberty bonds was attributed to this.

The number of bonds retired, the amounts issued, and the amounts outstanding Aug. 31 were:

Issue.	Issued.	Retired.	Outstand'g Aug. 31 '19.
First Loan	$1,989,455	$4,650	$1,984,798
Second Loan	3,807,863	241,440	3,566,423
Third Loan	4,170,151	221,437	3,953,714
Fourth Loan	6,964,522	250,001	6,714,521

(Last three ciphers omitted.)

The greatest proportionate retirement has been in the second loan, of which about 6.3 per cent. has been canceled. Approximately 5 1-3 per cent. of the third loan has been retired, 3¾ per cent. of the fourth loan, and about one-quarter of 1 per cent. of the first.

Liberty bonds yesterday on the Stock Exchange were strong and active. The first 3½s sold at 100.04, a new high record for the present movement, and the Victory 3¾s sold at par. The other issues were in good demand at advancing prices.

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

	Sept. 20, 1919.	Decrease.
Circulation	$4,121,000	$39,000,000
Loans, discounts and investments	557,237,000	11,193,000
Individual deposits	428,512,000	8,884,000
Due to banks	116,010,000	*60,000,000
Time deposits	11,447,000	17,000,000
U. S. deposits	58,353,000	958,000
Exchange clearances	16,689,000	1,513,000
Due from banks	84,554,000	*10,665,000
Cash in banks and in Fed. Res. bank	68,939,000	*1,940,000
Cash excess and with Fed. Res. bk.	24,256,000	*3,238,000

*Increase.

CAUSE OF RISE IN PRICES.

Some leading financial, commercial and industrial lights give reasons for the excessive rise in prices in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands, $4 a year by mail.—Advt.

DENIAL BY DRY LEAGUE.

Condit Says It Won't Try to Pledge Presidential Candidates.

The Anti-Saloon League of America has no intention of entering national politics to enforce the demand that political parties next year nominate candidates for President who are openly pledged to unreserved enforcement of the prohibition amendment to the Constitution, according to Fillmore Condit, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the league.

Mr. Condit, who presided last week at a meeting of the Executive Committee with State Presidents of the league in Chicago, declared in a statement in Newark yesterday that the subject was not discussed, and that reports to the contrary were wholly unfounded.

JAIL TERMS FOR SPEEDERS.

Two Second Offenders Get 5 and 10 Days Respectively.

William H. Valentine, a chauffeur, of 457 West 166th Street, was sentenced by Magistrate Frederick B. House yesterday in the Traffic Court to serve ten days in the City Prison, following his conviction on a charge of speeding along Broadway from 190th Street to 183d Street Sunday. Last May Magistrate House fined Valentine $25 after finding him guilty on a similar charge.

Anthony Giordano of 2,011 Amsterdam Avenue, also a chauffeur, who had previously been fined $30 by Magistrate House for speeding, was sentenced to serve five days, after being found guilty on a charge of speeding along Manhattan Avenue from 122d Street to 117th Street Sunday afternoon.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov.	5	May 15,'20	99½	99⅝	6.80
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1921	99⅝	99½	5.80
Dom. of Can.	5	Dec., 1926	96¼	94½	6.80
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99	99¾	6.10
Rus.G.rubles	5½	Feb. 15,'26	67	73	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1924	40	42	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99¾	5.50
War F. Corp.	5	Apr., 1920	99⅞	100	5.00
Company Issues.					
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sept.2,'24	98¼	98⅝	6.80
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	100	101½	5.80
A. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	99½	99¾	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100¼	100⅜	5.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101¾	102⅛	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	103¼	103⅝	5.95
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅞	103⅛	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103½	103⅝	5.95
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	103¼	103⅝	6.10
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	102	103¼	6.35
Bras. Tr. Li. & Power	....	Nov., 1919	99⅝	100	6.00
Can. North.	6	Feb., 1922	99	100	6.00
Can. North.	6	Aug., 1924	99	100	6.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 5,'24	99⅝	100	6.00
C. Argen. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	85	88	8.05
Chi., R. & Q.	5	July19,'21	95⅜	95¾	6.80
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99½	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	99½	100	6.00
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	97½	98⅜	8.55
Cub-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99⅞	100¼	5.00
Cub-Am. Sug.	8	Jan., 1921	99⅞	100⅜	8.05
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July15,'21	101	101¼	5.50
Del. & Hud.	6	Aug., 1920	99	99⅛	5.55
Fed. Sug. Ref.	5	Jan., 1920	99¼	100	6.00
I. R. T.	7	Sep., 1921	83	84	6.70
Laclede G. Co.	7	Jan., 1920	99¼	99⅝	7.05
N. Y. C. w.i.	6	Sep., 1920	99⅝	99⅞	6.35
Phila. Co.	5	Feb., 1922	98	98½	7.55
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	97½	97⅝	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100½	101	4.95
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	101⅝	102⅛	5.50
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¼	102⅝	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103¼	103⅝	5.80
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	99⅝	99¾	9.40
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	6	Aug., 1922	99¾	100	6.00
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	99	101	6.45
Southern Ry.	7	Mar., 1922	96¾	97¼	7.20
Studeb. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	101¼	101¾	6.50
Swift & Co.	5	Aug.15,'21	99¼	100¼	5.95
U. L.&R. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	10.40
W. E. & M.	6	Feb.19,'20	100	100⅛	5.95
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep.15,'23	97	99	10.40

SEEKS DAMAGES FOR BONDS.

Intermountain Company Sues Liggett & Drexel for $286,000.

The bond firm of Liggett & Drexel, of which John E. Liggett and Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., are members, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday for $286,000 damages by the Intermountain Railway, Light and Power Company. The complaint alleges that Liggett, Hichborn & Co., the predecessor of the defendant firm, agreed in 1914 to buy all the plaintiff's thirty-year bonds that were presented, and between 1914 and 1917 accepted and paid for $434,000 worth.

The complaint alleges that the defendants refuse to pay for $225,000 worth presented in August and October last year, and caused the damage sued for because the plaintiff was compelled to sell elsewhere at lower prices, to discount its notes, sustained a depreciation of property, and suffered loss of credit.

$100 Bonds

Island Oil & Transp. 7s
Inter. Rap. Trans. 7s
Lehigh Power Securities 6s
Amer. W. W. & Elect. 5s

Motor Products
Atlantic Ref. Pfd. & Rts.
Packard Motor Pfd.
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$1,000,000

Atlanta Terminal Company

Series "A"

First Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds

Dated August 1, 1919. Due August 1, 1939.
Authorized $2,500,000 Present issue $1,000,000
Company pays interest without deduction for Normal Tax of 2%

Principal and interest guaranteed jointly and severally by endorsement by the Southern Railway Company, the Central of Georgia Railway Company and the Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

For details regarding this issue, we quote from the letter of H. W. Miller, President of the Atlanta Terminal Company:

These bonds will be the direct obligation of the Atlanta Terminal Company and will be secured by a direct first mortgage on the entire property of the Company. The Company has no other fixed interest bearing obligations.

The Atlanta Terminal Company owns and operates a modern passenger station located in the center of the business district of Atlanta representing an investment of $1,722,000.

The Atlanta Terminal property is used by the Southern Railway, Atlanta and West Point Railroad, Central of Georgia Railway, Seaboard Air Line Railway and the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railway. The first three companies each own one-third of the capital stock of the Atlanta Terminal Company and are obligated under an agreement dated June 1, 1903, to use the passenger station of the Atlanta Terminal Company and no other for the handling of their passenger business into and out of Atlanta.

Price 100 and Interest

All the above bonds having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only

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Texas & Pacific Coal & Oil
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Investors read
The Wall Street Journal

BEQUEATHS A HOME FOR NEEDLEWOMEN

Margaret A. Howard Leaves $400,000 Fund in Trust to Aid Indigent Seamstresses.

OPEN TO ALL CREEDS

Widow of British Army Officer Wills Additional $100,000 to Other Charities.

Gifts of more than $500,000 to charities, of which $400,000 is to establish a home for indigent needlewomen, are provided in the will of Mrs. Margaret A. Howard, who died at the Hotel San Remo on Aug. 27 last. Mrs. Howard was the widow of a British Army officer and until 1912 was President of White, Howard & Co., modistes, at Thirty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue.

The will, made in 1912, and three codicils executed later, give the Margaret A. Howard Home $400,000 in trust and the residuary estate. The home is to be established for indigent needlewomen who are advanced in years and who earn their livelihood as seamstresses or in kindred occupations and who are unable to provide for themselves adequately in their declining years. They are to be admitted regardless of religious beliefs.

Mrs. White made large bequests to her friends, Lillie Vaughn and Howard Percy Bingham White of Richmond, Va. Her employes got from $500 to $1,500 each.

The will provides $6,000 each for the St. Vincent de Paul Society of 375 Lafayette Street and the Little Sisters of the Poor. The following get $5,000 each: St. Vincent's Hospital, Church of St. Francis Xavier, Salvation Army, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, and St. Stephens's, St. Leo's, and Holy Innocents' Churches. Gifts of $2,500 go to the Archbishops of Dublin and of Tuam, Ireland, and the Bishops of Cork and of Armagh.

The following receive $1,000 each: St. Gabriel's Sanitarium, Home of the Sisters of Misericordia, St. Joseph's Home, St. Michael's Home for Destitute Children, House of the Good Shepherd, New York Fire Department Relief Fund, and New York Foundling Hospital. Bequests of $500 each go to the following: Roman Catholic Church of Shelter Island, Home for Ruptured and Crippled, Catholic Protective Society, Catholic Protective Society for Girls, Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary, Columbus Hospital, Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, St. Elizabeth's Home for Crippled Children, St. Joseph's Day Nursery, St. Ann's Convalescent Hospital, St. Francis's Hospital, New York Institute for the Blind, Home of Rest for Consumptives, Blind Asylum, Girls' Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, and New York Skin and Cancer Hospital.

COLUMBIA GETS $1,220,344.

Barnard Also Benefits $1,420,344 by General Carpentier's Will.

The appraisal of the estate of General Horace W. Carpenter, Trustee of Columbia University, who died Jan. 31, 1918, at the age of 93, and left the bulk of his estate to Columbia University and Barnard College, as stated when his will was probated, was filed yesterday, and shows that the total estate was $3,006,007, and the net estate $3,377,827. The estate held $2,969,275 in cash, the largest amount of cash disclosed in any appraisal for an estate of similar size.

The bequests to Barnard aggregate $1,420,344, and to Columbia they aggregate $1,220,344, with $200,000 to Presbyterian Hospital, and $80,000 to Sloane Maternity Hospital, allied with Columbia. The Barnard gift is the largest ever made, and that to Columbia, with gifts during his lifetime, is one of the most liberal.

Mrs. Coffin's Estate $1,140,961.

Mrs. Euphemia S. Coffin, the wife of Edmund Coffin, an attorney, who died Feb. 7, at 110 East Seventy-first Street, left an estate appraised yesterday at $1,140,961, of which $863,310 was in stocks and bonds and $45,1430 in real estate. Her personal effects, including her jewelry, were appraised at $298,659. She gave her husband and her sons, William S. and Henry S. Coffin, $336,013 each, and left the remainder to employes.

ASKS AID FOR TEXAS TOWN.

Corpus Christi Mayor Appeals in Behalf of Storm Sufferers.

Alexander Potter, consulting engineer of 50 Church Street, yesterday made public a telegram from Gordon Boon, Mayor of the storm-swept city of Corpus Christi, Texas.

In the message the Mayor appealed for financial assistance from New Yorkers for the homeless in his city. Mr. Potter built Corpus Christi's waterworks system and supervised other public improvements there. The telegram read:

"You can be of great service in urging the people of New York to contribute as liberally as their circumstances will permit to the fund we are attempting to raise to rehabilitate and give a new start in life to more than 4,000 people who are homeless and destitute. The property damage will exceed $20,000,000, and the death list may reach 700 or 800. Your knowledge of our condition will enable you to be of great service to us."

SEEKS SHIP ON SPIRIT'S TIP.

Havana Society Believes "Message" Saying Valbanera Is Afloat.

HAVANA, Sept. 21.—Chartered by members of the Dr. Antonio Valetti Society, an organization of spiritualists, a tugboat is expected to leave his port soon in search of the long-overdue Spanish steamship Valbanera, which official reports declare sank recently near Key West, with the probable loss of all on board.

The spiritualists assert they have received a communication at a recent seance from the spirit of Dr. Valetti that the Valbanera was still afloat near Cape Sal. They declare it their belief that the steamship still is helplessly drifting at sea, and that, while many of those on board have perished, thirty survivors have bene picked up by a small schooner which is proceding to some distant port.

The members of the society say they intend to carry out their plan for a search, unless the spirit of Dr. Valetti intervenes and counsels abandonment of the projected voyage. Carrier pigeons are to be taken along as a means of communication with the shore, the tug having no wireless equipment.

11 POLICEMAN ON TRIAL.

Accused of Asking Contributions for "Welcome Home" Beer Party.

The solicitation of contributions from citizens for a "welcome home" reception at the Young Men's Democratic Club, Thirty-first Street and First Avenue, May 22, for three returning policemen from service in the war caused the trials of eleven policemen of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station before First Deputy Commissioner John A. Leach yesterday. They were charged with acting in a manner detrimental to good order and discipline.

Police Inspector James S. Bolan of the Third District said he had received a letter complaining that policemen had sent soliciting letters, written on stationery of the Police Department, for money to buy beer, cigars, and other things.

The men on trial were Sergeants William F. Reich, Harry J. Young, and William Marion, and Patrolmen John H. Carroll, Thomas Convery, William J. Court, John J. Curtin, William Falvey, Harry J. McCormack, John J. McIntyre, and Harry Rosenthal, members of the "welcome home" committee.

C. W. Stafford of the Kipps Bay Brewery said his firm had sent a half keg of beer to the club, which had been paid for. Christopher Hupfel of the Hupfel Brewing Company testified that he had made a gift of two quarter kegs of beer. John Dawson, a saloonkeeper at Thirtieth Street and First Avenue, said he had contributed $5 voluntarily.

Sergeant Marion told the Deputy Commissioner that the policemen had assessed themselves $1 each, and that no contributions had been authorized from outside sources. The cost of the reception was $69.50. Deputy Commissioner Leach, reserving decision, remarked that it did not appear the men had committed any offense.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	$1.45⅝	$1.44⅝	$1.45⅝	$1.46⅛	....
Dec.	1.25¼	1.22½	1.25¼	1.22½	....
May	1.33⅜	1.30⅜	1.33⅜	1.30½	....

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	67⅞	66⅝	67⅞	....	....
Dec.	70¼	68½	70¼	68⅝	....
May	73⅛	70⅝	72⅝	72	....

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, 79½c; No. 2, 78½@78c; No. 3, 77½@78c; No. 4, 76@77c.

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	1.48¾	1.48	1.48¾	1.43½
December	1.48	1.46	1.48	1.43½

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
September	34.50	33.70	34.50	34.40	....
October	21.92	21.10	21.90	34.82	26.55
Ribs—					
September	18.80	18.47	18.80	....	....
October	17.80	17.40	17.80	19.00	22.87
Pork—					
September	41.90	41.50	41.90	34.75	41.30
October	34.80	33.75	34.80	....	....

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.
January	18.48	18.10	18.40
October	21.40	21.85	21.85
December	18.40	18.10	18.40
	18.40	18.10	18.40

CALL PRICES.

Spot	21.00	....
September	21.00	28.00
October	21.40	21.50
November	18.75	18.77
December	18.40	18.45
January	18.36	18.45
February	18.40	18.50
March	18.45	18.60
April	18.50	18.75

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	15.16	14.80	14.85	14.70
May	15.10	14.80	14.80	14.64
July	14.95	14.85	14.80	14.60
September	....	....	15.60	15.25
December	15.25	14.80	14.90	14.79

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,235 packages. Fine grades of fresh creamery are shortening up somewhat and the market is 2c higher and firm. Medium qualities sharing moderately in the improvement and trade is better. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 59½@60c; extras, 92 score, 59c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 55@58c; 88 to 89 score, firsts, 53@54c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 49½@51½c; lower grades, 47½@49c; unsalted, higher than extras, 53@53½c; extras, 51@51½c; firsts, 54½@60c; seconds, 53@54c; State dairy tubs, finest, 57@58c; good to prime, 52@56c; common to fair, 46@51c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46@47c; seconds, 45c; lower grades, 42½@44½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 44½@45c; No. 2, 42½@44c; lower grades, 42@43c.

EGGS.—9,586 cases. High qualities of fresh eggs continue scarce and advices indicate decreasing shipments in transit. Demand is not easily supplied, and the competition to secure the limited offerings is leading to some further advance. Undergrades still very irregular and freely offered at a wide range. Much of the supply has no value above a range of 44@46c, and more seriously defective lots offering lower. White eggs scarce, and fancy stock is wanted beyond the supply, prices showing further advance. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 57@58c; extra firsts, 54@56c; firsts, 49@52c; seconds, 43@48c; undergrades, 35@42c; dirties, No. 1, 38@44c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@37c; checks, good to choice, dry, 34@36c; undergrades, 25@33c; refrigerator, specials marks, fancy, charges paid, 47@47½c; firsts, charges paid, 45½@46½c; seconds, 43@45c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 76@80c; fair to prime, 62@77c; gathered whites, common to prime, 60@77c; Pacific Coast whites, express fancy, 80c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 55@72c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, fancy, 66@70c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded, fancy, 57@60c; fair to prime, 50@56c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.05	Hale & Norcross	.15
Andes	.30	Jacket	.15
Best & Belcher	.11	Mexican	.30
Bullion	.08	Ophir	1.55
Caledonia	.35	Potosi	.10
Con. Imperial	.10	Sierra Nevada	.17
Con. Virginia	2.15	Union Con.	.25
Gould & Curry	.06	Concordia	.15
TONOPAH.		Midway	.14
Belmont	3.00	Mohawk	.07
Cash Boy	.06	Myra	.17
Halifax	.09	Nevada	.03
Jim Butler	.38	North Divide	.03
McNamara	.60	Operator	.04
McNam. Crescent	.34	Pay	.05
Midway	.17	Reno	.05
Monarch	.04	Revert	.40
North Star	.06	Rossetta	.12
Rescue	.16	Royal	.06
Tonopah Exten.	2.50	Silver	.15
Tonopah 76	.08	Silver King	.12
West End	1.35	Sunbeam	.02
West Tonopah	.09	Thomson	.07
DIVIDE.		Tuscarora	.27
Allied	.07	Trilby	.03
Alta	.14	Verdi	.22
Annex	.05	Victory	.21
Apex	.07	West	.10
Belcher	.36	Wilson	.06
Belcher Exten.	.25	Wonder	.05
Ben Hur	.08	Zone	.54
Bevis	.04	GOLDFIELD.	
Brougher	.71	Atlanta	.08
Butte	.21	Booth	.08
Chariot	.05	Consolidated	.15
Consolidated	.18	Crackerjack	.06
Divide City	.18	Daisy	.02
Divide Exten.	4.25	Development	.12
Divide Tonopah	5.50	Florence	.50
Dividend	.58	Fraction	.05
East Divide	.09	Great Bend	.02
Extension	.02	Jumbo Extension	.10
Florence	.10	Kewanaa	.04
Giant	.06	Lone Star	.05
Gold Reef	.19	Merger	.05
Gold Wedge	.08	Red Hills	.05
Grimes	.13	Silver Pick	.08
Hasbrouck	.20	Spearhead	.07
Hennessy	.09	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Heroules	.05	Boundary	.25
High Divide	.09	Comb	.30
High Div. Exten.	.03	Manhattan Cons.	.03
Homestake	.07	Mayflower	.13
Horseshoe	.14	Nevada Hills	.03
Hull City	.05	Packard	.30
Jims	.05	Rochester	.20
Junior	.04	Round Mountain	.52
Kerlick	.14	Round Fairview	.55
Keystone	.05	Simon	1.70
Knox	.17	White Caps	.16
Liberty	.03		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Creason	2 11-32	2½	Isabella	3½	4¼
Dr. J'pot	2½	4	Mary McK.	....	3½
Elkton	2¾	3¼	Portland	97	99
El Paso	17	23	U. Gold M.	16	17
Golden C.	150	152	Vindicator	30	40
Granite	9	10½	Rose Nicol.	9	12

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91 William St. Phone: John 533-534-3365.
New York City.

Vera Cruz

THE most important seaport of the Republic of Mexico, situated 263 miles east of the City of Mexico, with which it is connected by two lines of railway. Vera Cruz is built on a flat, sandy, barren beach, only a few feet above sea level. The harbor is confined to a comparatively narrow channel inside a line of reefs and small islands. New port works were completed toward the end of the nineteenth century, which by means of breakwater, afford complete harbor protection. In 1905 the four railway companies having terminal stations in Vera Cruz united in the organization of a joint terminal association, with united station, tracks, warehouses, quays, cranes, etc.

Vera Cruz dates from 1520, soon after the first landing of Cortes, and moved in 1599 to its present site.

The city's total commerce for 1913 was $62,851,000, of which $40,733,000 were imports and $46,118,000 exports.

HANNEVIG & CO.
139 Broadway, New York
Marine Financing *Marine Securities*
Foreign Exchange *Letters of Credit*

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
London Paris
Foreign Exchange
Administrator Guardian
Member Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House

Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey
Member of Federal Reserve System
Main Office {Opposite Pennsylvania R. R. Ferries, Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tubes} Jersey City

THE BANKING, TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT FACILITIES OF THIS COMPANY, BECAUSE OF ITS LOCATION, ARE MOST ACCESSIBLE FOR THOSE DESIRING TO TRANSACT THEIR BUSINESS IN NEW JERSEY

Largest Banking Institution in Jersey City

CANADIAN PROVINCIAL BONDS

We offer for sale:

$200,000
Province of Saskatchewan 5's, Due Oct. 1, 1925

$93,000
Province of Manitoba 5's, Due July 1, 1926

$13,000
Province of Manitoba 4½'s, Due July 1, 1926

These bonds are direct provincial issues. Both principal and interest payable in New York or Canadian funds at the option of the holder. Special circulars on request.

PRICE TO YIELD 6%

C. W. McNEAR & COMPANY
76 W. Monroe St.
CHICAGO

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
FIFTH AVENUE OFFICE Fifth Avenue and 43rd Street
MADISON AVENUE OFFICE Madison Avenue and 60th Street
LONDON LIVERPOOL PARIS BRUSSELS

Condensed Statement, September 12, 1919

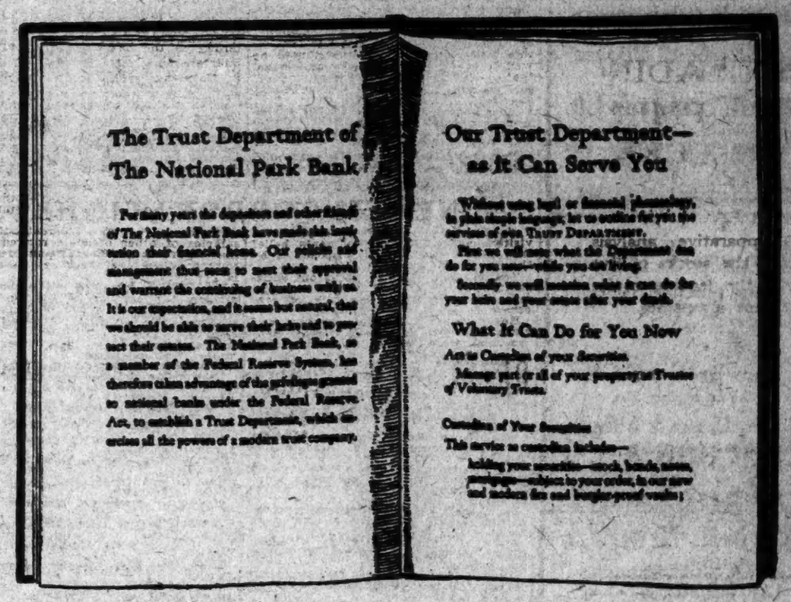
RESOURCES

Cash—on Hand and in Banks		$160,029,765.45
Exchanges for Clearing House		33,831,826.60
Loans and Bills Purchased		438,826,951.96
U. S. Government Bonds and Certificates		38,100,722.15
Public Securities, including British and French Treasury Bills		30,784,309.89
Other Securities		52,968,523.65
Bonds and Mortgages		1,910,000.00
Foreign Exchange		13,097,045.77
Credit Granted on Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		52,414,058.21
Real Estate		6,000,000.00
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable		5,927,839.02
		$833,901,642.70

LIABILITIES

Capital	$25,000,000.00	
Surplus Fund—required by law	5,000,000.00	
Additional Surplus—not required by law	20,000,000.00	$50,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		4,636,977.89
Accrued Dividend		1,000,000.00
Outstanding Treasurer's Checks		20,424,775.94
Foreign Accounts		15,425,317.88
Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		52,414,058.21
Accrued Interest Payable and Reserve for Taxes and Expenses		5,761,857.66
Deposits		684,238,655.12
		$833,901,642.70

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK



THE book shown above, "*The Trust Department of the National Park Bank*," outlines in simple terms our complete trust facilities.

We shall be glad to send you a copy and to have you call and discuss with us any matter relating to trusts or estates.

Canada and American Silk Stockings

During the fiscal year 1918 the British Empire bought 75% of the artificial silk stockings exported by the United States. Approximately 4,448,000 pairs, valued at $1,427,000, went to Great Britain, Canada and Australia. Canada bought 835,000 pairs, valued at $287,000, and was America's second best customer.

American exporters doing business with Canada can obtain expeditious service by utilizing 370 branches of the Union Bank of Canada located in all parts of the Dominion.

Union Bank of Canada
Head Office Winnipeg
New York Agency, 49 Wall St.
W. J. Dawson, F. L. Appleby, W. M. Forrest, Agents
Capital & Surplus $9,786,522

NEW ERA IN COMMERCE

The United States is entering a new era in commercial relations with Europe. The Annalist deals with questions arising out of these relations. Published every Monday by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands, $4 a year by mail.

American Machine & F'dry
American Thermos Bottle
International Cigar Mach.

Offerings Wanted

American Manufactur'g Co.
American Piano Co.
Amer. Safety Razor
American Caramel Pfd.
Celluloid Co.
Irving National Bank
National Park Bank

LYON & COMPANY
Investment Securities
50 PINE ST. (Ground Floor) N. Y.
Tel. John 854

B Cities Service Co.
Convertible 7% Bonds
(SERIES G)

We have prepared an analysis of this issue calling attention to the possibilities of large profits likely to accrue to holders of this issue—probably 20% in less than two years and perhaps a great deal more. The income yield at present market is about 6½%. The principal is safeguarded by earnings about ten times interest charges.

Write for special letter T-4

Bolster & Company
40 Wall St. New York

Imperial Tobacco of Great Britain
STOCK & RIGHTS
Bought-Sold-Quoted
Ernest Smith & Co.
Ernest Smith Chas. S. Liebeskind
20 Broad St., N. Y., Tel. Rector 6157

Municipal Bonds
Exempt from Income Taxes
To Net
4½% to 5½%
Send for Our List
Bolger, Mosser & Willaman
Investment Bankers
29 S. La Salle St. Chicago

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y.

We specialize in
Cities Service Company
Common & Preferred Stocks and Bankers Shares

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

Established 1893
Clarence Hodson & Co.
26 Cortlandt Street
INVESTMENT BONDS
Specialize in Securities Yielding Above the Average
CIRCULARS SENT ON REQUEST

Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
National Sugar
City Invest. Com. & Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 B'way, New York.
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia

Loans on Merchandise
A. U. Surprenant & Co., Inc.
COMMERCIAL LOANS
20 Broad St. Rector 7054

Metropolitan Trust Company
60 Wall St. 716 Fifth Ave.
Advise purchase of issue United States 4¼% Certificates of Indebtedness, tax series, due September, 1920.

Investors read The Wall Street Journal

SENSATIONAL GAINS IN COTTON PRICES

Market, Influenced by Weather Reports and Rumors of Foreign Buying, Goes to High Levels.

MOST ADVANCES ARE HELD

Spot Quotations Up 130 Points, with Futures 120 to 145 Points—Exports Show Big Increase.

There was another sensational advance in cotton prices yesterday, occasioned by a combination of circumstances, all of which tended to help the market. Over-Sunday crop advices were very unfavorable, with reports of heavy rains in many parts of Texas and elsewhere in the belt, and with unofficial condition reports showing a good deal of deterioration.

Then the foreign exchange market improved, and there were rumors of foreign buying, or at least of the securing of credits here by foreign interests which are expected to figure as big buyers. And on top of all this there was some good trade buying, both here and in the South, where the important spot markets showed gains of 75 to 150 points from last week's closing figures. The New York spot market was up 130 points.

These factors sent future prices here up 120 to 145 points at the day's top, and most of these gains were held to the close. The late months, especially March and May, did very well, these options showing gains of 145 points each at the day's maximum, while October and December each gained 133 points. At the close, however, the distant months fell back somewhat, so that the net gains were uniform at 130 to 135 points.

Export clearances over the week-end amounted to 35,027 bales, against 24,754 bales moved in all of last week, when exports fell to the lowest levels reached all year. This, combined to other bullish factors, helped the market's advance. Nothing more was heard of the threatened strike of longshoremen on the Gulf coast, and predictions in the trade were for big exports this week. It was recalled that after the bad week in July, when the shipping strike tied up exports so that only about 30,000 bales moved in the week of July 25, exports mounted to record totals, when 181,841 bales went forward the second week after the strike.

The Liverpool market, which came in rather heavy at intitial declines of 2 to 9 points, turned strong after our opening, and at the close there the market had regained all of the early losses and showed gains on the day of 16 to 24 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Oct.	30.00	31.17	29.34	$1.10@31.41	29.75
Dec.	30.13	31.40	30.00	$1.38@31.40	30.07
Jan.	30.18	31.47	30.03	$1.45@31.47	30.10
March	30.31	31.64	30.16	$1.50@31.64	30.20
May	30.33	31.79	30.19	$1.65@31.79	30.22
July	30.24	31.43	30.24	$1.50	30.23

The local market for spot cotton was strong, up 130 points, at 31.60c for middling upland; sales, 100 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 32.75c; New Orleans, 31c; Savannah, 30.25c; Augusta, 30.38c; Memphis, 31c; Houston, 32.50c; Little Rock, 30.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	14,476	6,840	25,393
Exports	30,158	3,131	....
Exports, season	660,182	606,290	488,528
New York stocks	91,095	84,357	79,670
Port stocks	806,253	806,896	867,906
New York arrivals	608	216	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 18.47d for middling. Sales, 5,000 bales, of which American 4,000. Imports, 5,000, of which 4,000 American. Futures opened quiet, 7 to 9 points off, and closed firm, 16 to 24 points up on the day. Prices: September, 19.53d; October, 18.32d; December, 19.33d; January, 19.33d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were steady.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., will be the principal speaker at the first Fall meeting of the Bond Club of New York at the Bankers Club Friday.

The Kentucky Securities Corporation has resumed the payment of dividends on its preferred stock by a declaration of 1¼ per cent. thereon, payable Oct. 15, to stockholders of record Oct. 10.

The Paige-Detroit Motor Car Company has purchased thirty-one acres of land in Detroit following the sale of $5,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock recently by a banking syndicate.

Ames, Emmerich & Co., announce the appointment of Ambrose W. Benkert as manager of their New York office, which will be opened soon.

Net income of the Mahoning and Shenango Railway and Light Company and subsidiary companies, after the deduction of interest and charges was $68,461 as compared with $47,794.

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co., William R. Compton Company, White, Weld & Co., and Stacy & Braun are offering a new issue of $650,000 City of Toledo 5 per cent. Water Works bonds, due serially Aug. 1, 1967 to Aug. 1, 1944, all maturities optional Aug. 1, 1924. They are being offered at a price to yield 4.05%.

E. Hilbert Foster has become associated with the bond department of J. G. White & Co.

The Metropolitan Trust Company has been appointed agents for Henderson Tire and Rubber Corporation preferred and common stock.

Directors of the Barnsdall Corporation have declared an initial dividend of 1½ per cent. payable Oct. 15, to stockholders of record Sept. 30.

New offices of the Independent Warehouses, Inc., which was recently formed by the Guaranty Trust Company and the Liberty National Bank, were opened yesterday at 30 Union Square.

The Guaranty Trust Company, registrar of the Anglo-French five-year 5 per cent. external loan bonds, announced yesterday that hereafter the books will close for the payment of registered interest two weeks before the interest dates, April 15 and Oct. 15. This interest is payable at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Am Pow. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 22
Am Rolling Mill	50c	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Am Rolling Mill	25c	Ex	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Am Rolling Mill pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Ajax Oil, Class A.	1	M	Oct. 15	Oct. 1
Balt. Tube	$1.75	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 22
Chicago City Ry.	1¼	Q	Sep. 30	Sep. 25
Great Lakes SS.	2	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 20
Great Lakes SS.	3	Ex	Oct. 1	Sep. 20
Gold & Stock Tel.	1¼	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 30
Her. Pet., Class A.	1	M	Oct. 15	Oct. 5
Mong. & Tract. pf.	3½	Q	Oct. 7	Sep. 30
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Penn. Salt Mfg.	2½	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Pett. Mul. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 20
Stovert Mfg. Rug.	*1	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 30
Taylor Whar. & I.	2		Oct. 1	Sep. 24

*Payable in third Liberty bonds.

EUQIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.80	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5-6	5.85	5.45
Canadian North'n.	1919-29	4½@5-6	6.50	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1919-'29	4½	5.95	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.90	5.50
Chi. & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	6.55	5.25
Chi., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.57	5.87
Chi., St. L. & N.O.	1919-'24	5	5.75	5.35
Chickasaw Refg.	1919-'21	6	7.50	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5@6	5.90	5.70
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.45
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
Illinois Central	1919-'27	4½@5	5.70	5.35
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.70	5.30
Michigan Central	1919-'32	5@6	5.85	5.65
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	5@6	6.35	6.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'24	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'24	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.35	5.75
N. Y. C. Lines	1919-'28	4½@5	5.87	5.70
N. Y. C. R.	1919-'32	4½	5.95	5.75
Norfolk & West	1919-'24	4½	5.80	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'29	4½@5-6	6.40	6.00
Pennsyl. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4@4½	5.50	5.20
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	5.35	5.35
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'27	4½@5-6	6.35	5.90
Sinclair Refg.	1919-'21	6	6.50	5.75
Southern Pacific	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.40
Southern Railway	1919-'26	4½@5	6.40	5.60
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.25	5.80

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—Sixty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,367,000, were chartered today. They include:

Jemphil Realty Corp., Bronx, $10,000; M. Minoff, S. and G. Rubin, 1,060 Findlay Av., Bronx.

Third Portional Apartment Corp., Manhattan, real estate, $40,000; H. A. Lockwood, L. Keever, E. L. Harmon, 244 East 18th St.

Cosgrove and Wynkoop Coal Co., Manhattan, $100,000; J. C. and A. K. Cosgrove, E. Scott, 118 East 91st St.

Brighton Products Co., Manhattan, stationery, leather goods and novelties, $10,000; A. and H. and B. R. Edelstein, 91 Bay 29th St., Brooklyn.

Esco Realty Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; P. and B. Gottheil, T. S. Hope, 9 East 87th St.

Heinrich Motor Car Corp., Manhattan, 500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; R. E. Pardee, A. S. and M. E. Heinrich, Freeport.

The Acerima Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; H. Chaladowsky, L. Kutzer, R. J. Fein, 463 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn.

T. N. E. Fur Dressing Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; P. Tihany, L. Novick, W. Eelkoff, 510 Cleveland St., Brooklyn.

Alliance Paper and Twine Co., Manhattan, $15,000; J. Ratner, S. Wilkenfeld, M. Epstein, 2 West 120th St.

Winnipeg Fur Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; J. Rothbard, J. Blumenthal, H. Sedlick, 69 Moore St., Brooklyn.

Science Toilet Articles Co., Manhattan, chemists and druggists, $10,000; I. B. Canfield, J. J. Alexander, T. W. Burke, 240 Riverside Drive.

N. Schepis, Inc., Manhattan, embroidery business, $10,000; R. Koffler, J. P. Mohr, A. Kipp, 1,475 Broadway.

Fox-Reynolds Co., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; H. E. Fox, F. L. Reynolds, S. F. Frank, 170 Broadway.

Astoria Ice Mfg. Corp., Queens, $100,000; F. Spungin, H. D. Floenhaft, I. M. Berliner, 326 Central Park West.

Tilden & Herzg, Inc., Brooklyn, realty, $10,000; R. S. and B. M. Tilden, S. Hersig, 472 West End Av.

National Polo Pony Society, Westbury, horse breeding, $5,000; F. S. von Stade, D. S. Iglehart, J. C. Cooley, Westbury.

804 West 180th Street Co., Manhattan, realty, $6,000; J. Freedman, A. Crosney, A. Solomon, 105 Crosby St.

Nans, Ltd., Manhattan, children's clothing, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital $5,000; L. L. Leventritt, N. S. Goetz, I. C. Delgado, 128 Broadway.

Seay-Campbell Co., Binghamton, grain, feed, and flour, $25,000; C. B. Seay, W. S. Campbell, H. C. Goldsmith, Binghamton.

Ariel Amusement Co., Manhattan, motion pictures, $8,000; C. G. and C. D. and M. D. Stamatis, 47 Kingston Av., Brooklyn.

Eastwood Const. Co., Queens, realty, &c., $10,000; H. Bosch, J. Hentschel, W. A. Moore, 1,840 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

General Alcohol Export Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; E. W. Wilson, F. M. Harrison, J. Kessler, 27 William St.

The Main Lunch, Inc., Rochester, $10,000; T. A. Jenks, A. F. Scheible, H. Katz, Rochester.

Garland City Garage and Machine Co., Watertown, auto business, $45,000; F. and F. and H. Pinnenoeault, Watertown.

Namur Dress Co., Manhattan, $5,000; L. Stimel, N. N. Nachman, A. Goodman, 841 East 124th St.

Dunton Lodge Homes, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $24,000; G. Guerriero, T. Troislo, J. Longobardi, 144 Baxter St.

Schwartz, Harber & Periman, Inc., Manhattan, women's wear, $50,000; I. Schwartz, M. Harber, M. Perlman, 31 East 31st St.

Harris-Hechabarria Co., Manhattan, dressmakers and milliners, $10,000; R. H. Harris, H. Hechabarria, R. S. Archer, 1,219 Seventh Avenue.

D. and G. Jewelry Mfg. Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; M. and R. Goldschridt, L. Diamond, 134 Chester Street, Brooklyn.

Wilson Security Co., Brooklyn, realty, $5,000; J. Lipschitz, J. Wolfson, A. Bernikow, 94 Wilson Street, Brooklyn.

Dyktor Bros., Inc., Manhattan, importing and exporting, $150,000; C. Schulman, D. Freiberger, S. Dyktor, 420 Riverside Drive.

Morningstar Stores, Inc., Port Richmond, clothing, groceries and general merchandise, $10,000; A. Michalski, S. Grabocki, L. J. Wesolowski, Port Richmond.

The Smutny Ries Corp., Manhattan, storage and act as agents, $151,000; S. and O. Ries, T. Smutny, 1,210 Madison Avenue.

A. D. Boehm Agency, Inc., Manhattan, insurance, $5,000; S. Blumenfeld, D. Bluestone, M. Yockers, 569 Home Street.

The Dee Realty Corp., Mt. Vernon, $10,000; B. Wilchins, A. Friedman, M. Friedwald, 1,047 Teller Avenue, Bronx.

Community Sales Organization, Inc., Jamestown, stocks and bonds, $10,000; T. L. Moore, A. M. Briggs, A. R. Law, Jamestown.

A. E. Macadam & Co., Brooklyn, paper bags and paper goods, $20,000; A. E. Foster, A. E. and A. E. Macadam, Jr., 1,294 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn.

Manufacturers Tire and Rubber Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; J. and J. M. Mizer, A. W. Tobey, 32 Glenmore Av., Brooklyn.

Auto Life Extension Corp., Brooklyn, repairing, $25,000; N. Gelbert, M. Lalkin, F. A. McGurk, 60 Wall St.

Chemung Foundry and Supply Co., Elmira, $30,000; H. N. Rubin, J. P. and J. D. Ward, Elmira.

Sterling Boulevard Corp., Kenmore, Erie County, realty, $22,000; F. H. and R. L. and L. K. Eberhardt, Kenmore.

Authors and Publishers Corp., Manhattan, printing and bookselling, $100,000; B. McCaskill, T. and S. McKennan, 627 West 115th St.

Egan-Stokes, Inc., Manhattan, insurance agency, $10,000; T. F. Egan, J. J. Stokes, M. A. Keegan, 216 West 106th St.

Erg Co., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; A. J. Westermayr, H. H. Frieder, J. C. Totten, 14 John St.

Winckelmann Bros., Inc., Manhattan, grocery business, $5,000; W. C. T. and G. and L. Winckelmann, 173 West 88th St.

Kramer Land and Homes Sales Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; H. and M. H. and J. Kramer, 139 Seventh Av.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Beech-Nut Packing Co., Canajoharie, $1,000,000 to $2,900,000.

Display Stage Lighting Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Bastian Bros. Co., Rochester, $750,000 to $1,000,000.

Thomas and Dineen, Inc., Little Falls, $10,000 to $100,000.

Manchester Novelty Co., Manhattan, $4,000 to $6,000.

Sanford Knitting Corp., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

K. H. Butler & Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $200,000.

George Fox & Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

National Black Goods Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

New Republic American and European Shipping Corp., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $250,000.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Empire Moulding Works, Brooklyn.

Groton Auto Co., Groton.

Petroleum Chemical Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Sept. 22.—Charters filed:

Howata Oil and Refining Co., $6,000,000; H. R. McGill, Tulsa, Okla.; E. F. Drever, Fred L. Williams, E. W. Scott, all of Chicago; Thomas E. Eldott, Howata, Okla.

Drury Petroleum Corp., $5,000,000; L. B. Phillips, M. S. Anderson, Dover, Del.; Samuel C. Wood, Chicago, Ill.

Industrial Fuel Supply Co., $2,000,000; Leo H. Thory, Wilfred L. Burgess, George V. Stebgen, all of Chicago.

United States Stores Corp., $1,000,000; L. A. Irwin, M. L. Gatchell, W. G. Singer, all of Wilmington.

Aberdeen Washington Oil Corp., $1,000,000; M. L. Kelly, S. L. Mackey, J. D. Frock, of Wilmington.

Hegal Oil and Development Co., $1,000,000; R. D. McCulland, C. W. Jelf, S. R. Griffith, all of Lexington, Ky.

Deal Park Co., real estate, $750,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, H. E. Know of Wilmington.

Fortune Paper Mfg. Co., $500,000; L. S. Dorsey, M. M. Lucey, M. Butler of Wilmington.

Willys Light and Power Co., $250,000; Aldred S. Miller, David H. Miller, Alfred Harner Miller, all of Philadelphia.

The Sauer Furnace and Heating Co., $150,000; T. L. Croteau, N. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

Acme Refrigerator Corp., $100,000; W. I. N. Loftan, Frank Jackson, Mark W. Cole of Dover.

C. E. Farrington Co., chemical engineers, &c., $100,000; J. M. Frers, Wilmington, Del.; M. J. Noble, C. J. Fers, Newark, N. J.

Peoples Ice Refrigerating Co., artifical ice, &c., $100,000; Harry A. Harvey, Camden, $24; Horace A. Hoar, Collingswood, N. J.; Luther H. Lober, Philadelphia.

Hustylus Corp., talking machines, phonographs, &c., $100,000; F. H. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm of Philadelphia.

Broisat of Paris, Inc., artificial flowers, leaves, &c., for hats, &c., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, H. E. Knox, S. E. Dill of Wilmington.

The Oriental Co., real estate, $35,000; Nathan D. Levin, George Carson Boyd, Edward G. Cook of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

G. E. Hurt, Inc., Pittsburgh, Penn., from $150,000 to $600,000.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO HOLDERS OF CITIES SERVICE COMPANY CONVERTIBLE GOLD DEBENTURES SERIES B, SEVEN PER CENT.

Holders of the above Debentures will be permitted to convert, on or after October 1st, 1919, ten per centum (10%) of the aggregate principal amount of Series B Debentures owned by them respectively on September 1st, 1919. Conversion may be requested by such holders at any date after October 1st, 1919, and upon delivery by them of the Debentures so desired to be converted (properly indorsed, if registered) to Henry L. Doherty & Company, Fiscal Agents, such Debentures will be converted into Cities Service Company Preferred and Common Stocks on the basis set forth in such Debentures, certificates for which stocks will be issued and transmitted to such owners in the amounts respectively due. Similar privileges of partial conversion were extended to holders of Debentures of record December 1st, 1918, January 1st, February 1st, April 1st, May 1st, June 1st, July 1st and August 1st, 1919.

HENRY L. DOHERTY & COMPANY
Fiscal Agents, Cities Service Co.
60 Wall Street, New York.
Dated, September 19, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual stockholders' meeting of De La Vergne Machine Company will be held at its office, foot of East 138th Street, New York City, on Tuesday, October 7th, 1919, at 12:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing Trustees of said Company for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

LOUIS BARON, Secretary.

Alto Gasoline & Oil Co.
Incorporated in Texas June, 1919.

300,000 Shares, Par Value $5.00

No Preferred Stock. No Bonds

OFFICERS

W. M. BABCOCK, PRESIDENT,
Fort Worth, Texas.
(Formerly Mid-Continent, Manager in Oklahoma of Humble Oil and Refining Co.)

Harry M. Bronner, Vice-Pres., New York City.
Harold E. Leopold, Vice-Pres., Chicago, Ill.
S. Max Bier, Secretary and Treas., Tulsa, Okla.
Gus. M. Greenebaum, Asst. Sec., Chicago, Ill.

M. A. ISAACS, GENERAL MANAGER,
Fort Worth, Texas, and Tulsa, Okla.

Eight producing wells (about 500 barrels daily), 5 wells drilling, Casing Head Gasoline plant in full operation.

Earnings now running over 20 per cent. per annum. Initial monthly dividend of 1 per cent. declared and payable Oct. 15th to stockholders of record Oct. 1st.

Application for listing has been made with New York Curb Market Assn.

Circular upon request.

Edgar F. Leo
Member N. Y. Curb Market Assn.
7 Wall Street
NEW YORK CITY
Tel. Rector 1060

Leopold, Bronner & Co.
Investment Securities
Westminster Bldg.,
CHICAGO

Loft Incorporated
Capital 650,000 Shares (no Par Value)
All Common Stock

WILLIAM J. GERETY
Specialist
35 Broad Street Telephone Broad 2397-8-9

AMERICAN SAFETY RAZOR CORP.
A Virginia Corporation.
CAPITAL STOCK
Authorized $20,000,000—all common stock—par value $25.
No preferred stock or bonded indebtedness.

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Specialist
67 Exchange Place New York
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} Latest issue 4% Municipal Bonds

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Atlantic Holding
Nor. St. Power Warrants

E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad St., N. Y. Phones Broad 6951-6

AMERICAN CHICLE
Common
A. HICKS LAWRENCE
"Profitable Investing"
10 Wall Street, New York.

Cities Service
Preferred
An investment issue yielding about 7⅛% at the present market
Circular on Request
Maguire & Burleigh
67 Wall Street New York
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Cuba R. R. 5s, 1953
Cumberland Tel. & Tel. 5s, 1937
Cuyahoga Tel. 7s, 1931
Michigan State Tel. Pfd.
New York Telephone 4½s, 1939
United Tr. & El. of Prov. 5s, 1938 Ctfs.
T. L. MacDonald
82 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Broad 2357-8-9.

STANDARD OIL FIRE
LOSS OVER A MILLION
Insurance protects the owner of property against loss by fire—large or small.
IMPORTERS & EXPORTERS INSURANCE COMPANY
17 South William St., New York.

POOLS
Light on their operations. Of value to investors. By Arnold B. Pendleton.
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Accountancy in the classroom
—experienced accountants and lawyers face to face with earnest students in lectures and discussions—comfortable downtown lecture rooms—progressive, accredited courses—day and evening sessions—surely here the way to development is direct, the results sure.

Beginning classes—Semester A—now scheduled for September, are already largely enrolled.

Reservations may still be made in several of these classes. Helpful vocational interviews will be given by members of the Pace staff and faculty to men and women who are planning their personal development. Employers and parents are especially invited to inspect the Institute and its work.

"Your Post-War Opportunity," a helpful 20-page booklet, and the Institute Bulletin will be mailed upon request.

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Investors read The Wall Street Journal

NEW ERA IN COMMERCE.

The United States is entering a new era in commercial relations with Europe. The Annalist deals with questions arising out of these relations. Published every Monday by The New York Times Company; 10c on news stands, $4 a year by mail.—Advt.

International Motor Truck Corporation
and
Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation

Notice to Stockholders

The Committee hereby declares operative the Plan of July 11, 1919, more than 80% of the outstanding shares of stock of International Motor Truck Corporation and Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation having been deposited.

In order that all stockholders may have an opportunity of availing themselves of the benefits of the Plan, the Committee has determined to accept deposits up to the close of business, *September 30, 1919.* Thereafter stockholders who have not deposited their stock on or before the last-mentioned date will not be entitled to participate in the Plan.

Copies of the Plan and Agreement may be obtained from the Depositary, *The Equitable Trust Company of New York,* 37 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

New York, N. Y., September 16, 1919.

CHARLES HAYDEN, Chairman.
FREDERICK B. ADAMS,
A. J. BROSSEAU,
JAMES B. CLEWS,
GEORGE H. HOUSTON,
AMBROSE MONELL,
HENRY K. POMROY,
ANDREW V. STOUT,
Committee.

CHADBOURNE, BABBITT & WALLACE, Counsel,
14 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

H. J. WOLFF, Secretary,
14 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

$750,000 Treasury Stock Offering
of the
ROOD OIL CORPORATION

CAPITAL STOCK $2,000,000
Issued $1,000,000 Par Value $5.00 In Treasury $1,000,000
All Common, full paid and non-assessable, no Bonds, Preferred Stock or Funded Debt.

(A) **PROPERTIES AND TITLES**—The Company owns exclusively 2,240 acres leased from the United States Government, and 3,680 acres owned jointly with the Barnsdall Oil Corporation, free from mortgage, bonds or funded debt, thus insuring perfect titles.

(B) **PRESENT PRODUCTION AND EARNINGS**—There has been produced and sold from this property in the past three months 22,500 barrels of high-grade oil at $2.25 per barrel, gross total $50,625.00, equal to about 18% net on the stock issued and outstanding, not including this offering.

(C) **DEVELOPMENT**—About one thousand acres is now strictly proven territory, with only 15 wells drilled to date and locations for 150 wells more. Well No. 8, just in, on Section Four came in with an initial flow of several hundred barrels. Well No. 9 now drilling 1,000 feet down. Well No. 10 drilling. Well No. 11 rig is up.

(D) **PERSONNEL OF MANAGEMENT**—R. D. Rood, besides being President of the Rood Oil Corporation, is a Director in the Union National Bank of Bartlesville, Okla. For sixteen years he has been operating and drilling wells in the Osage Reservation and throughout Oklahoma, drilling the first large producer in the Osage Reservation on June 22, 1904. He developed the Stevens Point Oil Company property, the Wigwam Oil Company and Waukesea Oil Company properties, which afterward formed the nucleus for the Central Fuel Oil Company.
John H. Brennan, Vice-President, has operated in the Osage Reservation seventeen years. In 1902 he was identified as General Counsel for the Indian Territory Illuminating Oil Company, thereafter as Counsel for the Quapaw Gas & Pipe Line Company and Wichita Natural Gas Company, and afterward with the associated companies known as the Empire Companies.

PRICE $6 PER SHARE
CIRCULAR ON REQUEST. WIRE SUBSCRIPTIONS AT OUR EXPENSE.

Transfer Agents
The Seaboard National Bank of New York City
18 Broadway, New York

Registrar
Corporation Trust Company
37 Wall Street, New York

Application will be made to list this stock on the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Exchanges and Boston and New York Curb.

ROOD OIL CORPORATION
111 Broadway (Suite 625 to 630) New York City
Phones:—Rector 8021-8022

New York Railways Company
To holders of
First Real Estate and Refunding Mortgage 4 Per Cent Bonds Due 1942

A large majority of the above named bonds has been deposited with Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Depositary, under Deposit Agreement dated March 7, 1919. The interest due July 1, 1919 on this issue has not been paid, and Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, has filed a bill to foreclose the mortgage under which the bonds were issued.

The Committee desires to afford all those who have not deposited their bonds a further opportunity to do so. *Therefore, the time for deposit of bonds with Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Depositary, has been extended to and including October 25, 1919. After that date there will be imposed a penalty of $10 for each $1,000 principal amount of Bonds deposited.* Certificates of Deposit representing deposited bonds are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

HARRY BRONNER, Chairman
WILLIAM A. DAY
CASPAR W. MORRIS
CHARLES A. PEABODY
WILLIAM H. REMICK
FREDERICK H. SHIPMAN
HAROLD STANLEY
Committee.

Geo. L. Burr, Secretary,
140 Broadway,
New York City,

J. P. Cotton, Counsel.

Argentine Govt. Bonds
French " Bonds
Italian " Bonds
Japanese " Bonds
Swiss " Bonds
Russian " Bonds

Options on Francs and Marks

Foreign Currency (all issues)
Foreign Exchange

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Telephone 8500-16 Hanover.

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WE WILL BUY:
200 Bucyrus Common
500 Southern Oil & Transport
50 N. Y. State Rys. Com.
200 Curtiss Aeroplane Com.
100 Bucyrus Pfd.
WE WILL SELL:
10M Caddo Central Oil 6s
60 Int'l Motor Truck Com.
25 Int'l Motor Truck 1st Pfd.
20 Int'l Motor Truck 2d Pfd.
100 Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad Street. New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

Federal Sugar
General Baking
Industrial Finance
Indian Refining
Columbia Graphophone
Franklin Fire Insurance
DAWSON & Co.
40 Wall St. Tel. John 6444

Chattanooga Station 4s, 1957
Galveston Terminal 6s, 1938
Toledo Terminal 4½s, 1957
Chi., T. H. & S. E. Inc. 5s, 1960
Wolff & Stanley
Tel. 2360 or 8557 Broad. 27 William St.

American Chicle
J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4020 John. 25 Wall St., N. Y.

Dominican Republic 5s, 1958
Cuban Gov't 4½s & 5s
Argentine Gov't 5s, 1945
Japanese Gov't 4s, 1931
COWEN & CO.
67 Exchange Place Tel. Rector 2364

OVERLAND TIRE
Business established in 1917—is now the largest tire retailing concern in America.
Dividends paid regularly since January, 1918.
Big new factory and service planning facilities that OVERLAND TIRE will become one of the nation's GIANT industries.
Stock is listed on the New York Curb, and shows promise of very splendid appreciation. A big dividend yield to the future.
Send to us for circular, or ask your own broker
S. S. RUSKAY & CO.
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LIBERTY BONDS
All denominations bought for cash
Based on the closing we pay today
$50.00 for a $50—3½%. Bond. 56 Coupons
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$97.12 for a $100—3½ 4¼%. Bond. 1 Coupon
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$96.37 for a $100—3½% 4¼% Victory Loan
PURDY & CO.,
Tel. John 8174-5-6-7. 24 Pine St., N. Y.

Investors read
The Wall Street Journal

ROLLS-ROYCE COMING HERE.

Company Plans American Branch to Meet Demands for Its Product.

An American branch of the Rolls-Royce Company of Derby, England, will be established within a short time, according to the announcement made last night by Claude Johnson, Managing Director of the Rolls-Royce Company. Although no site for the factory has thus far been selected, the financial arrangements for establishing the American company have been practically completed.

It is understood that Aldred & Co., bankers of this city, will provide the capital for the undertaking, as under the present British war acts it is not permitted to transfer British capital for industrial purposes here. The stock issue will probably be $7,000,000.

The new venture is being undertaken because of the growing demand in this country for Rolls-Royce cars and other products. The parent company in England is unable to fill this demand. Its capacity having been booked for the next year and a half. The chassis for the American Rolls-Royce will be identical in every detail with that turned out by the English plants. The Rolls-Royce chassis sells in this country for $10,000.

FAVOR SINCLAIR MERGER.

Stockholders Vote for Consolidation of the Various Interests.

The stockholders of the Sinclair Oil Refining Company, the Sinnair Gulf Corporation, and the Sinclair Oil Corporation, at meetings yesterday, voted in favor of the plan of consolidation with the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation. In the case of the Sinclair Oil and Refining Company and the Sinclair Gulf Corporation, the vote was practically unanimous. The stockholders of the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation also ratified the merger plan yesterday.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
4½s June, 1967	101¼	101¼	101¼
4½s June, 1967	101¼	101¼	101¼
4½s Mar., 1963	101¼	101¼	101¼
4½s Nov., 1967	101¼	101¼	101¼
4½s Mar., 1963	101¼	101¼	101¼

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s Mar., 1966	97¼	97¾	97¼
4½s Mar., 1964	97¼	97¾	97¼
4½s Mar., 1963	97¼	97¾	97¼
4½s Mar., 1960-30	97¼	97¾	97¼
4s May, 1960	95¾	95¾	95¾
4s Nov., 1958	92¼	92¾	92¼
4s Nov., 1957	92¼	92¾	92¼
4s Nov., 1956	92¼	92¾	92¼
4s Nov., 1955	92¼	92¾	92¼
4s Nov., 1959	94	95	94

4s Mt V pf	96	96	96
4s Mt Vernon, 1965	82½	83½	82½
4½s Nov., 1954	82½	83½	82½
4½s May, 1954	82½	83½	82½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1932	4.55	4.35	4.55
4½s 1918-1923	4.55	4.35	4.55
4½s 1924-1931	4.55	4.35	4.55
4½s 1926-1925	4.55	4.35	4.55
4½s 1940-1953	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1930-1933	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1927-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s 1919-1925	4.70	4.50	4.70
4½s 1918-1921	4.70	4.50	4.70
4½s 1946-1953	4.60	4.40	4.55
4½s 1919-1925	4.70	4.45	4.70
4½s 1936-1950	4.68	4.48	4.68

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,010	Cities Service	490	470	487	497
1,640	Cities Service pf	77¾	76¾	77	77¾
....	Cities Service deb. fs	....	....	173	175
$10,000	Cities Service deb. C fs	108¾	108	108	109

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	15	17
Adiron Elec Power pf	78	80
Am Gas & Electric	118	122
Am Gas & Electric pf	84	86
Am Light & Traction	220	225
Am Light & Trac pf	94	97
Am Power & Light	58	63
Am Power & Light pf	70	72
Am Public Utilities	5	8
Am Pub Util pf	23	28½
Am W W & Electric	6	7
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	59	62
Am W W & Elec partic	10	13
Carolina Power & Light	37	40
Colorado Power	20	24
Colorado Power pf	97	101
Columbus Elec pf	70	75
Com Power, Ry & Lt	22	26
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	43	48
Conn Power pf	79	83
Consumers' Power pf	83	87
Eastern Texas Electric	54	57
Eastern Texas Elec pf	78	83
El Paso Electric	93	98
Electric B & S pf	92	98
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	76
Federal Light & Trac	10	12
Federal Light & Tr. pf	45	49
Galveston-Houston Elec	11¾	14½
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	57	61

Miss River Power	12	14
Miss River Power pf	61	62
Northern Ohio Electric	32	34
Northern Ohio Elec pf	64	68
Northern Ont Lt & P	12	14
Northern Ont Lt & P pf	57	61
Northern States Power	65¾	67¼
Northern States P pf	90	92
Northern States Elec	90	94
Northern States El pf	70	74
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	93	97
Pub Serv Inv pf	69	74
Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P	12¾	13¼
Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P pf	57	60
Ry & Light Secur pf	80	85
Republic Ry & Light	10	15
Republic Ry & Lt pf	50	60
Southern Cal Edison	93	96
Southern Cal Edison pf	103	104
Standard Gas & Elec	31½	33½
Standard Gas & Elec pf	40¾	42
Tampa Electric	113	115¾
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	44	46
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	10	16
United Light & Rys	42	43
United Light & Rys pf	69	71¼
Western Power	20	22
Western Power pf	76	78
West. Church & Kerr	50	60
West. Church & Kerr pf	75	85

Bonds.

Appalach Power 1st 5s	72	74	
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	90	95	
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	70	83	
Col Power 5s	84	87	
Conn Power 5s, '63	85	90	
Dallas Elec 5s	100	....	
East Tex Elec 5s, '42	94	....	
East Tex Elec 1st 5s	95½	100	
El Paso Elec col 5s	88	92	
Gt West Power 5s, '46	83	88	
Met Edison ref 5s, '52	91	94½	
Midwest Util 6s, '33	95	95¾	
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	75½	76½	
Nor Ont Lt & Pow 6s	83	86½	
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	93	96¼	
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	85	88	
Pac Gas & Elec 6s, '41	72	73	
Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P 7s	97½	98½	
So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	90	
S W Power 6s, '42	81	82	
Stand Gas & El 6s	91	92	
Twin C C & E 5s, '52	72	77	
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	77	80	
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86½	90	
U S Pub Serv 6s	94½	96	
Utah Securities 6s	56½	58	
Un Util conv 6s, '42	80	87	

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
420	Atl Pet	3¼	3¼	3¼
30	Als Co	90¾	90¾	90¾
220	Cosden	11¾	11¾	11¾
22	Con Gas, Power	104¾	104¾	104¾
75	Comi Credit	43	43	43
300	Celestine	4.00	3.95	4.00
170	Davison	33¾	33	33

Bonds.

$1,000	Als C & I 8s	90¾	90¾
1,000	Comi C ref 5s	85¾	85¾
12,000	Cos 6s, A	104¼	104¼
15,000	Cos 6s, B	104¼	104¼
5,000	Con Pow 7s	101¾	101¾

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Am Zinc pf	58½	58½	58½
40	Allouez	42	41	42
60	Anaconda	67¼	66½	66½
55	Ariz Comi	14¾	14¾	14¾
104	Big Ledge	10¾	10¾	10¾
50	Butte & Bal	50c.	50c.	50c.
229	Cal & Ariz	72	71½	72
8	Cal & Hec	415	415	410
405	Carson	26	25¾	25¾
20	Centennial	17¾	17	17
120	Cop Range	51¾	51	51
70	Daly West	3¼	3¼	3¼
175	Davis Daly	10¾	10¾	10¾
180	East Butte	16¾	15¾	16¾
23	Isle Royale	33	33	33
135	Kerr Lake	4¾	4¾	4¾
40	Mass Con	7¾	7¾	7¾
75	May O C	8¾	8	8¾

Railroads

81	Bos & Alb	122	121
7	Bost Elev	64	64
5	Bost & Me	98	98
2	Bost & Low	85	85
7	Bost & P	130	130
5	Conn River	101	101

Miscellaneous.

12	Am Agr pf	96¾	96¾
5	Am Sug pf	115	115
432	Am T & T	99¼	98
80	Am Wool pf	105	105
10	Anglo Am Q	20	20
50	Booth	17¾	17¾
8	Eastern S S	14¾	14¾
5	Do pf	60	60
12	Edison	143	146
20	Fanehuils	73	73
2	Gen Elec	161	161
2,425	Gray	41	39
450	Int Port pf	28	25
155	Inland Oil	7¼	6¾
165	Libby	27	26¾
100	Mass Gas	71	70
10	Mex Tex pf	55	55
795	Nat Leath	17¾	16¾

Bonds.

$5,000	A G W I 5s	81½	81½
2,000	Miss River 5s	77	77
3,000	Punta Sugar 6s	99¾	99¾
6,000	Swift 5s	98¼	98¼
6,000	Ventura 7s	180	180

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
102	Armour pf	102¾	102¾	102¾
100	Chi C&C Rys	1	1	1
10	Corn Prod	14	14	14
100	Cudahy	107¼	107	107¼
100	Con Co pf	86	86	86
200	Cont Motor	1¼	1¼	1¼
40	Deere pf	100¼	100¼	100¾
50	Dia Match	115	115	115
100	Hupp	16¾	16¼	16¾
50	Kinsman	42	42	42
50	Ill Brick	75	75	76
575	Libby	26¾	26¼	26¾
20	Lindsay	12¾	12¾	12¾
200	Do pf	84	84	84
20	Mont Ward pf	102¾	102¾	102¾
2,185	Nat Leather	17¼	16¾	17¼
10	Pub Service	86	86	86
70	Do pf	90	90	90
100	Rec Motor	80¼	80¼	80¼
110	Rep Truck	44	44	44
85	Sears Roe	109	109	109
1,150	S Warner	119	115¼	119
260	Swift Int	16¾	16¾	16¾
980	Swift & Co	125¾	123	125¾
284	Do Rights	1	13¾	14
1,835	Thompson	42¾	40	42¾
2,265	Un Carbide	70	67¾	70
135	Wrigley	75¼	74¼	75¼

Bonds.

$1,000	Armour 6s, 1920	102¾	102¾
5,000	Chicago City Conn 5s	82	82

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,531	Am Stores	32	32¼	32
526	Elec S Bat	107¼	106¾	107¼
1,210	Gen Asph	36	35	36
444	Do pf	141	139	141
100	Key Tel	13¼	13¼	13¼
20	Phila Co pf	38	38	38
130	Phila R T	32¾	32¾	32¾
11	Un Trac	35¾	35¾	35¾
947	Un Gas Imp	30	30	30
50	York Rys pf	30	30	30

Bonds.

$1,000	Elec & P 4s	68	68
12,000	PhilElcStbs	86	86
$1,000	Fa gen 5s, '60	91¾	91¾
4,000	Un Rys inv 5s	75	75

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
12	Arkansas G	86	86	86
10	Barnsdall C	36	36	36
2,500	Carbo-Hydro	3¾	3¾	3¾
100	Do pf	9	9	9
25	H-Walker	119¾	119¾	119¾
13	L Star Gas	185	185	185
2,901	Mastland Ref	7¼	7¼	7¼
30	Mfrs L & H	53½	53½	53½
200	Pittsburgh	53	53	53
120	Ohio Fuel	53	53	53

Bonds.

$2,000	Independent Brewing 6s	55	55
2,000	West Penn Traction 5½s	70	70

225	Oklahoma G	33½	33
20	Okla Prod	98	98
60	Pitts Brew	6	5
9,000	Pitts Jer C	37c	35c
57,000	Pitts Mt M	95c	55c
330	R Enc Oil	15¾	15¾
50	U S Steel	103	102
20	W Penn R pf	73	73
100	W Penn Pow	15	15
160	West Elec	53	53

Bonds.

$1,000	Con Fuel 4½s	83½	83½
2,000	Con Coal 6s	99½	99½
1,000	Un Rys inc	52½	52½
1,000	W, B & A 5s	79¾	79¾

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Am Brass	224	229	226
Atlas Powder	137	140	137
Babcock & Wilcox	122	124	123
Borden's Cond Milk	105	107	105
Do pf	97	98	97
Bliss	320	370	320
Do pf	2 65	75	65
Childs Co, com	66	70	66
Do pf	95	98	95
Du Pont	412	419	415
Do pf	99¼	99¾	99¼
Draper Corp	197	140	137
Fajardo Sugar	97	100	97
Federal Rub 1st pf	99	101	99
Fisk Rub 1st pf	98½	101	99
Hercules	210	220	216
Hercules pf	107	110	107
Infernoll-Rand Co	180	190	182
Do pf	97	98	97
Merrimac Chem	95	96	95
Nat Sugar Ref	125	128	128
Nat Jersey Zinc	240	245	247
Niles-Bem-Pond	110	120	118
Do pf	98	100	98
Royal Bak P	140	155	140
Do pf	100	100	100
Sawtill Mfg	102	110	110
Singer Mfg	190	195	192
Stand Screw Co	160	190	190
U S Cast O & P	50	55	55
Valvoline Oil pf	104	107	104
Yale & Towne	253	265	258

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Am Cigar	117	125	117
Do pf	96	98	96
Conley Foil	305	325	305
Geo W Helme Co	165	175	165
Do pf	104	109	104
J S Young	125	135	125
Do pf	98	100	98
Mand & Porto	180	195	190
Mand & Portos pf	70	80	70
Porto-Rican Am Tob	90	95	90
Do pf	90	95	90
Reynolds Tob B	400	500	490
Do B	470	500	470
Do pf	112	116	112
Weyman-Bruton	172	176	172
Do pf	106	110	108
Universal Tob	100	150	100
Do pf	105	106	104

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Mexican Petroleum, which advanced 10¾ points, was one of the outstanding features on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday, with others of that group netting gains of from 2 to 3 points. Pan American was bid up 3¾, Royal Dutch, New York, 3, and Sinclair 2. The demand for the steels brought advances of from 2 to 4 points in the active shares of that group. Crucible netting a gain of 4, Republic Iron & Steel 2¾, Bethlehem Steel B 2, and United States Steel common 2½. Marine common was advanced 1¾, the preferred 2¼, and American International Corporation 2¾. Studebaker moved up 1⅜ from its early low and Pierce-Arrow 1¼. Baldwin Locomotive registered a gain of 2¼ and American Locomotive 2¾. United Retail Stores was best of the specialties, advancing 5¾, while Central Leather gained 3¼ and Worthington Pump 3¼. Keystone Tire was reactionary, falling back 8 points, with a subsequent rally. Average gains of 1 point were recorded in the tobacco shares, while the copper properties moved up from ½ to 1¾ points. Texas & Pacific netted a gain of 2¼, Reading 1¾, and Southern Pacific 1¾.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Allis Chalm	45¾	44	45¾
120	Am Can	67¾	66¾	67¼
200	Am C & I	131¾	131¾	132
20	Am H & L pf	24¾	24¾	24¾
900	Am Interna	67¾	66¾	67¾
400	Atg Linseed	82¾	81	81¾
2,600	Am Locom	109¾	108¾	109¾
190	Am Smelt	96	95	96
480	Am S & R	76¼	75	76¼
700	Am Sumat T	85¾	85¼	85¾
140	Am Tel & T	99¾	99¾	99¾
470	Beacon Oil	87	86¾	86¾
345	A. T. & S. F	89	88¾	89
7,630	Bald Loco	126¾	123½	126¾
2,180	Balt & O	40¾	40¾	40¾
8,120	Beth S. B	97¾	95¾	97¾
210	Booth Fish	17¾	17¾	17¾
490	Bklyn R T	22¾	22¾	22¾
200	Butte & Sup	34¾	34¾	34¾
140	Butte C & Z	11¾	11¾	11¾
110	Caldo Oil	54¾	54¾	54¾
420	Cal Pet	50¾	49	50¾
670	Cent Leather	66	65	66
30	Cerro de Pas	53¾	52¾	53¾
530	C. M. & St. P	41¾	41	41
140	Chile Copper	23¾	23½	23¾
220	Ch. F. & C	43	42¾	43
130	Cont Cdy	10¾	10¾	10¾
760	Corn Prod	25¾	24¾	25¾
1,900	Cruc Steel	181¼	179	181¼
910	Cuba Cane	24¾	23¾	23¾
200	Cuba Cane pf	94½	93½	93½
200	Fam Play	87¾	87¾	87¾
240	Fisk Tire	44¾	44	44¾
10	Gen Cigar	81¾	81¾	81¾
110	Gen Motors	232	232	232
100	Goodrich Co	57¾	57¾	57¾
420	Int Nickel	25¾	25	25
110	Inter Con	5¾	5¾	5¾
130	Kelly S T	129¾	129¾	129¾
9,410	Key Tire	12¾	12¾	12¾
240	Kenne Cop	35	34¾	34¾
110	Lack Steel	82¾	82¾	82¾
110	Lee Rubber	30¾	30¾	30½
730	Max Motor	45¾	45¾	45¾
8,490	Mex Pet	186¾	180	185¾
400	Midvale Stl	46	46	46
500	Mo. Pacific	28	27¾	27¾
10	Nat. Cond	13¾	13¾	13¾
20	Nev. Con	17¾	17¾	17¾
1,200	N Y Dock	30¾	30¾	30¾
110	N Y Dock pf	50¾	50¾	50¾
240	NY NH & H	21¾	21	21¾
470	Ohio C Gas	51¾	50¾	51¾
200	Ohio Cities	10	9¾	9¾
1,080	PanAmPet	113¾	112¾	113¾
160	Pennsylvania	43¾	43	43
100	Pere Marq	40¾	40¾	40¾
1,100	Pierce-Arrow	31¼	30¼	31¼
540	Pierce Oil	21	21	21
110	Pitts Coal	63¾	62¾	62¾
120	Pressed S C	62	62	62
130	Ry Stl Spg	97¾	96¾	97¾
1,030	Reading	78¾	78¼	78¾
600	Rep I & S	90¾	89¾	90¾
1,070	Royal Dutch	94¾	94¼	94¾
140	St L-San F	17¾	17¾	17¾
480	Saxon Motor	17¾	17	17¾
1,950	Sinclair Oil	97¾	97¾	98
670	South Pac	100¾	99¾	100¾
100	South Ry	27¾	27¾	27¾
8,400	Studebaker	113	109¾	113
120	Stutz Motor	104¾	104¾	104¾
340	Tenn Cop	12¾	12¾	12¾
200	Texas & Pac	52¾	52¾	52¾
370	Tob Prod	101¾	99¾	101¾
260	Transcon O	35¾	35¼	35¾
380	Union Pac	131¾	131¼	131¾
100	Un Alloy S	40¾	40¾	40¾
2,400	Un Retail S	110¾	105¾	110¾
340	U Ry Inv Co	21¾	21¾	21¾
150	U S Ind Alc	131¾	131¼	131¾
300	U S Food P	84½	82¾	84½
1,100	U S Rubber	112¾	111¾	112¾
13,210	U S Steel	102¾	100¾	102¾
100	West Md	17¾	17¾	17¾
220	West Elec	53¾	52¾	53¾
200	Whites M C	43¾	43¾	43¾
340	Willys Ov'ld	21¾	21¾	21¾
40	Worth Pump	83½	80¾	83½

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡Acme Opal	15	15	15
2,000	‡Aetna Exp	11¾	11	11¾
100	Ben A Prod	4	4	4
800	B-Am C Co	8¾	8½	8¾
500	B-Am TCorp	25¾	25¾	25¾
500	B-Am TCo, rg	23¾	23¾	23¾
300	Can I Co	7¾	7¾	7¾
6,100	Carbo Hyd	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,000	Cent Leather	17¾	17¾	17¾
850	C L & Pow	38¾	38¾	38¾
200	Chan M wi	84	83	84
1,100	C-C-I Cifs	32¾	32¾	32¾
1,000	Colon Fire	18	18	18
6,400	Grand P C	85	85	85
780	Heels Mfg	4¾	4¼	4¾
1,200	Den Asp	94	89	90½
1,000	Hud Coal	50	50	50
1,000	Hey Chem	87	87	87
1,800	Hupp M C	10¾	10¼	10¾
1,500	Indep Pack	25¾	25¾	25¾
1,000	Inside Mot	6¾	6¾	6¾
200	‡Lima Loco	94¾	94	94¾
100	‡Mad T & R	67	67	67
4,000	Mary-Ann	8¾	8¼	8¾
100	Nat C & S	55	55	55
800	Nat M Bus	7¾	7¾	7¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

10	‡Ind P L	100	100	100
10	‡South P Oil	329	329	329

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

1,100	‡Afax Oil	11	10½	11
60,000	‡Allied Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
6,000	‡Tmal Roy	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,300	Artex Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,000	‡Bat O & G	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,100	‡Bench Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
15,000	‡Boe-WyoO	70	68	69
2,800	‡San-AmO&G	3¾	3¾	3¾
2,500	Circle Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
5,000	‡C B T Am	50¾	48	50
500	‡Cons Pet	60¾	60¾	60¾
900	Cont Ref	9¾	8	8
4,500	‡Cos & Co	11¾	11¾	11¾
1,000	‡Coral Oil	8	8	8
4,000	‡Esm O & G	2¾	2¾	2¾
500	‡Fed Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,100	‡Glenrock O	4¾	4¼	4¾
2,000	‡Gulf Oil	21¾	21	21
4,200	‡Gulfp O&R	30	27	30
2,300	‡HomeORotT	30	19¾	20
2,500	‡HomePoIL	23	20	20
1,000	‡Internat Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
200	‡Int Pet	26	25¾	26
1,500	‡Invinc Oil	35	34½	34¾
4,500	‡La O & R	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,000	‡LancoBor	4¾	4¾	4¾
400	LittleSiouxO	1	1	1
20,000	Livingston O	2¾	2¼	2¾
1,500	‡Merritt Oil	22¾	22¾	22¾
500	‡Mex Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
400	Mex-Pan Oil	17¾	17	17¾
1,500	‡Mid S Oil	3	2¾	3
320	‡Mid S O, n v	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000	‡Mountain Pet	171	166	170
1,000	‡Midw-Tex O	8¾	8¾	8¾
1,000	‡Mor P of M	2¾	2¾	2¾
5,800	N Am Oil	7	6¾	6¾

MINING STOCKS.

2,800	Ala-Br C M	1¾	1½	1¾
2,000	Alas M Co	1¾	1¾	1¾
175	Am H M, wi	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,900	Am Mines	1

Buyers' Wants

Five cents per word each insertion.

ANIMOLE Wanted.—Unsave and other Plush, also beaver and mole, three inch stripe. Brahmson Bros., 46 West 29th. Farragut 6304.

ARTEX Wanted.—Anniemole, verimole, fur-mose, suplur, seco, 36-40, T-10 wanted; spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

BAFFIN, Behring, Yukon Seal and Faco Plush wanted; for cash. Farragut 3092.

BEAVER Wanted.—Three-inch stripe, any quantity. Madison Square 3816.

BEAVER Wanted.—Brenner, Blumenthal's. Farragut 2254.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Deland's 1180, copen and gray. Farragut 864.

BOTANY'S YALAMA Wanted.—Brown and navy; spot cash. Samuel Gladstone, 56 West 22d St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, 50-inch style, 382 navy; in exchange for other shades. Haft, Farragut 6124.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Juilliard 110 or American 112; navy, black, and burgundy. Farragut 3977.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or similar, brown to burgundy; must be reasonable. Chelsea 7826.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. — Lightweight hersey, all colors; also serges. Dunn, 127 West 29th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—American 342, black only. Farragut 3616.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Juilliard's 110, all shades. Chelsea 7014.

CANTON MULL Wanted.—White and flesh. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

CHAMELEON - CORDALINE Wanted.—Holden Leonard 721, Saxonia 974. Farragut 2616.

CHAMELEON CORD Wanted.—All shades; also tinseltone 4672. Madison Square 8508.

CHEVIOTS and Velours Wanted.—8 oz. like Stoney's 748; Valentine 110, Stumberg 1192, or similar; also taupe wool velours 644, 11080, or similar make. Weinstein Bros. Coat House, 114 East 23d.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Sterns and Chenerys, all clers; cash. Nat Lebenson, 9 West 20th. Chelsea 9611.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—Navy mlamus, silkline, navy. Stuyvesant 6214.

CINDERELLA Wanted. — Fancy Cheney Bros. 40 inches, all patterns; Farragut 2616.

COATS, Suits, Waists, Dresses, Skirts Wanted.—Jobs, cash. Seventh floor, 48 West 28th.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Jobs, any quantity. Albert Terrakin Co., 38 West 32d.

CORDUROY Wanted.—White, Juilliard's 615 or similar quality. Phone Madison Square 7937.

COTTON GOODS, Printed, Wanted.—Serpentine and Pacific crepe; quantity no object if price is right. Submit samples. M. N. Arida, 118 West 22d.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—64x80, 68x72, 72x76, 80x88 cambrics, nainsook. Stuyvesant 7309, Mr. Tobias.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Everett classics, 50 cases of assorted patterns. Hanover 976.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—Any quantity, all colors. Phone Chelsea 7545.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—All colors, all makes, any quantity. Chelsea 7633-3575.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—3 thread 72 pick, and georgette 3 by 8; in colors, navy, brown and blue. See A. Goldberg, Myer Goldberg & Son., 154 West 26th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—Will purchase large quantities, various qualities, raw or finished; immediate and future delivery. Ledwin Corp., 93 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Flesh; for cash. Freydberg, 35-39th Av.

DELANDS Wanted.—0800, reindeer, shades 15, spot cash. Markowitz & Schlossman, 49 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors, we are open for satin, tricotine, velveteen and serge dresses in new, clever models only; bring samples Tuesday afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock. Marcell Dress Co., 275 6th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—500 dozen cotton dresses and skirts; also 500 dozen cotton waists; for exporting. Call at 9 A. M., Jos. Heilbron, 220 5th Av. Phone Madison Square 8392-8394.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on velour, velveteen, tricotine and charmeuse dresses. Call between 1 and 5. Lowel, 7 East 30th St.

DRESSES Wanted. — Jobber looking at dresses of the better kind; orders placed immediately for good, snappy models. Apply 116 West 32d St., City Room 1206.

DRESSES, Suits, Winter Coats, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted.—Better grade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges, tricotines, better grade jobs for cash. 4th floor, 129 West 29th St. Farragut 5051.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on white georgette dresses; call with samples, 38 West 32d, third floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber open for serges, satin, tricotine, tricolettes, any quantity, for cash. First floor, 9 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Serge, satin, tricotine, tricolette; open for quantity for cash. Madison Square 9050.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Capes Wanted.—Highest grade; cash. Telephone Canal 1128.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs, any quantity. Albert Terrakin Co., 38 West 32d.

DVORA Wanted.—Portina, frost glow, Bokhara, invincible cloth. 128 West 24th. Chelsea 10396.

FLANNELS Wanted.—36-inch, pink and blue stripes; spot cash. Fastofsky, 22 East 22d.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Sealine nutria beaver, Australian opossum and kit cooney. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th.

FURS Wanted.—Of better grade, in quantities; will pay cash. Samuel M. Brinberg, 30 West 28th. Chelsea 8172.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Will purchase large quantities, various qualities, raw or finished; immediate and future delivery. Ledwin Corp., 93 5th Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—In the raw for immediate or later delivery in quantities for cash. Write Silks, 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—We are open for large quantity, spot cash for immediate delivery. Friedberg Bros., 1472 Broadway.

GEORGETTE and Crepe de Chines Wanted.—0000, 2325, 8384, 9077, 09077, 0388, Joel's 0051, yalama, brown, navy; spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

GEORGETTE de Chine Wanted.—0000 pieces, cash. Ballon & Saunders, 30 East 28th.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Quantity, all colors. 44 East 20th St., 9th floor.

GEORGETTE, GEORGINE Wanted. Lowensters, 456 4th Av.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Staples and plaids; small or large quantities. Gramercy 1397.

HUDSON SEAL Wanted.—Salt's also Behrings Seal and beaver and mole, three inch stripe, Brahmson Bros., 48 West 25th St., Farragut 6266.

JUILLARD Wanted.—Silvertones 2124, color 2 Oxford. Mad. Sq. 8121.

JERSEYS Wanted.—Black, colors also, heavyweight velours. Chelsea 4507.

LINING Wanted, cheap, printed pussah. Gramercy 6684.

NECKWEAR Wanted.—High-grade silk knits, immediate delivery; cash. Mad. Sq. 4179.

PALM BEACH CLOTH, Genuine, Wanted.—Light and other shades. D B 781 Times Downtown.

PANAMA Wanted.—Will buy any quantity of all-wool Panama. Chelsea 6297.

PEACH BLOOM Wanted, Navy, black, brown, Botany's yalama 8816 velour, all colors tricotine, Cleveland 9541, Joel's 8308, Read's 5800, 7161, Gilbert's oxfords 30190, 30199, Forsyth 1802-1805.

PLUSHES, Seal Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity, any make; Behring seal, Hudson Bay, Ungava, Polex, and other high-pile fabrics. Kindly call to see Hydel Plush Co., 30 West 27th, or phone Chelsea 6852-3.

PLUSHES Wanted.—U. S. 200, Peerless 510, Auffmordt 40-40, silk, Blumenthal's varimoles or similar, for cash. Ritter Bros., Greeley 4376.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Blumenthal's 4014 beaver, Ungava, Hudson Bay, Nuphar, Furness silk velour, Du-Nord. Greeley 4618.

PLUSHES Wanted. — Yukon seal, Hudson Bay, furmoss, nuphur, Dobson 730, Blumenthal's 4014. Greeley 4618.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Also 3 inch beaver in quantity, for cash. Abraham Instzarten, 8 West 10th St.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peerless, H. & H., Hudson seal, sealskin fur, black sealskinette. Wilson Mfg. Co. Farragut 9862.

PLUSH Wanted.—Any make or description, beaver and mole, three inch stripe, Brahmson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Farragut 6266.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco, Esquimette, Hudson seal, Chilmo, Unimack, Dobson's H 90 Back. Mad. Sq. 3121.

PLUSH Wanted.—Salts, Peco, Hudson seal and black 8180; spot cash. Farragut 8130.

PLUSHES Wanted. — 4040 Peco and T4; cash. Madison Square 4540, Ext. 14.

PLUSH Wanted.—Salter or any high pile black plush. Farragut 492.

PLUSH Wanted.—Auffmordt 4040 P. 10 Kessele, cash. Chelsea 9903.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Black; spot cash. Kramer, Madison Square 8040.

PLUSHES Wanted.—At once. Phone Stuyvesant 1606.

POPLINS Wanted.—All wool and cotton warp; all makes. David Carity, Gramercy 4992.

POPLINS Wanted.—Lightweight; quantity. H. B. Schwartz, 367 West 20th.

POPLINS Wanted.—All wool and cotton warp; all shades. Murray Hill 2269.

POPLIN Wanted.—Scotia 032. Telephone Chelsea 8067.

SALT'S SEALS, Plush and Hudson Seal Wanted. Murray Hill 5458.

SATINS Wanted.—Washable 36 and 40 inch, flesh only. Newmark & Kaufman, 141 West 20th.

SATIN CHARMEUSE Wanted.—40 inches. Import Silk Co., 140 Fifth Av.

SATINS Wanted.—Cotton back. Linker & Klein, 18 West 21th.

Buyers' Wants

SBCO Wanted.—White and colors; large quantity; must be cheap; cash. Farragut 4526.

SERGE REMNANTS Wanted.—Trimmings, velours, broadcloth, and silvertones; spot cash. Stuyvesant 2445.

SERGES, Tricotines Wanted.—All makes; quantity no object; for cash. Harris Coat House, 1115 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—236 U. S., 2372, Whitman 2206, Whitman 3183, American navies only. Stuyvesant 2626.

SERGES Wanted.—382, 7512, 7120, 11, 0036; also all makes in tricotines. Gramercy 4462.

SERGES.—Manush and French wanted, for cash, in big quantities. Henry Samuel, 256 Broadway, Spring 5372.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, navy only, any quantity. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

SERGES Wanted.—C. S. burgundy and plum, W. F. navy, and 54289 black. Farragut 0052.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, navy only. H. Bokhara, invincible cloak, 128 West 24th.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 104, 518, navy's $2.00 net spot cash. Madison Square 8052.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 238; will pay spot cash for any quantity. Farragut 3540.

SERGES Wanted.—833 Botany, any quantity. Phone Madison Square 2740.

SERGES Wanted.—7512, 7501, 833; also U. S. tricotine 911. Gramercy 3641.

SERGES, Tricotines and Poplins Wanted.—Alexander & Smith, 37 West 24th.

SERGES Wanted.—4062, Amoskeag, navy; for cash. Gramercy 1809, 8726.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, A. T. L. 4061, VEL WFX 4002. Madison Square 842.

SERGES Wanted.—833, 518, 9058, 0036; spot cash. Gramercy 1616.

SERGES Wanted.—Goff's 4050, 56 inch navy. Cairo, 213 8th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—K. S. W. Sackem, 87, 774-A Gramercy 9610.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman's 87 for cash. Stagg 4266.

SHANTUNGS Wanted.—116-125 os. 30 yard pieces. Goldstein, 8 East 16th.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy taffetas, peau de cygnes, crepe, georgettes, and fancies of all descriptions; call with samples. C. M. Oppenheimer, 39 East 20th.

SILKS Wanted.—Georgette, georgene, and crepe de chine; silk and cotton novelties, all shades; bring samples. Famous Waist Co., 99 Greene St.

SILKS Wanted.—Will buy for cash all kind of silks, taffetas, satin, fancies; also odds and ends in any quantity. Call Mad. Square 2673.

SILK REMNANTS Wanted.—Will buy for cash, any quantity of remnant silks, velvet and woolens. Call Mad. Sq. 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Any quantity; spot cash; Georgettes, stripes, taffetas, crepe de chines, fancies. Hyman, 145 West 30th St.

SILK Wanted.—Printed poplins, and tussahs, japs, tubs and radium; spot cash for quantities. Madison Square 2661.

SILKS Wanted.—Black taffetas, silk and cotton poplin and fancy goods. David Harris Sons, 38 West 21st St.

SILKS Wanted.—We are open for 3-thread poplin georgette crepe in all colors. Rodstein & Hyman, 652 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted.—Crepe de chines, taffetas wanted, in all colors; quantities. Call Room 53, 31 East 27th.

SILKS wanted, any quantity; spot cash; georgette, stripes, taffetas, crepe de chine. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted.—Silks, of any description; highest prices paid; spot cash. Madison Square 1504.

SILKS Wanted.—Taffetas in all colors, georgettes; quantity no object. Klein, 51 East 20th.

SILK REMNANTS Wanted.—Silks, velvets, or novelties; spot cash. Madison Square 1904.

SILKS Wanted.—Most any kind or color, including seconds. Spring 7304.

SILK PLUSHES Wanted.—Will pay $5 net cash for spot delivery. Gramercy 5573.

SILK Wanted.—50 pieces black Jap silk, 6 Mume. Gramercy 4168.

SILKS Wanted.—Fancy silks and flowered Tussah. Farragut 5689.

SILKS Wanted.—Tussah, Benjamin Holdt, Greeley 3157.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Delands, Stewart, or similar, navy and Pekin. L. Greenberg Bros., 71 West 22d St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades, price must be right, cash. Seventh Floor, 48 West 28th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American 15030, all shades, for cash. Stuyvesant 5562.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—American 1502 or 1503, copen, Benjamin Heidt. Greeley 3127.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Poplin, serge, and silk; spot cash; bring samples. 1,123 Broadway, Room 621.

STEVENS'S FABRICS Wanted.—0146, 4515, 0032, 2821, all colors, for cash. Madison Square 9087.

STRIPS BEAVER Wanted.—Three inch; any quantity. Madison Square 3515.

SUEDINE Wanted.—American 13058, navy, brown, and reindeer, cash. Madison Square 6744.

SUEDE-LIKE Wanted.—Howlett & Hockmeyer's; any quantity, 4th floor, 16 West 25th St.

SWEDINES Wanted.—American 13058, navy mill pay cash. 1380 Mad. Sq.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—All colors; also white tinges; chesilines; cash. 6 West 22d, 14th floor, Madison Square 9072.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—All colors, Store, 22 West 22d.

TINSELTONES Wanted. — Infantry blue; Holden Leonard. Phone M. Sq. 9857, Watterson.

TINSELTONES Wanted. — Leonard 7161, shades 4534, 4072; chameleon cord, shade 4534. Vanderbilt 1380.

TINSELTONES Wanted.—Navy and French blue; will pay cash. Farragut 8888.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—Open for quantity for dresses and skirts. Madison Square 7749.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S. Earleston, Cleveland, American De Land, cash. S. Z. Stein removed to 27 West 24th. Chelsea 3724.

TRICOTINES and SERGES Wanted.—0036 0000, 2325, 8384, 9077, 09077, 0388, Joel's 0051, yalama, brown, navy; spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Botany Co. 5062, Pacific D. R. W., 202, 2, 0000, 09077, 0388, 1041, 1042, Madison Square 2630. Roberts.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Andrew, U. S., Garfield, Lorraine, Cleveland; reasonable. Robt. Hammer, 1,123 Broadway.

TRICOTINES.—Wanted for cash in big quantity, Henry Samson, 256 Broadway, Spring 5372.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy and black; good quality only for cash. L. Goldstein, 88 Division St. Orchard 5229.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—09077, 0388, 9541, 9708, Deland 817, U. S. 911, 907; any quantity. Gramercy 2462.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S., Selden, Goff, Rosenberg's 1580, Duval, Cleveland's, and American. Gramercy 755.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open for navy tricotine and brown velour; at a price. M. G. Rosenthal, 13 East 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted. — Garfield's 4718, Joel's, Andrew's, and similar; for cash. Madison Square 0379.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, Deland style 917, American 09077 and 0388, any quantity. Gramercy 2462.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy and black; good quality. Hyman W. Ginsburg, 25 West 31st.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—5062, 4718, 817, 9541 navy, also Saffin seal. Dreyer, Benft, Glen, Greeley 1778.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S. Worsted and Earleston. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—75 pieces of navy, all styles, any quantity. M. Weisman, 118 W. 22d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S., American, Garfield, Dunmore or similar. Gramercy 6174.

TRICOTINE Wanted; also serge of good quality, only for cash. Farragut 7317.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—American 0388 and 09077, navy. Farragut 5758.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—For cash, U. S. 907, Perlman & Tiffany, 25 West 31st St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S. 907, Earlstone, Scotia and Dobson. Mad. Sq. 3121.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy and black; fine quality; spot cash. Farragut 8120.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, good quality. S. A. Francks & Co., 85 West 31st.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Botany 5852; must be cheap. Madison Square 9341.

TRICOTINES Wanted, for cash; navy. Simpson Bros., 39 West 32d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718, call from 9 to 10 only. Farragut 3317.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy and black. 5th Floor, 25 West 26th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light weight, yalama 5816 or similar, navy, brown, reindeer, pekin. Waxman, Chelsea 8332.

VELOURS Wanted.—Henna shade, light weight, all wool. Lee Wertheim, 51 West 21st St. Gramercy 4469.

VELOURS Wanted.—Wyandottes, 600, and Dobson 1918, all colors, for cash. 134 West 29th, 10th floor.

VELOURS Wanted.—Parker Wilder 551, or similar; all shades, any quantity, spot cash. Gramercy 7059.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 American, or similar; reindeer and brown. B. & R. Cloak Co., 8 West 18th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Black medium weight; also Saxonia or similar, in all colors. Madison Square 2094.

VELOURS Wanted.—Clark & Dana 6290, all colors; also Yalamas, all colors, for cash. Chelsea 9753.

VELOURS Wanted.—American heavy weight, navy and brown. 4562 Greeley.

Buyers' Wants

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens lightweight, navy and brown. Lifschitz & Jacobs, 1416 Chelsea.

VELOURS Wanted.—Wyandottes 600, all colors, quantity, for cash. Chelsea 8240.

VELOUR Wanted.—Clark & Dana; Telephone Farragut 3020.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—54-inch twill back black and brown; will buy or give wine and plum in exchange. 1946 Madison Square.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—All colors, Worrall 4ply 4twill back. Greenwald, Friedman Co., 9 East 32d St.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—Black, navy, brown, 22-inch, straight back. R. Vost, 102 West 38th.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Twill back, 44 or 36 inch, navy only; Chelsea 7929.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—Straight back. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

VENETIAN Wanted.—Quantity; 54-inch black and colored de luxe. 9168 Madison Square.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Open to buy fancy Venetians. Samuel Meadow, 104 West 27th.

Contracts Wanted.

KNEE PANTS contractors can produce 200 dozen extra weekly; desire to make knee pants for reliable concern; quick deliveries and reasonable price. Exchange, 462 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMERICANS 10030, 12065, also 1870, 1630; Raritan 1272; Sturaberg Schell 1190, also Stevens 1075, 6109, Delands 9600, 3700 G; all colors. Philbern Woolen Co., 9 West 24th. Farragut 3063.

APRONS AND HOUSEDRESSES.—1,000 dozen; immediate delivery. Criterion, 20 West 22d.

BEAVER STRIP.—3 frames. Philbern Woolen Co., 9 West 24th St. 9068 Farragut.

BLOOMER CLOTH AND COTTON JERSEY. —Various qualities; manufacturers supplied. Becker, Amsterdam, N. Y.

BOLIVIA.—Stevens 6116, henna, Pekin, Copen; also Saponia Cascade, color 117. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

BOLIVIAS.—Silvertip; all colors. Kramer, Mad. Sq. 9656.

BRAIDS.—Fringes, Girdles, Tassels; all varieties in stock; fine quality. Vanderbilt 4140.

BROADCLOTH. — Parker-Wilder's black American 112, colors 317, 312, 314; silvertones 15032, color 313. Garsson, 220 6th Av. Madison Square 4904.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany's 815, shade 797, reindeer, American, 112, colors 320, reindeer. Schweitzer, Madison Square 2326.

BROADCLOTH.—American 112, Color 317, Botany 815, black Juilliard 110 reindeer. Kramer, Mad. Sq. 9656.

BROADCLOTH.—American 112, Juilliard's 110; all colors; below market price. Chelsea 8240.

BROADCLOTH.—112, 12 pieces, shade 329, Molrovits, 23 West 31st. Madison Square 3140.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, American, all colors, cheap. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

BROADCLOTH.—American 112, navy, Madison Square 6761. Abra.

CHEVIOTS.—Jay Goodman, Herman navy, Oxford, Mackenzie 161 green, Greeley 4377.

CHEVIOTS.—¾ goods, Newhouse No. 9, 10 pieces, brown. Chelsea 8193.

CHEVRONA.—F. & H., all colors. Finkelstein, Madison Square 7428.

CHIFFON.—Velvet Cheneys, all silk; 2 pieces, gray; 9000 net. Call Madison Square 5040.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—Sizes 2 to 14, in most desirable shades and styles for immediate delivery. Ideal Girl Coat Co., 120 West 22d.

CHINCHILLAS.—American 18117; also 15035. Farragut 2957.

CLOTH.—Two pieces Poiret twill, navy, $3.50; 9 pieces tricotine Bolton worsted, No. 150, navy, $3.65; 5 pieces Bellvia, Auffmordt's 6710, $6.50; 4 pieces silvertone, Auffmordt's 6784, $6.85. Telephone 7500 Chelsea.

CLOTH.—Contractor has cloth and silk dresses to close out, 17 West 17th; 10th floor.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, Yukon and seal plush; immediate delivery, from $16.50 to $75. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th.

COATEES in pill fabric and fur effects, to jobbing trade, jobs in coats and suits. N. Burwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATEES AND COATS.—Plush, plain and fur trimmed; snappy styles. Singer & Son, 40 West 21st.

COATEES.—Plush, high pile; also cloth coats. Blumenson, 36 West 22d.

COATS, Suits.—1,000 silvertones, velours, broadcloths, cheviots, latest models, far below market price; also 1,500 other high-class tailoring prices. Emanuel, 42 West 27th.

COATS.—Children's; don't buy until you have seen our wonderful values; 2-14 years; also jobs; immediate delivery. D. Kanter Co., 2 West 17th.

COATS.—Ladies', misses' and juniors' silvertones, broadcloth and velours, on racks, for immediate delivery; popular prices. Charnay & Freed, 158 West 27th.

COATS.—Silvertones, velours, broadcloths and plushes, on racks; immediate delivery; $15.75 up. Horowits Bros., 122 West 29th.

COATS.—For jobbers; immediate delivery, silvertones, velours, fur trimmed and plain; all sizes and colors. Brooks Co., 37 West 20th.

COAT manufacturer wishes to connect with jobber who can use better grade of merchandise. Write 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

COATS.—High-class desirable materials; immediate delivery; $25-$50 up. Meserritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS AND COATEES.—Plush, silvertone, broadcloth; immediate delivery. A. Novick & Co., Inc., 45 West 27th St.

COATS.—Ladies', misses', juniors' cloth, fur trimmed; popular priced; coatees. Blumenson & Co., 50 W. 22d.

COATS.—Plush, fur trimmed, regular and stout; broadcloth, fur trimmed, at big sacrifice. 1,193 Broadway, Room 22.

COATS.—Velours, plain and fur-trimmed, to close out; attractive styles. Elson & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS AND COATEES.—Plushes and velours on racks for immediate delivery. Elsen & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS.—300, all sizes, assorted styles, to close out at sacrifice. F. & J. Cloak Co., 793 Broadway, Stuyvesant 7873.

COATS.—Velour, silvertone; on the racks; for immediate delivery; $11.50 up. I. Zelkow & Son, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—1,200 wonderful values on the racks at a sacrifice. Zimmerman & Carner, 48 West 22d.

COATS, children's, all wool velour, fine styles, best values, to close $4. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

COATS.—250 to be closed out $5; all lined; plush collars. Call 141 West 26th St., top floor.

COATS.—Half lined, Kit Coney collar, $9.25; write for samples. M. & W., 35 West 20th.

COATS.—500 silvertones, velours on racks. Schwartz & Freedman, 116 West 116th.

COATS.—Resident buyers, plush coatees on hand, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

CORDUROYS.—Boyds, Crompton and Juilliards, all shades; also chinchilla cloth. Spring 6084.

COTTON GOODS.—Satteens, under market; spot delivery; jobbers, cutters, exporters. Nathan & Heyman, 1,123 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Large quantity, white only; price very reasonable; also a quantity of crepe meteor, assorted colors. Rahhal 76 Greenwich St.

DENIMS.—Chambrays and cotton goods always on hand under market prices. United Cotton Goods Exchange, 320 Broadway.

DOLMANS, 1,000; 500 Spring capes, 350 coats, cheap. 7th Floor, 48 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Tricotine, hand embroidered; high class; reasonable price. De Angelis, 15 West 20th.

DRESSES.—500 serge, satin, and velveteen dresses to close out by contractor, J. & M. Dress Co., 129 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Children's dresses, sizes 6 to 14 years; $6 down and up. S. Furekas & Son, 106 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Big jobs of dresses and coats to close out; very cheap. Abraham Lustgarten, 8 West 19th St.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 200 high-class Fall dresses; sell very reasonably. 138 West 25th St., 9th floor rear.

DRESS SATIN, quality 228, and taffeta quality 206, Ulrich and Donaldson evening shades. Phone Farragut 6182.

DRESSES.—Job lot serge, satin, tricotine, and velveteen at a price. C. P. M. Dress Co., 38 West 32d, Room 1002.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, serges; sell very reasonably. Cohen-Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES, Serges, Silks, and Tricotines to close out for a price. Gross & Liebowitz, 134 West 20th, 4th floor.

DRESSES.—200 serges to close out by contractors. 106 East 19th, 4th floor. Stuyvesant 7483.

DRESSES.—Tricotine, serge, satin; snappy styles to close out at a price. Daniel Levy, 129 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Satins, georgettes, and tricolette dresses to close at a sacrifice. 347 5th Av., Room 706.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 500 high-grade dresses, job, cheap. 134 West 29th, Room 704.

DRESSES.—Immediate delivery, fine quality crepe de chine dresses at $16.75. Brighton Dress, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job of new satins to close out. Michael Simon, 334 5th Av.

DRESSES.—All fashionable materials; 50 jerseys below cost. Deutsch, 25 West 32d.

Offerings to Buyers

DRESSES.—Cole can be made in our showrooms because you save many dollars on cuts; we present 5,000 dresses on the racks of tricotine, tricolette, serge, satin, velvet, at $7.50 to $37.50, and every one is a bargain for thrifty buyers; and what's more, we are prepared to ship $250,000 worth per month. Don't let the bombastic cry of shortage and high prices scare you; come in, and let us show you how we can take care of your dress needs; be sure to see our special tricotine at $13.75 and our velveteen dress at $40.75. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—Our dresses possess styles that sell; clever in effect, carefully finished and popular priced in all the newest modes in all the most wanted materials; we have the dresses ready for shipment; tricotine dresses $15.75 to velveteen, $10.75, and serges, $6.75; come, see and pick out; or wire. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES.—Now is the time to do business; your customers want dresses right away; if you haven't the goods they'll go elsewhere; be prepared; we'll help you; we have thousands of dresses on the racks ready to ship; new stunning models; velvets, serges, satins, tricotines, paulettes, jerseys, $7.50 to $21.50 up. Mayer Bozniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—This is a short week; we must do a whole week's business in three days; closed Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, Jewish holidays; great values in jobs, 10 to 1,000 dresses, in wonderful assortments for spot delivery; exceptionally low prices. Meyer Bozniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Intelligent service is an important component of business success; that's why buyers appreciate our immediate delivery proposition on serges, tricotines, satins, velveteens, paulette and jersey; Angonia Dress Co., 56 West 25th St., N. Y.

DRESSES.—If its tricotines, paulettes, jerseys, satins, serges, velvets, we have them; $7.50 to $37.50; on the racks for instant delivery; our direct selling plan saves you $1 to $5; call and be convinced; you'll be dress wiser and a customer. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Manufacturing on premises for jobbers exclusively; we do not sell department and specialty stores; satin, velvet; immediate delivery; orders taken for future; early Spring numbers ready. Kerchman & Katz, 37 West 29th.

DRESSES.—If you are looking for the best values in tricolettes, tricotine, satin, georgettes, and velveteens, call to see us today without fail; we have them for immediate delivery. Manos Dress, 49 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serges, tricotines, satins; all-wool serges, $6.75 to $9.75; satins, $9.75 to $11.75; tricotines, $13.75 to $16.75; also 1,000 suits and coats; big reductions. Emanuel, 42 West 27th.

DRESSES.—2,000 new styles, tricolettes, tricotines, serges, wool-jersey, and satins; on racks for immediate delivery at exceptionally low prices. Balsam & Schiemer, 27 West 22d St.

DRESSES.—3247, serges, satins, tricotines, georgette, and velvets ready to ship today. How many can you use? Perfect Style Regent Dress Co., 158 West 29th St. Farragut 7300.

DRESSES.—5,000 serges and velvetines on racks for immediate delivery; also Susquehanna poplins, full lustre, $4.50 up. Pan-American Dress Co., 12 West 31st.

DRESSES.—On the racks, 2,000 tricotine, satin, serge, jersey, paulettes velvets; at your price. Mr. Jobber; $7.50-$35; investigate. Marietta, 20 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Will close out 150 $16.50 net sack, 350 satin, velveteen, tricotine, tricotine, and velveteens. Prices to $32.50; need money. Belmont de Lara, 48 East 34th.

DRESSES.—10,000 tricotines, serges, velveteens, velours; exclusive styles, to close out at an especially low price. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Serges, $5.75; Panamas, all colors, $3.75; silks, $5.75; Susquehanna poplins, cheap. Silk crepe de chines, $5.75. Milton, 46 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, tricotines and velveteens; snappy styles; exceptional values for immediate delivery. Joseph Bros., 25 West 15th St.

DRESSES.—Better grade of tricolettes, satin, georgettes, jersey, tricotines, for evening dresses. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th.

DRESS CONTRACTOR has job of fine tailor-made tricotine and serge dresses; cheap for cash. Mael Dress Co., 29-31 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Serges, tricotines, jerseys; snappy styles; exceptional values; immediate delivery. Chauser, 137 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, jerseys, $8.75 to $14; immediate delivery, big values; seeing is believing. Louis Nusbaum, 110 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Snappy Fall style, close out satin, serges; low price. Pitoraeli Dress, 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs, silks, serges; $4.75 and up; value $7.50 to $15. Queen, 114 West 28th.

DRESSES, high lustre, Susquehanna silk poplin, $4.50. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES for expert and Florida trade to close at low prices. Queen, 114 West 28th.

FLANNELS AND SUITINGS.—Mens. Stuyvesant 1181. Bernstein Bros., 48 University Place.

FLANNELETTES.—Ten cases Pacific's duckling, fleece assorted, plain colors; reasonable. Telephone Franklin 2377.

FULWOOL.—Olive 162, in brown 151; will sell at a price. Farragut 3767.

FUR COLLARS, Raccoon, and Sealine Coney in assemblable. Mr. Sondman, Madison Square 1921.

FUR COATS.—$13.50 each; extra heavy, full length. Louis Friedman, 713 Broadway.

FURS.—A lot of Kitt Cooney coats. A. Abrams, 206 7th Av.

GEORGINE.—200 pieces flesh, white, and all colors; immediate delivery; below market. Farragut 2825.

GINGHAMS.—Arkwright stripes 194; immediate delivery. Gramercy 4410.

HATS.—Men's soft and stiff, case of dozen lots, for cash. 372 3d Av.

HOSE.—Ladies' full fashion silk hose, assorted colors; price very reasonable. Itabhel, 76 Greenwich St.

JAP SILKS.—Natural, 3½, 4½, 5½, cheap; also fancy sateens. Banner Fabrics, 27 West 24th. Chelsea 7000.

JAP SILK.—10 Mumnie Eichenzen; red habutai; natural, 1 low market. Feyenette Waist, 170 5th Av.

JAP SILK.—4 Mume natural Kaga, below market price. Greeley 3356.

JERSEY CLOTH.—5,000 lbs. @ 87½c per lb.; immediate delivery. S. and R. Underwear Co., Inc., 100 Grand St. Tel. Canal 8834.

LACES.—Small lot to close out. Mode, 35 East 20th St.

LININGS.—Good quality Peau de Cygne for sale at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

OVERCOATS.—Boys', 8 to 17, $7 each. National Clothing Exchange, 80 Bleecker St.

PANTS.—Men's, 123 and 382 dozen; also better grade cassimere and worsted pants, cheap. I. Greenwald, 426 Broadway, Canal 1565.

PANTS.—Men's corduroys 832, cottonettes 821, moleskins 821. N. Schleckinger & Son, 71 Pike St.

PEACH BLOOM.—F. & H., 1010 shade, 86; also botany veldare, 5659, all shades, 48-85. Telephone Farragut 3118.

PEACH BLOOM.—F. & H., all colors; also Chevrons, Madison Square 8416, Weltzer.

PEACH BLOOM.—All colors, F. & H. Finkelstein, Madison Square 7428.

PLAID BACK Keeley & Watson, Buckley & Cohen's silvertones; navy. Madison Square 1948.

PLUSH.—Crushed mercerized H. & H., all colors; Arctic fox and Primard, sateen and Stylis. Rosenfeld Bros. & Rosenberg, 423 West 21st St.

PLUSHES.—Blumenthal's furkim, hair seal, civet cat and baby Persian lamb, at low prices. Telephone Stuyvesant 1604.

PLUSHES.—Salts genuine sealette F. & H., light weight velours, all colors. Madison Square 2257.

PLUSHES.—Pearson, 8080, De Outre, brown and beaver. Schweitzer, Madison Square 3538.

PLUSHES.—Pearson's 8080; all colors; also Blumenthal's Arctic fox. Greeley 1

COATEES ON RACKS

FUR & SELF TRIMMED

$13.75 to $50.00

COATS

Bolivias, Tinseltones, Silvertones Etc., Etc.

UP TO $85.00

KAPLAN BROS.

22 W. 32d St., N. Y.

SERVICE

To have what you need when you need it—that's our conception of service. And we're prepared to render that brand of service right now.

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INSTANT DELIVERY

Superbly fashioned models, strictly tailored or elaborately trimmed with fur and embroidery, in the most wanted materials, in the favored shades in all sizes.

$25.00 to $125.00

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The House Exceptional for Cotton Fabrics of Merit

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Velveteen Dresses $10.75

U. S. Worsted Tricotine Dresses $13.75

Immediate Delivery!

M. KIRSCHNER & SONS

14-16 East 33d St., New York

ALL WOOL TRICOTINE DRESSES

$13.75 Net

M. WEISMAN & SONS

114-124 W. 22d St.

The Buyers Dress Rates

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THIS WEEK ONLY

18 W. 20th St.

HOLSTEN YOUNG AND COMPANY

LEATHER NOVELTY COATS

Waterproof & Rubberized Tweed Coats

Polo and Sport Coats

34-36-38 WEST 57TH ST.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.: J. D. Marienau, linens, white goods; 37 W. 20th.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil & Co.: Miss A. B. Dalton, silk dresses; 37 W. 20th.

ALBANY, N. Y.—R. Healy Co.: T. J. Buckley, coats, suits; Commodore.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Rafar-Malone Co.; W. C. Barnwell, hosiery, notions, men's furn. goods; 60 Worth.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.: F. P. Gracey, gen'l mdse.; 23 E. 20th.

BALTIMORE—H. E. Goldsmith & Co.; H. E. Goldsmith, children's dresses; Continental.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.: Mrs. M. Lannon, waists, infants' wear, negligees, muslin underwear; C. S. Chandler, men's, boys' clothing, boys' furnishing goods; 2 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp., (Baltimore Bargain House.) H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goodman, Wallach & Hoffer; W. F. Hoffer, millinery; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—L. Greif & Bro.; D. L. Greif, clothing; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisasser, millinery; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss Dilly, women's, misses' dresses; 2 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE—W. A. Applewaite, coats, suits; 684 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kahn & Co.; Miss Ockleman, vellings; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. Co.; Miss L. Frey, women's neckwear; 1,150 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Lauer Co.; L. Lauer, dry goods; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; Baltimore Bargain House; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; basement buyers; A. Cohen, jobs, coats, suits, dresses, girls' wear; Miss Danahy, waists; Miss Floyd, millinery; Miss Keltner, muslin underwear, aprons, house dresses, brassieres, infants' wear, petticoats; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; R. M. Dean, small wares, leather goods; Mr. Shannon, piece goods; Mr. Barker, housefurnishing goods; Miss Adams, skirts; Miss Murphy, dresses; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; upstairs, Miss Kane, infants' wear; Mr. Post, women's inexpensive dresses; Mr. Hunting, women's coats; Miss Miller, misses' millinery; Mrs. McNamee, millinery; Mr. Bullock, women's suits; Miss Milliken, infants' coats, sweaters; basement, Mr. O'Brien, misses' and women's suits and coats; Mr. Tobey, shoes; Mr. Kingsdale, men's and boys' suits; Miss Golding, waists; Miss Sweeney, millinery; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—J. H. Rosenberg, men's furn. goods; Commodore.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, skirts; E. H. Bell, upholstery goods, curtains; Mr. Blume, representing; S. A. Campbell, hdkfs.; Miss Cronin, infants' wear; J. A. Keough, men's hats, clothing, youth's clothing; G. H. Guest, housefurn. goods; Miss Lugrin, toys; A. McKettrick, cotton blankets; F. C. Kimball, women's costumes; Mr. Ross, representing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—E. A. Goldman & Co.; E. Goldman, ducks, denims; Breslin.

BRISTOL, Tenn.—H. P. King & Co.; A. R. King, ladies' garments; Pennsylvania.

BROCKTON, Mass.—Fraser D. G. Co.; J. G. Walker, muslin underwear, hosiery, knit underwear; 6 W. 32d; Broxtell.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; H. Burris, men's hats; L. Karl, men's furnishing goods; 2 W. 37th.

BURLINGTON, Iowa—Schramm & Schmieg Co.; W. T. Doughty, mfg. dept.; T. Schinsel, gen'l mdse.; 60 Worth.

CHANDLER, Okla.—E. Jacobs; Mr. Grossman, waists; 37 W. 20th.

CAMAGUEY, Cuba—Daniel Weill, Palm Beach suits, khaki shirts, work pants; 27 Thames St.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia.—Welch-Cook Co.; F. C. Plumb, women's furn. goods, underwear, hosiery; 43 Leonard.

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Hutchinson, Stephenson Co.; J. M. Hutchinson, hats; Imperial.

CHICAGO—J. Y. Farwell Co.—W. W. Towne, jewelry, cut glass; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Hillman's; H. Hillman, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; L. B. Elliott, coats, wholesale department; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Miss I. C. Fry, waists, blouses; Bristol.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward Co.; H. J. Smith, piece goods; 309 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Eisenstein Bros. & Williams; L. Eisenstein and Lipman Eisenstein, clothing, shoes; Broadway Central.

CHICAGO—A. Smith & Co.; J. A. Ryan, carpets; Commodore.

CHICAGO—J. Y. Farwell Co.; C. P. Weigel, hdkfs.; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. D. Clark, Mr. Hoth, ready-to-wear clothing, woolens; H. Joggert, dress goods, silks; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; Mr. Becker, P. C. Nelson, curtains, draperies, upholstery goods; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; E. Beale, silks; E. J. Dawson, furn. goods; Mr. Powell, dresses; J. Gottlieb, coats, suits, dresses, basement; 18 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Kahn Bros. & Co.; J. Kahn, knit goods; 387 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, furs; M. L. Kahn, general mdse.; L. Weiskopf, men's clothing, underwear; 368 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; T. R. Gaines, women's coats, suits 350 B'way.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; H. Bachmeyer, knit underwear, hosiery; 366 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; A. R. Samuels, trunks, bags; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; F. Potts, linens; 200 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; Miss P. Hooper, jobs wool skirts; D. C. Ross, dresses; 116 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; Miss Loomis, millinery; 470 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Clark, Davis Co.; J. H. Davis, flowers, feathers; Miss K. Jones, millinery; Marlborough.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; J. Davis, boys' clothing; 19 E. 24th; Breslin.

DALLAS, Texas—Norwald Bros.; H. Berwald, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

DALLAS, Texas—Kellstrom Bros.; O. S. Kellstrom, ripple tail sweaters, ladies' suits; 1,470 B'way, Room 610.

DALLAS—Goldsmith D. G. Co.; I. Goldsmith, suits, dresses; Room 723, 1,133 B'way.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—M. L. Parker Co.; A. E. Simmons, women's garments, corsets; 1,161 Broadway.

DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; W. H. Canfield, hosiery; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; H. H. Spring, silk, muslin underwear, hosiery, men's silk, madras shirts; 200 5th Av.

DULUTH, Minn.—Marquitt's; N. Kris, general ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

ELKHART, Ind.—Ziesel Bros. Co.; C. Ziesel, gen'l mdse.; Pennsylvania.

ERIE, Penn.—Erie D. G. Co.; A. E. Seidel, linens; D. MacFarlane, silks, velvets; E. A. Laird, draperies, floor covering; 432 4th Av.

FLAGSTAFF, Ariz.—Babbit Bros. Trading Co.; Z. Hosh, clothing, ready-to-wear; 35 W. 32d.

GREENVILLE, Ohio—Elkenberry & Christopher Co.; T. B. Christopher, clothing; Breslin.

HAMILTON, Ont.—T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; Mrs. M. McLean, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; Miss K. Mullane, waists; 141 Madison Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thomson & Co.; F. W. Brauvelt, men's hosiery, umbrellas, underwear; 230 5th Av.

HAZLETON, Penn.—J. Gerhardt & Co.; J. Gerhardt, shirtings; 377 Broadway.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss A. Simons, dresses; 116 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Hibben, Hollweg & Co.; H. B. Cumins, hosiery, gloves; L. H. Kriete, men's furn. goods; 200 B'way.

JACKSONVILLE—A. Sperak Co.; A. Sperak, ready-to-wear; 25 W. 25d.

KANSAS CITY—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; L. Smith, President; J. H. Smith, mfg. dept.; W. D. Kidwell, domestics; 72 Leonard.

KOKOMO, Ind.—Wm. H. Turner Co.; F. C. Phillips, carpets, upholstery goods; York.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; E. B. Snyder, clothing; 404 4th Av.; Imperial.

LAWRENCE, Mass.—A. B. Sutherland Co.; G. M. Talbot, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

LEBANON, Penn.—L. Samler, waists; 37 W. 20th.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—J. D. Purcell Co.; Mr. Denison, house furn. goods, china; 6 W. 32d.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass Co.; J. N. Battle, silks; 1,150 B'way.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Doyle-Kidd D. G. Co.; L. J. Ottenheim, draperies; 60 Worth.

LOS ANGELES—M. A. Levin; woolens, cotton piece goods; McAlpin.

LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; L. R. Strong, draperies, curtains, shades, oilcloth, rugs, carpets, linoleums, porch screens; 95 Madison Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Herman Strauss & Sons Co.; A. I. Strauss, jobs coats, suits, dresses, waists, furs; 1,158 Broadway.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—Cheatham Clothing Co.; C. A. Cheatham, clothing furn. goods; York.

MEDINA, Ohio—Warren, Hemmeter Co.; W. E. Hemmeter, dry goods; 4 W. 22d.

MILWAUKEE—Gerretson Co.; Miss F. Polacheck, ready-to-wear; Holland.

MILWAUKEE—Blumenfeld, Locher Co.; F. Hoehl, flowers, novelties; 640 Broadway; Breslin.

MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee Apparel Co.; L. Elsas, jobs coats, suits, dresses, waists, skirts, children's coats, dresses; 366 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; S. Knight, men's furnishing goods; 2 W. 37th.

MONTICELLO, N. Y.—Hammond & Cooke; J. A. Cooke, general merchandise; Herald Square.

MONTREAL, Can.—Almy's Ltd.; Mr. Saunders, ribbons, toilet goods, notions; 220 5th Av.

NEW LONDON, Conn.—S. A. Goldsmith Co.; N. Dreyfus, genl mdse.; 105 Grand.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; F. Manley, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; C. W. Neyhard, house furn. goods, china; 6 W. 32d.

NORRISTOWN, Penn.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 404 4th Av.; York.

OMAHA, Neb.—Byrne & Hammer D. G. Co.; M. A. Roecker, laces, corsets, ribbons; P. J. Turinsky, whits goods, linens; 43 Leonard.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson; C. H. Clark, coats, waists; 404 4th Av.; Broxtell.

PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Miss Bernstein, jobs skirts; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss A. B. Lerner, jobs ladies' skirts, coats, buttonmant; Mr. Goldman, ladies' coats; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Hirsch Co.; Miss Cohen, jobs dresses; 470 4th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss Cohen, jobs serge dresses, waists; 1,261 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; Miss Forman, silk waists; Mr. Kresge, millinery; 37 W. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Mendall's; Mr. Kaussman, Mr. Hirsch, jobs children's wear, waists, underwear; Room 1116, 35 West 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—B. E. Oppenheimer & Bro.; B. E. Oppenheimer, Yancy goods; Grand.

PHILADELPHIA—Jac. Miller, Sons & Co.; E. Miller, shirtings; 200 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; E. Bahn, trunks, leather goods; D. B. Scott, men's furn. goods; V. Zauner, representing; B'way and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—A. Graff & Co.; A. F. Lippincott, rugs; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—S. Taggen, shirts, pajamas; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Blumenthal, woolens; Bristol.

PITTSBURGH—R. S. McKim, men's furnishing goods; Marlborough.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; A. J. Kunkel, men's, boys' clothing; Miss A. S. Eckert, misses' coats, suits, dresses; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; E. Kaufmann, sporting goods; Mr. Edgcomb, boys' caps; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; C. Graham, dress, wash goods; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; W. E. Prince, men's, boys' furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; H. M. Edgcomb, hats, caps; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—W. J. Beckton, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; A. E. Rogers, domestics, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d; Collingwood.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. H. Frank, sweaters, waists; 364 5th Av.

PITTSTON, Penn.—Fowler D. G. Co.; H. J. Williams, general mdse; 212 5th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—S. Nemiro, Tricotine dresses; 15 East 26th, Room 1010.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; R. R. Adams, men's furn. goods; 212 5th Av.

POTTSVILLE, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; D. E. Kercher, house furn. goods; G. Arbogast, notions, embroideries, laces, hdkfs.; 230 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; Miss M. F. Tulley, laces, embroideries; 116 W. 32d.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; J. Samuels, men's clothing; 116 W. 32d.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; T. Lcebenberg, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; Miss Geraghty, women's gloves; T. F. Brannon, wash goods; Miss A. M. Kenney, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 230 5th Av.

READING, Penn.—Wideawake Shirt Co.; S. R. Lurie, shirtings; Herald Square.

RENO, Nev.—Gray-Reid-Wright Co.; E. F. Wright, dry goods; 1,150 B'way.

RICHMOND, Va.—Cohen Co.; Miss H. Engelberg, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

RICHMOND, Va.—Dreyfus Co.; S. Hasel, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; A. W. Bates, notions, jewelry, toilet, leather goods; A. S. Minter, hosiery, gloves, embroideries; R. B. Underwood, men's furn. goods, knit underwear; 433 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman Co.; Miss E. Goldblatt, infants' wear; 225 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. Adler Bros. & Co.; M. Adler, woolens; 200 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss Kimball, misses', juniors' dresses; 470 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss Moriarity, skirts; 470 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; F. S. Austen, holiday goods, luggage; H. A. Sutton silks; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; L. W. Lemon, jobs waists, muslin underwear, flannelette gowns, bath robes, kimonos; Miss Finzer, coats; Mr. Diamond, jobs ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.

SACRAMENTO—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; W. F. Hopka, domestics; 225 5th Av.

SAGINAW, Mich.—Briggs & Butenschoen; L. P. Butenschoen, clothing; Breslin.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—A. B. Frank Co.; C. Davis, dry goods; 43 Leonard.

SAN FRANCISCO—J. H. Crowley, notions, ribbons, yarns; 4 W. 22d.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—Wallace Co.; Miss M. Brandt, hosiery, knit underwear; Miss Quay, laces, neckwear, trimmings, vellings; Breslin.

SCRANTON, Penn.—Clarke Brothers; W. F. Dolmetsch, hosiery, men's furnishing goods; 404 4th Av.; Herald Square.

SELMA, Ala.—Rothschild Merc Co.; Mr. Rothschild, ready-to-wear; 203 5th Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—Johnston-Hatcher Co.; C. Johnston, general mdse.; Commodore.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Kest & Rountree D. G. Co.; R. Peacher, piece goods; J. H. Rountree, domestics; 72 Leonard.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Wheeler & Motter Mercantile Co.; E. A. Marechale, carpets, rugs; 72 Leonard.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Tootie-Campbell D. G. Co.; J. H. Price, mfg. dept.; 60 Worth.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss A. Fox, infants' wear; S. Rubin, mdse mgr.; Miss C. Mirvans, muslin, silk underwear; D. Taylor, gloves; M. L. Salomon, men's clothing; 470 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; W. Addison, linens, white goods; 377 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; C. J. Stanger, remnants, outings; 377 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss Arbogast, art needlework; 37 West 38th.

ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; Mrs. F. Kern, trimmed, tailored hats; 305 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Golden Rule; F. E. Hicks, men's clothing; 1,261 Broadway.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—G. Sommers & Co.; H. S. Sommers, notions; 395 B'way.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Pinch, Van Slyck & McConville; R. M. Jennings, Mr. Smith, hosiery; 320 B'way.

SYDNEY, Australia—J. J. Sullivan; W. H. Claire, silks, dress goods; 16 E. 35th.

TORONTO—H. L. Watts, dry goods; Commodore.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Bieber-Kaufman Co.; I. Kaufman, clothing; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Ide Millinery Co.; Miss Meyers, millinery; Cumberland.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Mrs. E. C. Shute, corsets; Miss Shute, underwear; J. Hertzberg, house furn. goods; 452 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; C. L. Bast, boys' clothing; Miss E. Hart, misses', juniors' wear; G. Bowman, window dresser; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, art goods; Miss I. Steagall, waists, furs; 234 4th Av.

WATERBURY, Conn.—Metropolitan Household Goods Co.; M. N. Oser, furniture; Flanders.

WICHITA, Kan.—Johnston & Larimer D. G. Co.; W. K. Jones furn. goods; 43 Leonard.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—A. Ranken & Co.; B. Heller, linens, notions, overalls; Pennsylvania.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn.—Heyman Bros.; Mr. Heyman, ladies', misses' suits; 1,170 Broadway, Room 503.

YORK, Penn.—F. J. Rowan, coats, suits; Pennsylvania.

YORK, Penn.—Charles H. Bear & Co.; Miss K. Mergenthaler, infants', children's wear; Miss J. L. Bear, Mrs. G. Chronester, muslin underwear, house dresses; 6 W. 32d.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strauss & Hirshberg Co.; Miss K. Hutzel, millinery; 141 Madison Av.

LISTS 78 SPRING COLORS.

Textile Association Beats Germany's Mark for Variety.

Women may bedeck themselves next Spring in gowns of seventy-eight new and staple shades, all "made in America."—according to the Textile Color Card Association of the United States, which began distribution of cards to the textile and allied industries yesterday. Last year only forty-four colors were sent out.

Germany's record is said to have been eclipsed in the number of new colors which will bid for popularity next Spring and which include rosebud, a brilliant pink; Venice, a turquoise blue; scarab, a bluish green; cinder, a gray; firefly, a striking red and orange; aero, an atmospheric blue; Aztec, a yellowish brown; eagle, a deeper shade of brown; middy, a scintillating navy blue; musketeer, a dark blue green; sponge, a brownish ochre and date, and Arabian golden brown.

COTTON MEN ARRIVE TODAY.

Representatives from Europe Coming for World's Conference.

One hundred cotton men from England and European countries will arrive on the Nieu Amsterdam today for the World's Cotton Conference, which opens at the McAlpin today and will continue for two weeks. The conference was scheduled for yesterday, but the opening session has been postponed until the arrival of the foreign delegates.

The present conference is preliminary to the larger convention of cotton men, which will be held in New Orleans in October. During their stay in New York the visiting cotton men will meet manufacturers and merchants, and visits to the New England mills by groups of the men are also planned.

SPLIT ON INSURING JOBS.

Queensland Favors Unemployment Bill, Victoria Rejects It.

MELBOURNE, Sept. 22. (Associated Press.)—Projects for unemployment insurance are meeting with a mixed reception at the hands of legislative assemblies of States in the Commonwealth. In Queensland the Legislative Assembly has given a third reading to the bill providing insurance against unemployment and requiring the employers to provide the necessary funds for the purpose. In Victoria, however, the Assembly has rejected a motion offered by the Labor Party in favor of unemployment insurance.

In the Federal Senate announcement has been made that when all the returned soldiers have been supplied with civilian clothes the Government will continue to manufacture cloth for the use of civilians.

Baby Wedged Under Trolley Car.

Pasqualine Mancre, 3 years old, of 147 George Street, Brooklyn, early last night while crossing Knickerbocker Avenue at Jefferson Street, was knocked down by a trolley car operated by August Klung of 253 Wyckoff Avenue. The boy was wedged under the forward truck, and while firemen were extricating him 1,000 persons congregated and threatened the motorman. Patrolman Eberle called the reserves and the crowd was dispersed. The child was sent to the Wyckoff Heights Hospital suffering from internal injuries.

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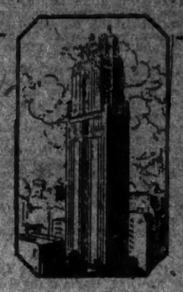

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REAL ESTATE FIELD

Another important transaction in the Fourth Avenue silk and wool district, where there has been considerable buying activity of late for occupancy and speculation, was closed yesterday by Daniel H. Jackson, operator, who purchased the Camera Building at 133 and 135 East Twenty-fifth Street from the Charles Mattlage estate.

The property consists of a seven-story modern office structure, on a plot 41.8 by 100, located 200 feet east of Fourth Avenue. It is fully tenanted by the silk and woolen trade and shows a gross annual rental of $28,000. The holding price was $200,000.

Investor Buys $500,000 West Side Apartment.

The twelve-story apartment house at 135 to 139 West Seventy-ninth Street has been sold to an investor by the estate of John R. Hegeman, former President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. The structure occupies a plot 82 by 102 feet, located between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues. It was erected about five years ago by Ring & Ring and held at $509,000. Containing forty-eight suites, it yields a gross annual rental of about $39,000.

Exporters Buy Site for Office Building in Water Street.

Charles F. Noyes Company sold for the Mahnken estate 40 Water Street, northwest corner of Coenties Slip, a four-story building, on a lot 25 by 87. The purchaser is Riera, Toro & Von Twistern, one of the leading import and export firms doing business with Porto Rico and Cuba and the South American countries. The buyers will immediately tear down the building and erect a modern five or six-story office building on the site for their own use.

Trust Company Sells Former Bank Building.

L. G. Miller, President of the Mutual Alliance Trust Company, sold the former bank building, a five-story edifice on a plot 87.5 by 75, at 265 Grand Street.

Operators Sell Wadsworth Avenue Apartment.

The Knap & Warren Company sold for Franklin Pettit to Ely Moran and Irving I. Lavine the apartment and store, on a plot 50 by 100 feet, at the northeast corner of Wadsworth Avenue and 178th Street, renting for $14,000, and held at $99,000.

Dwelling Sales.

L. J. Phillips & Co. resold for Charles Stearl a 4-story dwelling on a lot 16 by 100 feet at 646 West 158th Street.

Alfred P. Coburn is buyer of 159 West Seventy-second Street, which he will remodel into small apartments with offices on the ground floor.

Pease & Elliman sold for Miss A. Brennan the dwelling on a lot 15 by 100.8, at 117 East Ninety-first Street, held at $20,000.

Douglas L. Elliman sold for the estate of J. Gunnar Wright to a banker the dwelling, on a lot 22 by 100 feet, at 41 East Fifty-first Street, held at $110,000.

Electus T. Backus sold for the E. A. L. Holding Company the dwelling on a lot 18.9 by 102.2 at 116 East Seventy-second Street, to Robert K. Stafford, held at $75,000.

F. C. Sauters sold the dwelling at 454 Eighth Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenue, to Miss Helen G. Woodruff for Mrs. Anna P. Hesketh.

Buyers for Tenements.

Henry Brady sold for the Clark estate to A. Springer the four-story tenement on a lot 24 by 75 feet, at 345 Seventh Avenue.

Louis W. Osterweis sold to Margaret Roberts for the estate of Pearl Weinman the five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100 feet, at 513 West Fifty-ninth Street.

The Bronx Market.

Samuel Cowen sold through Edward Brown a five-story apartment at 1,069 Boston Road, held at $45,000.

Williamson & Bryan sold for Magdalen Haas four three-family houses, on a plot 122 by 94 by irregular, at 203 to 209 East 205th Street.

Alexander Selkin and Carl Jaffe sold for Charles Freidrich a two-family dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, at 709 Rock Street.

H. N. Stoneman & Son and M. Herdst sold for Philip Wattenburg to Phlip Koern a two-family dwelling, on a lot 20 by 75, at 872 East 163d Street.

H. Hornstein sold for the Ellen Realty and Construction Company to Nathan Kartiner the five-story apartment, on a plot 66 by 47, at 817 East 181st Street.

George J. M. McCaffery, Jr., sold for Charles P. Hallock a two-family house, on a plot 25 by 100, at 2,717 Gifford Avenue; for Andrew Parish a two-family dwelling, on a lot 19 by 75, at 1,094 Daly Avenue, and for a client the dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, at 1,068 Clinton Avenue.

D. Cohen and A. Weiss sold for a client to the A. H. Investing Company, Michael Kaufmann, President, the five-story apartment, on an irregular plot containing 9,000 square feet, at 908 Kelly Street, in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx. The property is a model apartment built by James F. Meehan, renting for $15,500 and held at $96,000.

J. Clarence Davies resold for the Kandel Construction Company to Mary Obama a three-family flat, on a lot 25 by 100, at 1,622 Taylor Avenue, near Van Nest Avenue.

Leitner, Brenner & Starr sold for F. McV. Hemenway and the estate of John R. Hinton and Harry Cahn and Philip Wattenburg two five-story apartments, each on a plot 39 by 120, at 856 to 860 Whitlock Avenue. The property rents for $10,000 and was held at $70,000.

The apartments at 1,624 Washington Avenue, on a plot 27 by 120, has been bought by Max Weiss.

Steinman & Steinman sold for Feinberg & Bernstein the northeast corner of 80a Avenue and Home Street, a five-story apartment house, on plot 103 by 46.3 feet irregular, held at $70,000.

More Lots in Claflin Estate Sale.

Twenty-two more lots, eleven on Kingsbridge Road and eleven on Eames Place, will unexpectedly be added to the 471 already included in the sale of the Claflin estate property when it takes place at the real estate auction room in Vesey Street at noon today. That formed the estate of the late H. D. Singhi and were purchased yesterday from his son. The Singhi estate had been held at more than $100,000.

Exceptionally high prices, which will probably make a record for Bronx real estate, are expected to result from the sale today. In spite of heavy assessments, which have been estimated as high as $1,500 per lot on account of the rock strata underlying the territory to be levied on the newly laid-out streets for sewers, grading, and paving in the near future the keen public interest aroused is regarded as likely to make the sale, from the financial point of view, a great success.

Brooklyn.

Charles Partridge sold for Frederick Emde to a client, for occupancy, the two-family dwelling at 285 Maple Street.

Fremin & Slinger sold to Barnet London the apartment, on a plot 89 by 100, at the southwest corner of Stuyvesant Avenue and Kosciusko Street held at $48,000.

J. Selsberg sold for W. Shoenfield to the Armour Construction Company a plot, 40 by 100 feet, on the south side of Forty-eighth Street, east of Fourteenth Avenue.

Shampan & Shampan filed plans for a temple, on a plot 100 by 136 feet, at the southwest corner of Fifteenth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, for Congregation Beth-El. The building will have an exterior of granite, will seat 1,500, and cost $350,000.

Walter S. Rose and C. C. Gretsinger sold for Martin J. Shields the house at 564 Seventy-sixth Street, to a client for occupancy.

Staten Island.

Moffett & Schwab sold for Isaac Feikin to Edward Boylan the two-family dwelling at 9 Rosewood Place, Tompkinsville.

Westchester.

Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the estates of Tappan-Zee, Inc., to Henry C. Meyer at lot on Harwood Avenue, Philipse Manor, North Tarrytown.

Mrs. Frankeine M. Ferigo bought from Frederick Brown the Dash homestead at Riverdale-on-the-Hudson. George Howe was the broker.

Harold Norton bought a residence from Robert C. Fulton on Nyac Avenue, Pelham Heights. George Howe was the broker.

Prince & Ripley sold for Lewis Johnson to Stacy D. Arrowood a residence on Young Avenue, Pelhamwood, and for Edith M. R. Burkitt to Frederick W. Kincaid her home with a two-acre plot at Irvington; also for Catherine Rottasbrouck to D. S. Inglehart her residence on Broadway, Dobbs Ferry.

Site in Long Island City.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company bought a triangular plot containing 18,000 square feet, with a frontage of 400 feet on Court Street, Long Island City, as a site for a three-story concrete factory, which will be used as a printing and binding plant. J. Stewart Herrman is the seller. The Roman-Calliman Company and Herman de Selding were the brokers. The price is said to be close to $225,000.

Recent Buyers.

Ennis & Sinnott, operators, are the buyers of the Alberton, a twelve-story apartment house at Broadway and 118th Street, sold last week.

Alfred P. Coburn is the buyer of 159 West Seventy-second Street, sold recently by C. Royce Hubert. The buyer intends remodeling it into small apartments.

William B. Parsons is the buyer of 240-242 East Forty-fifth Street, and Harry Aronson, Inc., of 159 East Fifty-third Street, both sold recently.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Ely Av, w s, 148 ft s of Hammersley Av, one story frame pig stable, 23x(12); Henry Weisman, 138 Stephens Av, Mount Vernon, owner; Robert F. Shell, 929 East 214th St, architect; cost, $4,000.

Brunner Av, e s, 118 ft s of Hammersley Av, one-story frame dwelling, 13x24; Henry Welsman, 138 Stephens Av, Mount Vernon, owner; Robert F. Shell, 929 East 214th St, architect; cost, $1,000.

Grace Av, w s, 101 ft s of Adee Av, one-story frame chicken house and pig stable, 8x24 and 22x100; Henry Welsman, 138 Stephens Av, Mount Vernon, owner; Robert F. Shell, 929 East 214th St, architect; cost, $1,100.

137th St, n s, 100 ft w of Alexander Av, one-story brick garage, 100x100; Maurice C. Buck, 261 Alexander Av, owner; Albert E. Davis, 253 East 138th St, architect; cost, $20,000.

Bathgate Av, w s, 80 ft s of 178th St, four-story brick dwelling, 25x61; St. Joseph's R. C. Church, owner, Rev. Patrick Morris, 701 Tremont Av, rector; Kirby & Call, 4,187 Park Av, architects; cost, $53,000.

Heath Av, w s, 80.37 ft n of 239th St, two two-story brick dwellings, 21x55; Heath Const. Co., owner; Abraham Ruth, 445 Audubon Av, President; Charles Kreymborg, 349 East 163d St, architect; cost, $22,000.

Boston Road, n s, 81 ft w of Charlotte St, five-story brick tenement, 89.9x99.5; Boston Road Const. Co., owners; Aaron Brand, 1,500 Wilkins Av, President; Goldner & Goldberg, 291 East 149th St, architects; cost, $135,000.

Alterations.

29th St, 45 West, to a four-story factory; H. Werner, 47 West 29th St, owner; S. Daub, 217 Broadway, architect; cost, $4,000.

57th St, 351 West, to a four-story dwelling, &c.; Real Realty Co., 30 West 59th St, owner; J. Jesmine, 37 Sullivan St, architect; cost $3,700.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, SEPT. 22.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, w s, 57 ft n of 172d St, 37.6x100; Annie McKwen to Morris and Benjamin Miller, 1,384 Prospect Av, Bronx, Sept. 18; attorney, Stephen P. Nash, 30 Pine St.....$1

AUDUBON AV, 450, n w cor 187th St, 189.9 to s s 186th St 47.5; Walter M. Wechsler to Mary Kaufman, 1,918 Davidson Av, Bronx, and another, b and s, Sept. 15; attorney, Michael Kaufman, 290 Broadway.....$100

AVENUE D, 40 and 51, w s, 93 ft s of 8th St, 44x80; Louis Newman to David Kerner, 141 Powell St, Brooklyn, ½ part; attorney, H. Goldstein, 1,025 Pitkin Av, Brooklyn.....$100

COMMERCE ST, 20-22, s s, 50x52x50x60; Lina Strauss to Isidore Burron, 37 West 3d St, mtg $12,000, all liens, Sept. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$50,000

DOWNING ST, 65 to 67, n s, runs n 99.5 and 51.6x s 49.7x s 90 to street x w 64.7 to beginning; Thomas H. Keogh, referee, to Samuel Gelb, 53 1st Av, foreclosure, Sept 29; Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway.....$5,000

JONES ST, n s, 175 e of Bleecker St, 20x100; Hy. T. Nichols to Livia M. Pope, 40 South Washington Square, and another, mtg $7,600; all liens, Sept. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

MADISON AV, 1,760, s e cor 115th St, 25x75; Isaac Goodman to Otto Zeeliger, 606 Cary Av, West New Brighton, S. I., prior mtg $4,000, Sept. 22, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hartemann & Kostuna, 505 Tremont Av.....$700

177TH ST, e w s, 190.11 ft n w of Havemeyer Av, 20.2x99.4x irreg; Otto Sandvik to Charles H. Schwaab, 2,264 East 177th St, Sept. 22, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,400

180TH ST, n s, 25.5 ft w of Morris Av, 97.11; Amis Wittmann to Wolfgang Weinhart, 497 3d St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $5,500, Sept. 19, 5 years, 6½ p. c.; attorneys, Radcliff & R., 16 Court s St, Brooklyn, N. Y.....$5,700

191ST ST, s s, 100 ft w of Hoffman St, 50x93; Mayer Wallach to Marks Holding Co., 106 Broadway, prior mtg $22,000, Sept. 19, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$6,500

226TH ST, s s, 555 ft e of Barnes Av, 25x114; Pasquale Cannava to Delia Branstiedt, 828 East 228th St, Sept. 16, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w cor 147th St, mtg $5,500; Loretta Camilleri to Wm. B. Camilleri, at Oyster Bay, L. I.; attorney, Chas. L. Livingston, 149 Broadway.....$1

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410; Edmund L. and Harry C. Haas to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$60,000

COMMERCE ST, 20 and 22; mtg $14,000; American Mortgage Co. to Mabel Prell and Mabel Prell to Benjamin Mehlman; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 2 assignments.....$14,063

FULTON ST, 192; Ormonde Holding Corp. to Clarence C. Fowler, at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.; address, 209 Broadway.....$4,000

MADISON AV, 130, mtg $20,000; Rangeley Contractors Co. to the Fundy Co., 405 Lexington Av; attorneys, Jonas & N., 115 Broadway.....$1,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 417, mtg $40,000; Charles E. Force & Co. to Second National Bank of Hoboken, 79 River St, Hoboken, N. J.; attorneys, Rabe & Keller, 256 Broadway.....$1

97TH ST, 716 East; Max Boley to Sara Eszer, 180 Franklin Av, Brooklyn.....$1,500

101ST ST, 167 West; Augusta Krump to E. Albert Wildman, 335 West 129th St; attorneys, H. A. & C. E. Hayst, 2 Rector St.....$2,000

239TH ST, 306 West, 2 half parts, mtg $18,000; Wm. Niemann and another, executors, to W. Niemann and another, trustees, and Wm. J. Janson, individually, 1,125 Decatur St, Brooklyn; attorney, John E. Roeser, 215 Broadway.....$15,000

49TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, mtg $10,000; Malcolm S. Mackay and another, executors, to Jeanie R. Mackay, 41 Dwight Pl, Englewood, N. J.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

67TH ST, 42 East; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. to Felicia Green, 117 Cambridge St, Syracuse, N. Y.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$35,000

125TH ST, 442 West, mtg $20,000; Thomas Nash, executor, to Excelsior Savings Bank, 70 West 23d St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 3 assignments, mtg of.....$16,000

Bronx.

CONCORD AV, 463; Gemerose d'Averza to Antonio Maggieri, 196 High St, Brooklyn; attorney, A. Maggieri, 196 High St, Brooklyn.....$1,500

HUGHES AV, w s, 200 ft s of 183d St, 22x100; Cecilia A. Savage, executrix, to Lillie L. Campbell, 185 Hall St, Brooklyn; attorney, W. F. Wund, 194 Broadway.....$7,000

INTERVALE AV, 1,342; Anna Felt, Philadelphia, Penn., to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$20,000

POPLAR ST, 2,538; Emma Blass to Charles A. Benkiser, 1,906 Marmion Av; attorney, Hirleman & Co., 391 East 149th St.....$1,000

134TH ST, 500 East; Frances S. Braun, executrix, to Charles R. Bauserdorf, 420 West End Av; attorneys, Bauserdorf & Tuttle, 120 Broadway.....$8,000

185TH ST, 311 East; William A. Butler and another, executors, to Laurence S. Adams, at Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.; attorney, J. T. Sturdevant, 31 Nassau St.....$1

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

8D AV, 977, str & rear bj Tuxedo Realty & Impvt. Co. to Jos. A. Foppiani, 12 Myers Av, Winfield, L. I.; 5 yrs from Feb. 1, 1920; address, Foppiani & Croce, 977 8d Av.....$3,500

AMSTERDAM AV, 218-18, s w cor 70th St, 2 stores and part of Petros G. Sinvaracos and ano, 218 Amsterdam Av, 3 yrs, from Oct. 1, 1919; attorney, Geo. J. Chrysakos, 83 Park Row.....$3,000

COOPER SQ, 60, str, bj 4s; Michael Ginsburg to Louis Cortilleo, 56 Cooper Square, 2 yrs from May 1, 1920; attorney, Louis C. Wells, 84 Broadway, Brooklyn.....$2,000

2D ST, 636-46 West, top floor; 640 Realty Co. to Celluloid Flexo Dye Works, 525 West 26th St, 6 4-12 yrs from Oct. 1, 1919; attorney, Jos. E. Greenberg, 297 Broadway.....$5,000

EAST BROADWAY, 9, s s; Marcus Kountze to Benj. Lipshitz, 163 East Broadway, 5 yrs from May 1, 1919.....

BROADWAY, 2,828-30, front part 24 floor; Manhattan New 8ist Hungarian Restaurant to Canton Restaurant, 2,630 Broadway, 9 10-12 yrs from July 1, 1919; attorney, J. K. Chung, 215 Montague, Brooklyn.....$1,600 to $2,300

80TH ST, 25-33 West, str flr & b; Capital Lunch System to Sanit. Shapiro, 2,240 47th St, Brooklyn; 5 yrs from May 15, 1919, to Jan. 30, 1925; attorney, Jos. Rubin, 309 Broadway.....$4,720

46TH ST, 100-112 West, Hotel St. James Co. to Edward S. Litchfield to William Quinn, Jr., 102 West 45th St, et al, 21 years from July 1, 1913; attorney, Sharon Graham, 32 Nassau St.....$37,000

2D AV, 145, corner store and basement; Jenny Faber to Peter Roth, on premises, 6 years from May 1, 1918, 5 years renew.; attorney, Bernard Friedlander, 582 Broadway.....$3,000

GRAND ST, n w cor Tompkins St, all; Edith M. K. Wetmore et al to Greenwich Association, 31 West 31st St, 21 years from May 1, 1919, and option of renewal; attorneys, Jones & N., 115 Broadway.....$4,000

8TH AV, 1,483, store; John N. Mergenthaler to Abram Morris, 1,783 Madison Av, et al, 5 8-12 years from Sept. 1, 1919; attorney, L. Newmark, 1,804 Madson Av.....$960

84TH ST, 45 East, all; Clara P. Porter to Miss Bertha Stern, 21 E. 84th St, 4-12 years from Jan. 1, 1920; attorneys, Jones & N., 115 Broadway.....$5,000

BOWERY, 249, all; Isabella Kurzman to Max Hauff, 30 Howard Pl, from June 1, 1919, to Nov. 28, 1923; attorney, Julius Hahn, 124 Rivington St.....$1,500 to $2,000

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 422, store; Jacob Silverman to Jacob Waldman, 753 Trinity Av, 5 years from May 1, 1918; attorney, A. H. Vitale, Bergen Building, Bronx.....$1,080

BROOK AV, 230, apartment on 20th floor; Elkan Kahn to Julius Asbel, 230 Brook Av; attorney, J. Asbel, 230 Brook Av.....$780

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s w cor Tremont Av, store; Nathan Skloven to Eli Rosenstein, 916 Hoe Av, 5 years from June 1, 1919, to Nov. 28, 1923; attorney, E. A. Rosenstein, Tremont Av and Southern Boulevard.....$2,220

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

7TH AV, 235; Benjamin Klein against Minnie Sternalbach, owner; Louis Halms, contractor.....$50,000

28TH ST, 132 and 134 West; Frank Sicolski against John E. Smith and Sarah E. Smith, owners; Joseph Reckbaum, Isaac Schwartz, and I. Cohen & Son, contractors.....$4,190

29TH ST, 105 East; Charles Staiger against Manlik Realty Co., Inc., owner; Dietrich Wortmann, contractor.....$400

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

4TH ST, 107 to 111 East; Edward Farber against David Wasser et al, Aug. 26, 1919.....$5,562

SAME PROPERTY; Eichelbaum Supply Co., Inc., against same, Aug. 22, 1919.....$2,606

87TH ST, 221 East; Joseph Pemberton against Six Hundred Park Avenue Co., Inc., et al, Aug. 26, 1919.....$129

126TH ST, 327 West; Nathan Finkel against Tomis Intrieri et al, Sept. 8, 1919.....$162

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

OSBORN ST, w s, 557 ft s of Oak Point Av, 18x100x irregular; William L. Condit et al against Carroll Macy et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Elkus, Gleason & Freeman.

MORRIS PARK AV, s s, 325 ft e of White Plains Road, 50x80; Johanna Birnbaum against Albert M. Schert et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. P. Van Kirk.

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Bronx.

MORRIS AV, w s, 32 ft s of 182d St, 90x196.1; Sam Minskoff Loans Realty Realty Corporation, to erect a — story building, — payments.....$45,000

WALTON AV, e s, 25 ft s of 182d St, 90x100; Sam Minskoff Loans Realty Realty Corporation, to erect a — story building, — payments.....$45,000

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Near Fifth Avenue and 23rd Street; loft building. Rent, $20,000. Increase in comps over expenses, $12,000. Price $140,000. Also other desirable business and loft buildings, large and small.

In Fifties, West, near Fifth Avenue; private residence. Price $60,000. Proo and clear; easy terms; chance.

Near Broadway, 50th Street; apartment house, apartments of 2 rooms, bath, etc. Rents, $11,300. Price, $61,000. Clear income, $1,320.

Near Broadway, 110th Street; apartment house, 5 and 6 rooms. Rent, $12,600. Price, $75,000.

Amsterdam Avenue corner apartment house, 12 stores and 2 and 6 rooms. Rents, $12,500. Price, $85,000.

Fine large Broadway corner elevator apartment house with stores, in vicinity of 145th Street. Rents, $62,000. Price, $400,000.

Fine corner 9-story elevator apartment house, 5 to 9 rooms. Good location. Rents, $50,000. Price, $650,000.

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ATTENTION, HOMESEEKER, SPECULATOR, BUILDER; 16-ROOM HOUSE; PARQUET FLOORS; HOT WATER HEAT; GARAGE FOR 4 CARS; LIVING OR WORK ROOMS ABOVE; PLOT CONTAINS 12,500 SQUARE FEET, 90x104 ON WOOD-RUFF AV., 40x100 PARKSIDE AVE.; HANDSOME, COMFORTABLE HOME; IDEAL APARTMENT HOUSE SITE; HOUSE AND GARAGE WOULD COST $15,000; LAND 15 WORTH $35,500; ENTIRE PROPERTY WILL GO FOR LAND VALUE IF SOLD BEFORE OCTOBER 1; AFTER THAT DATE PRICE WILL BE $37,500.
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WILLIAM F. RAE CO., 409 Nostrand Ave.

Brooklyn Water Frontage
24 acres on Jamaica Bay; bargain.
Jamaica South, 28 Acres
2,000 ft. frontage on Rockaway Turnpike; for sale or exchange; brokers protected.
Owner, JOSEPH ROHRER, 110 West 42d.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Occupancy
Oct. 1st.
A few distinctive houses in and adjoining Kew Gardens for sale at prices from $12,500 to $15,500. These houses are not new, but have every modern improvement. New houses under construction for occupancy shortly.
Kew Gardens Corporation,
1 W. 34th St., N. Y. City.

TO SETTLE ESTATE
House, 8 rooms, bath, garage, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, sewer, spontaneous hot water heater; corner plot, one block to station, three blocks to Sound, 27 minutes from Penn. Station; price $7,500; 10%mst, $1,500 cash, balance can be arranged. Browne & Stephenson, 161 West 34th St. Greeley 5262.

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Best residential section; 6, 7 rooms; near Kew Gardens; trolleys, elevated, schools; several styles; prices: 112th and 114th sts, one block north Myrtle av, Richmond Hill. CLASSIC CONSTRUCTION CO.
Building Construction Solicited.

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Broadway Property.
ITS FUTURE IS NOT GUESSWORK
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OFFER THE BEST INDUCEMENT
to investors, operators, builders or home seekers
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Buy A Lot On Broadway
without hesitation
249 LOTS on Broadway will be sold
At an absolute
AUCTION SALE
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75% can remain on mortgage
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For particulars apply to
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Modern Dwellings, $5,000 and Up
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—MODERATE TERMS
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of one of the finest corner houses in Mount Vernon. Available October 1st. 11 rooms, hot water, vacuum heat, parquet floors. Near New Haven station. High ground. Southern exposure.
PRICE $15,000.
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Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N.Y.

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The name given to a most charming country home with all city conveniences—gives one an idea at least of the beautiful wooded grounds. House most substantially built—contains 12 rooms, 3 baths—hot water heat—electric lights—back stairs—large verandas and porches. Three-car garage. Over one acre of land. Price $35,000. With less land, $20,500. Still less, $17,500. Owner extremely anxious to sell. Any reasonable offer considered.
COOLEY REALTY COMPANY
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NEW 7 rooms, 3 baths, stucco, near school, stores and station; $15,000.
6 rooms and sun porch, hollow tile, with hollow tile garage; corner plot. A Beauty; $12,500.
A good 6 room bungalow with garage, $7,500.
HOUSES to purchase are becoming more scarce every day; no time to lose.
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SCARSDALE
A Small Home with Large Plot
Located in Greenacres section, plot 150x100; well built Colonial house, eight rooms, two baths, hot water heat in perfect condition; near station; city $15,000.
Prince & Ripley
437 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 555

WE SPECIALIZE IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SEE Hr W. SULLIVAN,
290 South Broadway. Phone 5880 Yonkers.

New Dutch Colonial Cottage
3 rooms, 2 baths, garage. All improvements, gas, sewer, electricity, paved streets; highly restricted colony; 30 minutes to Grand Central. Will sell for actual cost. Little cash required. Particulars, R. Whalen, Tuckahoe, N. Y. Phone 433J.

COLONIAL GEM, $16,000
New 8-room home, 2 baths; garage; well built; high, choice, exclusive site; all city improvements; near station; 30 minutes out. Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y. Telephone White Plains 2980.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Houses, Baldwin, L. I.
Nearly ready for occupancy; very latest Colonial houses, up to the minute; electric light, steam heat, open fireplace, hardwood floors, large plot; five minutes' walk from train to Baldwin, L. I.; walk two blocks to Baldwin Av. and Oakmere Drive; price $7,500. Ask for Mr. Nichols. All day Sunday.
JAMES E. ROSS CO.,
885 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE
Owner will sell 5 acres of land, large, modern 8-room house, all improvements; gas, electric light, telephone, large garage, concrete floor; electric light, 2 rooms over garage. All species of fir trees, hedge fence, cherry, apple, and pear trees; near school, trolley and 20 minutes' walk from station. Bargain, $16,500; ¼ cash, balance 1st mtge. Sam W. HENNINGS, 55 Front St.

GOOD GROUND, L. I.
Twenty-two acres, 8-room cottage; big barn, garage; beautiful location; electric lights, running water, etc.; overlooking bay. Bargain to quick buyer, might divide. Spencer, 154 Nassau St., N. Y. Telephone Beekman 3084.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS in
NORTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND PROPERTIES
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

Garden City
25 minutes from Penn. Station, 45 minutes by motor to Stewart Ave.; between Hempstead Boulevard and Kensington Road
HIGH-CLASS COLONIAL HOME.
15 rooms, 3 baths; 2-car garage, with chauffeur's apartment; steam heat; beautiful Maple and fruit trees, evergreens and grape arbor. Well-developed flower and kitchen gardens. Price $32,000. Can deliver March 1st. Murray Hill 876. M. A. Green, 347 5th Av.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TENAFLY, N. J.
Thirty minutes on Erie R.R. or 45 minutes on train from Fort Lee Ferry.
Beautiful estate of 6 acres fronting about 1,400 feet on three streets. An old-fashioned, very substantial stone mansion, 16 rooms, in fairly good condition, three bathrooms, electric lights, etc. Will sell at reasonable price and easy terms.
M. R. ROBINSON,
16 West 33d St.
NEW YORK CITY.

Old Scottish Manor
with beautiful grounds of several acres can be bought on easy terms at its full real value. Ready to live in.
$85,500. Well Worth $60,000
Occupies crest of high ridge in the Watchung Mountains, almost 1,000 feet elevation. House has 20 finely appointed rooms and 4 bathrooms. Only two years old and never occupied. Less than one hour from N. Y. City. Near express station on D. L. & W. R. R. For details write Attorney, P. O. Box 520, City Hall Station, New York City.

AN OPPORTUNITY
Owing to the death of an officer, must sell most attractive home, almost new; every modern convenience. Sleeping rooms, 2 baths, sanitary gas kitchen, fireplaces, built-in bookcases, large plot, in best location. Good schools and transportation by railroad and trolley; 30 minutes to New York City. Price $11,000. Worth much more. Terms can be arranged. Worth investigating.
A. A. CHESWITH,
188 Broad Avenue, Leonia, N. J.

FORECLOSURE SALE
September 24th - - - - - Wednesday
AT
BRONX REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
3210 Third Avenue, N. Y.
ABOUT 500 LOTS
Suitable for Immediate Improvement
ON
East 222nd, 223rd, and 224th Streets,
Laconia Avenue, Eastchester Road.
TO BE SOLD IN ONE PARCEL.
These lots are suitable for immediate improvement and offer great opportunity for INVESTMENT.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

6 ACRE WATER FRONT
AT RIVERSIDE, CONN.
Beautiful, exquisite seashore home, 14 large rooms, four baths; wonderfully good taste in all appointments—in grounds, garage, and conservatory; large boathouse to accommodate a 35-foot boat; everything in fine condition; sea retaining wall; worth $25,000.
ASKING PRICE $20,000.
This is a remarkable place and one of the few desirable water fronts that can be purchased.
IT'S A BARGAIN.
LESLIE F. SMITH, Tel. 2230.
442 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn.

FOR SALE
GREENWICH, CONN.
MOST EXCLUSIVE SECTION.
Five acres high land, three miles from station; attractive new building with outdoor sleeping porches; fully furnished and equipped for immediate use as school or sanatorium.
ADDRESS D 296 TIMES,
or telephone Greenwich 548

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CLUB ROOMS
Convenient. Central Location.
MANAGER, 34 West 30th St.

41 EAST 41st ST.
Store for rent. Suitable for stock broker or building trade accessories.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
41 East 41st St. and 20 Nassau St.

41 EAST 41ST ST.
Store for rent, suitable for stock broker or building trade accessories.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN
41 East 41st St. and 20 Nassau St.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORIES
Any Size Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease

GAILLARD REALTY CO., INC.
50 WILLIAM ST. NEW YORK

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

53 West 72d St.
Ready for Occupancy.
SMALL ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
1 Room, Bath . . $700 to $900
2 Room, Foyer . $1,500 to $1,800
Bath and kitchenette.
3 Room, Foyer . $1,600 to $2,000
Bath and kitchenette.
FOR DOCTOR & DENTIST,
3 Room Suites
on First & Second Floors.
Studio Room, 18x27, with 7x12 North Side Studio Window, Bedroom, Dressing Room and Bath.
APPLY ON PREMISES.
Tel. 2910 Columbus or
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d St.

830-840 7th Ave.
Southwest Corner 54th St.
3 & 4 Rooms
$1,250 to $2,300.
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St.

THE OSBORNE
at the northwest corner of
57th St. & Seventh Ave.
Apartments of eight or more large light rooms with two or more baths.
Rentals from $4,500 per annum up.
Agent on Premises.
Telephone Circle 5420.

ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS
at 39 West 58th St., just off Fifth Ave., consisting of two and three rooms and bath; steam heat, electric light, hot water; rents moderate. Apply on premises or Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc., 14 West 40th Street. Phone Vanderbilt 8140.

55 WEST 55TH ST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchen; maid's room; $210 per month unfurnished; one or two years' lease.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

64 East 66th St.
Substantially remodelled.
2 Rooms & Bath
Club, Maid and Valet Service Obtainable.
Roof gardens.
$1,500 to $1,800.
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
Town and Country Residences
444 MADISON AVE.
At 48th Street. Murray Hill 6400.

15 East 48th St.
One, Two & Three Rooms & Bath
Four Rooms, Two Baths
Non-Housekeeping Apartments.
Restaurant Service
$1,400 to $3,600
EDGAR A. LEVY LEASING CO.,
305 5th Av. Phone Murray Hill 6900

50 EAST 86th ST.
6-Room Apartment, Suitable Doctor.
Excellent Studio, (top light,) Kitchen and Bath.
H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 W. 21st St.

1229 PARK AVE.
High class apartments, 7 rooms, $1,800. Elevator and all improvements.
Apply to A. BRANDSTEIN
Tel. Harlem 1616. 152 East 116th.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

APARTMENTS
Non-Housekeeping
5 EAST 45TH ST.
2 ROOMS AND BATH.
Exceptional Service.
RESTAURANT
ON PREMISES, OR
William S. Denison & Co.,
160 NASSAU ST.
Phone Beekman 8788.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE OSBORNE
At the Northwest Corner of
57th St. & Seventh Ave.
Apartments of 8 or more large, light rooms, with 2 or more baths. Handsomely furnished.
Rentals from $7500 per annum up.
Agent on Premises.
Telephone Circle 5420.

Several Choice
Furnished Apartments
TO LEASE.
Clement H. Smith & Son, Inc.,
Suite 4844 Grand Central Terminal

HOTEL GREGORIAN
42 West 35th St.
Most convenient location, desirable clientele; rates moderate; a few 2, 3, 4 room suites now vacant; yearly rental.

LONG ISLAND.

WHY PAY HIGH RENTS?
Furnished apartments, one and two room suites, with and without bath, $20 a month to $55. Beautiful building room, $10 weekly. SOUTH SHORE HOTEL, Rose St. and Long Beach Av., Freeport, L. I. Phone 270 Freeport. Only few suites left.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

We have a great number of very desirable one and two-family houses in Manhattan; get in touch with us at once, tell us your requirements and a salesman will call on you with suitable offerings, or if convenient call in person. Associated Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway, New York. Farragut 2903.

We have some wonderful offerings, apartment houses, loft buildings, &c.; investors, call on us or send for representative. Associated Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway, New York. Farragut 2903.

Five-story new law avenue corner apartment, 3, 4 and 5 rooms, with stores on ground floor; unusually well built; near subway station; will net 20% per cent. on $26,000 cash investment; a decided bargain.
Frank L. Fisher Co., 50 East 42d St.

Dwellings.—Possession 307 to 215 West 123d (St.); 3-story, brownstone, 10 rooms, bath; $8,500 each. Easy mortgages. Van Gant (owner,) 156 Broadway.

Business compels me to sell beautiful 3-story and basement dwelling, middle west side; parquet floors, electric lights; easy terms; must sell. 517 Times Downtown.

West End Av. corner, over full lot, above 72d St.; wonderful opportunity for remodeling, with splendid return on investment. Irving T. Smith, Singer Building.

Snap, 92d St., Central Park West, and Columbus; 4 story and basement dwelling, size 20x100; possession October; price $17,500. S. L. Pakas, 21 Park Row.

Private house, Murray Hill, 4 stories, basement; possession; sacrifice. Mayhoff, 38 Park Row.

$8,500 will purchase private house, 127th Street near Lenox Avenue; terms to suit. Mainhart, 371 West 125th St.

$8,500 will purchase private house, Hamilton Terrace, Washington Heights; terms to suit. Call Mainhart, 371 West 125th St.

Group of four private houses in 123d St., to close estate, $7,500 each. Wilcox Shelton, 2,107 7th Av.

Garage plot, 80x165, for sale, 407-409 East 12th St. Inquire Wirth, 4 Beekman Place.

Private dwelling for sale, 474 West 145d St., near Amsterdam Av. Caretaker.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

We have a great number of very desirable one and two-family houses in Bronx; get in touch with us at once, tell us your requirements and a salesman will call on you with suitable offerings, or if convenient call in person. Associated Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway, New York. Farragut 2903.

We have some wonderful offerings, apartment houses, loft buildings, &c.; investors, call on us or send for representative. Associated Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway, New York. Farragut 2903.

Price $54,000, easy terms, rent $9,200, five-story modern apartment, four four-room apartments on floor; low rents. For particulars apply E. Osborne Smith, Jerome and Burnside Avenues, Bronx.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

We have a great number of very desirable one and two-family houses in Brooklyn; get in touch with us at once, tell us your requirements and a salesman will call on you with suitable offerings, or if convenient call in person. Associated Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway, New York. Farragut 2903.

COME NOW to buy your building lots at Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., at half-price; we can build and finance your house under very liberal terms. Vanderhoff, Room 178, 50 Church St. Phone Cortlandt 8748.

Englewood and vicinity Real Estate. H. Weatherby & Co., Englewood, N. J.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

We have large waiting list of buyers for one and two-family houses in every section of Bronx. Owners, send full particulars of houses you have for sale; quick action. Associated Realty Co., 1133 Broadway, New York. Phone Farragut 2903.

We have large waiting list of buyers for one and two-family houses in every section of Brooklyn. Owners, send full particulars of houses you have for sale; quick action. Associated Realty Co., 1133 Broadway, New York. Phone Farragut 2903.

We have large waiting list of buyers for one and two-family houses in every section of Manhattan. Owners, send full particulars of houses you have for sale; quick action. Associated Realty Co., 1133 Broadway, New York. Phone Farragut 2903.

We have large waiting list of buyers for one and two-family houses in every section of Queens. Owners, send full particulars of houses you have for sale; quick action. Associated Realty Co., 1133 Broadway, New York. Phone Farragut 2903.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Bargains, private houses, immediate possession; $1,500 upward required; Special 127th, near 5th Av.; parquet floors. Barnett, 11 East 125th St.

For rent, 3-story dwelling, 9 rooms, electricity, hardwood floors; Madison Av. in 90's; rent $1,200. Duff & Conger, Inc., Madison Av., 58th St.

Bargain, private house to let or for sale, easy terms; ten rooms, bath; 124th St., near Broadway. McGirr, 264 West 84th.

$36,000 plot, about 5½ lots, suitable garage, lofts, &c.; vicinity office. Bretch, 144 East 123d.

FIVE ADJOINING HOUSES
48th St., near 9th Av.; $5,000 each; long lease. Forster, 724 9th Av.

House, good Harlem location, $1,500; private family only. Barnett, 11 East 125th.

Brooklyn.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY.—Beautiful home, lot 60x187, 11 rooms and bath, including running water in all bedrooms, electric light, hot water, furnace, all improvements, exclusive section. Walthers, Telephone Coney Island 90.

Queens.

Woodhaven, L. I.—Immediate possession; handsome corner property; white Colonial house, 8 rooms, bath, 2 sleeping porches; garage for two cars; plot 60x100; surrounded by trees and shrubbery; beautiful location facing Forest Park; 5-cent fare zone; reasonable price; terms to suit. Telephone Richmond Hill 4197.

Flushing—Dutch Colonial home, 8 rooms and bath; open fireplace; large living porch and tea porch; all improvements; 10 minutes to station; near trolley; $8,750; terms. R. L. Paris, 141 West 36th St., New York City.

Flushing.—Charming Colonial home, 9 rooms; open fireplace; two porches; large plot; garage; $12,500; terms. Warren P. Smith, 141 West 36th St., New York City.

Bronx.

Brick two-family house, only $10,000. Wallace, 2,000 Valentine Av., (190th St.)

Richmond.

To rent, furnished, Richmond Valley, S. I., house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, electric light, city water; possession Oct. 1. Jacob Cohen, 1238 East 42d.

House for rent, Staten Island, 6 minutes' walk to ferry, overlooking the Bay; large rooms; furnished or unfurnished. B 667 Times Downtown.

City Houses Wanted.

Two-family house in good condition with possession direct from owner; all cash above first mortgage. No consideration unless full particulars by mail to Room 305, 7 East 42d St.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

BRONXVILLE, N. Y.

For sale, nine-room house, steam heat, electric light, gas, high ground, overlooking Bronx Parkway; plot 90x260; elegant garden and shade; large porches; five minutes from railroad station and school; price $15,000; $6,000 cash, balance can remain at 6 per cent. Telephone Bronxville 383 or David Lamb, 400 West End Av., Schuyler 9276.

BRONXVILLE, N. Y.

For sale, one house, 7 rooms and bath; plot 50x100; price $6,500; also one house, 8 rooms and bath, plot 50x100, price $6,000; one half cash, balance can remain at 6 per cent.; possession within thirty (30) days; splendid shade; convenient to station. Telephone David Lamb, Bronxville 383, or 400 West End Av., Schuyler 9276.

FOR SALE.

Bronxville, Cedar Knolle colony, restricted; 9 rooms, 2 baths, $15,500; 6 rooms, 1 bath, $12,500; sleeping porches, garages, open fireplaces, colonial and Spanish styles. W. D. Riley, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 5462 or Bronxville 388-J.

LARCHMONT MANOR.

Beautiful home, 11 rooms, 3 baths, all modern appointments; slate roof, sun porch, sleeping porch, &c.; 2-car garage; corner acre of ground. M. S. Keller, 131 West 39th St. Telephone 1251 Bryant.

Hawthorne, N. Y.—House six rooms, bath; beautiful grounds, 225x100; shade, fruit, flowers, lawn, garage; 3 minutes to station; commuting; $10,000. Mr. Tompkins.

White Plains, N. Y.—Modern furnished house, 7 rooms; excellent location; 40 minutes Grand Central. T 125 Times.

Long Island.

For Sale. — Unusually attractive all-year home, new Colonial brick dwelling, with garage; first floor has large living room, dining room, kitchen; extra toilet and laundry in basement; second floor, 3 bedrooms, tiled bath; interior finished throughout in white enamel woodwork and mahogany doors, parquet floors throughout, steam heat, gas, electricity, sewer, &c.; restricted section; no assessments; 5 minutes' walk to large park and bathing; one block express station, 15 minutes Grand Central, 5-cent fare; $3,000 cash required, balance on terms; for plan and photo, call, write or phone J. S. Withers, 23 East 33d St., tel. 8640 Murray Hill.

East Rockaway, (near Long Beach.)—Well furnished 7-room and bath cottage; 40 minutes Pennsylvania Station; near depot; $65 month to May; hot water heating, electricity, gas, city water, telephone; lawns, trees, shrubbery; special arrangements for Summer. J. V. Higgins, East Rockaway.

For sale or rent, furnished, No. 9 Stratton Av., Arverne, L. I.; Winter home, hot-water heating; ½ block from stratton Av. station; 1½ blocks from ocean; space for garage; 12 rooms, 2 baths, 3 toilets; could be occupied by 2 families. S. Bernstein, 1,186 Lexington Av., N. Y. C.

At Woodmere, L. I.—For rent for Winter, beautifully furnished home, nine rooms and two baths, newly completed, perfect condition; two blocks from station; rent $200 per month. Morgenthau, 200 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 3966.

AT FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

9 rooms, 3 baths, $22,000; $14,000 may remain on mortgage; best location in Gardens. Telephone Forest Hills 6545 or Guyon L. C. Earle, 2,241 Broadway, New York City. Schuyler 9746.

Great Neck.—Craftsman house, 11 rooms, 3 baths, 3 fireplaces; near golf club, water, and station; will rent October and November or longer, or will sell. Owner, Box 134 Great Neck Station. Tel. 248-J.

BEAUTIFUL HOME.

Eleven rooms and bath, up to date improvements, garage; plot 75x110; five minutes from Kew Garden station. Apply Martin A. Meyer, Jr., 336 Spruce St. Tel. 1772M Richmond Hill, L. I.

NEW HOMES of artistic designs at Hempstead, L. I.; through electric express service ;40 minutes; prices from $5,500 up; liberal terms. Call or write, C. L. Schwencke, 277 Broadway, New York City.

Attractive furnished house; large studio, living room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, lavatory; furnace; garage; private beach; Oct. 1-April 30; $85 month. Phone Port Washington 42-J, after 9 A. M.

AT FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.

9 rooms and 2 baths, unfurnished dwelling; $2,100 per annum. Telephone Forest Hills 6545 or Guyon L. C. Earle, 2,241 Broadway, New York City. Schuyler 9746.

Richmond Hill, Long Island, Kew Gardens. Desirable corner plot with 10-room house; all improvements. Riegel, 241 Lefferts Av., or phone Greeley 2961.

GARDEN CITY HOUSE,

nearly new; 6 bedrooms; immediate possession; price $11,000.
Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

PORT WASHINGTON HOUSE,

overlooking Manhasset Bay; 10 rooms; garage; price $9,000.
Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Owner leaving State, offers modern seven-room brick house; garage; large plot; immediate possession. Foley, St. Mark's Av., St. Albans, L. I. Springfield 1880R.

Dutch Colonial residence, twenty-seven-foot living room; electricity, gas; large lot; $7,500; small payment. Orson Welmert, Mineola.

Must be sold, beautiful home, completely furnished; modern improvements; 5 acres; near Rockville Centre, Long Island. M 1001 Times Harlem.

Massapequa.—Exceptional value in seven-room stucco house, all improvements; price $4,800. Conway, 87 West 34th St.

Patchogue.—Large old-fashioned house, 19 rooms; plot 100x584; close water; very cheap. Shaw, 81 Sterling St., Brooklyn.

Oceanside, L. L.—For sale or rent, 8 rooms and bath; plot 60x100. Apply to Horace S. Charters & Co., Long Beach, N. Y.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

New Jersey.

SUBURBAN HOMES NEAR BY.
AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
ALL HOMES NO MFG.
5 rooms, 100x140, garage, $7,000
8 rooms, 65x150, garage, $7,500
9 rooms, 75x150, garage, $9,800
10 rooms, 10 acres, garage, $16,000
11 rooms, 125x300, garage, $18,500
10 rooms, 100x190, garage, $20,000
12 rooms, 195x200
Others up to $60,000; full particulars, photos, maps, &c., at our city office.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN,
120 Broadway, N. Y. Rector 7716.
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 558.

IF YOU CAN'T FIND AN APARTMENT,
I have a house of 15 rooms, located on a plot 200x150 feet, 1 hour from downtown New York, in the prettiest Jersey section; six bedrooms, 4 baths, huge sleeping porch; house is partly furnished, rugs, pictures, four beds, (brass and mahogany,) so that your present apartment furnishings will complete perfectly; rent $100 per month, with option on Summer months if desired. Telephone Barclay 8667.

Artistic semi-bungalow, recently completed; six rooms, bath, large veranda, steam heat, hardwood floors, open fireplace; large corner plot, beautifully shaded; refined, restricted surroundings; best suburb in the State; four minutes to station, 50 minutes to New York; possession Oct. 1; price $6,700; cash 15% per cent., balance like rent. Call, write or telephone M. D. Ayers, 146 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 4585.

East Orange, N. J.—Best water, best schools; near city; comfortable, sunny home; good neighborhood; close to station; 9 rooms, bath; electricity, gas, steam, hardwood, fireplaces; $9,000; terms to suit; possession Oct. 1. Owner, phone Cortlandt 7635. No agents; not for rent.

HOMEY HOUSE—WESTFIELD, N. J.
Seven rooms, bath, steam heat, inclosed porch, sleeping porch; gas, electricity; good plot; excellent location; garage; near station, trolley, and school; price $5,000. L. A. Thompson, 182 Johnson Av., Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE.
ESSEX'S FELLS, N. J.
12-room house; half stone construction; 85x250 plot; 2-car garage; living quarters above; 3 real home; terms. Cushwa, phone 396 Caldwell.

House, eight large rooms and bath, all modern improvements; fine condition; three fireplaces; plot 70x125; five minutes' walk Ridgewood depot; shade; good neighborhood; $7,500. Apply 50 North Pleasant Av., Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 1460.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Complete modern residence for sale or rent; see to appreciate; must sacrifice. W. L. Sawyer, 10 Park Row. Phone Barclay 8106. Not connected with Mountain Lakes, Inc.

Very handsome 9-room house, $10,500; garage, parquet floors; choice location; nearly new. William Harris, 112 Stewart Av., Arlington, N. J.

New house, Westfield, $14,000; very choice; others less; possession. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Commuter's home, 7 rooms, bath, steam heat; 1¼ acres, barn, poultry houses, fruit. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

Farms everywhere; commuting; half acre, $3,750; three acres, $6,000. Kennedy, 108 Fulton.

Bargain.—$6,500; half mortgage; eight-room bungalow, all improvements; pretty grounds, 100x130; near Upper Montclair. Verona 5555.

Country Houses Wanted.

Wanted—To buy for occupancy Nov. 1, in Larchmont Manor or Rye, about Agawams section, six bedrooms, two baths, sunroom and three baths, three maids' rooms and bath; garage; all modern improvements and must be in good condition. For all particulars and lowest cash price, J 268 Times.

Unfurnished six or seven room house or apartment in two-family house; modern improvements; within 40 minutes N. Y.; rent about $60; possession Oct. 15 or earlier. T 154 Times.

Wanted, Oct. 1, furnished house, six or eight rooms, Mount Vernon, Pelham, New Rochelle; three months or longer. Boughton, 60 West 75th. Columbus 9140.

Furnished or unfurnished house for rent; 8-10 rooms; in residential section of Montclair, East Orange, Summit, or vicinity. H 92 Times.

Wanted to rent, unfurnished, ten roomed house in or near Garden City, L. I. Write Lady George Wellesley, 106 9th St., Garden City, or phone Garden City 1117R.

Wanted—Small cottage, Westchester County; refined, responsible couple. Whitehead, 2,086 5th Av.

In New Jersey or Westchester Hills, seven rooms, modern; five full particulars. C 693 Times Downtown.

Want to buy a private house from owners only. C. A. Bowman, 361 West 134th St., New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SOUTHWEST CORNER
CENTRE AND WALKER STREETS.
8-STORY AND BASEMENT FIREPROOF BUILDING.
STORE, BASEMENT AND 2 FLOORS.
42,000 FEET OFFICE SPACE.
11,000 FEET TO EACH FLOOR.
SEE JOHN E. AGENT,
185 BROADWAY
OR ANY BROKER.

RAILROAD SIDING
alongside mill; constructed factory containing 75,000 square feet; fully sprinkled; permanent light on four sides; large freight elevator, heating plant; excellent labor and transit facilities; will sell or lease.
DIXON BUILDING CO.,
179 Remsen St. Phone Main 148.

LOFTS ON FOURTH AV.
4,200-16,000-32,000 FEET.
Corner on 4th Av. in modern, exceptional light; possession Feb. 1, 1920; principals only. W 626 Times Downtown.

FOR RENT.
Light manufacturing building, at Lawrence, L. I., two floors and basement, 40x100; one block from railroad; reasonable rent. Apply Consolidated Cigar Corporation, 81st St. and East End Av., New York City.

Store and three lofts, 422 Grove St., Jersey City; eight minutes from Broadway; $1,800 a year to responsible persons. Inquire Taylor & Monohan, 83 and 85 Newark Av., Jersey City.

Factory, corner, right in centre of Newark, 50,000 square feet; 100% light; steam heat; elevator; good labor centre. Gross & Gross, 900 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Two front rooms next to corner; excellent location for dentist or chiropodist; rent reasonable. 77 West 47th.

Office and showroom space to sublease, 32d St.; no manufacturing, shipping or jobbing permitted. Farragut 5867.

To let 49th St., near 5th Av., street store, suitable for any high-class business; rent $4,500. Wm. B. May & Co., 717 5th Av.

Desk room and private offices with service in the handsomest building in the world. Inquire Suite 398, 51 East 42d St.

Lofts to let—East 20th St., 4d floor, elevator; 23-184. Apply Estate John U. Brookman, 165 Broadway.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 300 Broadway. Suite 807.

Desk room in modern building on Broadway; telephone service; private office, Room 303, 1,170 Broadway.

Desk room modern office building. Weinstein & Davidoff, Mad. Sq. 842.

Space to let in store and basement; hardware district. 30 Warren St.

Metal office furniture reasonable. Tel. Mr. Lincoln, Wgrth 1009.

Building suitable woodworking, storage, &c.; first floor. 565 1st Av., near 33d.

Your mail received, private boxes; telephone messages 3c. Gustus, 214 West 34th.

Desk room to let, stenographer's service. Room 1,107, 34 Pine St.

Brooklyn.

To Let.—450 sq. ft.; light, newly decorated; immediate possession; both subways. Room 806, 188 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

2,000-12,000 square feet office space; immediate possession, by engineering concern; preferably 42d Street district; short or long lease; written firm offers only by owners (or lessees for sublease) considered; no brokers. T 76 Times.

By reliable export and import firm, office space with privilege to take in samples; locality preferred between Park Pl. and Madison Square; rent about $500. B 709 Times Downtown.

5,000 to 7,500 square feet for assembling heavy motor trucks; fireproof space with heat on either one or two floors necessary. C 120 Times.

Wanted, eight to ten thousand square feet fireproof sprinklered loft building, within twenty blocks of Times Square. C 196 Times.

OFFICES WANTED.—ABOUT 800 SQ. FT., SOUTH OF FULTON ST. MAY PURCHASE LEASE. W. A. POND, ROOM 113, 24 STATE ST. PHONE BROAD 3500.

Will sublease or rent in loft or office building 400 square feet, between City Hall and Walker St., for cotton goods business. A 668 Times Downtown.

Wanted immediately, suite of furnished offices in up-to-date office building; would buy furnishings at right price. Address Immediate, M 99 Times.

Office space wanted, 3-5 rooms, 500-600 feet, furnished or unfurnished, downtown. A 617 Times Downtown.

Small office space needed, downtown, preferably near South Ferry; $25-$35. L. Blitz, 2 Stone St., City.

DENTIST'S OFFICE, DESIRABLE LOCATION, BETWEEN 50TH AND 80TH. E 297 TIMES.

Wanted—Desk room below Fulton St. A. 665 Times Downtown.

Small furnished office, desk room, downtown; give phone. A 686 Times Downtown.

Lease or sublease about 800 feet, office purposes. F. E., 486 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED
3 rooms and bath; kitchenette apartment; open fireplaces; suitable for bachelor or couple; $300 month; 18 months' lease. Particulars telephone Clark Realty, Vanderbilt 1450.

5TH AND PARK AVS.
and adjoining residential streets still offer many luxuriously furnished apartments, listed exclusively with Stanley S. Woolley & Co., 665 5th Av. Plaza 2674.

40TH ST., (Corner Lexington Av., 168.)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

50'S, EAST, (Murray Hill.)—Apartment, 5 rooms, 2 baths; handsomely furnished; $350 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

50TH ST., EAST.—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $100 month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1450.

51ST ST., 22 EAST.—Two-room apartment, bath; newly decorated; hotel service.

55TH ST., 17 EAST, (5th Av. Block.)—Elegantly furnished apartment; 3 large rooms, kitchenette; all modern improvements; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; lease. Phone Vanderbilt 7255, Between 11-7 P. M. Gunther.

56TH, 6 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $175 monthly. Telephone Vanderbilt 5925.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsomely furnished, two very large outside rooms, with outside bath; baby grand piano; Turkish rugs, fine linens; maid service; $250 a month; year's lease from Oct. 1.

51ST, EAST.—Beautifully furnished 4-room apartment; 2 bedrooms; $250. Vanderbilt 1450.

52D ST., Cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; corner suite, 2 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

ATTRACTIVE apartment, living room, bedroom, kitchen, tile bath, bedroom, 21x20, 5 windows, southern exposure, open fire, steam heat, 4 cedar closets, paneled walls, 6-piece bedroom set, twin beds, all made by Hampton Shop, new; kitchen with window; would rent to responsible people only; leaving city; immediate possession; apartment rents $250 unfurnished; furnished $375; one year lease. 1606 Plaza.

ATTRACTIVE, exceptionally exquisite 12-room apartment, 3 baths, 3 maids' rooms; East 60s, tenth floor, (top, all light, large, sunny, outside rooms); beautiful view; one year lease at $15,000; seen by appointment. Phone Schuyler 7831.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East west side; long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APTS.,
East and west side; choice localities; modern buildings.
R. DE WITT MASON & CO.,
402 MADISON AV.

LEXINGTON AV., 812.—Studio apartment; living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Superintendent, 807 Lexington.

MISS VAN VLECK.
Park Av., 8 rooms, $750 month.
50's, 7 rooms, $500 month.
50's, 6 rooms, $550; short lease.
All modern; unusually attractive.
148 East 49th. Murray Hill 876. Forenoon.

MADISON AV., (in 50s.)—Will sell three years' lease on 3-room apartment with furniture, just delivered, at cost, ordered this Summer when rents were lower; large, homey rooms; bedroom, breakfast room, kitchenette, and bath; top floor; or will lease same from one to three years. Any one interested call Plaza 2966 mornings before 9:30 or evenings after 7.

MADISON AV., 760, (66th St.)—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath, kitchen, $255 per month; year's lease; elevator; maid service. Apt. 8-A.

MADISON AV., (in 50's.)—Top floor, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; attractively furnished. Mornings Plaza 486, evenings Plaza 2065.

MADISON AV., 780.—2 sunny, attractive rooms, bath, elevator; $150 per month; year's lease; maid service included. Apt. 4-C. Shown after 12.

PARK AV., (near 40th.)—Exclusive Murray Hill section, distinctive apartments, 2 rooms, bath, entire floors, furnished, unfurnished; $2,500 to $4,800. Tel. Murray Hill 9884.

PARK AV., (50's.)—Modern, five rooms, two baths; artistic furnishings; $300 month. Van Vleck. Murray Hill 975. Forenoons.

PARK AV., 940, (corner 81st St.)—2 sunny rooms; elegantly furnished; $250-$300 per month; yearly leases.

PARK AV., (50'S.)—3 SPACIOUS ROOMS, 2 BATHS; WELL FURNISHED; $300 PER MONTH. PLAZA 2074.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 50TH ST.
Furnished—West Side.

1-2-3-4 rooms, bath, $1,100 to $5,000 year.

12TH ST., 40 WEST.—Artist will rent exceptionally large, well furnished, skylighted studio; bedroom, bath, and kitchen; Oct. 1; $300. Chelsea 5272.

27TH ST., 39-41 WEST.—The Beverwyck, 2 and 3 rooms and bath; hotel service; $100 to $125 per month, $20 and $25 weekly; immediate possession.

43D, 26 WEST.—Bachelor apartment, two rooms, bath; shown from 2 to 5. Madison Square 4976.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-4 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable neighbors; Bank references; $30-$125 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 6266.

43D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $25 per week up; full hotel service.

45TH ST., 100 WEST. (Hotel St. James.)—Sitting room, bedroom, and bath; all large outside rooms; ample closet room; $1,500 from Oct. 1.

50TH ST., WEST.—Furnished, unusually handsome two rooms, kitchenette, high ceilings, fireplace; never rented before; $200 per month, yearly lease; only high-class couple or bachelor considered. Circle 3548.

50'S, (Near 5th Av.)—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d. 3974.

51ST, 14 WEST.—Two attractive apartments, 3 rooms with bath, furnished or unfurnished; large, attractive rooms; open fireplaces; newly decorated; ready Oct. 1. Inquire Roof Tree.

51ST, 11 AND 13 WEST.—Parlor floor, three rooms with bath; with or without kitchen.

55TH, (corner 7th Av.)—The Regal modern elevator apartment.—House newly furnished; hotel service; 2 rooms and bath; $120-$175; references required.

55TH ST., 25 WEST.
Three rooms, kitchenette, fireplaces; handsomely furnished. Japanese; cell furnishings.

55TH, WEST.—High-class apartment, seven rooms, 2 baths, grand piano; handsomely furnished; $300. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

56TH, 208 WEST. (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Two rooms and bath; special weekly rates; full hotel service.

57TH ST., 145 WEST.—Exceptionally large suite of rooms, bath, dining room, kitchenette, completely handsomely furnished; roof garden. Apply Weed or phone 1350 Circle.

57TH, 240 WEST, (the Clintonia.)—Modern elevator apartment; newly furnished; hotel service, 2-3 rooms and bath; $90 per room; restaurant. Telephone Columbus 134.

58TH, 47 WEST.—Sublet charming apartment; completely, exquisitely furnished 2 rooms kitchenette.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Autumn selections; overlooking Park, 2 or 3 rooms, bath, and kitchenette.

67TH ST., WEST.—Duplex studio, 3 rooms, handsomely furnished; seen by appointment; $5,000. Albert E. Ashforth, 13 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

69TH, 30 WEST.—Two large, handsomely furnished rooms, kitchenette, private bath; electricity.

70'S, WEST.—Handsome apartment, (floor,) 3 large rooms, kitchenette, baths; year's lease; $135 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Entire parlor floor, 3 large rooms, bath, electricity; splendid for gentlemen, couple; $210 month; yearly lease.

70'S.—Seven rooms, 6th floor front. $320. Phone Col. 1278.

71ST, 55 WEST.—Exceptionally beautiful suite, two large rooms, large appointed baths; excellent service; home comfort, $200 and $250 a month; southern exposure; yearly leases only. Columbus 8755.

72D, 168 WEST.—Four-room furnished apartment, with bath, $250-$275 month; also three-room furnished apartment with bath, $180-$200; large, light rooms, sumptuously furnished; ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7640.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Living room, 3 bedrooms, bath, and kitchenette; exclusive house; southern exposure; $250 a month. F. R. Wood & Co., Inc.

72D, 124 WEST.—Furnished 4-room apartment for several months or longer; call until 9 P. M. Apt. 802.

72D, 226 WEST.—Elevator, electricity, steam heat; table guests; subway. Columbus 1048.

73D ST., 126 WEST. (Hotel Nobleton.)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites with baths; moderate weekly and monthly rates; suites, $100 monthly and up. Times Square 6100.

74TH, 25 WEST.—Superbly furnished one-two room apartments, private baths; service.

75TH, 227 WEST.—Attractively furnished apartment, 3 large rooms; private bath, kitchenette.

76TH, 104 WEST.—Room, twin beds, bathroom, dressing room, kitchenette; $65 mo.

76TH, 104 WEST.—Room, twin beds, bathroom, dressing room, kitchenette; $65 mo.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

76TH, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished apartment; 4 large rooms, private bath, kitchenette.

79TH, 226 WEST.—Nice, large, comfortable room with private bath; electricity, telephone.

80S and 90S.—Best selection of high class furnished apartments in town; call, write, phone. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d. Bryant 343-2361.

80S, (West End Av.)—6 rooms, 2 baths, 3 bedrooms, charmingly furnished, year, $5,200; season, $3,000. Particulars, 3674 Columbus.

86TH ST., WEST.—3 rooms, kitchenette; $175 yearly lease; telephone Columbus 9666.

87TH ST.—New building, five rooms, two family bedrooms; well furnished; sublease for year $250; terms. Columbus 3974.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large parlor floor, 3 rooms, kitchenette; $190.

87TH.—Attractively furnished 7-room apartment; $300; immediate possession. Phone Vanderbilt 1495.

90'S, WEST.—Apartment, seven rooms, two baths, handsomely furnished; grand piano; $280 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

91ST, 70 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; private house; hot water; telephone.

94TH, (700 West End Av.)—Three front connecting rooms, seven windows, Welsbach; electricity, first floor. Riverside 7946.

96TH ST., 351 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Seven rooms, well furnished, $350 per month. Apt. 3 north.

96TH, 343 WEST. (Broadway.)—High-class

New Closing Hour

Advertisements for insertion in the Classified Section of the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be received at The Times Building not later than 2:30 P. M. Saturday.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished large room, twin beds, high class, elevator apt.; just off Broadway, convenient subway or L; gentleman; references; also single room. Phone Audubon 8233, Apt. 64.

BROADWAY, 1,730, (corner 55th.)—Large sunny room, bath, (Apt. 4G;) gentlemen only.

CONVENT AV., 822, (West 149d St.)—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; owner's private residence; gentlemen only.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 255.—Room, gas, bath, elevator apartment; refined family; call evenings; telephone privileges. (171st St.)

MONROE AV., 1,854, (176th St., Bronx.)—Large double and single rooms; private family; telephone; convenient 6th and 9th Av. L, Jerome Av. subway. Dries.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 225.—Handsome suite, five windows, twin beds. Apt. 2 North.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 751, (bet. 146th and 147th.)—Double and single furnished rooms, running hot and cold water; gentlemen preferred; references exchanged.

SEVERAL SMALL ROOMS, near bath, private house, 51st St., near 8th Av.; gentleman only; permanent. Tel. 238 Circle.

WEST END AV., 265.—Attractively furnished suites; large rooms with bath; small rooms with bath adjoining. Telephone Columbus 1535.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

37TH, 29 EAST.—Suite 2 large rooms adjoining bath; southern exposure; open fire; excellent location; seen mornings.

MADISON AV., 1,809, (93d.)—Elegant room, private house; all improvements.

50TH, 270 WEST.—Large double front room, private bath; kitchen privilege.

76TH ST, 207 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath, steam heat, electricity.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Young business man wants furnished room with small private family; modern apartment; permanent; breakfast optional; cleanliness essential; preferable near Lexington Av. subway. State full particulars and price. T 108 Times.

Young Christian couple desire permanent room with private bath, convenient, quiet, private house or high-class apartment, West 124 to 116th St.; please write particulars and price. A 638 Times Downtown.

Young gentleman wants for Oct. 1 large, light well-furnished room with bath, one flight or elevator apartment, between 59th and 100th Sts., east or west; please state full particulars. Room 909, 95 Liberty St.

Business couple want large, well furnished room in refined home; private home; west side below 125th St; give particulars. P 296 Times.

JAPANESE gentleman desires room with refined family, including breakfast; preferred above West 100th St. K. N., Room 906, 165 Broadway.

Student wants room between 122d and 100th Sts., with a good piano or without, to practice about three hours daily. M 93 Times.

Bright furnished room or two, modern apartment with private family, wanted by refined young Jewish business men. Box 121, 1,069 3d Av.

Two refined young attorneys, 60th to 105th, West; state rent, particulars, and phone number. H 79 Times.

Couple want sunny room with private bath or lavatory; kitchenette privileges; state particulars; 50s preferred. T 142 Times.

Couple desire housekeeping room in or near Rockville Centre, L. I.; phone; please give all particulars. E 298 Times.

Gentleman wants warm small or medium room on west side, below 110th St.; state price. T 121 Times.

Comfortable room wanted in refined home by responsible, steady young man; reasonable. B 666 Times Downtown.

Gentleman wants attractive furnished room near 9th St. station, Hudson Tubes. T 104 Times.

Clerk, excellent reputation; parlor floor or large front room; private house in Harlem. References. Phone Franklin 1757.

Wanted—West side, Sept. 26, one double and two single rooms; adults; meals optional. C 978 Times.

Young lady (Jewish,) single room, West 116-128th Sts. Greeley 3380. Blum.

Gentleman traveling wants permanent room, improvements; $5-$7 week. H 96 Times.

Furnished room desired by refined business woman. T 155 Times.

Unfurnished.

Piano student wants large unfurnished room, preferably Washington Square section; references. T 111 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

59TH, (corner Lexington Av., 163.)—Rooms, with meals, $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

West Side.

58TH, 62 WEST.—One large room, with board; table guests; references.

72D, WEST, (Near Park.)—Exceptional accommodations; beautiful private home; spacious rooms, private baths; superior table. Columbus 1631.

72D, 142 WEST.—Spacious suite, private bath; electricity; references.

74TH, 140 WEST.—Ideal parlor room, bath, suitable four persons; pure food.

75TH, 114-132 WEST, (wide, parked street.)—Unusual and attractive large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat.

80TH, 125 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, parlor, dining room; private house.

102D, 316 WEST, (Riverside.)—Two large, attractive rooms, suite, meals. Riverside 10004.

102D, 305 WEST, (West End, Riverside.)—Large front room, private bath, southern windows; private; Christian American family.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.

EVERETT M. SELXAS CO.,
280 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 474.—Home attractions; adults; moderate; top floor. Academy 1907.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths, meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.

Young business man desires room, free access bath, and board, with private family; good home and congenial association; state price. W 926 Times Downtown.

Home sought by educated Christian business man, age 30, with refined family, English or French; terms reasonable. M 85 Times.

Room, board or breakfast, two young Jewish men, west side, private family; details; references exchanged. M 263 Times.

Gentleman and daughter, both in business, want rooms and board in private family. W. Barbour, 162 West 23d.

Lady of refinement desires room and board private family preferred; about $15 weekly. M 90 Times.

Room with board for music student on west side, above 70th St.; references required. C 126 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Richmond.

The Evelyn Lodge,
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard;
Cuisine Delightful; Downtown, N. Y.
Luxury Furnished; Excellent Chef & Service.
Porters, Piazzas, Lawns, Water Views;
Weekly $18 Up. Capacity 75. Booklet.
The Evelyn Co., Sole Management,
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

Westchester County.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y. City comforts; music; country quiet; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $19 up. Booklet. Phone 1166 W. Fishs.

Long Island.

Guests outside the crowded city; large rooms; those desiring quiet, restful home; best cooking; beautiful surroundings; Fall rates. Y 295 Times Annex.

New Jersey.

UNUSUAL
MAPLEWOOD HOTEL,
45 So. Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.

A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers; 30 minutes from Broadway. Fine food; rich quality. Homelike atmosphere; artistically furnished.

Room with private bath and table board for one, $20 to $30.

Room with private bath and table board for two, $35 to $50.

Parlor, bedroom and private bath with table board for two, $45 to $65.

Suites of two bedrooms with private bath and board for three, $60 to $75.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J. NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS.

Country Board Wanted.

Widower with girl, age 9, wishes home with refined family where care will be given child, Long Island or Westchester. Full particulars and price; must be reasonable. H 77 Times.

Christian couple desire board, private home, Westchester County, commuting New York; pay well desirable accommodations. T 156 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Audits, financial reports and statements; systems installed; books kept weekly or monthly; For-Son System Service. B 682 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper, well experienced and capable of taking charge of office; $40. Telephone Audubon 7879.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, audited, disentangled, posted for firms without bookkeepers. Edith Brownling, Madison Square 4912.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge stenography, typewriting; experienced; salary, $20. Miss S. Mosesque, 1,013 Simpson St., Bronx. New York.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, experienced; willing worker; salary $22. B 697 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, typist and assistant bookkeeper, desires position with reliable firm; Christian; salary $22. F 521 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK, assistant bookkeeper, monthly trial balance, statements, &c.; 5 years' experience; excellent references. Diner, 316 West 84th St.

BILLING CLERK.—Expert on Moon-Hopkins billing machine; 5 years' experience; excellent references. Diner, 316 West 84th.

BOOKKEEPER, 30, experienced double entry, controlling system, trial balances, collections, correspondent, and typist, desires position; recommended by C. P. A. E 279 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, 5½ years' experience, accustomed taking trial balances, controlling accounts, knowledge stenography, typewriting; excellent references. K. Sandroy, 537 Stone Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER will call daily or weekly and keep books for firms without bookkeepers; monthly trial balance; reasonable. Box 730 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; 5 years' experience; controlling accounts, double entry, trial balance; $32. Levins, 686 Beck St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, typist; high school graduate. Ambitious, trustworthy; 3 years' experience. Excellent reference. A 663 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, thorough business training; considerable experience; conscientious worker. T 164 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, desires connection with reliable firm; college graduate. T 95 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, control accounts; capable taking charge, $35. B 614 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced trial balances controlling accounts; $35. C 670 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, thoroughly experienced double entry, controlling accounts; $30. T 168 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, initiative, executive ability; $30. J. K., 39 West 112th St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, desires position; Christian; excellent references. T 120 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, reliable; cashier, manager; statements; references; $30. Howard, 177 West 79th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—In office charge; competent, trustworthy; $25-$30. T 134 Times.

CLERK.—Grammar school graduate desires position in office, 6 months' experience; salary $10. Margaret Byrne, 105 East 102d.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, typist, desires position downtown; 3 years' experience; salary $22; Christian. F 532 Times Downtown.

CORSET WOMAN, practical and efficient, with ten years' experience as instructor and agency sales manager, past five years has conducted a successful retail corset shop of her own, desires to make change; Western agency salesmanagement or position of responsibility with high-grade manufacturer; competent business woman with A1 credentials; must have $5,000 per year. Address 611-613 Venetian Building, Chicago.

DICTAPHONE operator, stenographer, 2 years' experience; references; $23. A., 104 East 14th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Fashionable; fifteen years' experience with leading establishment; home preferd. Audubon 6357.

DRESSMAKER.—Mrs. Katherine Ott, 225 East 18th St. Tel. Gramercy 877; gowns, street, and afternoon frocks; your material.

DRESSMAKER.—Capable; $5 per day; go to residence. L 910 Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER, exceptional abilities; home, out; competent. Box 84, 1,515 3d Av.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT.—Young woman, college training, of literary taste, desires position with editor, to edit copy and assist with dramatic reviewing; knowledge of stenography and typing; salary $25. Stella Starr, 466 Riverside Drive.

EXECUTIVE, thoroughly experienced general office work, expert telephone operator, fair typist; no shorthand; references. J 254 Times.

GOVERNESS for children over 4; capable of teaching English, German, kindergarten; entire charge $75-$85; references. Schuyler 2168.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Young, refined widow, with daughter 11 years, wishes position in business couple's home; capable of taking entire charge; splendid cook, excellent sewer; fond of children; no washing. Phone Audubon 7545, or D., 3,764 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER.
Austrian lady, excellent cook, will give service in return for comfortable housing accommodation for herself, husband, 2 girls, (14 and 16;) references. D 422 Times Downtown.

LADY wishes to place American governess, free, Oct. 6. Telephone before 1 P. M., Flushing 370-W.

LEDGER CLERK.—Christian; desires position. References. T 119 Times.

NURSE GRADUATE.—Thorough knowledge electro-therapy, experienced for doctor's office or institution; 4 years in present position; highest references; familiar with card system and bookkeeping; moderate salary. T 109 Times.

NURSE or governess wanted, to care for 2 children, ages 3 and 1; good wages and good home at Maplewood, N. J. Address, N. U., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE ATTENDANT.—American woman wishes position to semi-invalid or elderly lady; capable; city references. Hunt, 630 West 159th St.

NURSE.—Trustworthy; infants; wants position; city; understands bottle feeding; best city references. 25 West 42d St. Room 511 and 512, 5th floor.

NURSE.—Experienced trained attendant desires place with invalid. Address Miss G. F. Steere, Westfield, N. J.

OFFICE WORK evenings, from 7:30 to 11:30 P. M. Teacher, J 260 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, well-educated, trustworthy, capable of assuming responsibility and conducting correspondence without dictation; Protestant; several years' secretarial experience with educational and commercial organizations of high standing in New York City and Middle West; rapid and accurate stenographer and typist; first-rate salary desired or excellent opportunity for early salary advancement. C 214 Times.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, NOW IN CHARGE OF A GOVERNMENT OFFICE; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; CAN HANDLE CORRESPONDENCE; EFFICIENT; EXCELLENT FOR BUSY EXECUTIVE; SALARY $2,000. Y 447 TIMES ANNEX.

SECRETARY.
Equipped by education and the training of 8 years of exceptional business experience to meet the most exacting requirements of a high grade secretarial position; excellent stenographer; fluent effective correspondent. Salary $40. C 680 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, patent law, seven years one firm, thoroughly familiar all office details; would also consider other line of business; excellent references; salary $30. Box 754 Times, 2 Rector St.

SECRETARY, educated young lady, 7 years' thorough experience, is available; can compose own letters; A1 stenographer; highest credentials. S., 848 East 58th St.

Secretary-Stenographer-Correspondent,
ENGINEERING-CONSTRUCTION;
Salary, $45-$50.
Box 754 Times, 2 Rector St.

SECRETARY - CORRESPONDENT. — Publishing, advertising experience; refined, pleasing personality; salary, $30, with good opportunity for advancement. T 186 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, possessing executive ability, 8 years' office detail experience, competent stenographer, excellent typist. B 675 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, quick to grasp details, handle correspondence; thorough; $30 week. B 676 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, capable correspondent; assume general charge of office; trustworthy; experienced. T 159 Times.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, Bookkeeper, 3 years' experience; high school graduate. T 124 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Christian, five years' experience, capable, efficient; $30. Y 21 Times.

SOCIAL SECRETARY, 21, competent to handle all correspondence; personal secretary. E 148 Times.

SPANISH TEACHER from Madrid, 12 years' experience, solicits pupils wishing to learn elementary and advanced Spanish; private or class; terms reasonable. T 775 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.
AGE 22. SIX YEARS' EXPERIENCE. WISHES POSITION; AT PRESENT EMPLOYED BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT; CAN FURNISH EXCELLENT REFERENCES; WILL TAKE ANY TEST; IF POSSIBLE ARRANGE INTERVIEW BETWEEN 5 AND 5:30. E 296 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, (24,) neat appearance, experienced; wishes position where only one employed in small office; capable of answering own correspondence and taking charge of office; $22-$25. B 212 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, cultured, brainy, 26, good personality, 7 years' technical experience, excellent correspondent, good conversationalist, rapid, accurate, standard operator, has brains, executive ability; $35. C 535 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, expert, bright, and intelligent young lady desires responsible position, architectural engineering, leather export experience; can furnish excellent references. B 664 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—7 years' experience; thorough, rapid, neat worker; Christian; with reliable firm; salary $27. F 537 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated; Christian; export-import; 7 years' experience; able assistant busy man; references. B 697 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, rapid, accurate, intelligent, desires two weeks' work from Sept. 29; $30 week. F 538 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, high school graduate, experienced commercial lines; $20. E 172 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires morning or afternoon position. Address C 697 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, thoroughly reliable; references; $25.00. B 879 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BILL CLERK, experienced, conscientious; good penman; $25. F 541 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, selling ability, four years' business experience; good appearance; salary to start $20. M 96 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 6 years' experience, capable; salary $22. B 695 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, touch operator, experienced, seeks downtown position; $20. C 971 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5½ years' experience; Christian; accurate, intelligent. Phone Tremont 4353.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 5 years' experience; excellent grammarian; rapid; accurate; $28. H 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, office assistant; 2 years' experience; $18. B 690 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; college education; mornings only. Morningside 7904.

STENOGRAPHER-Secretary.—Capable, intelligent; desires position requiring ability. B 695 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, refined, capable taking charge office; $30. M., 606 West 115th.

STENOGRAPHER. — Efficient, capable, wants position in small office; $25. T 166 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' law and commercial experience; salary $18. T 143 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, refined, Christian young lady wishes position; $22. T 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, reliable; references; $20. B 693 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, first class; 3 years' experience; references; $25. C 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, well-educated young lady desires position; salary $20. Intervale 7189.

STENOGRAPHER, with general office experience, $20-$25. Call 2nd floor, 9694.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient; $20 to start. A. Mooney, 179 East 96th.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires employment for evenings only. T 75 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-Office Assistant.—3 years' experience; operate busy board; understands office routine thoroughly; live wire; high school graduate; $12. F 422 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and office worker, experienced; salary $14. Miss M. Schiff, 73 East 90th St. City.

TECHNICAL POSITION.—College graduate; both outdoor and office experience; clear record and energetic. Age 26. C 678 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Thoroughly experienced, desires position with reliable concern; minimum salary $20; best references. B 284 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, expert; 5 years' experience; Christian; $18. B 680 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, typist; 5 years' experience; $18-20. F 533 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, 5 years' experience; bright, capable. Halpoln, 163 9th Av., Astoria.

TRANSLATOR.—Spanish, French, English, German; expert translations of all kinds of documents and books. Apt. 52, 527 West 121st.

TYPIST, experienced, wants copying work at home; authors', publishers' preferred. Telephone Fordham 3658.

TYPIST.—Home work of any description. H 83 Times.

VISITING TUTOR GOVERNESS from Madrid, Spanish, music, experienced. T 177 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, employed daily, having evenings free, desires engagement; reliable. T 353 Times.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, with child, 7; excellent cook; best references. 806 West 180th St. Tel. Col. 6115.

YOUNG WOMAN, Scotch, wishes part-time work, small refined family, care children or light housework; uptown preferable; references. Write Stephen, Box 377, Cedarhurst, L. I.

YOUNG LADY, (21.)—4 years' experience as bookkeeper on Underwood bookkeeping machine; also assistant to credit manager; desires position with well-established firm. M. G., 236 Sumpter St, Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY of refinement and education take charge one or two children 9 to 11:30. Address A. C., 345 West 99th St.

YOUNG WOMAN having thorough business knowledge of office work wishes evening employment at clerical work; reference. A 1069 Times Harlem.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as switchboard operator; also knowledge of typewriting. E., 416 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, experienced in general office work, take charge of small office; $25. T 107 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as general office assistant. B 267 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 214 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

YOUNG LADY wishes position as lady's maid or companion; can furnish references. Finnish Employment Agency, 341 Lenox Av.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 136d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, 20 years, student New York University, high school graduate, employed by big corporation in branch house as cashier and assistant to bookkeeper, prefer connection with accounting firm. B 211 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert: books opened, systemized, audited; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; financial statements, tax reports; reasonable. Greene, 12 West 27th St. Telephone Chelsea 3954.

ACCOUNTANT, 34, married, 15 years' experience large concerns as bookkeeper, cashier, auditor, department head; assume full charge and show results; references. R 260 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up; books opened, systematized. Calderaier, 183 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, university training in accounting; five years bookkeeping; handled large volume detail; best reference. B 209 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, married, railroad, manufacturing, cost and systematising experience, desires permanent connection. K 772 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, books opened, audited; systems, statements; arrangements for firms without bookkeeper. Halpern, 30 Pearl St. Phone Broad 4078.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience; can prepare financial statements, tax reports; will accept temporary position. F 94 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR
semi-senior; desires public accounting firm connection; six years' experience, B. C. S.; will travel. C 666 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, (25,) experienced, university graduate, desires position. C 618 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced senior; highest references; permanency only. B 701 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 22, seeks permanent position where capable man is assured quick advancement; take full charge. T 149 Times.

ACCOUNTANT student, 21, experienced, desires connection with accountants. E 673 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, COST ACCOUNTANT.
Energetic young man, with push and initiative, executive and sales ability, long manufacturing experience, able to introduce systems, handle correspondence, master of several languages, at present in automobile trade, where he acquired some purchasing experience, desires to connect with first-class manufacturing, preferably automobile firm, where opportunity is given to exercise his abilities and to advance; ready to leave New York; salary $4,000 year. B 192 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 40, thoroughly experienced in corporation accounting, costs, statistics, office management; state and Federal tax laws and reports, seeks permanent engagement requiring initiative, capacity and tact. C 669 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, age 32, ten years with last firm, seeks connection with mercantile or manufacturing firm where experience and ability will be recognized; excellent credentials. F 416 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 25, senior, desires connection with accounting firm. C 689 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 10 years' experience; thorough knowledge modern methods, N. Y. 627 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, 29, married, desires position; full or part time; ten years' experience wearing apparel. T 158 Times.

ADVERTISING.
TRADE PAPER MAN,
28, now employed, seeks position with better opportunities with publication; broad experience in space selling, copy writing, and handling of publication details; college graduate; salary, $40. E 184 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, 10 years' experience, seeks new connection in New York; thoroughly familiar every detail advertising, sales promotion; in entire charge extensive campaigns last 6 years. C 527 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT
(30,) experienced secretary, correspondent, office routine, sales department, desires connection; salary secondary to prospects; references. C 662 Times Downtown.

ATTENTION!
Major of U. S. Army desires interview with business concern which needs the services of a man with executive ability. T 112 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 20, desires permanent position with reliable concern where advancement is assured; 4 years' experience; references. B 661 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT EXECUTIVE, 26; order and complaint department experience; correspondent. L 911 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, beginner; I write a good hand, am quick and accurate and have been drilled in the modern methods of accounting; satisfactory references concerning character and ability; will start at $15. Mr. Z., 36 West 123d St. Phone 519 Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; typist; university graduate, (26;) clean cut; assume entire charge; brilliant opportunity; $30. Phone Lenox 10469.

BOOKKEEPER, (25,) married, executive ability, financial statements; seven years' experience manufacturing, importing, exporting; references. B 658 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 25; COLLEGE TRAINED; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; REFERENCES. L 905 TIMES HARLEM.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, manufacturing experience, student of accounting, desires connection with reliable firm or accountants. T 127 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) thoroughly experienced, capable taking entire charge; best references; moderate salary. W 638 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-AUDITOR, married, aged 34, seeks engagement; a thorough executive; giving up silk jobbing business; can assume full charge; highly indorsed. H 82 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, married; competent, entire charge office; handle correspondence, collections, payrolls; figurer, typist; unquestionable references. H 85 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 24, control accounts, financial statements, excellent penman, wishes position with reputable concern. Brooks, 495 Elton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, accountancy student, 4 years' experience, thoroughly understands double entry, trial balance, control accounts. T 106 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, two years' experience, desires position; controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements, &c.; N. Y. U. student; salary $22. M. Sobel, 653 E. 5th.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, thoroughly experienced, seeks permanent connection. Herbst, 1,148 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balances; knowledge office detail. S 20 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, 24, six years experience; accurate; excellent references. B 677 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, 5 years' experience, capable of taking full charge; highest credentials. C 691 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23; experienced; high school graduate; accounting student. C 685 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (30), competent, garage or auto; honorable discharge; $30. T 137 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 28, capable of taking complete charge. C 675 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, trial balance, control accounts; accurate; $25. C 665 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, 25; experienced; trial balances, financial statements. C 688 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, 24, able and thorough; Spanish fluently; $35 to begin. C 676 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, thoroughly experienced double entry; college education; references. B 691 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, efficient, dependable; $25-$30; 10 years' experience; Christian. Boehme, 599 West 177th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience; first-class references. T 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, typist, stenographic; 2½ years' experience. B 192 Times.

BUTLER, cook; gentleman wishes to place his man, Jamaican, colored, Oct. 1, suited taking charge bachelor quarters. R. W. Williams, 60 Broadway. Rector 2915.

CHAUFFEUR, able mechanic, very careful driver, thoroughly experienced, highest references from former employers, neat, courteous, obliging, desires position either city or country; moderate salary; interview appreciated. Please telephone Greeley 4955.

CHAUFFEUR, American, 33, married, wishes permanent position; 12 years' experience in and around N. Y.; careful, intelligent driver; experienced and capable mechanic; very best references; wages $35. Phone Lenox 10469.

CHAUFFEUR.—Exceptional man; thoroughly experienced; highly recommended; expert mechanic; careful, temperate; will take care of car as his own; reasonable salary. Phone Bryant 8292.

CHAUFFEUR.—26; intelligent; good appearance; experienced on all cars; excellent reference; will go anywhere; salary $25 weekly. Paul Tinanyi, 300 Manhattan Av. Cathedral 9008.

CHAUFFEUR, Irish, 35, wishes steady position with private family, city or country, all-year around; good references; good mechanic, expert driver. J. Horan, 69 East 89th St.

CHAUFFEUR, COUPLE,
14 years' experience; wife laundress or chambermaid and waitress; country preferred. Danker, 131 East 83d. Phone Lenox 8631.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, colored, wishes position high-class family; excellent reference; seven years' experience; single. Hendricks, 215 West 29th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman discontinuing automobiles recommends exceptionally trustworthy chauffeur. Hendrickson, 116 West 90th St.

CHAUFFEUR, American, 32, married, capable mechanic, ten years' experience, references; Cadillac, Packard or Locomobile preferred. E 290 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, American, exceptional ability and references; fifteen years' experience here, abroad; best cars. George Rose, 152 East 80th.

CHAUFFEUR, single, experienced mechanic on Pierce-Arrows and Packard cars, wishes position with private family. B. Pretsker, 64 East 108d St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married; neat, courteous; careful, reliable driver, any car; all references. Fisher, 605 Cooper Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, six years' experience, just discharged from Marine Corps, wishes position with private family. White, 349 Carlton Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, 8 years' experience, wishes private position; city references; careful driver. Frank Meinec, 336 East 71st St. Rhinelander 5515.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wants position, city or country; good references; age 29 years; single, ex-soldier. W. Chapin, 116 East 86th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes private position. Edward Fischer, 813 East 173d St. Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, eight years' experience, private, commercial. Bronx, 153 West 80th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, twelve years' experience, best references. Bohensky, 226 East 71st St.

CHAUFFEUR, 23, three years' experience; private, commercial; references. Spray, 61 Audubon Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family. E. Buckbee, 220 116th St., Richmond Hill. Phone 2912.

CHAUFFEUR would like position, private family; city, country; 15 years' experience; ex-service man. L 918 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; thoroughly experienced; do all repairs; references. Witter, 23 West 134th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 10 years' experience on all makes of cars, wishes position. McCarthy, phone Audubon 2870; 357 West 144th.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, nine years' experience; excellent references; moderate salary. Leonard, 991 2d Av.

CHEF desires position, all around, in hotel, restaurant, tearoom, club. Chef, 11 Atkins Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

CHEMIST, commercial laboratory experience; good analyist; also manufacturing food products; reliable; references. A. L., 1,650 97th St., Brooklyn.

CLERK, cashier, with Atlantic City hotel experience, wishes position, hotel or restaurant; reference. 40 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn.

CLERK.—24; knowledge cost keeping, office routine; French. D 916 Times Harlem.

COLLEGE STUDENT, 25, desires position evenings and Saturday P. M.; 2 years' experience; high-grade statistical and clerical work; wishes to work his way through college. F 408 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELER,
experienced, ex-army, college education, seeks represent growing mercantile concern on road, any territory. H 78 Times.

COOK to bachelor or small family; general supervisor; city or country; good references. W., care Mitchell, 119 West 80th St.

COUPLE.—Butler and cook; best New York City references. Interview at 507 46th St., Brooklyn.

DESIGNER of automatic machines, mechanical devices, wishes position. A 545 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, and tracer, engineering student; one year practical field and office experience. Deutschman, 70 East 110th St.

DRY GOODS SALESMAN, (wholesale,) 18 years' experience, including traveling and both inside and outside work; energetic selling ability; personal references furnished. Address Energy, F 542 Times Downtown.

EDITOR, magazine or newspaper, superior references, in touch with current trade, general news sources; experienced in make-up, feature story writing. E 267 Times.

ELECTRICAL graduate, high school training, familiar with C. and D. C., wants position with electrical concern. C 666 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.—Progressive executive with distinctively good training and considerable varied experience in modern employment and personnel management desires a suitable connection; extensive knowledge of plant and general office practices. C 670 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, 34, married, 15 years' experience as office and advertising manager, purchasing agent, familiar shop production mechanical lines, desires to improve upon present New York connection. B 688 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, OFFICE MANAGER, EXPERIENCED, 8 YEARS IN CHARGE OFFICE $5,000,000 CORPORATION, DISCHARGED OWING TO CONSOLIDATION; HAVE WORK IMMEDIATELY; HIGHEST REFERENCES. T 161 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE.—Thoroughly experienced office manager, accountant, executive with legal training, desires position mornings, 9 to 12; salary $2,500; highest references. P 294 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—College graduate, technical education, experienced chemist, competent executive, desires suitable position; highest references. S 1219 Times Bronx.

EXECUTIVE,
married, 10 years' production experience, seeks connection with large manufacturing concern; salary, $2,500. E 268 Times.

EXPORT OR IMPORT.—Age 27; 5 years with import house; good at correspondence and figures; understands all office details and shipping; two foreign languages. M 94 Times.

EXPORT.—Young man with experience in South America and knowledge of Spanish, French, German, open for position. B 121 Times.

FACTORY MANAGER, experienced man in all details of factory management, speaking four languages, university education, seeks change. A. S., 96 Times.

GARDENER, experienced in general garden and greenhouse work, wishes private place; can also operate car and motor boat. C. V. Schmidt, 540 West 163d St., Apt. 55, Audubon 8000.

INSTITUTIONAL DIRECTOR.—Mentally backward, deficient children especially; college degrees. E 292 Times.

JOURNALIST, Spanish speaking enough English; age 23; publishing or exporting concern; $22 weekly minimum. B 207 Times.

LAWYER, (29,) American, married, with over seven years' exceptional experience in general practice, corporation and contract law, formation of corporations, and taxes, desires position of responsibility, legal or otherwise. C 161 Times.

MACHINIST-TOOLMAKER on special automatic machinery, designer of tools, jigs and fixtures for the production of interchangeable parts; an experienced executive with technical education desires position. T 122 Times.

MAN, married, desires good paying work in or near Rockville Center, Long Island; experienced in tire repairing, prefers auto mobile repairing, but would like other work; state salary. E 299 Times.

MAN, 36, wants permanent position, with advancement; good references. H 93 Times.

MANAGER.—Attorney, German years' experience at the bar, high school and university graduate; 30 years of age; speaks German, French, and Italian; knowledge of ...minology. B 694 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, real estate; thoroughly experienced in care of apartment and business property; excellent references from present and past employers. E 303 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, expert designer of special machines and tools, will do your designing, drafting, responsibly. T 131 Times.

OFFICE MAN, 28, capable, reliable assistant, understands routine work; accurate at figures; good penman; references; salary $28-$25. Box 47, 1,515 3d Av.

ORGANIZER AND MANAGER OF PAYMASTER-CASHIER DEPT.
large relief organization overseas recently returned; educated American, 28, single; accountant, correspondent, systematiser, and familiar with foreign exchange; French, Italian, look for mutually profitable connection; salary $2,500 up, depending on work and prospects; willing to go to Far East or Latin America; if you can use this kind of a man an interview will be profitable. Write E 212 Times.

PRINTING MANAGER OR BUYER.—Thorough and efficient, every essential det

APPRECIATION

ALTER-VIEW ADVERTISING CORPORATION
Manufacturers Alter-View Signs
New York

Sept. 19, 1919.

The New York Times:

Just a line of appreciation of the Classified Columns of The New York Times as a means of reaching investors in a legitimate proposition.

After passing what seemed an unduly thorough grilling as to the legitimate nature of our proposition (but which we now see is warranted by the apparent confidence of readers in the trustworthiness of advertisements accepted by The Times) we ran a small three or four line advertisement under the heading of "Capital Wanted," with the result that we obtained some forty-odd replies of a very satisfactory nature and class.

Alter-View Advertising Corporation.

J. C. Marlyn.

HELP WANTED—Female.

DESIGNER

WANTED ON LADIES AND MISSES' POPULAR AND MEDIUM PRICED DRESSES; MUST KNOW BUSINESS THOROUGHLY; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN WITH REPUTABLE HOUSES PREVIOUSLY NEED APPLY; UNLIMITED OPPORTUNITY TO THE RIGHT PARTY. J 293 TIMES.

FILE CLERK and switchboard operator; October first; must be experienced in filing; typist preferred; state experience, references, salary expected. T 125 Times.

FILING CLERK.—One familiar with plug switchboard; state experience and salary. Write N. M., 412, 1,777 Broadway.

FILE CLERK;
$15 WEEK TO START.
SCHRAFFT'S, 90 WEST 23D ST.

FILE CLERK, one familiar with general office work; steady position with advancement assured. H. 126 Times.

FILE CLERK, EXPERIENCED; PERMANENT POSITION. P. O. BOX 8, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

FILE CLERK, experienced; state salary desired. J 282 Times.

FINISHERS ON DRESSES MODELS; HOURS 9-5; 1 O'CLOCK SATURDAY; GOOD WAGES. 8 WEST 45TH ST., 8TH FLOOR.

FINISHERS AND HAND SEWERS ON DRESS MODELS; GOOD WAGES. 8 WEST 45TH, 8TH FLOOR.

FOREWOMAN.
WE ARE OPENING
a new out-of-town factory
AND HAVE AN OPENING
FOR A WOMAN
WHO IS THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF WAISTS AND IS ABLE TO MANAGE HELP.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY
FOR RIGHT PARTY.
BEEKMAN & FRANK,
36 EAST 21ST.

FRENCH GIRL as translator; must know French very well and have a clear knowledge of New York City; apply between 10 and 12, Bonwit Teller Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York. Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, white, high-class apartment; $70 to $80 per month; no washing; two adults; good cook; good references. Call 2 to 5, Tuesday afternoon, Apartment 6S. Address 600 West 115th, corner Broadway.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER. — Reliable white girl wanted; only two in family; good home, good wages; no washing; small apartment; carfare. Apartment 11-E, 500 West End Av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER. Wanted.—A maid, (white,) who can cook; city references; three in family; no washing. Call before 10:30 A. M. and after 5 P. M., or by appointment, 469 Riverside Drive, Apt. 82.

GIRLS.

R. H. Macy & Co., Inc., requires
girls over 16 years of age, as
MERCHANDISE CHECKERS.
Apply at Office of Employment
Manager, 2d Balcony, rear, 34th
St. entrance, any time during the
day.

GIRLS—GIRLS.

LIGHT PLEASANT WORK IN
PAPER PATTERNS;
$12 TO START.
TIME BONUS AND LIBERAL VACATION WITH PAY; ALSO DESIRABLE POSITIONS FOR JUNIOR CLERKS.
McCALL CO., 236 West 37th.

GIRLS, DO YOU WANT
TO BECOME TYPISTS?

If 16 years of age or over and graduates of grammar or high school we will teach you "Touch System Typewriting" and pay you liberally while you learn. If you are doing work for us, and increase your salary when you graduate; classes are conducted during regular business hours. Address R. E., 147 Times.

GIRLS, 2,
WANTED FOR
COLLECTION DEPARTMENT
LARGE PUBLICATION;
ABLE TO DO TYPEWRITING;
STENOGRAPHY NOT NECESSARY;
SALARY, $12 TO START.
C. M., 468 TIMES.

GIRL
BRIGHT, YOUNG, IN ORDER OFFICE OF RETAIL STORE; SALARY TO START, $12.
DE PINNA,
5TH AV. AT 50TH ST.

GIRLS—SEVERAL.

16 to 17, with working papers, for light, pleasant work in order department; picking and counting paper patterns; desirable employment for beginners; hours, 8:30 to 5:30, half day Saturday; employes' luncheroom; $9 start; early advancement. Pictorial Review Co., 210 West 39th, 6th floor.

GIRLS.—Surety company, having large number of women employes, requires several girls to begin as messengers; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, education, and salary expected. T 706 Times Downtown.

GIRLS IN SAMPLE DEPARTMENT OF WHOLESALE GLOVE HOUSE; LIGHT, CLEAN WORK; ADVANCEMENT TO RIGHT PARTY; STATE AGE, REFERENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. H. F., 883 TIMES.

GIRL, high school graduate, assistant to manager of educational department in large publishing house; pleasant work, congenial surroundings, and favorable hours; $14 to start. Call after 9:30. The McGraw-Hill Book Co., 239 West 39th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS
AND
WOMEN.

WORK CONSISTS OF SELECTING AND WRAPPING ORDERS RECEIVED BY MAIL. NOT FACTORY WORK. APPLICANTS 16 TO 40 YEARS OF AGE CONSIDERED.

NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY, AS WE WILL TRAIN YOU TO BECOME
ORDER PICKERS,
PACKERS,
STOCK KEEPERS.

PAY $12 PER WEEK TO START. ALSO POSITIONS FOR EXPERIENCED WORKERS IN ABOVE LINES.

A BONUS OF 10% IS PAYABLE XMAS.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS
STOP AT
1,158 BROADWAY
(N. E. Cor. 27th St.)

There you will find a very attractive employment office of the New York Telephone Company, where you will be certially received and advised of the advantages of telephone operating as a profession. It is one of the best paying propositions in the city today for
GIRLS.

GIRLS.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,

have vacancies in various departments for GIRLS from 14 to 17 years old; good opportunities for advancement for those who are energetic and ambitious. Apply
Superintendent's office, 6th floor.

GIRLS.—Experience not necessary; will be taught at steady, desirable trade; paid while learning, with steady advancement. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

GIRL.—Wanted, intelligent girl to assist in accounting department of advertising agency; accuracy at figures essential; typist preferred; state experience and salary desired; permanent. B 702 Times Downtown.

GIRLS to take names in residential districts for New York City Directory; experience unnecessary. Apply only by letter in own handwriting, stating salary, R. L. Polk & Co., Inc., 125 Church St.

GIRL WANTED.—Arnold Constable & Co., 5th Av. and 40th St., desires the services of a girl for office work; pleasant surroundings and chance for advancement. Apply in person to Mr. Higgins, fourth floor.

GIRL wanted in cost department; one who can operate typewriter preferred; good salary to start; advancement. Apply William Iselin & Bro., 87 South 9th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRL wanted, capable, for general housework in apartment; two adults, one little girl; white country girl preferred. Tel. Plaza 4567. Call evenings or write Mrs. McGrew, 51 East 58th St.

GIRL, file clerk and operator for switchboard in general office of manufacturing concern; state age, experience, and salary expected. F. O. Box 17, Station S, N. Y.

GIRL for clerical position in first class publishing house; typist preferred; good chance for advancement; salary $12. M. T., 416 Times.

GIRL wanted for sample work on vellings and nettings; must be experienced. Glender Textile Co., 187 5th Av.

GIRL, refined, to care for little boy afternoons; good salary. Lewis, 263 West 83d St. Schuyler 9490.

GIRL wanted, about 16 years of age, to assist in office; no experience necessary; salary, $6 to start. F 589 Times Downtown.

GIRL, refined, for 2 school children; assist chamber work; to apply, 2 to 3. Fry, 1,861 Madison Av. (96th.)

GIRL wanted for office work and errands; state age and salary. B 698 Times Downtown.

GIRL in subscription department of publishing house for clerical work; must be 16 years old; salary start $10. M. T., 416 Times.

GIRLS.—Experienced workers for bindery; good pay; steady work. McGraw-Hill Company, 36th St. and 10th Av.

GIRLS to do light, clean work, mercantile house. A 993 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS.—A young girl as governess and companion to girl 14 years of age; piano, advanced English, and, if possible, French required. Call between 9 and 11 at 18 West 76th St.

GOVERNESS, nursery, take entire charge of child and assist with one 9; must understand plain sewing; best references; French preferred. Call Tuesday, between 10 and 12, 228 West 86th. Apt. 905.

GOVERNESS for girl of seven; references required. Call 10-11 Wednesday morning. Mrs. Schoelle, 600 West End Av., corner 84th St.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES who desire positions leading to supervisory work and offering advancement to $1,500 a year, apply to Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St. (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE to assist in chemical laboratory; one having had chemical training preferred but not essential. Habirshaw Electric Cable Co., Point St., Yonkers, N. Y.

HOUSEWORKER.—GIRL TO ASSIST IN COOKING AND GENERAL HOUSEWORK, TWO AND INFANT IN FAMILY; GOOD WAGES. CALL 121 WEST 19TH, 3D FLOOR.

HOUSEWORKER.—Wanted, a maid, (white,) for housework, who can cook; city references; three in family; no washing; $40 per month. Telephone Morningside 6226 before 10:30 a. M. or after 5 P. M.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, or general house worker; white, where another maid is kept; small family; good wages. Apply 175 Lincoln St., Montclair; phone 6155 Montclair.

HOUSEWORKER, experienced girl; small family; good wages. Schiele, 2,647 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER, working; family two adults; good home. Apply Box 822, Scarsdale; phone 308 Scarsdale.

HOUSEMAID.—Six-room apartment; no washing, no cooking. Apply in person, Mrs. Kruskal, 1 West 85th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Working. Apply 65 South Parsons Av., Flushing, L. I. Phone Flushing 1567.

HOUSEWORKER; two in family; no laundry; $50. Shulman, 100 East 19th.

JAMES McCREERY & CO.'S
NEW SHOE DEPARTMENT
offers splendid opportunities for Shoe Salespersons who are desirous of obtaining permanent positions at excellent salaries with splendid chances for rapid advancement; store hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Apply all day. Superintendent's office, 8th floor, 35th St. employes' entrance.

JUNIORS,
16 TO 18 YEARS OF AGE,
AS STOCK GIRLS
AND WRAPPERS.
Steady position; excellent chances for advancement.
AT WANAMAKERS.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

HELP WANTED—Female.

KITCHEN MAID wanted; Oyster Bay at present; New York Winter; wages $45. Apply 165 East 74th St.

LABELER to fill and label perfumery and toilet preparation bottles; learners also taken. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 43d St.

LEDGER CLERK

in wholesale dry goods house; one thoroughly familiar with taking trial balance monthly; must be accurate and reliable; steady position, with good prospects offered to right party. Address, full particulars, G. S. 320 Times Downtown.

LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO.
STORE OPENS 9 A. M., CLOSES 5.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL YOUNG WOMEN WHO HAVE A KNOWLEDGE OF GENERAL OFFICE WORK. SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 9:30 OR WRITE
MR. REIF,
280 WEST 125TH ST.

MAID for general housework in small apartment; two in family; must be good cook, neat, and have references; car fare paid. Bunnell, 178 East 70th St.

MILLINERS wanted, good salary. Ready position to right party. Apply all day, M dame Bogert, 1,542 Broadway.

MODEL, Part-time work, 9 to 1 daily; stylish young lady, size 36-38, to try on women's garments in the New York offices of a large out of town department store; must be refined young woman with highest references and one who can act as general clerical assistant as well; salary $12. M. 83 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER, active, for one child of seven; servants employed. Telephone Tuesday afternoon, Murray Hill 807, between 5 and 6 or write, stating nationality, experience, and telephone number, Mrs. H., 133 East 40th St.

NIGHT TELEPHONE OPERATORS

EARN $15.50 PER WEEK WHEN ASSIGNED TO NIGHT WORK AND RECEIVE INCREASES UNTIL THEY GET $23 PER WEEK.

Free instruction in daytime, with salary of $12 per week during training period of about 4 weeks.

Hours, 9:30 P. M. to 7:00 A. M.

Women 21 to 35 years of age are eligible.

Permanent position.

Opportunities for advancement.

Every care and convenience.

If interested, call "SPRING OFFICIAL," (Free call,) or apply in person at
MANHATTAN,
1,158 B'way, cor. 27th St.,
8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
BRONX,
453 E. Tremont Av.,
12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN,
81 Willoughby St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,336 B'way, 11 A. M. to 6 P. M.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted; take care of two children, 5¼ and 2½ years; only those who like children need apply; good salary; simple home. Apply, George I. Fox, 164 West 25th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for two boys, 5¼ and 8 years; must be competent and speak French; references required. Call Tuesday, between 11 and 12:30, Mrs. Frederic Lederer, 157 West 79th St.

NURSE.—Mother's helper or refined child's nurse; good salary; well-trained boys. Telephone Kingsbridge 852, Mrs. Edwin Strang, Riverdale, (254th St.)

NURSE.—Wanted, capable young woman to nurse child 2 years; must be willing to be useful in other small ways; wages $30. J 266 Times.

NURSE to take care of two boys 3 and 4 years at Woodmere, L. I.; 35 minutes from city. Apply 12 to 1 at 210 West 106th St., or phone Academy 1225.

NURSE.—Take care two children afternoons, 3 years and 6 months old; references, experience required. Call 12-3 o'clock, Stichel, 600 West 146th St.

NURSE for 2 children, 2, 6; Far Rockaway. Call Tuesday, Crohn, 4 West 91st, New York, before 1.

NURSE.—Experienced white, for boy 6 years old; personal reference required. Call Tuesday or Wednesday, 10-3. McKee, 131 Riverside Drive, corner 85th.

NURSE for 2 children; good home for refined girl. Schiele, 2,647 Broadway

NURSERY GOVERNESS, 2 boys, age 5-8. Call before 11, Gluck, 528 West 111th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
YOUNG LADY, 19-21; MUST BE ACCURATE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL 9:30 A. M. OR WRITE
MR. REIF,
LUDWIG BAUMANN & CO.,
8TH AV., 35TH-36TH ST.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in wholesale drug house; high school education or knowledge of chemistry; now located in Brooklyn; Bloomfield, N. J., after Nov. 15. Apply Lehn & Fink, 635 Fairfield St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE GIRL, about 16, bright, willing, and ambitious, to work for advancement; state salary to start. W. H. K., P. O. Box 1178, City Hall Station, New York City.

OFFICE GIRLS, age 14 to 16 years, large insurance company; advancement. J Address P. O. Box 826, City Hall Station, New York City.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, one having knowledge of stenography and typewriting preferred. Arthur W. Wars Co., 12 East 13th.

OPERATORS.—Moon-Hopkins, familiar with billing machine. C. E. Hertlein, 324 4th Av.

OFFICE GIRL and typist; must live home. Apply Room 317, Strand Theatre Building; 9 A. M. Tuesday.

PLEASANT PERMANENT POSITIONS
WITH HIGH PAY
FOR
GIRLS AND WOMEN.

THE NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY IS A BIG RETAIL MAIL ORDER HOUSE, NOT A FACTORY.

WE OCCUPY THE BIG, MODERN 16-STORY BUILDING ON 7TH AV. BETWEEN 34TH AND 35TH STS., CONVENIENT TO 33D ST. STATION OF 7TH AV. SUBWAY, 6TH AND 9TH AV. ELEVATED, AND 33D ST. CROSSTOWN LINE.

WE AIM TO MAKE THE NATIONAL ONE OF THE BEST PLACES IN THE CITY FOR GIRLS AND WOMEN TO WORK. WE PAY THE BEST WAGES AND OFFER THE OPPORTUNITY FOR QUICK ADVANCEMENT. BESIDES WE PAY A CASH BONUS EVERY THREE MONTHS THAT INCREASES YOUR EARNINGS RAPIDLY.

IN RETURN WE WANT ONLY INTELLIGENT, EARNEST GIRLS AND WOMEN WHO REALLY WANT TO GET ALONG AND MAKE MORE MONEY.

AT PRESENT WE HAVE OPEN A NUMBER OF POSITIONS THAT DO NOT REQUIRE EXPERIENCE, BUT THAT DO GIVE BRIGHT GIRLS A CHANCE TO ADVANCE QUICKLY.

POSITIONS NOW OPEN.

ORDER PICKING;
Selecting Orders for Customers.
STOCK WORK.
Caring for stock, such as Hosiery, Underwear, &c.
EXAMINING.
Examining the quality of merchandise, such as Shirtwaists, Lingerie, &c.
PARCEL WRAPPING.
Wrapping light parcels for customers.
OFFICE WORK.
In our executive building, devoted to clerical work, we have positions open for a number of bright girls.
ORDER EXAMINING.
FILING.
TAKING ACCOUNT OF SALES.
SPANISH TRANSLATOR.
GENERAL OFFICE WORK.

MOTHERS AND FATHERS ARE URGED TO VISIT THE NATIONAL AND SEE THE WORKING CONDITIONS HERE. EVERY DEPARTMENT IS CLEAN AND BRIGHT, WELL LIGHTED, AND WELL VENTILATED. WE HAVE A SPLENDID LUNCHROOM, WHERE GOOD, LUNCHES ARE SERVED AT COST, AND BESIDES HAVE REST ROOMS, LIBRARY, AND EVERYTHING THAT WILL ADD TO THE EMPLOYES' COMFORT.

Apply after 8:30 A. M.

NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 WEST 34TH ST.

HELP WANTED—Female.

PATTERN MAKERS,
for large children's dress house; only those thoroughly experienced apply. 1,116 Broadway, 12th floor.

PHARMACIST who has had experience in drug store, for wholesale house, where accurate figuring and weighing is necessary; good salary, with future; age 30 to 40 and married. J 283 Times.

PHOTOGRAPH SALESLADY for reception room of photograph studio; steady position with advancement. L. S. White, 1,546 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN.

R. H. MACY & CO., INC., require thoroughly experienced saleswomen, or women who are able to become experienced saleswomen through the aid of our Department of Training, in the following departments:

Women's Neckwear.
Vellings.
Ribbons.
Art Embroidery.
Silverware.
Stationery.
Artists' Material.
Drug and Toilet Articles.
China.
Toys.
Bakery.
Candy.

Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN.
10:40 A. M. UNTIL 2:30 P. M.,
OR
AFTERNOON EMPLOYMENT.
R. H. MACY & CO., INC., require competent saleswomen or women who are able to become competent saleswomen through the aid of our Department of Training. FROM 10:45 A. M. UNTIL 2:30 P. M. OR FROM 11:45 A. M. UNTIL 5:30 P. M. This kind of employment is intended to relieve the shortage of help during the lunch period. Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN,
PART TIME
FROM 11 TO 5:
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
AT WANAMAKERS.
Apply Employment Office.

SALESWOMEN
WITH EXPERIENCE
IN TOILET GOODS,
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR
AND SHOES.
AT WANAMAKERS.
Apply Employment Office.

SALESWOMEN,
with experience in
CLOAKS AND SUITS
AND MILLINERY.
AT WANAMAKERS.
Apply Employment Office.

SALESLADY, EXPERIENCED, SMART APPEARANCE AND PERSONALITY, FOR LADIES' SPECIALTY SHOP. TO WORK FROM 1 TO 9:30 P. M.; HIGHEST SALARY PAID TO CAPABLE WOMEN. APPLY HUSCH, 2,870 BROADWAY, BET. 141TH-112TH STS.

SALESLADY, familiar with the social stationery and engraving line, having selling and managing experience, in a retail commercial stationery store. Write or call any day, Goldsmith Bros., Stationers, 77 Nassau.

SALESLADIES, whole or part time. Apply at store. F. W. Woolworth, 1,323 Broadway.

SALESLADIES, $15 and up, according to sales; no experience necessary. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SAMPLE MODELS.
size 18, for high-class dress house.
M. & H. RENTNER,
2 WEST 38D ST.

SECRETARY wanted by one of a firm of Wall Street attorneys; excellent opportunity; answer in own handwriting, giving fullest particulars as to experience, education, salary, &c. P. 827 Times Downtown.

SEWERS.—Girls to do light hand sewing; experience not necessary; paid while learning; steady advancement. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

SHOE SALESWOMEN.

Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require several thoroughly experienced saleswomen for their women's shoe department; only those who have served in houses of the first order will be considered. Applications may be made at the Employment Office, Subway Floor, Central Building, or by mail.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER, experienced in mailing Cuban and Mexican factories; state salary, &c. A 679 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST wanted for wholesale lumber office. Wayne Lumber Co., 110 West 40th St., New York, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—EXPERIENCED YOUNG LADY FOR PERMANENT POSITION WITH CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE QUALIFICATIONS. ACME DIE CASTING CORP., 87 80TH ST., BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, Spanish and English dictation, wanted by large American concern; state experience, age, salary desired, &c.; must have first-class references. C 679 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate, well educated; hours 9 to 5; permanent position with high-grade firm to intelligent, willing girl; state age, previous experience, and salary expected. E 194 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.
Rapid, good speller; must have experience; state age, qualification, and salary desired; good chance for advancement. R. G., 205 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. Remington typewriter, wanted in office of large manufacturing concern; must be rapid and accurate; state age, experience, and salary expected. D 485 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS and typists wanted by large Jersey City manufacturing concern; also 2 beginners; good opportunity for advancement. Address P. O. Box 473, Jersey City.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate and speedy; operate from 10:30 to 4:30 P. M.; salary $80 per month; state experience and references. R 318 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, to assist with general office work; chance for advancement. Call 206 Amsterdam Av., 69th St.

STENOGRAPHER, writing English and Polish, for Polish firm; must know both languages perfectly, otherwise useless to apply. Address replies by letter. J 444 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. — One with some bookkeeping experience; steady position and advancement for right party. Standard Truck Corp., 520 West 57th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, one with insurance experience preferred; apply by letter, stating full qualifications and salary required. F 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping and assist office detail; salary commensurate with ability. Apply all week, Palm Knitting, 140 West 22d.

STENOGRAPHER for assistant manager machinery company; should be accurate, fairly rapid, and good at figures; $18-$20 to start. Box 744 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, must be good typist and have fair knowledge of stenography. Call E. F. Keating Co., 452 Water St., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHERS.—In office of large electrical manufacturer; experienced, willing; good opportunity; write giving full details, including salary. J 209 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, clerk, experienced; $20-$25, advancement; state religion, experience, and references. R. D., 412, 1,777 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; one who is efficient and experienced in the mercantile line; state salary expected, age, experience; permanent position. A 690 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in office of factory; steady. New York Knitting Mills, 141 Wooster.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian firm; salary to start $15; short hours. Apply Brown's Letters, Inc., 140 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHERS; 5 expert Royal Machines; business references essential; salary $25 weekly. A 928 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and OFFICE ASSISTANT, experience in cloak and suit house preferred. Leo F. Sturm, 5 West 30th.

STENOGRAPHER. — Fiction writer wants stenographer interested in literary work; $15 to start. Gramercy 2986.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright beginner wanted by textile manufacturer; must have high school education. Phone Stuyvesant 6850.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Must have experience in office work; salary, B 831 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.

WE CAN USE THE SERVICES OF THREE EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS IN THE OFFICES OF THIS ORGANIZATION; PAY BASED ON YOUR PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE; MUST BE ACCURATE AND NEAT APPEARING. ALSO WE HAVE 2 VACANCIES WHERE GOOD BEGINNERS WILL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO QUALIFY.

CALL AT ONCE
THE
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.

REMINGTON OR UNDERWOOD OPERATOR WANTED BY A PROMINENT RETAIL BOOKING CORPORATION; EXPERIENCE PREFERRED BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; STATE ABILITY AND DETAIL AND SALARY DESIRED. REAL ESTATE, BOX P 295 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHERS

for machinery company in Brooklyn; Christian firm. Apply by letter, stating salary and references.

J. W. THOMAS,
P. O. BOX 209, BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER,

one who is familiar with use of the dictaphone, and having had some experience; good salary and good prospects for future. Address, giving full particulars, A. Y., 491 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, who has had at least 1 year practical business experience; must be bright, active, cheerful worker; accuracy desired more than speed; must also be willing to assist in billing and general office work; splendid chance advancement for right party; answer in own handwriting, stating experience, age, and salary expected at beginning; Christian concern. Box 10, 1619 St. James Building.

STENOGRAPHER.
Excellent opportunity for experienced young woman; pleasant surroundings; steady position. Hecht-Bros., 53 West 14th.

STENOGRAPHERS,
experienced, competent, for large manufacturing concern; permanent positions; good futures. A 834 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — A desirable position with excellent future is open for young woman of refinement; one who is willing to accept moderate salary; must be efficient and capable of doing detail work; please state references and salary expected. P. O. Box 346, New York.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST for South Brooklyn manufacturing corporation for accounting dept.; state salary desired and full qualifications; good chance for advancement. D. G., 206 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Many high-class positions for stenographers with knowledge of the dictaphone; if you are not, a dictaphone operator a demonstration of the machine will make you one; instruction free of charge. Inquire Miss Charash, 280 B'way, Room 522.

STENOGRAPHER for office of Bronx manufacturer; experienced. F. Co., 240 East 130th.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, charge office; educated; refined; $15. Room 315, 1,493 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of German; must have at least two years' experience. W 624 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner or some experience. Apply 9:30 A. M., 215 Montague St., Room 818, Borough Hall, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, little law experience, permanent position; salary $15. B 604 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady wanted as stenographer and to help in office; state salary expected. D 687 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for export house; salaries to start $16-$20; state details, experience, &c. B 682 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, general office assistant, in sales department of silk mfg. firm; state salary. H 95 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, as assistant in small office $12 to start. Apply, after 9:30 A. M., Brand, 3 East 46th.

STENOGRAPHER, automobile export business; must be experienced; state references, salary expected. P 120 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient; will pay salary asked; Letter Writers' Service, 17 Moore St., near South Ferry.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant. Nicoll the Tailor, 1,248 B'way, at 31st St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Apply Advance Rubber Co., 900 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED; EXPERIENCED. J 264 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be proficient; good position. Box 17, 1619 St. James Bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS.
McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; salary $12. Call Room 1405, 354 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, for part time work. Cortina Academy, 12 East 46th St.

STOCK GIRL
Neat, to assist models in showroom.
M. & H. RENTNER,
2 WEST 38D ST.

STOCK GIRL
wanted by manufacturer of children's dresses in Brooklyn. W. L. Leavy, Broadway and Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

STOCK GIRL on ladies' garments; good pay; chance for advancement. Apply Mr. Cort, Lane Bryant, 21 West 38th.

SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT large national weekly—desires services of girls familiar with stenog'l work; hours 9 to 5, half day Saturday all year; write, giving age, experience, and salary desired. W 895 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, with knowledge of stenography; salary to commence, $15. Apply Merchandise Broker, A 964 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, competent, for Latin and elementary science in private day school; hours 8:30-11. Apply Thursday, 1-4 P. M., 226 West 70th.

TELEPHONE OPERATING IS AN OCCUPATION A CAREFUL MOTHER WOULD CHOOSE FOR HER DAUGHTER.

Interesting, sheltered, provided with every comfort and convenience and offering ample opportunity for advancement in a real service.

Salary paid while learning.

Young women 16 to 25 years of age are eligible.

Apply at any of the following offices:
MANHATTAN,
1,158 Broadway, Cor 27th Street—8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
BRONX,
453 East Tremont Avenue—12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN,
81 Willoughby Street—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,336 Broadway—11 A. M. to 6 P. M.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Permanent position; one capable of using typewriter preferred; splendid opportunity for advancement. A. R. Hill, Suite 900, 20 W. 22d St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, one with experience and intelligence, neat and accurate. Apply 8 A. M., Mr. Smith, Hotel Ashton, 994 St. and Madison Av.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, expert; must be a good stenographer; also know how to operate switchboard; good opportunity. Call Mr. Rosen, H. Amber & Co., 708 Broadway.

TYPEWRITER OPERATORS, experienced young women, to address envelopes; permanent positions; $2.50 a 1,000. Call at McGraw-Hill Company, 10th Av. at 36th St.; ask for Miss French.

TYPIST AND CLERK.
Competent, experienced young lady, about 23, in large office; must be quick, accurate, able to operate long carriage Underwood machine, and good figurer; excellent chance for advancement; state qualifications and salary desired. F 516 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid and accurate Underwood operator, to do form letters in light, pleasant office; $15 with advancement; permanent; state age and religion. C 800 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

1,158 BROADWAY,
MANHATTAN,
(Cor. 27th Street.)
is
the
MAIN
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT
for
TELEPHONE OPERATORS
who
are
paid
12 DOLLARS A WEEK
to
start
and
receive
AN INCREASE IN ONE MONTH
with
FURTHER INCREASES AT SHORT INTERVALS.
STEADY EMPLOYMENT.
EXCELLENT WORKING CONDITIONS.
Call for further particulars.
Open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Branch Offices Are Located at the following places:
BRONX.
453 E. Tremont Av., 12 M to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN.
81 Willoughby St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,336 Broadway, 11 A. M. to 6 P. M.

TYPISTS.

GIRLS, 16 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER, using touch system, required for copying orders from customers' letters; previous experience not necessary; quick, accurate work will result in advancement; good salaries; attractive working conditions.

BELLAS, HESS & CO.,
95 MORTON ST.,
Near Christopher St. Ferry.

TYPISTS, 2, wanted by large insurance company downtown; experience preferred but would consider intelligent beginners. 9 A. M. Times Downtown.

TYPIST at once for dictaphone work; instruction free; ample and pleasant work; apply surely this week. Miss Charash, Room 522, 280 Broadway.

TYPIST, experienced, by large fire insurance company downtown; permanent position. Write stating age and qualifications. A 588 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced; permanent position; pleasant surroundings; Underwood machine. Harriet Hubbard Ayer, 323 East 34th.

TYPIST for addressing work, neat young lady; experience not necessary. Call Bell Co., 115 Worth St.

TYPEWRITER for a few days' duties only. Apply to Manager Hotel St. James, 109 West 45th.

TYPIST, experienced, for temporary work; salary $18. Apply Room 815, 195 Broadway.

TYPIST BY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; STATE SALARY, S. E., 830 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST.—Addressing, filing; must be experienced; $12 start; permanent; advancement. James Gray, 128 West 24th.

TYPISTS, STEADY WORK; GOOD PAY. MERCANTILE LETTER CO., 150 NASSAU ST.

WAITRESSES, lunch and soda fountain girls. Apply F. W. Woolworth, 1,323 Broadway.

WAITRESS.—Sleep out; references required. Apply mornings, 52 East 57th, studio 2.

WOMEN, MIDDLE-AGED,

for light work in assembling paper patterns; short hours; half day Saturday.

The Butterick Publishing Co.,
64 West 23d St.,
3d floor, McCreery Building.

WOMEN WITHOUT EXPERIENCE, who wish to learn a business which offers permanent employment and a good salary, apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

WOMEN of culture, well-dressed, to promote high-grade copper stock; extraordinary opportunity for right party; salary and commission. Suite 1101, 110 West 40th St.

WOMAN, 25-30 years, Christian firm, experienced operating switchboard and filing or quick to learn; location, west side, 37th St. K 809 Times.

WRAPPING CLERK wanted for small parcels in advertising department; chance for advancement. Apply G. Washington Sales Co., Inc., 354 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN

wanted for the delivery of telegrams, between the ages of 21 and 35; salary $12 per week, or commission basis. Apply hours 9 to 5.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.,
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
25 PARK PLACE.

YOUNG LADIES

for general clerical work in office large grocery concern; must be over 18 years; write, stating salary, E. M. F., P. O. Box 22, Station E, Bronx.

YOUNG GIRL

THE NATIONAL AMMLIE AND CHEMICAL CO. REQUIRES A YOUNG GIRL IN ITS SERVICE DEPARTMENT; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE PREFERRED; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. APPOINTMENT BY INTERVIEW ONLY. JOHN 4420.

YOUNG LADY, good at figures, assist in cost accounting department of young, progressive manufacturing concern; good opportunity to become familiar with cost work, and rapid advancement assured; state experience and salary desired. M. I., 413, 1,777 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN,

to take charge of filing department; must be thoroughly experienced with filing; location, Bush Terminal, South Brooklyn, N. Y.; state age, salary, experience, and full qualifications. F. G., 206 Broadway, Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY to learn operate single power sewing machine on light work; pleasant work room, lunch room; state age and previous experience; salary $10 to start. F 425 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY with analytical mind, to compile reports of statistical nature; knowledge of double entry essential; stenographic experience with Protestant religious organization. T 454 Times Annex.

YOUNG WOMAN

for advertising dept.; such former experienced preferred; good chance for advancement; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. B. G., 826 Broadway, Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN

for the delivery of telegrams, between the ages of 21 and 35;

Greatest Volume

In seven months of this year The New York Times published 10,262,770 agate lines of advertisements—recording a gain of 2,659,727 agate lines over the corresponding period of last year—a greater gain than any other New York newspaper.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS
AND YOUNG MEN.

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN WHO ARE INTERESTED IN PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH A FAST GROWING MERCANTILE ORGANIZATION; WE HAVE A NUMBER OF VACANCIES AT THIS TIME WHICH OFFER EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES; VACANCIES ARE FOR PACKERS, ORDER FILLERS, AND STOCK BOYS; GOOD PAY.

CALL AT ONCE.

THE CHARLES
WILLIAMS STORES,
25 WASHINGTON STREET,
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

BOYS
BOYS
BOYS BOYS BOYS
BOYS
BOYS

HERE IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY!

We are looking for a few bright boys who want to GET OUT OF THE RUT and succeed in business.

The largest telephone manufacturing concern in the world offers this opportunity to a few boys who will start at the bottom of the ladder and work their way up to big positions.

CALL TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 4 P. M. FOR A PERSONAL INTERVIEW.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.
57 BETHUNE ST.,
or
MR. W. E. ERILL, ROOM 1210,
195 BROADWAY.

BOYS, 15-18.—Important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions, with opportunities for advancement, for several elementary or high school graduates; congenial work; short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $11 weekly. A 461 Times Downtown.

BOYS of the better class who appreciate the advantages of connecting themselves with a large mercantile establishment where promotion is the reward of conscientious effort will be given due consideration by addressing, giving age, religion, and salary expected. B 573 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—TWO ENERGETIC BOYS, OVER 17 YEARS OLD, FOR DAY WORK IN NEWSPAPER COMPOSING ROOM. CALL 4TH FLOOR, TIMES ANNEX, AFTER 10 A. M.

BOY WANTED TO RUN ERRANDS AND MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL IN OFFICE; $12 WEEKLY TO START; RAPID ADVANCEMENT. WHITE, 169 DUANE ST.

BOYS TO RUN ERRANDS AND ASSIST IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT OF WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE; SALARY EXPECTED. R. K., 568 TIMES.

BOYS BOYS
PAGE BOYS.
PACKAGE BOYS.
Of neat appearance, experience unnecessary, chance for advancement. Apply Timekeeper's Office, Hotel Plaza, 58th St. and 5th Av.

BOYS, 14-16 YEARS,
IN SHOWROOM LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; NO PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D ST.

BOYS WANTED.
Good opportunity to learn business in branch of large wholesale house; must be willing to be generally useful; good wages to start. Apply to the New York News Company, 110 West 32d St., N. Y. C.

BOYS WANTED.
Two bright, active boys for errands and general office work; good opportunity for reliable, industrious youths. Apply 16th floor, 64 Union Square, between 9-5.

BOYS, BRIGHT AND AMBITIOUS, IN STOCK DEPARTMENTS, LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL, METZGER-JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

BOYS AS MESSENGERS; NOT NECESSARY TO WEAR UNIFORM; GOOD WAGES; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. POSTAL TELEGRAPH CABLE CO., 258 BROADWAY.

BOY—To assist in office of large manufacturing company; about sixteen years of age; high school education preferred; good opportunity for bright, willing and energetic boy. T 754 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, law office; opportunity to study law; steady position for bright boy. A 696 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted as office assistant; excellent future. Write, giving qualifications and salary expected, D 431 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of importing firm; must have good references; salary $12. Call Topken Co., 267 4th Av., N. Y.

BOY; wholesale woolen house, bright, active gentlemanly boy to grow up in the business; opportunity. H 80 Times.

BOYS.—Large corporation wants office boys; excellent chance for advancement for bright, well educated boys. T 881 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 or over, to make himself generally useful; salary $11. The Dauchy Co., 9 Murray St., New York.

BOY FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; $12. L. J. WING MFG. CO., 352 WEST 13TH; 7TH FLOOR.

BOY wanted in office of downtown law firm. Scott, Gerard & Bowers, 45 Cedar St.

BOY wanted, 16 years old; large corporation; $10. A 667 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in large commercial house, Mr. Adicks, 14th floor, 290 Broadway.

BOY wanted; busy law office. Apply Room 1408, 128 Broadway.

BOY for errands; good wages. J. H. Curties & Co., 2 South St.

BOY wanted, neat, clean boy; law office. Room 1500, 51 Nassau St., New York.

BOY wanted for light errands. Room 97, 140 West 42d.

CASHIER AND CORRESPONDENT, with knowledge of credits and collections, in Brooklyn branch of national sales organization; salary commensurate with ability. Write, giving full details as to qualifications, M. T. 1,180 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CARPENTERS wanted; men experienced in putting trim. Call 121 Water St.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly experienced on White car, must be good mechanic, with private family; references. Call from 8 to 9 P. M., Apt. 1100, Hotel Chatham, 35 East 48th St.

CHEMIST, experienced in soda fountain supply. D 439 Times Downtown.

CIGARMAKERS, (50,) male or female; manufacturer will locate in Jamaica; applications may be made to Jamaica Board of Trade, Jamaica, N. Y.

CLERK, office, young man of experience in general office work, for position offering excellent opportunity for advancement; give age, salary wanted and references. D 436 Times Downtown.

CLERK in advertising department of a large daily newspaper; man with experience preferred; good opportunity; salary to start $15; state age and experience. D 860 Times Annex.

CLERKS wanted; young men, about 20 to 26 years of age, with some experience; steady employment; hours, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Address, giving references and salary expected, F 543 Times Downtown.

CLERK to assist in accounting department of large manufacturing company; good opportunity for bright young man; state age, qualifications, and salary desired. T 760 Times Downtown.

CLERK, cable and telegraph, experienced, to develop cable department in export house; state experience, salary desired and full particulars. A 671 Times Downtown.

CLERK wanted in the office of a daily newspaper; bright young man as general clerk and assistant to bookkeeper; salary $30; chance advancement. T 150 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLERK.—Young man for billing department, plumbers and steam jobbers' business; must have experience in this line. Call 465 Water St., New York.

CLERK, junior; must be good penman and come well recommended. Nicoll the Tailor, 1,242 Broadway, at 31st St.

CLERK, hardware; chance for advancement; state age, references, salary. T 129 Times.

CLERK, enter charges from cashier, operate billing machine. E 669 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR WANTED.
EXPERIENCED
FURNITURE HOUSE.
Good salary, steady position.
APPLY BAUMANN & CO.,
3D AV., 155D ST.

COMPANION man, educated, refined, not over 28, for student nervous breakdown; excellent room, board, and $12 week; to start today; half hour from New York; pleasant home. Call 31 o'clock, Gladke, 57 West 75th St.; no telephones.

CORRESPONDENT, must be experienced; good knowledge of the English language to handle volume of general correspondence in large manufacturing establishment; permanent; good opportunity for advancement. B N 120 Times.

COST CLERK.—One acquainted with machinery costs, payroll distribution, and general cost accounting; good chance for energetic, capable man. Mietz, 480 East 10th St.

COUPLE. — USEFUL; BUTLER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, WIFE AS PARLOR MAID AND WAITER TO BUTLER; CITY AND COUNTRY; GOOD WAGES FOR SATISFACTORY SERVICE; GOOD REFERENCES REQUIRED. ADDRESS CAMPBELL, P. O. BOX 34, STATION O.

DAY CLERK; neat appearing and experienced in wholesale line. Apply 8 A. M., Mr. Smith, Hotel Ashton, 93d St., and Madison Av.

DECORATIVE SALESMAN.
Abraham & Straus, Brooklyn, N. Y., require a decorative salesman; one familiar with high-grade home furnishing and who has had special training in handling fine draperies and curtains; permanent position, with good salary, also bonus features. Apply by mail only, addressing Superintendent, Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DESIGNER.—Experienced on lighting fixtures and working drawings. 150 East 54th St.

DOORMAN for automobile service station; must be quick and accurate at keeping records of cars entering and leaving building; state age, experience, and salary expected. S 1358 Times Bronx.

DRAFTSMEN,

FIRST - CLASS TRACERS AND DETAILERS ON AUTOMATIC MACHINERY

AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO., 5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED, BY A LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF MECHANICAL DRAWING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT FOR PROMISING YOUNG MAN. J 286 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN to detail iron stairs and miscellaneous building iron; apply by letter; state salary; steady work; sample of your work and reference required. West Side Structural Co., Troy, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN.—2 electrical draftsmen, experienced on switchboard and substation design; bring samples of work. Apply Design Bureau, New York and Queens Electric Light & Power Co., 444 Jackson Av., L. I. City.

DRAFTSMEN — Several structural steel detailers and checkers; familiar with New York City building construction. State age, nationality, experience and salary expected. R 318 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, with experience in gas engine and general machine design; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. Write N. F., 412, 1,777 Broadway.

DRAFTSMAN on ornamental iron work; state experience and salary expected. Richmond Structural Steel Co., Richmond, Va.

DRAFTSMAN with shop experience, competent as designed and checker on small work; good pay. D 418 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural; estimating material and labor from plans. L 917 Times Uptown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Wanted, structural steel draftsman. Apply Richmond Structural Steel Company, Richmond, Va.

DRAFTSMAN Wanted on automobile work. Jersey City Machine Co., Jersey City.

EMPLOYMENT ASSISTANTS.
A LARGE BROOKLYN MANUFACTURER HAS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR A COMPETENT ASSISTANT TO THEIR EMPLOYMENT MANAGER; in reply inclose small photograph and give full details as to experience, education, nationality, age, religion, dependents, and salary expected. A 443 Times Annex.

EXPORT.—A man who understands the export business thoroughly; we are large manufacturers of ladies' coats, suits, and dresses and desire to open an export department; to a man who can qualify a splendid proposition will be offered. K. 1., 213 Times.

FACTORY COST ACCOUNTANT—CORK DISK INDUSTRY.
One thoroughly familiar with every ramification of the business, including production cost of natural and artificial disks, tin plate decorating, &c.; this is a worth-while proposition, with excellent initial salary, leading on demonstrated merit to department head position, carrying commensurate remuneration; for interview applicants should state age, experience in detail, and by whom employed at present; replies will be held in strict confidence. Address Y 247 Times Annex.

FACTORY MANAGER wanted, capable of taking charge of small factory now operating on shirts, located 75 miles from Philadelphia; attractive proposition will be made to an A1 man who knows his business; state past experience in confidence. A 672 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK, mercantile house, bright youth; steady employment. A 567 Times Downtown.

FLOORMAN wanted on afternoon paper; union. Telegraph or write Waterbury Democrat, Waterbury, Conn.

FUR SALESMAN,
experienced and accustomed to high-class trade, for 5th Av. specialty shop.
SHERIDAN,
366 5th Av., at 34th St.

FURNITURE BUYER and manager wanted for large wholesale concern; must be a worker and understand the line. D 454 Times Downtown.

HAT SALESMAN,
WALLACH BROS.,
3D AV., COR. 122D ST.

HELPERS make themselves useful around different house departments. A 562 Times Downtown.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS.
HALF DAY'S WORK EVERY DAY.
Boys having time off from school may report for work week days, 8:30 to 12:30 P. M., or from 1:30 to 5:30, and from 8:30 to 1 P. M. Saturdays as part time workers. Liberal salaries.

BELLAS HESS & CO.,
98 MORTON ST.,
Near Christopher St. Ferry.

LABORATORY BOY wanted; salary $12-$15; state age, experience, and references. C 684 Times Downtown.

LACE MAKER, one used to barwarp machines preferred; also bleacher for cotton goods. Thomas E. Abell and Maurice Av. and Everson St., Winfield, L. I.

LEDGER CLERK
in wholesale dry goods house; one thoroughly familiar with taking trial balance monthly; must be accurate and reliable; steady position with good prospects offered to right party. Address, full particulars, G. M 627 Times Downtown.

LITHOGRAPHIC ARTISTS.
We have openings for several first-class crayon and stipple artists familiar with Ben Day machine; we can also use several good color lettering artists and one or two letterers. Apply to Mr. D. R. Miller, Hotel McAlpin, New York, Tuesday or Wednesday, Sept. 23d, 24th.

LITHOGRAPH PRESSMEN.
Men wanted for both flatbed and rotary tin printing presses; good job in first-class plant, outside city, operating 30 presses; highest prevailing wages. Apply to Mr. D. D. Miller, Hotel McAlpin, New York, Tuesday or Wednesday, Sept. 23-24.

LITHOGRAPHIC PROCESS ARTISTS, pressmen and transfer men; capable; wanted by big Chicago house; best wages paid to those who can qualify. Apply Pennsylvania Hotel, New York City, N. Y., between hours of 10 A. M., 4 P. M. See Mr. G. F. Schmidt.

HELP WANTED—Male.

LITHOGRAPHIC ARTISTS.

LETTERERS OR ENGRAVERS ABLE TO WORK WITH PEN AND BRUSH.

CRAYON ARTISTS.

PROCESS ARTISTS FOR RETOUCHING.

SKILLFUL TRADESMEN CAN SECURE STEADY EMPLOYMENT WITH HIGHEST WAGES SCALE IN LARGE NEW YORK CITY ESTABLISHMENT. ADDRESS, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED TO START AT TO PROVE ABILITY.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER,
52 EAST 19TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

MAGAZINE ADVERTISING SALESMEN.
Excellent opportunity is offered to young man with magazine experience to sell advertising space in a publication fast coming into prominence; prefer man who has sold automobile advertising; when answering this announcement state clearly your qualifications, what you have sold, age, and salary expected. Y 287 Times Annex.

MANAGER to control distribution of merchandise to branches and customers; familiar with warehousing, stock records and control, who in the past has worked close to both sales and manufacturing departments in large corporation; exceptional opportunity for right man; state experience, qualifications, and salary expected. A 665 Times Downtown.

MANAGER and foreman, experienced, for paper factory in Poland; must know Polish perfectly, be capable and energetic, and already occupied same positions in America. Apply by letter, Y 442 Times Annex.

MAN—STENOGRAPHY.
Quick and correct at figures, alert, and capable of thinking for himself; experience in paper accounts preferred; to one possessing these qualifications we offer an exceptional future. Address, stating age, nationality, salary, and references,

R. S., 211 TIMES.

MAN.—We require a man who is capable of studying plans for proposed new buildings or the adoption of old building for a new line of work; we desire an intelligent young man who has a knowledge of mechanical conveyors and ship routing to expedite manufacturing; this is an excellent chance for a young man who has the proper qualifications. Apply in writing, giving age, nationality, education, experience and salary expected, to Y 440 Times Annex.

MAN wanted immediately, thoroughly experienced in export and import; one with South and East African experience desired, but not essential; must know thoroughly iron and steel and products thereof; this is the right party; this position offers excellent opportunity for advancement; apply, stating full details, giving experience, age, and references, which will not be used until after interview; application will be treated in strictest confidence. D 438 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Opportunity for the right man with an up-to-date progressive company. He must have office experience and be prepared to assume responsibilities. State salary, experience, full details and telephone number. Box 21, 526 9th St., Brooklyn.

MAN, elderly, to take charge of small stock room. H 90 Times.

MAN, experienced, in packing department. Call 36 Hudson St.

MEN—EX-NAVY.
We have a good opportunity for a man familiar with ships and ship equipment, who has had either advertising or sales experience; in reply give complete details of education, business, and navy experience, with age, party requirements, &c. G 687 Times Downtown.

MOTOR CYCLISTS.
A good opportunity to earn additional money is open to young man owning motor cycle, to collect advertising copy from our agents afternoons from 4 to 6:30; state age and salary expected. Y 431 Times Annex.

MOTOR CYCLISTS.
A good opportunity to earn additional money is open to young man owning motorcycle, to collect advertising copy from our agents afternoons from 4 to 6:30; state age and salary expected. Y 431 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
We want a young, ambitious high school graduate, not over 18, for our correspondence division. Must not be afraid of long hours and detail work. Salary moderate, but a real chance to learn our business and succeed. Call

RITTER BROS.
1336 Broadway.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Young man from 18 to 21 with some experience as bill clerk and general office routine; salary $14 to start; state experience Office Assistant, P. O. Box 24, Station A, New York City.

OFFICE BOY, neat, 16 years old, wanted by The Saturday Evening Post for messenger service between our New York and Philadelphia offices; all expenses paid; only those seeking advancement apply. Apply 18th floor Metropolitan Tower.

OFFICE BOY in mailing department of a manufacturing establishment, downtown; about 16 or 17 years old; wages $6-$10. Write, giving particulars. B 680 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted, bright, energetic, and neat, by corporation lawyer; excellent chance for advancement. Call Room 53, 20 Nassau St.

OFFICE BOY.—BRIGHT, ACTIVE, OF NEAT APPEARANCE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY Q. R. S. CO., 518 WEST 55TH ST.

OFFICE BOY, best chance for advancement to a conscientious worker; state age and salary desired. J 381 Times.

OFFICE BOY, 14 to 16 years; must be grammar school graduate; excellent future; salary commensurate with ability. J 157 Times.

OFFICE BOYS, large insurance company, excellent chance. Address P. O. Box 825, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

OFFICE BOY wanted by large steamship company; good opportunity; state age and salary expected. A 666 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Capable and willing; good chance bright boy to begin; references. Mietz, 480 East 10th St.

OFFICE BOY; PERMANENT POSITION; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. P. O. BOX 3, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

OFFICE BOY wanted, by engineering firm; bright, neat appearing office boy. Call Room 1906, 46 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY wanted. Apply 111 Broadway, Room 1623.

OFFICE BOY, bright; good chance for advancement. Room 4,127, 61 Broadway.

PACKER, Christian firm, in shipping department of essential oil house. Compagnie Morana, 118 East 27th.

PACKER.—Heavy porter understands Kenilworth holiday merchandise. A 564 Times Downtown.

PATTERN MAKERS
for large children's dress house; only those thoroughly experienced. Apply L,115 Broadway, 12th floor.

PHOTOGRAPHER, caller out, experienced in camp work; liberal salary. E. L. Jenkins, 122 Front St.

PHOTO RETOUCHER, experienced; large studio advertising concern. Apply Bluger Co., 43 West 18th.

PORTERS.—TWO STRONG, ABLE-BODIED YOUNG MEN TO WORK DAILY IN NEWSPAPER COMPOSING ROOM. CALL AFTER 10 A. M., 4TH FLOOR, TIMES ANNEX.

PORTER.
Trustworthy, able-bodied man, under 30, for permanent position in stationery department of large office; salary at start, $18. Call at 76 William St., see Mr. Watson, Room 408.

PRESSMAN.—First-class color prover on power press wanted. The Sterling Engraving Co., 300 William St.

PRINTING PRESS FOREMAN MACHINIST.
Machinist foreman wanted, A1, to handle repair gang on 5in lithographic presses; this is first-class position with open shop for good man who can qualify; will pay good salary. Apply to Mr. W. V. Breese, Hotel McAlpin, New York, Tuesday or Wednesday, Sept. 23d, 24th.

PRINTING OFFICE MAN, experienced in the business to handle detail work, make out job and check up stock tickets, look after making dummies, &c.; state experience and salary. J 289 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADUATES
who wish to earn a good salary while learning a profession which offers permanent work and regular advancement, apply Western Union, Room 1703, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

PURCHASING AGENT
BY LARGE CORPORATION, EXPERIENCED IN THE BUYING OF IRON AND STEEL AND ITS PRODUCTS. LIBERAL COMPENSATION TO COMPETENT MAN. APPLICATIONS CONSIDERED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. STATE EDUCATION, NATIONALITY AND FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE. Y 420 TIMES ANNEX.

RECEIVING CLERK
in large cotton converting house; steady position, with good prospects offered to right party. M. Lowenstein & Sons, Inc., 37-39 West 23d.

SALESMAN AND OFFICE MANAGER WANTED WHO IS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH EASTERN TRADE HANDLING CORSETS AND ALLIED LINES; ONE WHO HAS HAD SOME EXECUTIVE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; SALARY, $4,000 TO $5,000 A YEAR, PLUS BONUS. Y 270 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN. — Additional promotions have created vacancies on the force of the most rapidly expanding sales organization in the East. If you possess initiative, are honest, and a hard worker, we can use you on commission to sell securities of an old-established financial institution situated in New York that is now paying quarterly dividends totaling 8% per annum. A correct knowledge of finances is easily acquired and earnings are limited only by your own endeavors. Quick results for a hustler. Call for personal interview between 9:30 and 3:30. Suite 160, 1 Madison Av.

SALESMAN.—A man of personality, who can prove sales ability, can secure a desirable position with old established high-class manufacturing food products. We want a salesman who is looking for a position which will afford him an opportunity to demonstrate sufficient ability to deserve promotion; this is an opportunity for the exceptional man who can make good. Replies, to receive consideration, must not alone give full business experience but also state age, height and weight. Position is a salaried one and permanent. F 544 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, SECURITY
to sell on commission 15% stock of a company that is unique. The product of this company is in constant demand. This contract now pending makes the stock easy to sell and attractive to the shrewd investor. A good Dubiskei man who can sell and train others to sell is offered an unusual proposition. This is an opportunity for real stock salesmen who are producers and have good references. Only such men will be considered. N 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, to carry as a side line a solder having large sale with hardware, automobile accessory and garage trade; liberal commission to man calling on this trade. Vandam Specialty Co., 823 Hudson St.

SALESMEN.—We have opening on our sales force for three clever, well educated salesmen who have earned and want to earn $300 per month or more, and to do so will attend to business; nationally advertised mechanical specialty selling to drug and confectionery trade; exclusive territory with live leads; commission based on production with full credit mail and office sales. If you mean business call suite 1204, Selwyn Building, 229 West 42nd St. Ask for Mr. Reid.

SALESMAN—SECURITY.
Is there a salesman of Sargent or Dubiskei experience now employed who can demonstrate his ability; to producer, who can handle salesmen, to such a man a proposition will be made on a managership basis that will double his present income; to the right man who is an honest worker and can get results rapid promotion is assured; salary and commission. Phone Main 2011-2012, for appointment.

SALESMEN WANTED.
We have a real opportunity for men who have sold intangible lines, such as insurance, advertising space, services, and ideas. To the right men of established reputation our firm well known in market; traveling necessary; commission basis and drawing account.

THE ECONOMY SERVICE,
231 West 39th St.,
New York City.

SALES MANAGER.—Wonderful new visible card system, better than all others; sells for one-fourth; to establish agencies in all offices in all cities; general sales manager in city temporarily, will interview applicants for district managers, to travel, appoint and supervise State managers; commission basis; only highest class salesmen who have made good. Phone Audubon 8490, Extension 42, after 7 P. M. Tuesday.

SALESMEN.—Established firm of stock brokers desires three experienced and reliable telephone salesmen familiar with New York Stock Exchange and Curb securities; salary and commission; arrangements with prospects for advancement for the right men; in replying give full history as well as business references in order to obtain an interview. Write Broker, Room 611 World Building.

SALESMEN.—TWO EXCEPTIONALLY high grade salesmen by Eastern office of large corporation; experience in selling correspondence or extension courses, adding machines, securities or similar lines valuable; commission basis; representatives make from $4,000 to $9,000 annually; excellent chance for advancement; exclusive territory assigned. Call Tuesday from 9 to 12 A. M., 612-618 Flatiron Building.

SALESMEN
YOUR FUTURE IS ASSURED.
If you are a live, energetic salesman, even though inexperienced, you can sell our proposition; we want several more real men who believe in their ability and can prove it; commission. Call today between 10 and 12, Room 512, 147 West 42d St.

SALESMAN for retail jewelry store, downtown; must be experienced; salary limited only by your ability as a salesman; can earn more with us than any other jewelry store in the city; we want only live-wire men who mean business thoroughly, and we are willing to pay accordingly. D 427 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell stock in most widely advertised concern in its line, established since 1862, now desiring to greatly expand its business to meet enormously growing demand for its product. Call at 12 East 46th St., seventh floor; compensation, commission. J 280 Times.

SALESMEN.—Three men to sell the securities of a financial institution established 15 years and paying 8% dividend; selling experience an asset but not essential; however, you must be full of pep and over 25 years of age; commission. Room 211, 115 Broadway.

SALESMAN. — Wanted; factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; estimated commission about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustler need apply. Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 219 West 40th St., N. Y.

SALESMAN
to act as extras in our furnishing, hat, clothing department during the Jewish holidays.
WEBER & HEILBRONER,
241 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN (2), one for South and one for Denver, West; handle up-to-date line ladies' neckwear, ruffling and boudoir caps; suited for lace or veiling man; those that have following need apply; commission basis. J 277 Times.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly familiar with handling retail lighting fixtures sales; must be well recommended; good opportunity; salary and bonus. D 414 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—College man of ability, having good connections, to promote high-grade copper stock; extraordinary opportunity for right party; salary and commission. Suite 1101, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMEN for South and Denver west, to handle ladies neckwear, boudoir caps, veiling or lace; men preferred; only those that have following need apply; commission basis. J 289 Times.

SALESMAN.—Energetic cutlery specialty salesman wanted; one calling on wholesale cutlery houses, to sell safety razor strappers; excellent proposition; commission basis. M. W., 701 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER with executive experience, staple line; hardware, furniture, sporting goods, and department stores, familiar with expert trade; references required. J 272 Times.

SALESMAN.
With good following on silk and cloth dresses; the right man can acquire an interest in the business; capital not essential. B. M., 807 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN FOR THE
"COMPTOMETER"
ADDING AND CALCULATING
MACHINE.

We have several openings in our sales organization for men 25 to 30 years old who can qualify to sell Comptometers.

We will consider not only the energetic, reliable salesman of proven ability, but also the energetic, reliable, forceful man who wants to get into the broader and more lucrative field of selling.

We thoroughly train our salesmen before placing them in a territory, and pay a salary during the training period.

Salary and commission proposition after the training period.

Answer by letter only for appointment.

FELT & TARRANT MFG. CO.,
Makers of the "Comptometer."
221 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMEN.
If you are looking for the right kind of a financial connection, we believe we have it.

Ours is an underwriting business, financing industrial corporations already solidly established that have shown good earnings and dividend records; we accept no promotions nor do we offer stocks of oil or mining schemes.

To a few high-grade men who can sell we offer an opportunity to make a permanent connection that should return them from $75 to $150 weekly in commissions.

The records of applicants will be carefully investigated, and it is to be hoped that the successful ones will check us also. Call, 10-12, 2-4.

I. D. NOLL & COMPANY,
170 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN
FOR
SPECIAL WORK.
THE EXPORT MANUFACTURERS OF THE U. S., INC., 140 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, REVISING SEVERAL EMERGENCY MEN CAPABLE OF PLACING BEFORE MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALE AND OTHER CONCERNS "THE EXPORT REGISTER," THE DIRECTORY OF EXPORT COMMISSION HOUSES OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THE PROPER MEN WE OFFER EXCLUSIVE SALES ARRANGEMENTS AND COMMISSIONS SUFFICIENTLY LARGE TO PERMIT A WIDE MARGIN OF PROFIT; MEN WHO ARE CONVERSANT WITH THE SELLING OF DIRECTORIES AND BOOKS ARE OFFERED AN EXCEPTIONAL MONEY MAKING PROPOSITION.

SALESMEN
THE SCHULTE CIGAR STORES
REQUIRE A LIMITED NUMBER OF THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED RETAIL CIGAR SALESMEN; OPPORTUNITIES TO THOSE WHO ARE ANXIOUS TO ADVANCE; LIBERAL AND COMMISSION. APPLY EMPLOYMENT MANAGER,
884 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN
SPECIAL WORK.
The Export Manufacturers of U. S., Inc., 140 Broadway, N. Y., require several energetic men capable of placing before manufacturers, wholesalers and other concerns The Export Register, a directory of export commission houses of the United States; to the proper men we offer exclusive sales arrangements and commission sufficiently large to permit a wide margin of profit; men who are conversant with the selling of directories and books are offered an exceptional money-making proposition. D 421 Times Downtown.

SALESMANAGER, assistant, wanted by large manufacturing concern selling to automobile supply and drug trade; must be experienced in handling salesmen; give age, salary desired. J 276 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced motor truck salesman for Newark territory; good reference required; commission. Sterling Motor Truck Co., 46 Orange St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN.—Experienced notion salesmen, calling on cutting-up trade, selling small wear; salary and commission. Empire Notion Co., 72 Madison Av.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, experienced man, to carry line satin novelty; one able to see out-of-town buyers; commission basis. Victor Novelty, 99 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—Inside and outside, for commercial stationery store. See Mr. Buell, H. & S. Co., 38 Liberty St.

SALESMAN, experienced on flowers and feathers for city and out of town; on commission basis; established house. W. W., 401 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN acquainted with department and retail stores to sell beaded necklaces on commission basis. Apply 9 A. M., Parisian Beading Works Co., 32 Union Square.

SALESMEN.—Only good men; salary and commission; sell burglar alarm equipment. Kemp's Electric Protection Co., 1482 Lexington Av.

SALESMAN, motor truck experience preferred, on Clydesdale and Stewart trucks; straight liberal commission only. 1,078 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN (2), over 30; steady men; business service; no books; we demonstrate local territory; commission. J 259 Times.

SALESMEN acquainted with drug trade; commissions, drawing account. Apply Tuesday, 2-4 P. M., 39 Wooster St.

SALESMEN and canvassers wanted by music publisher, to sell songs; good commission. Apply Room 1009, 145 West 45th.

SALESMEN, experienced men to handle high grade line of auto accessories; commission basis. Bearing Supply Co., 1,584 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Clothing; first class; salary and commission basis. Call between 11 and 1, Norbert Clothes, 1,177 Broadway.

SALESMAN for pumice stone, experienced preferred. Call Room 1112, 309 Broadway.

SCIENTIFIC ASSISTANTS Wanted.—Needed to assist in research and experimental testing; only those with requisite training should apply; graduates of high schools with physics and mathematics; $1,040 per annum on completion 1 yr. college, $75 to $95 month; on completion 2 years college, $80 to $100 month; on completion 3 years college, $90 to $110 month, and college graduates, $100 to $125 month. Apply Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C., for application.

SECRETARY.
The man I want is about 30 years of age, an expert stenographer and typist; of good appearance and a good dresser; used to meet people of all stations in life; has executive ability, but willing to learn; he works and watches, but not the clock. To such a man I offer a chance of a lifetime. State salary, religion, and give enough information to enable me to judge you and your ability; strictly confidential. Address S. Y., 123 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man, about 24-26 years of age, experienced, who is willing to show that he can qualify for something better; guaranteed advancement for the right man; salary $25 per month to start. D 433 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, LACE FACTORY; LIVE WIRE; MUST HAVE 10 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; BEST REFERENCES. DEUTCHMAN BROS., 15 WEST 20TH.

SHIPPING CLERK, useful assistant; young man; importing house. A 560 Times Downtown.

SILK STOCK MAN, able to manage a department; must be a thorough silk man; no experiments need apply; must come well recommended. J 224 Times.

SPANISH CORRESPONDENT, RAPID TYPIST, EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING SHIPPING AND CONSULAR PAPERS TO SOUTH AMERICAN COUNTRIES; SALARY $25 PER WEEK TO START. RAPID ADVANCEMENT. WHITE, 168 DUANE ST.

STAIR BUILDER WANTED.
One who is competent to lay out his own work and execute same in hard and soft wood; also stair rail, crooks, and curves; work to architect's drawings and details, for large residence and store building; this requires a first-class man in every respect and steady work; ideal working conditions, and the best of wages; state age, experience, and give references. Address Supt., P. O. Box 158, Youngstown, Ohio.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY wanted in downtown office of manufacturing concern; conscientious young man of good education required; must be able to give best references as to character and habits; permanent position with fine opportunity to advance; $25 to $30 to start. Write full particulars. F 840 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist to act as assistant in credit department of a manufacturing concern, preferably between 20 and 25 years of age; state experience and salary expected. Box 50, 1619 St. James Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, experienced, who desires position with good opportunity for rapid advancement, is requested to call on Mr. Pinkerton, Dominion Asbestos & Rubber Corp., 154 Nassau St., at once. Salary $20.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, young man, 21 years; resident of Bronx preferred. Call Tuesday A. M., see Mr. Meyer, Ebling Brewing Co., Bottling Department, 167th St. and Eagle Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted by large importer on 42d St; salary $25 per month with chance for advancement. J 275 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Public stenographer required serviced right young man, legal work; $25; overtime; excellent opportunity. F 534 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced young man as stenographer and general assistant to member of export concern. A 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man with knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply Great National Herald, 149 West 26th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Remington machine; age, nativity, education, experience, salary, references. C 907 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Spanish, experienced in making Cuban and Mexican factures; state salary, &c. A 678 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for Jersey City, engineering office. Phone Montgomery 2670; ask for Mr. McCandless.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, young man, beginner, for export house. B 668 Times Downtown.

Stock Exchange and Investment House
has an opening for a first-class
GENERAL BOOKKEEPER
who is a good accountant, thoroughly understands Stock Commision business and also accounting features of syndicating and retailing of investment securities. The man selected must have A1 record, have good address and be a rapid and willing worker. This is an opportunity. In application give complete information and salary desired. Address Y 250, Box No. 812, City Hall Station, N. Y.

STOCK CLERKS.
BOYS AS STOCK AND ORDER CLERKS. MERLIN UNDERWEAR FACTORY. APPLY ALL WEEK.
BIRKENFELD, STRAUSS & CO.,
349 WEST BROADWAY.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man, 21-23, who is qualified to keep stock, receive; must be worker and willing to show that he can handle a better position; certain advancement for the right man; commencing salary $80 per month. D 432 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK.—DRESS HOUSE REQUIRES SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED STOCK MAN; ONE WHO KNOWS SILKS AND KINDRED LINE. L. S., 551 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STOCK SALESMEN, (10,) with telephone experience; live leads furnished; salary and commission. Apply Bankers Finance Co., 132 Nassau St.

STOCK CLERK, experienced on silks and muslins; a man with experience only need ap

Last Call

Advertisements for classified section of Sunday's New York Times must be in The Times Building not later than 2:30 P. M. on Saturday.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1916 roadster; A1 condition; looks like new; $1,300. T. J. Selleck, Cold Spring, Putnam County, N. Y. Tel. 175.

BUICK Sedans and coupes, 1918 and 1917 type; all in A1 condition. 1,776 Broadway; one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1918, E-40; perfect condition; just painted; silk covers; bargain. Franklin Motor Co., 225 West 58th St.

BUICK, 1916, 5-cylinder roadster, perfect condition, new tires, $1,250. Call Garden City 1598, Extension 402.

BUICK 1919, seven-passenger; beautiful condition; bargain. Call 128 West 64th. Meyer.

BUICK 1916-1918 TOURINGS; roadsters. Plaza 1,700 Broadway, 2d floor.

BURRELLE'S
CLEARAWAY SALE
of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS.
All prices reduced. We vacate Oct. 1.
CADILLAC MODEL 57 VICTORIA, $2,250.
CADILLAC MODEL 57 PHAETON, $2,350.
CADILLAC MODEL 57 ROADSTER, $2,250.
PACKARD 1918 PHAETON.
MURRAY 1917 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 FLEETWOOD ROADSTER.
BIDDLE 1918 DUESENBERG, 4-PASS.
LATEST IMPORTATIONS.
LANCIA SPECIAL COLONIAL SEDAN.
FIAT 30-35 FLEETWOOD ROADSTER.
FIAT 30-35 FLEETWOOD TOURING.
RENAULT SPECIAL 4-PASS.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN UNTIL 7 P. M.
1,680 B'way, Entire Bldg. Formerly Iceland.

CADILLAC TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 SEDAN.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOURING.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 7-PASSENGER.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 4-PASSENGER.
CADILLAC TYPE 55 7-PASSENGER.
CHANDLER 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1918 LIMOUSINE, TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 LIMOUSINE.
HUDSON 1919 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPEEDSTER.
NATIONAL 1918 SPEEDSTER.
SILVER SPECIAL 1916, 4-PASS.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1917 ROADSTER.
MERCERS 1917 ALL TYPES.
LIBERTY 1918 TOWN CAR.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ARBERN 250 WEST 57TH ST.

CADILLACS.
Will sacrifice. We need space.
1919 7-pass. touring.
1919 4-pass. sport model.
1918 sedan, 7 passenger.
CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
corner 57th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5208.

CADILLAC VICTORIA, PRESENT SERIES.
CADILLAC 4-Pass. Sport, Model 57.
CADILLAC SUBURBAN, MODEL 57.
FRANKLIN SEDAN, MODEL 9-A.
PEERLESS SEDAN, 1918.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA COUPE, present series; almost new, green velour upholstery, Royal cord tires; immediate delivery; must sell; sacrifice. Ripp6th, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLAC touring; elegant mechanical condition; good paint, 2 extra shoes; just from Cadillac repair shop; exceptional opportunity. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 1484.

CADILLAC, "8" SEDAN,
almost new, cord tires; will sacrifice for $4,000 cash. Tully, 3720 Circle.

CADILLAC, type 57 touring; perfect mechanical condition. Chandler, special paint job; late 1919 type; owner leaving town; must sell both cars immediately. Telephone Hastings 731.

CADILLAC.—Genuine Cadillac sedan, four door body; never been used; bargain. Denham Sales Co., 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

CADILLAC, 7-passenger victoria, late 1918 model; perfect to the last detail; price consequently low. Apply at Store, 157 Columbus Av., corner 67th St.

CADILLAC, sedan, 1920; will sell contract for suburban body Cadillac to be delivered Oct. 20. Farragut 9182.

CADILLAC sedan, model 55; new tires, two extra; sacrifice $2,600. Been Palmer Garage, 214 East 24th.

CADILLAC sedan bodies to fit touring chassis. Le Roy M. Gross, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 4628.

CADILLAC roadster for sale, 1916, in first-class condition; run only about 5,500 miles; by owner. Write F 516 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan, overhauled, repainted; price reasonable. Seen 1,790 Broadway, Cook Maconnell.

CADILLAC 1917 touring, 12,000 miles; any demonstration; seen Manchester Garage, 224 West 108th St. No dealers.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; mechanically perfect; any demonstration. Gotham, 1,604 Broadway. Circle 3672.

CADILLAC, seats four; good condition; $600. G. Stanley, 506 Times Building, New York.

CADILLAC 1918 touring; practically brand new; bargain. Call 128 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918 touring; fine mechanical condition; must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., 250 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

CADILLAC 1915 Coupe; also 1917; make offer. Call 128 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918 sedan; perfect beauty; bargain. Inspect at 128 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC limousine, 1917, almost new. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

CHANDLER sedan, 1918, 7-passenger; reasonable. Smith, 154 West 134th. Morningside 151.

CHEVROLETS, ALL MODELS.
Delivery same day, cash or one year time to pay; top allowance on your car; free instructions; even if we've all the Chevrolet parts you wish; also light deliveries; business strictly confidential. Members of the Bronx Board of Trade; authorized Chevrolet dealer. 351 East 149th St. Phone Melrose 10082.

CHEVROLETS.—Sinion, 2,466 Grand Concourse, Bronx, will sell you all 1920 models and give immediate deliveries, either for cash or small payment down and long installments; the only genuine Chevrolet Service Station in the Bronx, at 181st St. and Webster Av.

CHEVROLET sedan 1919, baby grand, run 500 miles; new tire, bumper; $1,550; can be seen at Corvan Garage, 121 West 54th.

COLE Aero eight, 1918; almost new. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

COLE sedan, as good as new in every way. Phone Columbus 8467.

CRANE Simplex, touring; excellent condition. Wallace, 226 West 59th St.

DODGE sedan, 1918; beautiful condition, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

DODGE 1917 touring; just overhauled; fine condition; bargain, $725. Russell, 124 West 54th. Phone 1740.

DODGE 5-passenger touring car, 1919 model; like new; must be sold at once. J 302 Times.

ESSEX, 1919, 5-passenger; price reasonable. Smith, 154 West 134th. Morningside 151.

FIAT, 30 h.p. brougham; perfect condition; private owner; seen any time. Onyre Garage, 178 East 84th. Positively no dealer.

FORD cars on easy payments; small amount down, balance $10 weekly; prompt delivery. F. K., 1278 Time Bronx.

FRANKLIN, runabout 9B, run 2,870 miles. FRANKLIN, tower car 9A-1917, repainted. FRANKLIN, chummy 9B-1919, like new. FRANKLIN, touring 9A-1918, wire wheels. FRANKLIN, touring series 9-1916.

BUICK, touring 1918, seven passenger. FRANKLIN, tour, 9-25. NATIONAL, 1916 limousine.
NATIONAL, four 1916. LOCOMOBILE, 1917 touring.
Franklin Motor Car Co.
Used Car Dept., E. G. KLINE, manager.
4th floor, 250 West 58th St. Fourth floor.

FRANKLIN touring 9-B, Franklin touring series 5, both cars just repainted and mechanically perfect. Holmes Motor Car Co., 7 Central Park West, Columbus 9585. Ask for Mr. Doman.

FRANKLIN sedan, 1917; also 1917 touring; absolutely perfect. 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

FRANKLIN 1918 touring car; beautiful condition. HULETT MOTOR CO., INC., 624 6th and Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1917 "9A" sedan; also Franklin limousine; bargain. Cook Maconnell, 1,700 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 9-A touring sedan; wire wheels; very good condition. Pesta, Circle 6182.

HUDSON Super Six, 1917 J model, seven-passenger touring, $1,400; chance to get a motor in perfect condition; numerous extras, including two spare tires, two shoes, complete set of tools, chains, &c.; any demonstration given. Phone for opportunity before 9 P. M., Spring 7274; after, Riverside 870.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

HUDSONS, all types; sedans, town cars, cabriolets, coupes, limousines, touring; 1918 and 1917 types; all in perfect condition. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON "SUPERIOR 8" CABRIOLET. Practically new; painted blue with white wire wheels, cord tires; will sacrifice for quick cash. Tully, Hotel Cumberland.

HUDSON landaulet, 1918, in perfect running condition; $1,000. Bard's Garage, 114 West 60th St.

HUDSON 1918 coupe; like new; run 4,000 miles. Cadillac Auto Exchange, 56th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5208.

Hudson sedan, late model, 7 passenger; excellent condition; sacrifice for quick cash. 906 West 79th.

HUDSON Clayton speedster; excellent mechanical condition. Phone 2590 Columbus.

HUPMOBILE sedan, latest model; perfect condition; subject to any test. Phone Audubon 8127.

KING, 8-cylinder; fully equipped; good as new; 6 new Silvertown cord tires; must be seen to be appreciated; reasonable. Stuyvesant 4840.

LANCIA Chassis, or entire car, wanted, 1914, 1915, 1916. Syndny, 1,703 Broadway.

LIBERTY, model 1918, 4-passenger coupe; inclosed body; six cylinder. Downing, Columbus 8103.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, latest model; used very little; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham Auto Exchange, 1,604 Broadway. Circle 3672.

LOCOMOBILE 1918, limousine body; condition new; will fit 1917, 1918 chassis. Meyers & Stark, 1,790 Broadway. Circle 5092.

LOCOMOBILE 1918 limousine, particularly good condition, for sale. Cook Maconnell, 1,700 Broadway.

MAIMON, 7-passenger touring car, model 41; good running order, six wire wheels; good tires; $1,700. 11 Chicago Av., Arrochar, Staten Island, N. Y. Phone Tompkinsville 1895.

MARMON 1919 club roadster; car almost new; must sacrifice; no dealers. C. L. Crovat, Columbus 8127.

MAXWELL sedan, 1917, excellent condition, good shoes; $750. Hanover 6577.

MERCER 22-72 sportsabout; absolutely perfect condition; $2,075. 51 East 76th. Cortlandt 7303.

MERCER, 1918, town limousine, R. K. Underhill, 527 5th Av. 2800 Vanderbilt.

MERCER, 1917, 4-passenger; perfect condition. Miss Lincoln, Bryant 7720.

MERCER, 22-72 Suburban sedan; beautiful car. Prime Circle 1582.

MOLINE-KNIGHT, 1917 baby 8-passenger roadster; repainted and completely rebuilt; will sacrifice. Moline Motor Service, 549 West 52d St.

NATIONAL 6-cylinder, used, 4-door sedan; very fine condition; must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., 250 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

NATIONAL Touring, 7 passenger; model A. E. 2; like new. Doty Demos Co., 222 West 58th.

NATIONAL 1917 coupe, 4-passenger. Mrs. Reilly, Columbus 6014.

OLDSMOBILE.—One 8-cylinder 1918 model club roadster; A1 condition; equipped with four practically new Silvertown cord tires, two new Silvertown cord spare tires. Phone Wardle, Barclay 7470.

OLDSMOBILE, 8-passenger, 1919 model, 37; driven 4,000 miles; buying larger car. Owner, Box 16, 1919 St. James Bldg.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.
Reconditioned; all models. Open evenings. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 59th.

OWEN MAGNETIC brougham, latest landaulet; very attractive; exceptionally good throughout. Columbus 308.

PACKARD 1918 touring, seven passenger; wire wheels; all new tires; many extras; run 2,000 miles; will sacrifice. Cadillac Auto Exchange, 56th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5208.

PACKARD, 1918 model, 7-passenger touring car; wire wheels; run 14,000 miles; excellent condition. Phone Academy 1117, Apt. 24, for appointment.

PACKARD 1918, 8-85 suburban sedan, slightly used; bargain. 1,790 Broadway, Cook Maconnell.

PACKARD sedan car, perfect condition; elegant appearance. Sussman, 987 Trinity Av. Phone Intervale 5874.

PACKARD touring, 1916; very fine running condition. HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., 12 West 62d St.

PAIGE, late 1919, brand new 6-cylinder touring; if you wish to purchase a new car inspect this first. 351 East 149th. Phone Melrose 10092.

PAIGE sedan; also Hudson sedan; both late models; trade considered. Knickerbocker Garage, 416 East 54th. Mr. Rust sell's cars.

PEERLESS limousine, present series; practically new; Silvertown cord tires. Gotham, 1,604 Broadway. Circle 3672.

PEERLESS 1918 limousine; practically new; bargain; call, examine. 128 West 64th. Meyer.

PEUGEOT special smart body, like new; thoroughly rebuilt. Zenith, 308 7th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW dual valve, 7-pass. touring.
PIERCE-ARROW dual valve, 3-pass. roster.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 38 h.p., 5-pass tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h.p., Lim. Land.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h.p., 3-pass coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 h.p., 4-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 h.p., 7-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 h.p., Lim. Land.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 66 h.p., 7-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 2, 38 h.p., Land.
PIERCE-ARROW, Ser. 3, 48 h.p., 5-pass.tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Ser. 3, 48 h.p., 7-pass.tour.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 48 h.p., Lim.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series 3, 48 h.p., Land.
PIERCE-ARROW TRIED CAR EXCHANGE
BROADWAY, COR. 57TH ST. CIRCLE 137

PIERCE-ARROW, series C-3, 6-38, 5-passenger touring; beautiful condition; price reasonable. Smith, 154 West 124th. Morningside 151.

PIERCE-ARROW 1916 French brougham landaulet; practically new. Myers & Stark, 1,790 Broadway. Phone Circle 3602.

REO touring, late model; fine mechanical condition; good paint; sacrifice. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 1484.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH chummy roadster; 5 cylinder; run less than 3,000 miles; bargain. Mr. Turnure, Plaza 2023.

SEDAN, EXCELLENT CONDITION; $750. 139 WEST 125TH.

SELDEN 1918, one-ton internal gear drive chassis; being overhauled. Manhattan Motors Corp., 238-256 West 19th St., New York City.

SIMPLEX four-passenger speedster; four brand-new cord tires; newly painted; very fast. T. J. Sullivan, North Main St., Palmer, Mass.

STANDARD 8-cylinder brougham; good condition; 1916. Telephone Columbus 928.

STEARNS, 1917, small 4-cylinder 7-passenger landaulet; leather back; fine mechanical condition; good tires, one extra; bargain. Stearns, 1917, 4-cylinder, 5-passenger touring Overland, 1916, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger, $550
THE STEARNS CO.,
415 West 55th St., Columbus 7800.

STERNBERG, two-ton, rebuilt; 3½-ton Mack car, 5-ton Garford; all good running order. S. Hurwitts, Phone Bath Beach 238, after 6 P. M.

STUDEBAKER, 1919, light six club roadster; run 6,000 miles; complete equipment; very fine condition throughout; guaranteed. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, series 19, big six touring; splendid condition throughout; looks like new; perfect mechanically; new car guarantee. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917 6 cylinder; prettiest car of its kind; five-passenger touring special, Brewster body; 6 wire wheels; absolutely mechanically perfect. 5486 Schuyler mornings, 8 until 12.

STUDEBAKER 1910, light six touring; very fine condition; run only 4,000 miles; good as new; new car guarantee. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER limousine, has not been used much and is almost new, for private party only; no dealers. J. Reiss, 210 West 70th St.

STUDEBAKERS, dandy appearing, mechanically perfect, touring; new battery; seven shoes. 3118-J Fordham.

STUTZ roadster, 1916 model; perfect condition; maintained by skilled mechanic; absolutely new cord tires, new storage battery, &c.; never off city streets; mileage 15,000; need of larger car sole reason for sale; price $1,350. For demonstration apply George Parker, 519 West 126th St. Telephone Morningside 5536.

STUTZ 1917 6-passenger victoria; leather top, wire wheels, good rubber; like new; sacrifice $1,750. Seen at Palmer Garage, 214 East 24th.

STUTZ 1918 6 passenger; wire wheels, nickel-plated front and rear windshield; car must be seen to be appreciated. Phone Vanderbilt 5462.

STUTZ, 1918 roadster, newly painted and overhauled; make offer. Arena Garage, 231 West 58th.

STUTZ, latest model, 16-valve speedster; in perfect condition; run 4,000 miles. Phone Riverside 2579.

STUTZ 1918 Bearcat speedster; practically new; bargain. Call 128 West 64th. Meyer.

STUTZ 1916 roadster; immediate cash bargain; call, examine. 128 West 64th. Meyer.

STUTZ, 1920 roadster, brand new; only one in city. Burrelle, 1,680 Broadway.

WINTON, BARGAIN, $550; BEAUTIFUL 6-PASSENGER WINTON 6, OVERHAULED AND IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION. D. H. BIRNEY, EAST 87TH.

120 HORSE POWER racing car for sale; cost $35,000; will sell or take high-class sedan as part payment. Mr. Lewisohn, 925 8th Av. Phone Rhinelander 9854, between 11 and 1.

Motor Trucks.

SAURER TRUCKS.—New; never been used; list price $6,000; will sell for $3,850; immediate delivery. Phone Vanderbilt 5464.

FOR SALE.—Two five-ton trucks. Call at Zoerender's Farm, 4,000 Broadway.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LAWYER, YOUNG EX-ARMY OFFICER, resuming practice Washington, D. C., will look after interests New York business and insurance concerns in Washington or vicinity; unquestionably legitimate. B 209 Times.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by any person other than myself. David T. Fleisher, 2,113 Green St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MISSING FRIENDS OR RELATIVES LOCated anywhere in California, 715 Gillette Building, San Francisco.

IF L. M. F. WOULD LET HIS FATHER know where he is it would be a great benefit to him.

COUPLE, JEWISH, WISH CHILD FOR adoption; full particulars. L 914 Times Harlem.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Wish to buy garage business; not over $10,000. Lemle, 327 East 86th St.

CAPITAL WANTED.

ATTENTION, BUILDERS! I have some choice villa sites in one of New York's finest suburbs; highly restricted park, Westchester, 35 minutes from Grand Central station; am forming syndicates to build for investment; will award building contract and furnish capital to builder who will invest $2,000; act quickly. M. M. Dace, Room 919, 115 Broadway, New York City.

Investor with about $25,000; building material business; handle own money; profits exceptionally large. J. J. Coleman, 50 Broad St., Room 1508.

Birch-weissbeer brewery needs for expansion $15,000; President, Treasurer; active, silent; 50 basis. M 85 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE.—Prominent manufacturers' agent, now leaving for France, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Holland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Great Britain, for one year's stay abroad, is open to handle one additional line; give fullest information and all details; will guarantee large sales if goods are right. T 764 Times Downtown.

IMPORTS.
Member of firm leaving October 1st for extended trip all through Europe; if you need European merchandise, we will make arrangement to import same for you; state fullest details. T 762 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS' SELLING AGENT WITH SELLING FORCE IN HAVANA, CUBA, IS OPEN FOR ADDITIONAL LINES ON A COMMISSION BASIS; INTERESTED IN ALL KINDS OF PIECE GOODS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING, INCLUDING SHOES. TEL. FRANKLIN 4407, ROOM 812, 896 BROADWAY.

Lady will sell half interest in 3 elegantly furnished apartments for $3,500, or 6 apartments, $6,000; less expenses, $300 or $500 month; security worth $12,000; wonderful future; high-class houses, 5th Av., 57th St., 58th St.; bank reference; immediate. Address P. O. Box 23, Station J, N. Y. C.

Canadian importers and manufacturers' agents solicit correspondence from manufacturers or jobbers of buttons and dry goods specialties open for representation in Canada. Yates & Owen, 299 King Street West, Toronto, Ont.

Westerner, ex-army officer and college graduate, desires general business connection with good firm and opportunity to carry on work in California or Arizona; general office experience; Christian, age 26. E 285 Times.

A rapidly growing tire concern offers you the opportunity to open an agency selling tires; conservative investment required. For details write Room 810, 32 Union Square.

ATTENTION.—Major of U. S. Army desires an interview with business concern who needs the services of a man with executive ability. T 113 Times.

Young business man, returning to Switzerland, is willing to act as agent; would also execute business or private commissions. E 86 Times.

Salesmen, open branch offices out of town, electrical lighting concern; small capital required; good opportunity. Write R. E., 412, 1,777 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

Patent, sanitary garbage can; U. S. and Canadian patent; simple to manufacture and operate; will sell patent for cash or real estate; sample garbage can on hand. Telephone 1011-J Jamaica. Fred W. Briese, 21 Herriman Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

Bakery, luncheon for sale; good location in Brooklyn; modern fixtures; all new. Apply Ely or Bleser, 38th St. and 1st Av., New York.

For Sale.—Laundry, fully equipped, substantial buildings, doing a business of over $100,000 per year; particulars furnished to parties interested. Y 267 Times Annex.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Oil news from all the new fields. El Paso, (Tex.) Herald, 70 cents per month.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Money advanced on outstanding accounts, trade acceptances and other collateral. P. G., 107 Times.

Private party will discount bills for small firms; charges reasonable. J 270 Times.

Money loaned on accounts at a very reasonable rate. M. S. Perlstein, 95 5th Av.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

AMERICAN
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Eton ..... Oct. 1

BLACK SEA SERVICE
N. Y.—CONSTANTINOPLE—CONSTANZA
Black Arrow ..... Sept. 25
Excellent Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Rates on Application.
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Haverford ..... Sept. 30

WHITE STAR
N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
Lapland ..... 1 P. M., Oct. 4 Nov. 6 Dec. 13
Adriatic ..... 2 P. M. Oct. 25 Nov. 22
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm ..... Oct. 15, 3 P. M.
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Cedric ..... 5 P. M., Sept. 23
Victoria ..... 2 P. M., Sept. 23
Baltic ..... Oct. 8 Nov. 15 Dec. 20
Celtic ..... Oct. 18 Nov. 22 Dec. 27
Cedric ..... Oct. 29 Dec. 6
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA
Cretic ..... Sept. 24, 3 P. M.
Canopic ..... Oct. 22, 3 P. M.
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

CP OS
SAILINGS
Quebec-Liverpool
Six Days of Luxury
EMPRESS of FRANCE
18,500 Tons
Sails from Quebec
4 p. m. Oct. 7, Nov. 6, Dec. 4
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PROPOSED DEPARTURES.
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NEW YORK—HAVRE
LA LORRAINE ..... SEPT. 25
FRANCE ..... OCT. 11
ROCHAMBEAU ..... OCT. 14
LA SAVOIE ..... OCT. 19
LA TOURAINE ..... OCT. 25
LA LORRAINE ..... OCT. 30
FRANCE ..... NOV. 8
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX
NIAGARA ..... OCT. 8
CHICAGO ..... OCT. 14
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BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Publication, well-established weekly with wonderful undeveloped field in New York City, appealing directly to general public, offers half interest to ambitious, aggressive, experienced publisher who can take active and absolute charge; present revenues carry all obligations and show fair profit; additional capital to be used only by purchaser to conduct his own promotion campaign and refunded later from earned profits; confidences observed; references and particulars exchanged; actually means half interest on investment of brains, initiative, and personality. T 183 Times.

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS.—Do you want representation in the Northwest? If so, state your proposition in detail. We are in a position to market goods of merit to jobber and retailer. Chester R. Birtz Sales Company, 833 Simms St., St. Paul, Minn.

Wanted, an active partner in a well established business; must be a traveling salesman, office man and able to invest $5,000; full investigation invited. Address A 1009 Times Harlem.

Millinery store; at once; wonderful opportunity; location Harlem, 116th. R. C., 1,418 5th Av.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Graduate mechanical engineer, 10 years' engineering and business experience, would invest up to $10,000, with services, in sound proposition; fullest investigation; no agents. E 284 Times.

Man with moderate capital, fine honest and energetic services, seeks connection with good business proposition; established business preferred. A 815 Times Annex.

Salesman will invest with services in small established jobbing or manufacturing business. A 660 Times Downtown.

Wanted to buy established hand embroidery business. Please send particulars. J 280 Times.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises, ... 6:43 | Sun sets 6:58

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:47	8:07	1:46	2:05
Governors Island	8:23	8:42	2:14	2:36
Hell Gate	10:34	10:57	4:28	4:58

Arrived—Monday, Sept. 22.

SS President Grant, Brest, Sept. 11.
SS Lorraine, Havre, Sept. 20.
SS St. Dunstan, Hull, Sept. 7.
SS Bayamo, Bilbao, Aug. 30.
SS West El Cacco, Bordeaux, Sept. 6.
SS Algonquin, Santo Domingo, Sept. 11.
SS Jose, Kingston, Sept. 5.
SS Esperanza, Tampico, Sept. 12.
SS Donny, Liverpool, Sept. 10.
SS Astrachan, Newcastle, Sept. 10.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Presidente Wilson	Trieste	Sept. 4
Nieuw Amsterdam	Plymouth	Sept. 12
Caronia	London	Sept. 12
Korona	St. Thomas	Sept. 14
Nyanza	Dartmouth	Sept. 4
Ardgowan	Antwerp	Sept. 4
Artemis	St. Nazaire	Sept. 11
Faith	London	Sept. 12
Carpentaria	London	Sept. 13
Hankow Maru	Kobe	Sept. 3
Badmor	St. Nazaire	Sept. 12

DUE TOMORROW.

Lapland	Southampton	Sept. 16
Santa Rosa	Brest	Sept. 12
Mexico	Liverpool	Sept. 10

DUE THURSDAY.

Sol Narka	Brest	Sept. 16
Michigan	London	Sept. 11
Philippines	Brest	Sept. 11
Philadelphia	Caracas	Sept. 17

DUE FRIDAY.

Mauretania	Southampton	Sept. 20
Idaho	Antwerp	Sept. 17
Marengo	Hull	Sept. 17

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Cedric, Liverpool	12:00 M.	5:00 P.M.
Orduna, Liverpool	———	2:00 P.M.
Victoria, Liverpool	———	2:00 P.M.
Santa Marta, Kingston	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Antonio, Puerto Barrios	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Meridian, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Lakeview, Hull	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Cretic, Naples	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Sibonev, Brest	———	12:00 M.
Carlow, Puerto Cabello	———	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Colon	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Dryden, Bahia	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Hortensius, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Adriatic, Colon	12:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Black Arrow, Constantinople	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Nanterina, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Paysandu, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Jose, Jamaica	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Stavangerfjord, Bergen, Sept. 15.
SS Ocean Monarch, Piraeus, Sept. 14.
SS City of Benares, Calcutta, Sept. 17.
SS Clan Macintyre, Colombo, Sept. 19.
SS Loraine, Brisbane, Sept. 19.
SS Talisman, Santos, Sept. 19.
SS Savoie, Havre, Sept. 22.

Sailed.

SS War Hamilton, from Valencia, Sept. 12.
SS Willimantic, from Gibraltar, Sept. 18.
SS Kerman, from Perth, Sept. 19.
SS Glenelg, from Santos, Sept. 20.
SS Siberian, from Santos, Sept. 20.
SS Tyr, from Santos, Sept. 20.
SS Leo XIII., from Cadiz, Sept. 20.
SS Millinocket, from Shields, Sept. 20.
SS Royal George, from Southampton, Sept. 20.

Passed.

SS Kerbean, New York for Hamburg, passed Dover.
SS City of Birmingham, for New York from Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., S. S. Empress of Japan ..... Sept. 23
Hawaii, via San Francisco, S.S. Manoa, Sept. 23
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies, and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., S.S. Empress of Russia ..... Sept. 27
Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., S.S. Niagara ..... Sept. 28
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies, and Philippine Islands, via Seattle, S.S. Africa Maru ..... Sept. 30
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially-addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco, S.S. Tenyo ..... Oct. 1

The Battle Fields

PARTIES organized by our European offices have been leaving Paris and Brussels throughout the summer for the BATTLE FIELDS OF FRANCE AND BELGIUM. Our London offices, in addition to ordinary tours, have initiated and developed novel and highly successful "AERIAL TOURS DE LUXE" from London to Paris and thence to the most important points which have become famous as scenes of conflict in the recent war.

Invaluable experience has thus been accumulated by our organization and this knowledge is at the disposal of our American clients. It will add greatly to the success of their trip and to their comfort and will save them many a useless journey.

OUR NEXT TOUR ORGANIZED BY OUR AMERICAN OFFICES WILL SAIL FROM NEW YORK ON OCTOBER 11TH BY

"LA FRANCE,"

THE WELL KNOWN EXPRESS STEAMER DE LUXE OF THE FRENCH LINE.

Minute preparations have been made by us in conjunction with our European offices and a most complete sight-seeing program is the result.

Members of this tour will arrive back in New York on November 17th.

In regard to train, automobile, and hotel accommodations every comfort is assured, and this in spite of the more or less unsettled conditions which still prevail.

For those desiring to extend their stay abroad we have made arrangements for an additional tour which will take them through the most attractive parts of Italy, arriving back in New York on December 15th.

Write, call or telephone at once for most complete and detailed program now ready.

The foremost in everything pertaining to travel.

PASSPORTS
May be obtained by any American citizen.

We will furnish all necessary application forms, give the fullest information and render every other assistance possible.

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CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL
Orduna ..... Sept. 23
Carmania ..... Oct. 4
Orduna ..... Oct. 25
Carmania ..... Nov. 8
Orduna ..... Nov. 29
NEW YORK to CHERBOURG and SOUTHAMPTON
Mauretania ..... Oct. 2
Mauretania ..... Oct. 28
Mauretania ..... Nov. 22
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH and HAVRE
Royal George ..... Oct. 4
Royal George ..... Nov. 1
Royal George ..... Nov. 29
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH & CHERBOURG
Caronia ..... Sept. 30
Caronia ..... Nov. 1
NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HAVRE and LONDON
Saxonia ..... Oct. 16
Saxonia ..... Nov. 18
NEW YORK—L'DERRY—GLASGOW
Columbia ..... Oct. 7
Columbia ..... Nov. 1
BOSTON to GLASGOW
Elysia ..... Sept. 24
Scindia ..... Oct. 11
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LA VELOCE
NEW YORK, NAPLES, GENOA.
America ..... Sept. 30 Taormina ..... Nov. 4
Duca D'Aosta ..... Oct. 23 Duca Degli Abruzzi ..... Nov. 11
ITALIA-

MRS. GILMAN URGES HIRED MOTHER IDEA

With a Professional to Care for Children, Real Parent Could Choose Her Own Sphere.

WOMEN DOCTORS DOUBTFUL

First Question the Exponent of the Substitute Mother Plan, Then Applaud Her.

The women doctors from thirty-five foreign nations and from all parts of the United States, meeting in the doctors' conference at the National Y. W. C. A. Headquarters, yesterday afternoon had a chance to hear a statement of Charlotte Perkins Gilman's belief that it is not necessary for a mother who is a good mother to take the entire care of her own children and do all her own housework. Mrs. Gilman believes in a professional, a highly trained expert mother, who can take care of many children while the actual and individual mothers are carrying out their various schemes of life in different ways.

It was too radical a doctrine for all present and there was hearty applause when one of the doctors countered:

"But no expert woman can love fifty children as well as the mother loves her own."

"You might say," returned Mrs. Gilman, "that because a mother is filled with mother love she would be a good cook for her children, but I have seen mothers in the Southwest feeding their children on saleratus bread, the mother in New England bringing up her children on pie, and I could take you to homes in this city where the children are being given atrocious food.

"You don't expect a doctor to love a child more than the mother does, but the doctor can cure it better when it is ill; you don't expect the teacher to love it more, but she can do better in teaching because she has the knowledge, and you don't expect the father and mother, because they love their children, to fill their teeth for them; they send them to the dentist. The mother can keep on loving her child while some one else is doing something for it. As a matter of fact many mothers would love their children better if they did not see so much of them."

Then the doctors, who had been won over or took a different view of matters, clapped as heartily as they had done to oppose the professional mother.

"Some women like housework and the care of children," continued Mrs. Gilman, "but it will preserve the health of many women who do not, if they have a chance to do something else and are not all forced to do the same thing. We know that work in the house is not generally popular, because we find it so hard to get any one that we can pay to do it."

Mrs. Gilman spoke of the many women in Europe who would not now be able to marry and of the loss to them if they were not allowed in some way to practice the social spirit of motherhood. A resolution was proposed: "We hold that the health of women would be improved by freer specialization in industry." This is to be discussed and acted upon later.

Dr. Clelia Mosher was the first speaker in the morning, and in a paper upon the strength and endurance of women she said that old idea that motherhood was incompatible with self-expression had given place to the belief that the woman who was best prepared physically, mentally, and ideally for the duties of the home was also best prepared for those of the individual. She made the statement that there was very little actual general difference between men and women, and that actual differences were most frequently the result of habit and education based on an overemphasis of preconceived differences. She showed that students of the question had found no difference between women and men in muscular strength, due to sex as such, and that differences which did occur were frequently due to difference in the use of the muscles through conventional limitations and dress.

"It naturally follows," she said, "that a woman who has a normal development should be able to do any work that a man of the same size and weight can comfortably do.

"Fundamental and vital as sex is," said Dr. Mosher, "it is not a limitation. Woman's efficiency, individually, economically and radically, has been tremendously lessened by overemphasis upon it.

"In the much-needed freeing of work of women from traditional handicaps," she said in conclusion, "we must not make the mistake of losing sight of her primal function—motherhood. We must see that the girl's attention is not too much diverted from her racial obligation and that she does not recognize too late the fact that no woman reaches her fullest development who is not a wife and mother."

"Proper hygiene and physical education in youth would prevent most feminine physical handicaps," Dr. Ellen C. Potter said.

There was an interested discussion of Dr. Mosher's paper, with which the doctors generally agreed.

"The Child" will be the subject of the morning and afternoon discussions today, "Building for Health," "Open Air Schools," &c.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents per agate line.

LOST—Stonemarten neckpiece, on Saturday afternoon, 5th Av., between 52d and 40th Sts.; liberal reward will be paid for its return. Call E. Brown, care of Fox, 310 West 34th St.

LOST—On Thursday afternoon around 3:30, a black leather wallet containing two automobile licenses, 2 promissory notes, 6 or 8 theatre tickets, with engraving on inside cover, Paper Box Credit Protective Association. J. Kramer, 50 West 20th.

LOST—From automobile, 74th St. and Broadway, between 1 and 1:30 Monday, lady's black suitcase, initials T. L. K., containing clothing. Liberal reward, no questions asked if returned at once to Mrs. A. N. K., Hotel Gotham, 5th Av. and 55th St.

LOST—Saturday, at 1:15, on 110th St., Lenox Av. subway station to Pennsylvania Station, old-fashioned gold chain bracelet, fleur de lys, 86 diamonds, 20 rubies; heirloom; reward. 141 West 110th St., Apt. 6 E.

LOST—In Black and White taxicab, at 195 Claremont Av., about 12 o'clock Saturday evening, red fox fur neck piece. Liberal reward paid for return to Apartment 26.

LOST—A cameo brooch set in gold; valuable as an heirloom; lost on Saturday between 15th St., East and 4th Av car to Grand Central Terminal, or in terminal; reward return to E. M. Genung, 215 East 15th St.

LOST—Black wallet, initials G. E. V. in gold. Finder can keep $10 and return wallet to G. E. V., care of Tripp & Co., 15 Broad St.

LOST—Gold ladies' watch, closed engraved case, valued mainly for association. Liberal reward, return early. Ehrlich, 907 Amsterdam Av.

LOST.—A diamond bar pin, between Mamaroneck, N. Y., and Cos Cob, Conn.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Address Pitkin & Rosensohn, 100 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's platinum diamond bar pin, between 69th St. and Broadway and Amsterdam Av. and south side of 72d St. subway train to Times Square, train to Coney Island; $200 reward. 1215, Sherman Square Hotel.

LOST—Two boxes, containing 2 men's suits, in entrance to Stern Bros. $15 reward. Finder return to Pomerant & Goldfein, 30 East 11th St. Stuyvesant 2472.

LOST—Kolinsky fur neck scarf, near Pennsylvania Hotel drug store or taxicab going 126 Madison Av.; substantial reward. George Braun, Room 1000, Hotel McAlpin.

LOST—$12 reward for return white fox fur, lost in or from taxi Sunday afternoon, between 159th St. and Shanley's, Yonkers. E 280 Times.

LOST—Monday afternoon in taxicab or vicinity of McCreery's, 57 Algrette feathers. Finder return to Hotel Belmont, cashier; reward.

LOST—Fox fur neckpiece Sunday, Washington Cemetery. Reward. Miss L. Cohen, Madison Square 4667.

LOST—Beaded bag, about 4:30 o'clock Saturday, at 110th St. and Broadway. Finder please return to 219 West 100th.

LOST—Two Kolinsky sable scarfs, Claremont or vicinity; reward. Mrs. Norman Smith, Hotel Irving, Gramercy Park, N. Y.

LOST—Gold locket, diamond in centre, Sept. 20; photos inside; valued for associations; liberal reward. Fernandez, 4,940 Broadway.

LOST—Rivoli Theatre Saturday night, large cameo pin; reward. Apartment 5B, 601 West 163d St.

LOST—Black purse, in San Remo Hotel or between 72th-73d Sts.; reward. Miss Michal, San Remo Hotel.

LOST—Gold ring, initials "J. R." outside; please return; a present; liberal reward. Julius Reisner, 423 East 78th St.

FOUND—Jewelry. Bearer can have by applying Quality Sweets, 307 Bleecker St.

$250 REWARD.

Lady's platinum diamond bar pin, Thursday, from 1 to 4 P. M., between 60th St. and Broadway and Amsterdam Av. and south side of 72d St., subway train to Times Square, train to Coney Island. 1,215 Sherman Square Hotel.

$50 REWARD.

Return Russian sable scarf lost Sept. 14 at or between West 74th, West 85th St., or in taxicab. A. R. Lee & Co., 15 William St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—Small, rough terrier, brown, white markings, no collar; answers to name Scally; lost Sept. 17; $15 reward. Phone Miss Haas, Academy 1947.

LOST—Boston bull terrier; $25 reward. Riverside 7511.

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The pore-cleansing, purifying and sterilizing properties of this wonderful skin soap, using plenty of hot water and soap, best applied with the hands, will prove a revelation to those who use it for the first time. Touch redness, roughness or itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment before bathing. Dry and dust lightly with Cuticura Talcum, a fascinating fragrance for powdering and perfuming the skin. The cost of these ideal skin purifiers is 25 cents each everywhere. Soap 25c., Ointment 25 and 50c., Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 28M, Malden, Mass." Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

PERSHING AND MERCIER VOICE THANKS TO HYLAN

General and Cardinal, in Letters to Mayor, Declare They Will Never Forget Receptions Here.

Mayor Hylan yesterday received letters from Cardinal Mercier and General Pershing thanking him for the reception given them by the City of New York. This is General Pershing's letter:

American Expeditionary Forces,
Offices of the Commander in Chief,
Washington, D. C.,
Sept. 15, 1919.

My dear Mayor Hylan: I desire to express to you and through you to the citizens of New York City my sincere thanks for the magnificent reception with which they honored me and my associates.

We were naturally very glad to return home, but the enthusiastic welcome accorded us made us very happy indeed, as it was accepted as an evidence of the appreciation of the citizens of New York for the accomplishments of the American Expeditionary Forces.

I am particularly grateful to you for your many courtesies and warm hospitality. I shall always treasure the recollection of those few days with you.

With assurances of my high regard, I am,
Sincerely yours,
JOHN J. PERSHING.

Cardinal Mercier wrote as follows:

Archbishop's House,
402 Madison Avenue,
New York,
Sept. 19, 1919.

His Eminence Cardinal Mercier pays his respects to the Mayor of New York City, expresses his heartiest thanks for the two addresses, so full of most valued sympathy, and again renews the expression of deepest thanks and highest esteem for the Mayor of this world city of New York, and never shall be forgotten the remembrance of this unparalleled reception of this city.

To the Mayor of the City of New York.

MERCIER VISITS ANNAPOLIS.

Speaks at Academy, in State House, and to the Wounded.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 22.—Cardinal Mercier today visited the three most historic places in Maryland: Old Fort McHenry, where he thanked 2,000 blind and wounded soldiers for helping to rid Belgium of the Germans; the Senate chamber in the State House at Annapolis, in which Washington resigned his commission in the army, and the United States Naval Academy, where he and his old ecclesiastical friend, Cardinal Gibbons, were received by Rear Admiral Scales, Commandant, and Captain W. T. Cluverius. The fourth class midshipmen were lined up for parade and review.

In a short address the Belgian primate eulogized Admiral Beatty and many American naval officers for their work in the war. He also praised the midshipmen and said he knew they would emulate the noble example of their great admirals and commanders. Cardinal Gibbons urged on the young men obedience to their commanders and the call of their country and devotion to duty.

Governor and Mrs. Harrington entertained the two cardinals and a party of other notables at luncheon in the executive mansion. Rear Admiral A. H. Scales, Commandant of the Naval Academy, was a guest at the luncheon.

Governor Harrington, in introducing Cardinal Mercier to a large assemblage in the State House, said: "We welcome him not as a churchman, but as a citizen of Belgium for whose course in the war we have unlimited admiration."

The Cardinal, in response, again thanked the citizens of Maryland, the people of America, for their help to his stricken country. Rear Admiral Scales showed the cardinals through the Naval Academy buildings. Cardinal Mercier declared it was the most wonderful academy of the kind he had ever seen. Before leaving he laid on the tomb of John Paul Jones a laurel wreath presented him at the State House by the Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter, D. A. R.

At Fort McHenry early in the day, in the presence of Cardinals Mercier and Gibbons, Colonel Henry Page, commanding officer at the hospital, presented the Distinguished Service Cross to Sergeant Edward J. Welsh, of the 311th Infantry. After the presentation, Welsh was congratulated by the Cardinals, who invited him to a seat beside them during the remainder of the exercises. Colonel Page presented Cardinal Mercier, who said:

"My dear boys, I am anxious to tell you of my feelings of respect and gratefulness and deep appreciation for you. You were during the war our saviors—each of you—all of you. Your wounds are an example for humanity, a testimony of your sacrifice and devotion to a righteous cause.

"I pray God to bless you and I ask Him to give you endurance, and I thank you and your country for what it did for Belgium."

SEEKS TO ENJOIN ELECTION.

Queens County Sheriff Asserts Right to Serve Full Term.

Seeking to prevent the election of a Sheriff in Queens County in November, Charles Bast, a lawyer of Richmond Hill, yesterday asked Justice Faber in the Brooklyn Supreme Court for an injunction on behalf of Sheriff Samuel J. Mitchell, the incumbent.

Mr. Bast contended that no election can be held this November, because Mitchell's term does not expire until Feb. 2. Mitchell was chosen at a special election Jan. 29, 1917, called by Governor Whitman after Sheriff Siler had been killed by a maniac at Whitestone. The Sheriff, he said, did not take office until Feb. 2, 1917, and his term was for three years.

Richard E. Newcomb, representing William N. George, Democratic candidate for the office, argued that the special election cost the people of the county $50,000, and that if the election is held in November there would be no extra expense, whereas if it is not held until Mitchell's term expires it would cost between $50,000 and $100,000, though the Sheriff would hold office only one month and two days longer. Justice Faber reserved decision.

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Sizes: 8 to 18

The finest boys' clothes made, bar none—sturdy all wool fabrics, staunchly tailored, as smartly styled as our famous young men's clothes, with the same detailed attention to every nicety of finish.

So economically priced that they discount most effectively all talk about the high cost of clothing. Most every suit includes an extra pair of knickers.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Finding the Weak Link

'TIS said that no chain is stronger than its weakest link. That is a truism that might well be applied to modern business if changed to read: No organization is stronger than its weakest department.

Where is the weak spot in your organization? A periodical audit would help you put your finger on it; would enable you to determine accurately just which branch of the business is lagging behind in productivity.

And remember, it pays not only to bolster up the weak spots but to re-strengthen the strong ones. Thus, at the same time that you are "distributing the strain" you are fitting your organization to carry a greater load.

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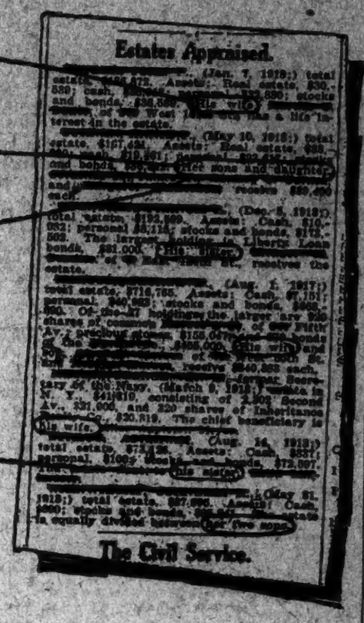

CAN people who inherit money manage it as wisely as the man who made it?

In the great majority of cases—no.

Your family probably lacks the experience and executive ability which were so instrumental in accumulating your property.

The everyday business errors below may start you thinking about the need of insuring capable management for your property after you are gone.

everyday business errors

1. Neglecting to get receipts when bills are be paid in cash.
2. Neglecting to keep receipts where they can be located.
3. Neglecting to check up items in current bills.
4. Inability to keep checkbook balanced.
5. Too easy optimism in starting credit accounts.
6. Careless handling of valuable business papers.
7. Signing documents without knowing their contents.
8. Tendency to establish living expenses which would exceed income and eat into savings.
9. Tendency to invest money on dangerous hearsay—without proper knowledge of facts.

Unless preventive steps are taken, property left to heirs unfamiliar with estate-investment practice will probably sooner or later pass out of the family.

You can readily insure responsible handling of the property you leave, by appointing MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY executors and trustees under your will.

A permanent TRUST COMMITTEE, created specially to meet this modern need, is selected from the Mercantile Board of Directors by the directors themselves, on the score of special fitness and experience.

This business arrangement, which is made very simply, relieves your heirs of risk, burdensome detail and responsibility in handling your estate.

We shall be glad to explain, in further detail, the workings of such a trusteeship.

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